## 中国科学技术大学数学科学学院 2020—2021学年第二学期考试试卷

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□B卷

课程名称	数学物理方程(B)				课程编号		001549		_
姓名		学号			学院			ć	
题号	-	=	Ξ	四四	五	六	七	总分	
得分					-				

一(12分) 求解以下初值问题:

$$\begin{cases} u_{tt} = 9u_{xx} + f(t, x), (t > 0, -\infty < x < +\infty) \\ u|_{t=0} = x^3, \quad u_t|_{t=0} = \sin x. \end{cases}$$

- (1) 当 f(t,x) = 0 时,求此定解问题的解;
- (2) 当 f(t,x) = x + xt 时,求出此定解问题的解。

## 二(14分)求解定解问题:

$$\begin{cases} u_{tt} = a^2 u_{xx} + 1, & (0 < x < l, t > 0) \\ u(t, 0) = 0, u_x(t, l) = 0, \\ u|_{t=0} = \varphi(x), u_t|_{t=0} = \psi(x), \end{cases}$$

三(14分)求解定解问题:

$$\begin{cases} \Delta_2 u = 0, & (1 < r < e, 0 < \theta < \frac{\pi}{3}) \\ u \mid_{r=1} = 0, & u \mid_{r=e} = 0, \\ u \mid_{\theta=0} = 0, & u \mid_{\theta=\frac{\pi}{3}} = \varphi(r), \end{cases}$$

这里 $(r, \theta)$ 为极坐标, e为自然对数底

四(14分) 求解圆柱体上的定解问题:

$$\begin{cases} \Delta_3 u = 0, & (r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} < 1, \ 0 < z < 2) \\ u \mid_{r=0} \mathsf{f} \mathcal{F}, & u \mid_{r=1} = 0, \\ u \mid_{z=0} = r - r^2, & u \mid_{z=2} = 0. \end{cases}$$

五(14分) (1) 将  $f(x) = 1 + x + x^2$  展开成勒让德-傅里叶级数.

(2) 计算积分 
$$\int_{-1}^{1} P'_{2019}(x) P'_{2021}(x) dx$$
.

六(16分)对于初值问题:

$$\begin{cases} u_t = u_{xx} + 5u_x + f(t, x), & (t > 0, -\infty < x < +\infty) \\ u|_{t=0} = \varphi(x). \end{cases}$$

- (1) 利用傅里叶变换求其基本解:
- (2) 利用基本解求解以上初值问题

七(16分) 设半空间 
$$V = \{(x, y, z) \mid x > 1, y, z \in R\},$$

(1) 用镜像法求出V内的格林函数 
$$\begin{cases} \Delta_3 \ G = -\delta(M-M_0) & (M, \ M_0 \in V) \\ G|_{x=1} = 0, \end{cases}$$

(2) 求解定解问题 
$$\begin{cases} u_{xx} + u_{yy} + 9u_{zz} = 0 \\ u|_{x=0} = \varphi(y, z), \end{cases}$$
 (x > 0)

## 参考公式

1) 直角坐标系: 
$$\Delta_3 u = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial z^2}$$
, 柱坐标系:  $\Delta_3 u = \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r \frac{\partial u}{\partial r}) + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \theta^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial z^2}$ ,   
球坐标系:  $\Delta_3 u = \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r^2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial r}) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (\sin \theta \frac{\partial u}{\partial \theta}) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \varphi^2}$ .

2) 若
$$\omega$$
是 $J_{\nu}(\omega a) = 0$ 的一个正根,则有模平方 $N_{\nu 1}^2 = \|J_{\nu}(\omega x)\|_1^2 = \frac{a^2}{2}J_{\nu+1}^2(\omega a)$ .

若
$$\omega$$
是 $J'_{\nu}(\omega a) = 0$ 的一个正根,则有模平方 $N_{\nu 2}^2 = \|J_{\nu}(\omega x)\|_2^2 = \frac{1}{2}[a^2 - \frac{\nu^2}{\omega^2}]J_{\nu}^2(\omega a)$ .

送推公式: 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(x^{\nu}J_{\nu}(x)) = x^{\nu}J_{\nu-1}(x),$$
  $\frac{d}{dx}\left(\frac{J_{\nu}(x)}{x^{\nu}}\right) = -\frac{J_{\nu+1}(x)}{x^{\nu}}.$   $2J'_{\nu}(x) = J_{\nu-1}(x) - J_{\nu+1}(x),$   $\frac{2\nu}{x}J_{\nu}(x) = J_{\nu-1}(x) + J_{\nu+1}(x).$ 

3) 勒让德多项式:
$$P_n(x) = \frac{1}{2^n n!} \frac{d^n}{dx^n} (x^2 - 1)^n, n = 0, 1, 2, 3, ...$$

母函数:
$$(1-2xt+t^2)^{-\frac{1}{2}} = \sum_{n=0}^{+\infty} P_n(x)t^n$$
,遂推公式:  $P'_{n+1}(x) - P'_{n-1}(x) = (2n+1)P_n(x)$ .

4) 
$$\frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{+\infty} e^{-a^2 \lambda^2 t} \cos \lambda x d\lambda = \frac{1}{2a\sqrt{\pi t}} \exp(-\frac{x^2}{4a^2 t})$$

5) 由Poisson方程第一边值问题的格林函数 $G(M; M_0)$ , 求得第一边值问题解u(M)的公式:

空间区域: 
$$u(M) = -\iint_{S} \varphi(M_0) \frac{\partial G}{\partial \vec{n}}(M; M_0) dS + \iiint_{V} f(M_0) G(M; M_0) dM_0,$$

平面区域: 
$$u(M) = -\int_{l} \varphi(M_0) \frac{\partial G}{\partial \vec{n}}(M; M_0) dl + \int_{D} f(M_0) G(M; M_0) dM_0.$$