



< collectionMystery9

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v collectionMystery10 ♥ Favorite

Java collections Stack Queue Language/Type: Marty Stepp (on 2017/06/23) Author:

Write the output produced by the following method when passed each of the following stacks and ints. Note: A stack displays/prints in {bottom ... top} order, and a queue displays in {front ... back} order.

```
public void collectionMystery1Ø(Stack<Integer> stack, int n) {
      Stack<Integer> stack2 = new Stack<Integer>();
      Queue<Integer> queue = new LinkedList<Integer>();
      while (stack.size() > n) {
          queue.add(stack.pop());
      while (!stack.isEmpty()) {
          int element = stack.pop();
          stack2.push(element);
          if (element % 2 == Ø) {
              queue.add(element);
          }
      while (!queue.isEmpty()) {
          stack.push(queue.remove());
      while (!stack2.isEmpty()) {
          stack.push(stack2.pop());
      }
      println(stack);
  }
{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6}, n=3
                                 |{6, 5, 4, 2, 1, 2, 3}
```

{67, 29, 115, 84, 33, 71, 9\(\eta\)}, n=5

|{9Ø, 71, 84, 67, 29, 115, 84, 33}

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