## **Products**

## **WANGLING**

## Microwave dielectric copper-clad substrate TP-1/2

The advantage of design for microwave circuit using TP-1/2 here:

- The dielectric constant is stable and can be optional within the range of  $3\sim22$  according to the design of circuit requirement. The operating temperature is  $-100^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +150^{\circ}\text{C}$ ;
- The peel strength between the copper and the substrate is more reliable than the vacuum film coating of ceramic substrate. This substrate is created to offer customers easy for circuit processing, higher pass-rate of production, and the manufacturing cost is much lower than the ceramic substrate.
- Dissipation factor tg  $\delta \leq 1 \times 10$ -3, and the loss has a slight variation with the rise of the frequency.
- It is easy for mechanical manufacturing, including drill, punch, grind,
   cut, etching, etc.. For these, the ceramic substrate cannot be
   compared. Technical Specifications:

Technical Specifications:

Appearance	Smooth and neat on both sides: no stain, scratch and dent.							
Dimension and	Dimensions A×B (mm	Tolerance						
tolerance	$120 \times 100, 150 \times 150, 160 \times 160, 180 \times 180, 200 \times 200, 170 \times 240$			-2				
(mm)	Thickness and Tolerance							
	$0.8 \pm 0.05, 1.0 \pm 0.05, 1.2 \pm 0.05, 1.5 \pm 0.06, 2.0 \pm 0.075, 3.0 \pm 0.10, 4.0 \pm 0.10, 5.0 \pm 0.12, 6.0 \pm 0.12, 10.0 \pm 0.2$							
	For special dimensions, customized lamination is available.							
Mechanical Strength	Peel strength	In normal state: ≥6N/cm; In the environment of alternating humidity and temperature: ≥4 N/cm.						
	Chemical Property	According to the properties of laminate, the chemical etching method for PCB can be used. The dielectric properties of materials are not changed.						
Electrical property	Name	Test condition	Unit	Value				
	Density	Normal state g/cm <sup>3</sup>		1.0~2.9				
	Moisture Absorption	Dip in distilled water of 20±2℃ for 24 hours	%	≤0.02				
	Operating Temperature	High-low temperature °C chamber		-100~+150 (Processing temperature should not exceed 200°C)				
	Thermal Conductivity	-55~288°C W /m /k		0.6				
	СТЕ	Temperature rise of 96°C per hour		< 6×10 <sup>-5</sup>				
	Shrinkage Factor	2 hours in boiling water %		0.0004				

	Surface Resistivity	500V	Normal state	$\mathrm{M}.\Omega$	≥1×10 <sup>7</sup>
		DC	Constant humidity and temperature		≥1×10 <sup>5</sup>
	Volume Resistivity	Normal state		MΩ.cm	≥1×109
		Constant humidity and temperature			≥1×106
	Pin Resistance	500V DC	Normal state	ΜΩ	≥1×106
			Constant humidity and temperature		≥1×104
	Surface dielectric strength	Norm	al state	Kv/mm	≥1.5
		Constant humidity and temperature			≥1.2
	Dielectric Constant	10GHZ		εr	3, 6, 9.6, 10.2, 10.5, 11, 16, 20, 22 (±2%) (dielectric constant canbe customized)
	Dissipation Factor		GHZ	Tg δ (εr 3-11)	≤1×10 <sup>-3</sup>
				Tg δ (ε r 12-22)	≤1.5×10 <sup>-3</sup>