Ninnion: The Observer's Operation Manual

CTMO

v 2019-07-15



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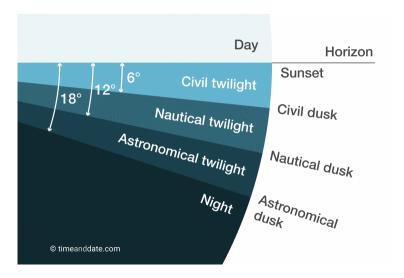
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1 Planning an Observation

Planning an observation requires a few critical steps that should be completed before arriving at the observatory. Entering the observatory with an observation strategy and understanding of the sky conditions is crucial for completing a scientific observation.

1.1 Check the weather and sky conditions

1. Check sunset. It's advised that you choose the beginning of your critical scientific data run to be no earlier than astronomical twilight. Astronomical twilight occurs when the Sun is 18 degrees below the local horizon. In Brownsville, during the summer, astronomical twilight occurs roughly 1.5 hours after sunset. You can certainly observe before this time, during civil or nautical twilight, but extinction by sunlight will be much more significant.



2. Check forecast. Visit the National Weather Service.



(a) At the top left, search and select the location Olmito, TX, USA. This action will take you to a new page with the forecast for Olmito.

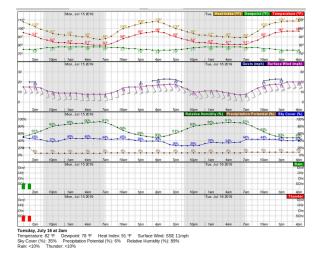
(b) Scroll down the new page to the section titled Detailed Forecast.



(c) To the right of this you will see a map. Find the approximate location of Resaca de la Palma State Park and click it on the map. The page will reload. You should see the green square highlighting the region you just clicked. This action will reload the page. Scroll back down to the map to confirm the spot you clicked is now highlighted by the square.



(d) Immediately below this, click the graph titled Hourly Weather Forecast. This action takes you to a new page with the forecast in graphical form of the location you clicked. This page is extremely useful and, hence, it is recommended to bookmark this page for future reference.



3. Check the Moon. Using Stellarium, check to see the phase and position of the Moon during the course of the night. Moonlight significantly interferes with photometric precision. You'll want to make sure your targets are far enough away from the Moon so as not to affect your exposures.

1.2 Identify your target

- 1. What are the coordinates of your object? Object coordinates are typically expressed in RA (hh:mm:ss.sss) and Dec (±dd:mm:ss.ssss) in the J2000 epoch.
- 2. Check the altitude range over your expected observation time. For accurate photometry, you want to make sure your object is above 30 degrees in altitude. It's useful to visualize the path of the object in the sky ahead of time, using planetarium software like Stellarium.
- 3. Obtain a reference field for your night. Using Stellarium or any optical image database online like SIMBAD, you should find a visual estimation of what your telescope will be pointing
- 4. Determine suitable reference stars. Make sure they aren't variable stars and that their color indices are similar to your target object.

1.3 Plan your observing strategy

- 1. What's your strategy?
 - (a) Do you have a list of targets that you want to observe throughout the night?
 - (b) Are you tracking a single object?
 - (c) Does the object move with proper motion or sidereal motion?
- 2. If you're planning to observe multiple objects, like a selection of galaxies, then you want to observe the galaxies that are scheduled to set first. That way you can observe the most amount of galaxies on your list at a suitable airmass coefficient.
- 3. If you're planning to observe a single target over time, then you'll need to plan the exposure time and cadence of your image sequence. This answer will depend on the nature of your target.
 - (a) Asteroids move with proper motion and can have a wide range of velocities.
 - (b) Exoplanet transits can be quite faint and are at a fixed point in time.
 - (c) Variable stars have a wide variety of periods and magnitude changes.

2 Starting Up

2.1 Entry and Power Up

- 1. Remove padlocks from the hatch. Bring padlocks inside.
- 2. Turn on the lights. Use the switch on the right side entering the dome.
- 3. Message the team that the dome has been opened.
- 4. Turn on all circuit breakers 1-12. Breakers 2, 7, and 11 should always remain ON.
- 5. Turn on the UPS battery backup. This is the slim, tall box on the table to the immediate left of the breaker box. Turn on using the center power button. After a beep and some warming up, the information screen should indicate the battery is running on the power line rather than on the battery.
- 6. Turn on the AC unit on the wall.
- 7. Turn on Atlas. Grub should automatically boot Windows. Turn on the monitor.

2.2 Open Shutter Window

- 1. Unplug the battery charger from the wall outlet.
- 2. Remove the charger from the battery. First remove the RED leads from the RED (+) terminal on the battery. Then remove the BLACK lead from the BLACK (-) terminal on the battery.
- 3. Remove the charger from the wall and place it safely on the floor.
- 4. Connect the BLACK motor cable to the BLACK (-) terminal on the battery.
- 5. Connect the RED motor cable to the RED (+) terminal on the battery.
- 6. Press and hold OPEN on the shutter controller. Open until the white rubber lip of the shutter window is coincident with the blue metal bar near zenith.

2.3 Open Shutter Door

1. Undo the rope and let down the shutter door. It is normal for the rope to stretch diagonally across the shutter door opening.

2.4 Prepare Telescope

1. Slide the light shroud up toward the front of the optical tube assembly (OTA).

- 2. Remove the cloth cover from the secondary mirror.
- 3. Remove the plastic shower cap
- 4. Remove the round plastic lid from the primary aperture.
- 5. Slide the light shroud back down to completely enclose the OTA.
- 6. Check that the RA and Dec brakes are removed.
- 7. Turn on the mount.

