

# Entropy and Information.

$$H[p(x)] = E_{p(x)}[-\log p(x)]$$

$$X \in \{x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots\}$$

$$\underline{H[p(x)]} = \sum_{x_i \in X} -p(x_i) \log p(x_i)$$

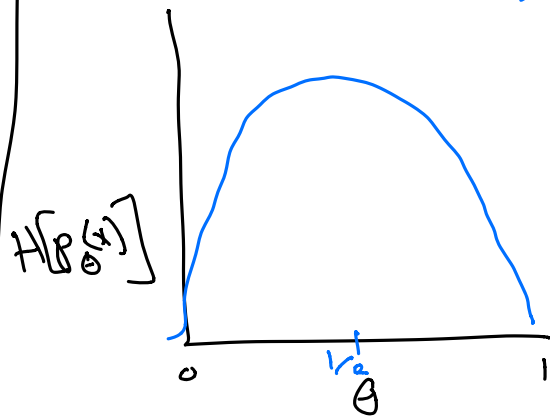
Bernoulli:

$$x \in \{0, 1\}$$

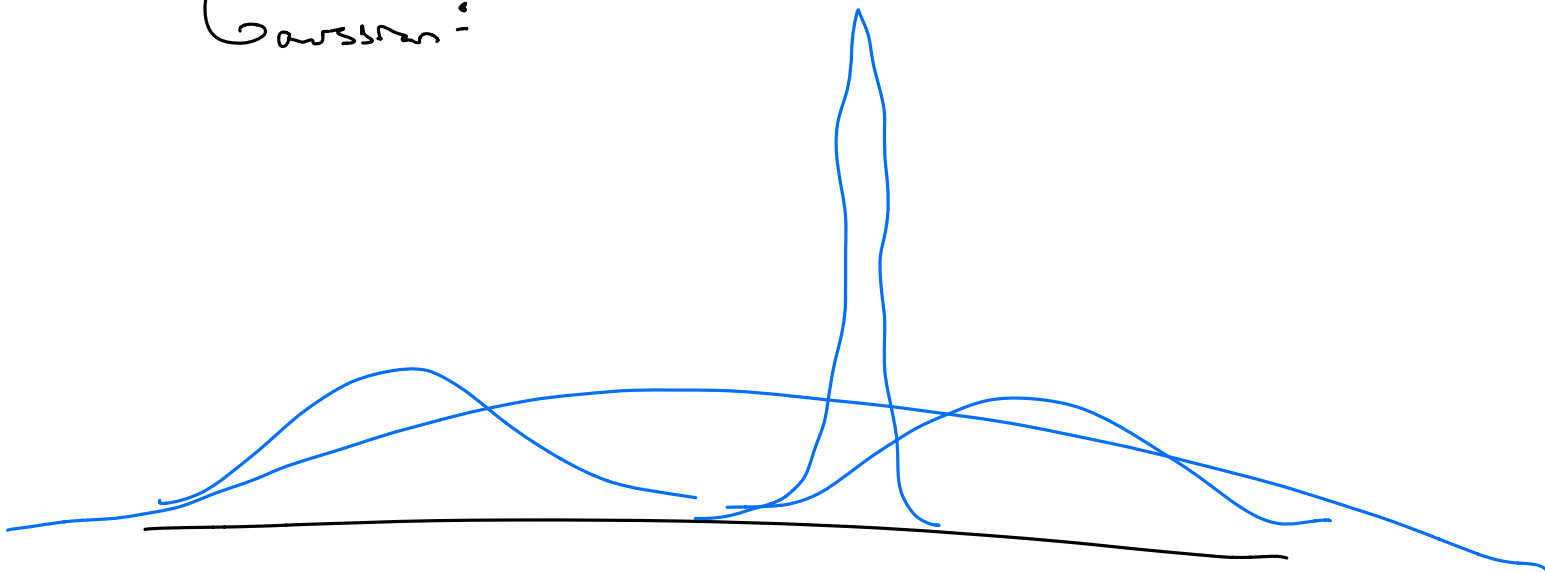
$$p(x|\theta) = \theta^x (1-\theta)^{1-x}$$

$$\theta \in [0, 1]$$

$$H = -\theta \log \theta - (1-\theta) \log (1-\theta)$$



Gaussian:



