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Service Callouts

Placeholder for Example Illustration



Service Callout

- The Service Callout policy lets you call to another service from your API proxy flow.
- The policy supports requests over HTTP and HTTPS. Also has Request and Response elements which is separate from the actual proxy request and response
- A callout is typically used with two other policies: Assign Message (for the service callout request) and Extract
 Variables (to extract the service callout response)



Service Callout Targets

Target connection configurations supported in Service Callout

- External use case call 3rd party APIs
 - HTTPTargetConnection
 - URL
 - Target Server (Load Balancer)
 - Target Server with SSLInfo
- Internal use case call a proxy in the same organization and environment
 - LocalTargetConnection
 - APIProxy (proxy in the same organization and environment)
 - Proxy endpoint (proxy endpoint that should be the target of calls)
 - Path (path to the endpoint that is being targeted)



Mashing up the Responses

- Strategies for Mashups
 - Assign Message (simple, most constrictive)
 - Extract Variables, Assign Message (simple, constrictive)
 - JavaScript (flexible, complex)
 - Java (flexible, complex)
 - XSLT (flexible, complex)
 - o Choose a format that works for you!!



A Mashed Up Response Sure but.....

- There is a lot of extra metadata we don't care about in the ratings response
- One method of cleansing your JSON of unwanted fields is to use the JavaScript policy, or you could extract out the fields you want with an Extract Variables policy, or a combination of both.





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