

$$h = 600 \text{ km}$$

$$\text{Terre } R_T = 6,37 \cdot 10^3 \text{ km}$$

$$M_T = 5,97 \cdot 10^{24} \text{ kg}$$

$$1) v_s = ?$$

$$2) \omega_s = ?$$

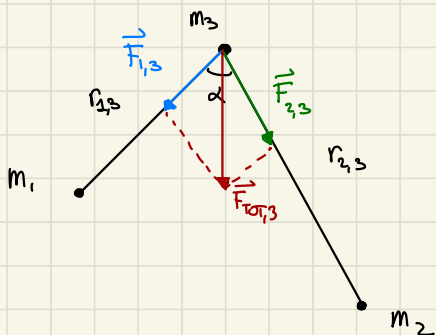
$$3) T_s = ?$$

$$1) v_s^2 = \frac{GM_T}{R_s} = \frac{GM_T}{h+R_T} \rightsquigarrow v_s = \sqrt{\frac{GM_T}{h+R_T}} \approx$$

$$2) \omega_s R_s = v_s \quad \omega_s = \frac{1}{h+R_T} \sqrt{\frac{GM_T}{h+R_T}} \approx$$

$$3) T_s = \frac{2\pi}{\omega_s} \quad T_s = \frac{2\pi(h+R_T)}{\sqrt{\frac{GM_T}{h+R_T}}} \approx$$

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$$m_1 = 5,13 \cdot 10^{31} \text{ kg}$$

$$m_2 = 4,52 \cdot 10^{32} \text{ kg}$$

$$m_3 = 1,88 \cdot 10^{35} \text{ kg}$$

$$r_{1,3} = 1,42 \cdot 10^{16} \text{ m}$$

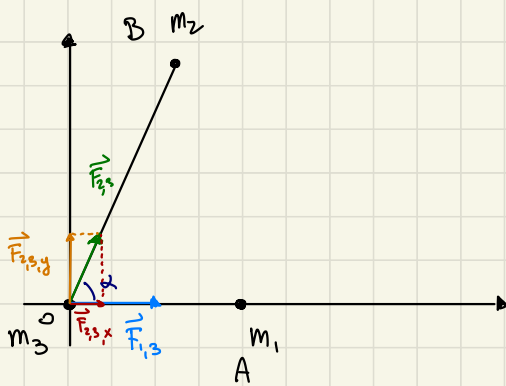
$$r_{2,3} = 3,76 \cdot 10^{16} \text{ m}$$

$$\alpha = 72,3^\circ$$

$$F_{\text{tot},3} = ?$$

$$F_{1,3} = G \frac{m_1 m_3}{r_{1,3}^2} \approx$$

$$F_{2,3} = G \frac{m_2 m_3}{r_{2,3}^2} \approx$$



Pizzo un piano cartesiano in modo che i vettori siano più facili da manipolare

Faccio tutto in componenti e quindi la somma tra vettori la faccio comp. per componente

$$\vec{F}_{1,3} = (F_{1,3} ; 0)$$

$$\vec{F}_{2,3} = (F_{2,3,x} ; F_{2,3,y}) = (F_{2,3} \cdot \cos \alpha ; F_{2,3} \cdot \sin \alpha)$$

Faccio somma componente per componente

$$\vec{F}_{\text{TOT},3} = (F_{1,3} + F_{2,3} \cos \alpha ; F_{2,3} \sin \alpha)$$

Dato che le componenti sono perpendicolari, faccio teorema GF (di Pitagore) e posso trovare il modulo

$$F_{\text{TOT},3}^2 = (F_{1,3} + F_{2,3} \cos \alpha)^2 + (F_{2,3} \sin \alpha)^2 \approx$$

$$\leadsto F_{\text{TOT},3} \approx 5,83 \cdot 10^{24} \text{ N}$$