2.5 Prepare Camera

- 1. Open MaxIm DL
- 2. Connect to camera. Under View, open the Camera Control Window. Select Setup and then Connect to enable computer connection to the camera.
- 3. Cool camera. Click Cooler and set the set point. It is advisable to limit the set point to no more than 40 degrees C relative to the ambient temperature. For example, if the ambient temperature is 30 degrees C, then the set point should be no less than -10 degrees C.
- 4. Under Connect select On to begin cooling the camera. The cooler power should not exceed 80% during operation.

2.6 Connect to Mount

- 1. Open PWI3. Verify the computer established connection to the electronic focus assembly (EFA). The EFA should connect automatically to the computer and begin cooling the OTA and primary mirror.
- 2. Open PWI4. Click Connect at the top left of the window.
- 3. Click Enable RA and Enable Dec under Connect.
- 4. Make sure the area around the telescope is completely clear.
- 5. Select Commands and then click Home mount. The telescope will slew and locate its reference encoders.
- 6. Once the telescope has stopped moving, you are ready to observe!

3 Observing

3.1 Set up directory structure

- 1. Under C:\Documents\Observations create a directory with the evening date in the format yyyy-mm-dd.
- Under the newly-made directory, create a directory called dark, a directory called flat, and a directory
 for each of your targets by name (e.g. for target exoplanet system HAT-P-7 the directory would be
 something like hatp7).

3.2 Set up autosave routine

Note that if you're picking multiple targets, you can either set up multiple autosaves or use the Single exposure option to manually expose each target.

- 1. In MaxIm DL, in the Camera Control window, under the Expose tab, click the Autosave button. A new window should appear called Autosave Setup.
- 2. In the Autosave Setup window, set Autosave Filename to the name of your target.
- 3. Make sure Slot 1 is selected. Frame Type will be Light. Set your Exposure, Binning, and the number of exposures or Repeat.
- 4. Select Options and Set Image Save Path.... Under Documents, Observations, create a new directory with the current date (in yyyy-mm-dd format). Then, under this new directory, create a new subdirectory with the name of your target. Click OK to close this window.
- 5. Finally, in the Autosave Setup window, select Apply followed by OK to close the window.
- 6. In the Camera Control window, select Start to begin taking data.

3.3 Monitor conditions throughout night

- 1. Weather and sky coverage should be a priority, since this directly affects the data stream and could pose risks to the telescope and dome (like sudden adverse weather conditions).
- 2. Make sure the dome shutter window remains in line with the telescope pointing. At the time of writing, the dome rotation has not been integrated into the telescope motion.
- 3. Make sure the data is being saved in the correct directory.

3.4 Take calibration frames

- 1. Make sure the area around the telescope is completely clear.
- 2. In PWI4, select Commands and then click Home mount. The telescope will slew and locate its reference encoders.
- 3. Click Disable RA and Disable Dec under Connect.
- 4. Set up flatfield panel, light source, and aperture cover on the telescope.
- 5. Take a series of at least 15 flats such that the average pixel value across the frame is roughly 30-50% the saturation limit of the camera. For each filter used in an observation, a series of 15 flats per filter will be needed.
- 6. Turn off lights and take a series of 15 dark frames. For each integration time used in an observation (including those of your flats), a series of 15 darks per integration time will be needed.

4 Shutting Down

4.1 Disconnect from telescope

- 1. In PWI4, click Disconnect.
- 2. In PWI3, select Disconnect at the top right of the window to turn off the OTA fans.
- 3. Close PWI3 and PWI4.

4.2 Disconnect from camera

- 1. In MaxIm DL, in the Camera Control Window, select Setup and then Warm Up to begin warming up the camera.
- 2. Wait until the cooler power has dropped to 0%, then select Off under Setup to turn off the camera cooler.
- 3. Select Disconnect and then close MaxIm DL.
- 4. Shut down the computer. Turn off the monitors.

4.3 Cover the telescope

- 1. Turn off the mount.
- 2. Slide the light shroud up toward the front of the OTA.
- 3. Replace the round plastic lid onto the primary aperture.
- 4. Replace the plastic shower cap.
- 5. Replace the cloth cover onto the secondary mirror.
- 6. Slide the light shroud back down to completely enclose the OTA.

4.4 Close shutter door

- 1. Pull the door back up to its original position.
- 2. Wrap the rope completely around the handle, making sure the door remains flush against the dome (even with a decent push). Tie the rope into a knot to keep it secure.

4.5 Close shutter window

- 1. Press and hold CLOSE on the shutter controller. Close until the white rubber lip of the shutter window is coincident with the very top of the shutter door.
- 2. Remove the RED motor cable from the RED (+) terminal on the battery.
- 3. Remove the BLACK motor cable from the BLACK (-) terminal on the battery.
- 4. Place the charger on the wall.
- 5. Connect the charger to the battery. First connect the BLACK lead to the BLACK (-) terminal on the battery. Then connect the RED lead to the RED (-) terminal on the battery.

4.6 Power Down and Exit

- 1. Turn off the AC unit.
- 2. Turn off the UPS battery backup. Press and hold the center power button until you hear it beep.
- 3. Turn off circuits breakers. Breakers 2, 7, and 11 should always remain ON.
- 4. Turn off the lights.
- 5. Exit dome and replace padlocks on the hatch.
- 6. Message the team that the dome has been closed.