

## Inheritance and Abstract classes

### Exercise-01

```
public interface MyFirstInterface {  
    int x=67;  
    //final public static x=6;  
    //all variables declared inside an interface are by default final public static whether it is implicitly stated or not  
    void display();  
    //abstract void display();  
    //all the method declared inside an interface are abstract  
}
```

```
public class InterfaceImplemented implements MyFirstInterface{  
    public void display()  
    {  
        x++;  
        System.out.println("x="+x);  
        //value of x cant be changed beacuse its a by default final variable  
    }  
}
```

### Exercise-02

#### Main class

```
public class Practical052 {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Speaker p=new Politician();  
        p. speak("Vote me");  
    }  
}
```

```
Speaker p2=new Priest();  
p2. speak("Bless you");
```

```
Speaker p3=new Lecturer();  
p3. speak("Good morning");  
}
```

```
}
```

### Speaker interface

```
interfacer Speaker {  
    int i=100;  
    void speak(String line);  
}
```

### Politician class

```
public class Politician implements Speaker {  
    @Override  
    public void speak(String phrase)  
    {  
        System.out.println(i+" Politician "+phrase);  
    }  
}
```

### Priest class

```
public class Priest implements Speaker{  
    @Override  
    public void speak(String phrase)  
    {  
        System.out.println(i+" Priest "+phrase);  
    }  
}
```

### Lecturer class

```
public class Lecturer implements Speaker{  
    @Override  
    public void speak(String phrase)  
    {  
        System.out.println(i+" Lecturer "+phrase);  
    }  
}
```

### Exercise-03

#### Student class

```
final class Student  
{  
    final int marks = 100;  
    //This shows an error because following doesn't have a method body  
    final void display();  
}
```

#### Undergraduate class

/\*This cannot inherit from Student class because

Subclasses can't inherit a final class or a final class cannot be inherited by any subclass.

So, we can restrict class inheritance by making use of a final class.\*/

```
public class Undergraduate extends Student  
{  
}
```

## Exercise-04

### Main class

```
public class Exercise4 {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Rectangle r=new Rectangle(23,45);  
        r.calculatearea();  
        r.display();  
  
        Circle c=new Circle(5);  
        c.calculatearea();  
        c.display();  
    }  
}
```

### Shape class

```
abstract class Shape {  
    abstract void calculatearea();  
    public void dispaly()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Shape ");  
    }  
}
```

### Rectangle class

```
public class Rectangle extends Shape {  
    private double width,length,area;  
    public Rectangle(double length,double width)  
    {  
        this.length=length;  
        this.width=width;  
    }  
    @Override
```

```
public void calculatearea()
{
    area=length*width;
}

public void display()
{
    System.out.println("Area of rectangle is:"+area);
}
}
```

#### Circle class

```
public class Circle extends Shape{
    double r,Area;
    public Circle (double r)
    {
        this.r=r;
    }
    @Override
    public void calculatearea()
    {
        Area=Math.PI*r*r;
    }
    public void display()
    {
        System.out.println("Area of circle is: "+Area);
    }
}
```