## Mutual Information

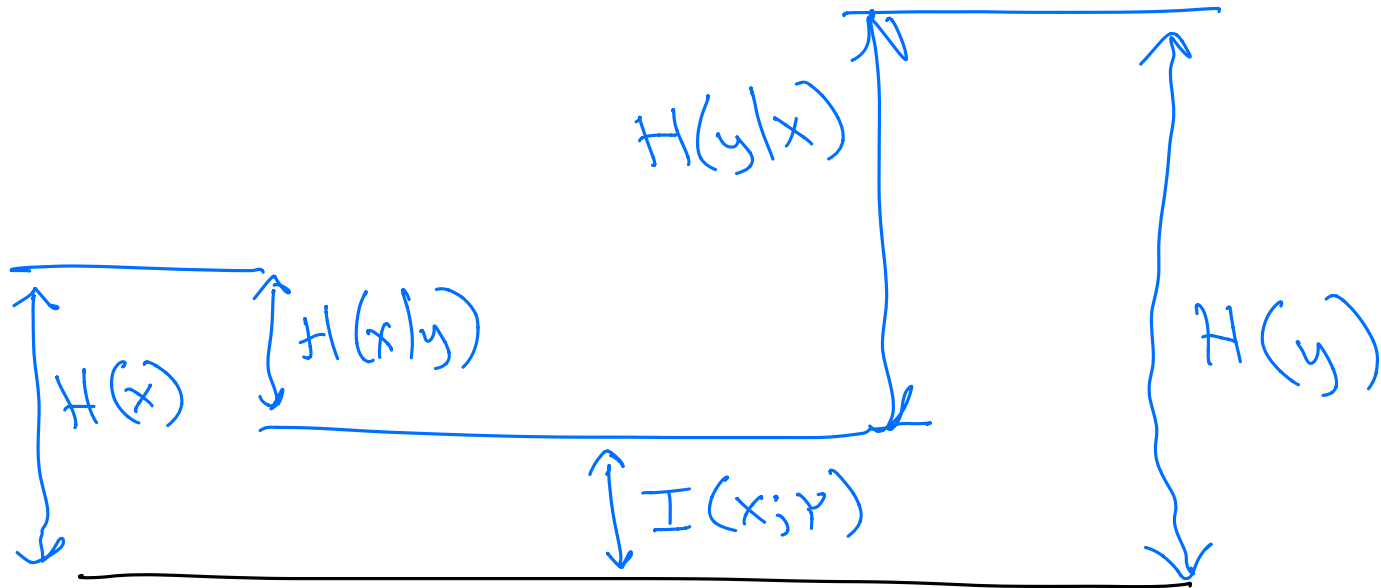
r.v.  $X, Y$

$$I(X; Y) = D_{KL}(p(x, y) \| p(x)p(y))$$

$$= E_{p(x, y)} \left[ \log \frac{p(x, y)}{p(x)p(y)} \right] = E \left[ \log \frac{p(x|y)}{p(x)} \right] = E \left[ \log \frac{p(y|x)}{p(y)} \right]$$

$$= H[X] - H[X|Y]$$

$$= H[Y] - H[Y|X]$$



$X$   
sender



$Y = \text{noisy}(X)$   
receiver

# Active Learning

Labels:  $\{x_i, y_i\}_{i=1}^N \equiv \mathcal{D} \quad (m \gg N)$   
Unlabelled ("pool")  $\{x_j\}_{j=1}^m \equiv \mathcal{U}$

Q: which  $x_i \in \mathcal{U}$  should we label next?

$y \in \{1, \dots, k\}$

ML:  $x \rightarrow p(y|x) = \text{Categorical}[1, \dots, k]$   
 $= [\underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ p(y=1|x)}}{\alpha_1}, \dots, \alpha_k]$

