শিক্ষা নিয়ে গড়বো দেশ

তথ্য-প্রযুক্তির বাংলাদেশ

Bangabandhu Sheikh Mujibur Rahman Digital University, Bangladesh



LAB REPORT-08

COURSE NO.- PROG 112 COURSE TITLE- OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING SESSIONAL

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Problem No.: 01

Problem Name: Snake game developed in Java.

Code:

```
SnakeGame Class:
package snakegame;
public class SnakeGame {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    new GameFrame();
}
GameFrame class:
package snakegame;
import javax.swing.JFrame;
public class GameFrame extends JFrame{
       GameFrame(){
              this.add(new GamePanel());
              this.setTitle("Snake");
              this.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
              this.setResizable(false);
              this.pack();
              this.setVisible(true);
              this.setLocationRelativeTo(null);
       }
}
```

package snakegame; import java.awt.*; import java.awt.event.*; import javax.swing.*; import java.util.Random; public class GamePanel extends JPanel implements ActionListener { static final int SCREEN WIDTH = 1300; static final int SCREEN HEIGHT = 750; static final int UNIT SIZE = 50; GAME UNITS static final int (SCREEN WIDTH*SCREEN HEIGHT)/(UNIT SIZE*UNIT SIZE); static final int DELAY = 175; final int x[] = new int[GAME UNITS];final int y[] = new int[GAME UNITS]; int bodyParts = 6; int applesEaten; int appleX; int appleY; char direction = 'R'; boolean running = false; Timer timer: Random random; GamePanel(){ random = new Random(); this.setPreferredSize(new Dimension(SCREEN WIDTH, SCREEN HEIGHT)); this.setBackground(Color.black); this.setFocusable(true); this.addKeyListener(new MyKeyAdapter()); startGame(); public void startGame() { newApple(); running = true; timer = new Timer(DELAY,this); timer.start(); public void paintComponent(Graphics g) { super.paintComponent(g); draw(g); public void draw(Graphics g) { if(running) {

GamePanel class:

```
/*
                    for(int i=0;i<SCREEN HEIGHT/UNIT SIZE;i++) {
                                                          0,
                           g.drawLine(i*UNIT SIZE,
                                                                  i*UNIT SIZE,
SCREEN HEIGHT);
                           g.drawLine(0,
                                            i*UNIT SIZE,
                                                             SCREEN WIDTH,
i*UNIT SIZE);
                    g.setColor(Color.red);
                    g.fillOval(appleX, appleY, UNIT SIZE, UNIT SIZE);
                    for(int i = 0; i < bodyParts; i++) {
                           if(i == 0)  {
                                  g.setColor(Color.green);
                                  g.fillRect(x[i], y[i], UNIT SIZE, UNIT SIZE);
                           else {
                                  g.setColor(new Color(45,180,0));
                                  //g.setColor(new
Color(random.nextInt(255),random.nextInt(255),random.nextInt(255)));
                                  g.fillRect(x[i], y[i], UNIT SIZE, UNIT SIZE);
                    g.setColor(Color.red);
                    g.setFont( new Font("Ink Free",Font.BOLD, 40));
                    FontMetrics metrics = getFontMetrics(g.getFont());
                    g.drawString("Score: "+applesEaten, (SCREEN WIDTH -
metrics.stringWidth("Score: "+applesEaten))/2, g.getFont().getSize());
             else {
                    gameOver(g);
      public void newApple(){
             appleX
random.nextInt((int)(SCREEN WIDTH/UNIT SIZE))*UNIT SIZE;
             appleY
random.nextInt((int)(SCREEN HEIGHT/UNIT SIZE))*UNIT SIZE;
      public void move(){
             for(int i = bodyParts; i>0; i--) {
                    x[i] = x[i-1];
                    y[i] = y[i-1];
             switch(direction) {
             case 'U':
                    y[0] = y[0] - UNIT SIZE;
                    break;
```

```
case 'D':
              y[0] = y[0] + UNIT SIZE;
              break;
       case 'L':
              x[0] = x[0] - UNIT_SIZE;
       case 'R':
              x[0] = x[0] + UNIT SIZE;
              break;
       }
public void checkApple() {
       if((x[0] == apple X) && (y[0] == apple Y)) {
              bodyParts++;
              applesEaten++;
              newApple();
public void checkCollisions() {
       //checks if head collides with body
       for(int i = bodyParts; i>0; i--) {
              if((x[0] == x[i]) & (y[0] == y[i])) {
                      running = false;
       //check if head touches left border
       if(x[0] < 0)  {
              running = false;
       //check if head touches right border
       if(x[0] > SCREEN WIDTH) {
              running = false;
       //check if head touches top border
       if(y[0] < 0) {
              running = false;
       //check if head touches bottom border
       if(y[0] > SCREEN HEIGHT) {
              running = false;
       if(!running) {
              timer.stop();
public void gameOver(Graphics g) {
       //Score
       g.setColor(Color.red);
```

```
g.setFont( new Font("Ink Free",Font.BOLD, 40));
              FontMetrics metrics1 = getFontMetrics(g.getFont());
                                      "+applesEaten,
              g.drawString("Score:
                                                         (SCREEN WIDTH
metrics1.stringWidth("Score: "+applesEaten))/2, g.getFont().getSize());
              //Game Over text
              g.setColor(Color.red);
              g.setFont( new Font("Ink Free",Font.BOLD, 75));
              FontMetrics metrics2 = getFontMetrics(g.getFont());
              g.drawString("Game
                                         Over",
                                                      (SCREEN WIDTH
metrics2.stringWidth("Game Over"))/2, SCREEN HEIGHT/2);
       @Override
       public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
              if(running) {
                     move();
                     checkApple();
                     checkCollisions();
              repaint();
       }
       public class MyKeyAdapter extends KeyAdapter{
              @Override
              public void keyPressed(KeyEvent e) {
                     switch(e.getKeyCode()) {
                     case KeyEvent.VK LEFT:
                            if(direction != 'R') {
                                   direction = 'L';
                            break;
                     case KeyEvent.VK RIGHT:
                            if(direction != 'L') {
                                   direction = 'R';
                            break;
                     case KeyEvent.VK UP:
                            if(direction != 'D') {
                                   direction = 'U';
                            break:
                     case KeyEvent.VK DOWN:
                            if(direction != 'U') {
                                   direction = 'D';
                            break;
                     }
         }
      }
}
```

