LAB REPORT

CSE 114: Data Structure and Algorithms Sessional

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Session: 2021-2022 Department of IRE, BDU Date: 23/08/2023



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List of Problems

- 1. Suppose you are given a sorted linked list. Take input from the user and insert it into the linked list maintaining the particular order.
- 2. Suppose you are given a sorted linked list. Take input from the user. If the input matches with any item on the list, delete it otherwise print the item not found.

Problem No.: 01

Problem Statement:

Suppose you are given a sorted linked list. Take input from the user and insert it into the linked list maintaining the particular order.

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct node {
  int data;
  struct node *next;
};
int main() {
  int n,i;
  printf("Initial number of elements: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  struct node a[n], *j, *k, input;
  printf("Elements: ");
  for(i=0; i< n; i++)
     scanf("%d", &a[i].data);
     if(i>0){
       a[i-1].next=&a[i];
     }
  a[i-1].next=NULL;
  printf("Data to be inserted: ");
  k=&a[0];
  scanf("%d", &input.data);
  for(j=k; j!=NULL; j=j->next){
     if(input.data>=j->data && input.data<=j->next->data){
       input.next=j->next;
       j->next=&input;
       break;
     else if(input.data<a[0].data){
       input.next=k;
       k=&input;
       break;
     else if(input.data>a[n-1].data){
```

```
a[n-1].next=&input;
input.next=NULL;
break;
}

printf("Final list: ");
for(j=k; j!=NULL; j=j->next){
    printf("%d ", j->data);
}
return 0;
}
```

Output:

```
Initial number of elements: 4
Elements: 1 3 5 7
Data to be inserted: 2
Final list: 1 2 3 5 7
```

Fig 1.1: Output on console for case 1.

```
Initial number of elements: 4
Elements: 1 2 3 4
Data to be inserted: 2
Final list: 1 2 2 3 4
```

Fig 1.2: Output on console for case 2.

```
Initial number of elements: 4
Elements: 1 2 3 4
Data to be inserted: 0
Final list: 0 1 2 3 4
```

Fig 1.3: Output on console for case 3.

```
Initial number of elements: 4
Elements: 1 2 3 4
Data to be inserted: 5
Final list: 1 2 3 4 5
```

Fig 1.4: Output on console for case 4.

Problem No.: 02

Problem Statement:

Suppose you are given a sorted linked list. Take input from the user. If the input matches with any item on the list, delete it otherwise print the item not found.

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct node {
  int data;
  struct node *next;
};
int main() {
  int n,i, input,flag=0;
  printf("Initial number of elements: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  struct node a[n], *j, *k;
  printf("Elements: ");
  for(i=0; i< n; i++)
     scanf("%d", &a[i].data);
     if(i > 0){
       a[i-1].next=&a[i];
     }
  a[i-1].next=NULL;
  printf("Data to be deleted: ");
  k = &a[0];
  scanf("%d", &input);
  for(j=k; j-next!=NULL; j=j-next){
     if(input==j->next->data){
       j->next=j->next->next;
       flag=1;
       break;
     else if(input==a[0].data){
       k=a[0].next;
       flag=1;
       break;
     }
  }
```

```
if(!flag)
    printf("Item not found.\n");
printf("Final list: ");
for(j=k; j!=NULL; j=j->next){
    printf("%d ", j->data);
}
return 0;
}
```

Output:

```
Initial number of elements: 4
Elements: 1 2 3 4
Data to be deleted: 1
Final list: 2 3 4
```

Fig 1.1: Output on console for case 1.

```
Initial number of elements: 4
Elements: 1 2 3 4
Data to be deleted: 4
Final list: 1 2 3
```

Fig 1.2: Output on console for case 2.

```
Initial number of elements: 4
Elements: 1 2 3 4
Data to be deleted: 2
Final list: 1 3 4
```

Fig 1.3: Output on console for case 3.

```
Initial number of elements: 4
Elements: 1 2 3 4
Data to be deleted: 5
Item not found.
Final list: 1 2 3 4
```

Fig 1.4: Output on console for case 4.