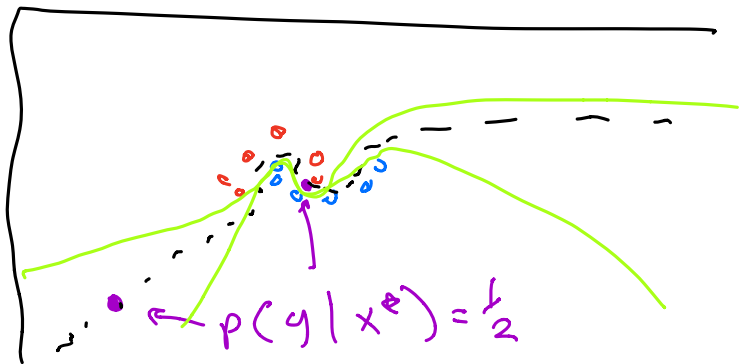
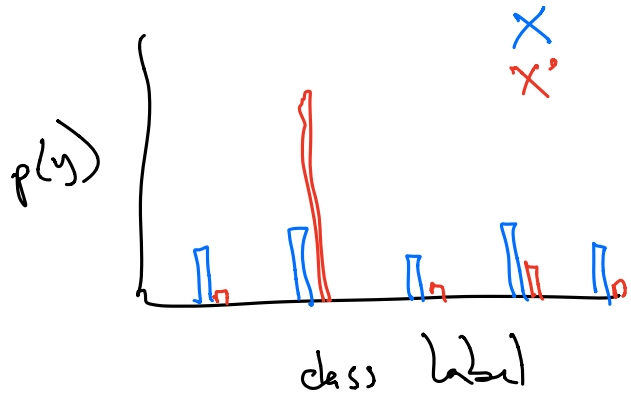
Consider candidate  $x^* \in \mathcal{U}$ .

$$\underbrace{\max_{\alpha_k} p(y | x^*)}_{J(x^*)} ?$$

Algo:

$$\arg \min_{x^* \in \mathcal{U}} J(x^*)$$

$$\arg \max_{x^* \in \mathcal{U}} H(p(y | x^*))$$



Bayesian A.C. by disagreement. (BALD)

$$p(y|x^*, \mathcal{D}) = \int p(y|x^*, \theta) p(\theta|\mathcal{D}) d\theta$$

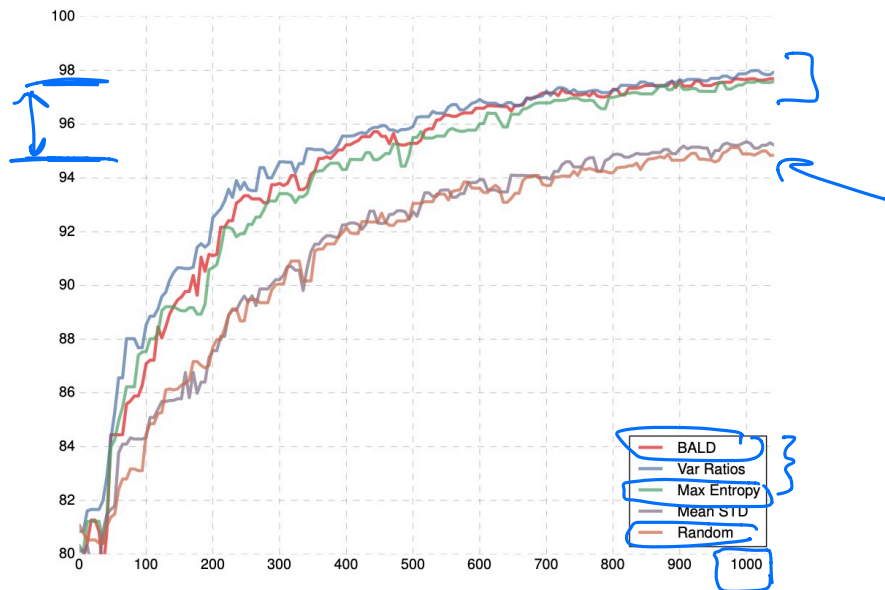
argmax  
 $x^* \in \mathcal{X}$

$$I(y, \theta | \mathcal{D}, x^*) = E_{p(\theta, y | \mathcal{D}, x^*)} \left[ \log \frac{p(\theta | y, x^*, \mathcal{D})}{p(\theta | \mathcal{D})} \right]$$

$$= H[\theta | \mathcal{D}] - E_{p(y | \mathcal{D}, x^*)} [H[\theta | y, x^*, \mathcal{D}]]$$

$$= H[y | x^*, \mathcal{D}] - E_{p(\theta | \mathcal{D})} [H[y | x^*, \theta]]$$

$$H[y | x^*, \mathcal{D}] = H[E_{p(\theta | \mathcal{D})} [p(y | x^*, \theta)]]$$



**Figure 1. MNIST test accuracy as a function of number of acquired images from the pool set** (up to 1000 images, using validation set size 100, and averaged over 3 repetitions). Four acquisition functions (*BALD*, *Variation Ratios*, *Max Entropy*, and *Mean STD*) are evaluated and compared to a *Random* acquisition function.