Output:

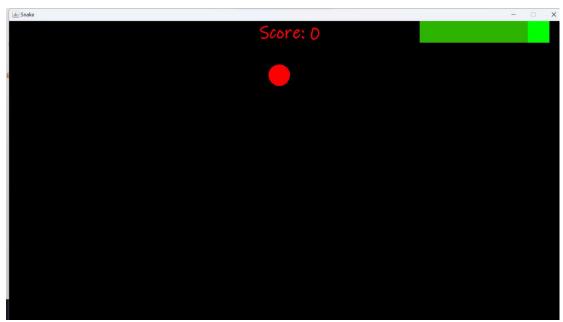


Fig 1.1: Output window.

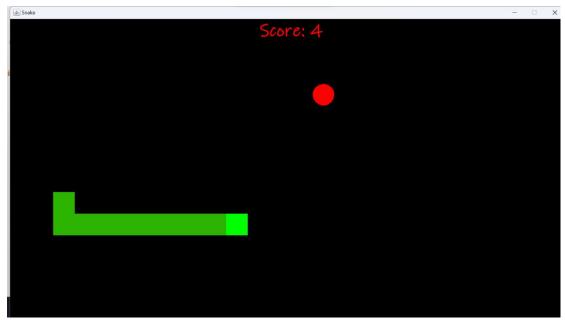


Fig 1.2: Output window.



Fig 1.3: Output window.

Explanation:

This game implements graphics and key actions. Uses inheritnce and method overriding and other features of OOP like encapsulation, abstraction, polymorphism.

Problem No.: 02

Problem Name: Abstract lass in java.

Code:

```
package test;
interface DogInterface{
  //all methods are abstract here
  public void bark();
                      //cannot have method body
  //{
    // System.out.println("Bark!");
  public abstract void favFood();
}
abstract class Dog{
  public void bark(){
    System.out.println("Bark!");
  public abstract void favFood();
}
class Chihuahua extends Dog{
  //must define favFood method
  @Override
  public void favFood(){
    System.out.println("I love Biscuits!");
class Winnie implements DogInterface{
  //must implement all methods
  public void bark(){
    System.out.println("Bark!");
  public void favFood(){
    System.out.println("I love Biscuits!");
}
```

```
public class Test {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      //Dog d = new Dog(); //Cannnt instantite an abstract class
      Chihuahua c = new Chihuahua();
      c.bark();
      c.favFood();
   }
}
```

Output:

```
run:
Bark!
I love Biscuits!
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 0 seconds)
```

Fig 2.1: Output on console.

Explanation:

This code shows the properties of abstract class that is , it cannot be instantiated and abstract methods cant have bodies and the child class must implement all abstract classes.

It also shows that interfaces assume that all methods in it are abstract that must be implemented in child class.

Problem No.: 03

Problem Name: Interface in java.

Code:

```
package test;
interface DogInterface {
  //all methods are abstract here
  public void bark(); //cannot have method body
  //{
    // System.out.println("Bark!");
  public abstract void favFood();
}
class Winnie implements DogInterface{
  //must implement all methods
  public void bark(){
    System.out.println("Bark!");
  public void favFood(){
     System.out.println("I love Biscuits!");
public class Test {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    //Dog d = new Dog(); //Cannnt instantite an abstract class
     Winnie c = new Winnie();
     c.bark();
     c.favFood();
```

Output:

```
run:
Bark!
I love Biscuits!
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 0 seconds)
```

Fig 3.1: Output window.

Explanation:

This code shows the properties of interface that is, it assumes that all methods in it are abstract that must be implemented in child class.