Introduction to graph differences

INTERMEDIATE NETWORK ANALYSIS IN PYTHON

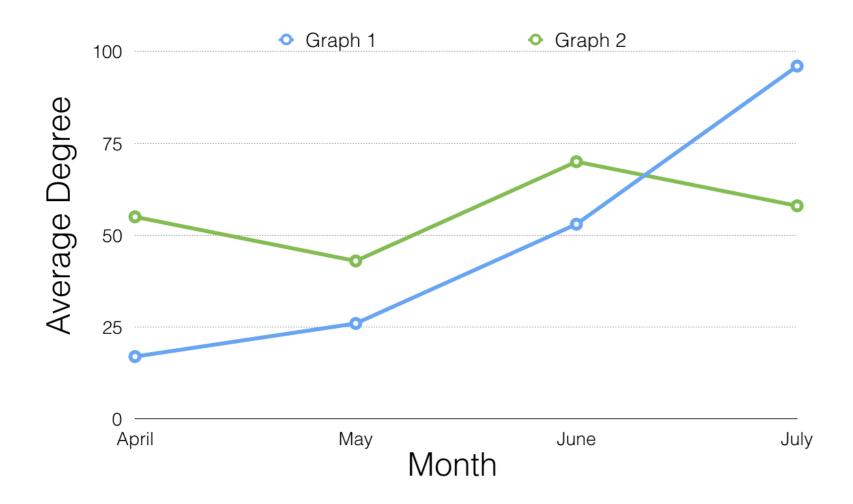


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Time series analysis





Time series analysis

- How some number changes as a function of time
 - Is there an upward or downward trend?
- Rate of change of things over a sliding window of time
- Examples:
 - Tracking weight over time
 - Tracking stock investment portfolio value over time

Evolving graphs

- Graphs that change over time: communication networks
- Assumptions:
 - Edge changes over time; assume nodes stay constant
 - Both edges and nodes change over time

Graph differences

- Graphs are comprised of:
 - A node set
 - An edge set
- If a node set doesn't change:
 - Changing only the edge set will result in a change in the graph

Graph differences

Analogy: set differences

```
set(c1, c2, c3).difference(set(c2, c3, c4)) = set(c1)
set(c2, c3, c4).difference(set(c1, c2, c3)) = set(c4)
```

- In NetworkX: .difference(G1, G2) function
 - Assumes G1 and G2 have equal node sets

Graph differences in Python

```
G1.edges()
[('cust1', 'cust2'), ('cust3', 'cust2')]
G2.edges()
[('cust1', 'cust3'), ('cust3', 'cust2')]
G2minusG1 = nx.difference(G2, G1)
G1minusG2 = nx.difference(G1, G2)
```



Let's practice!

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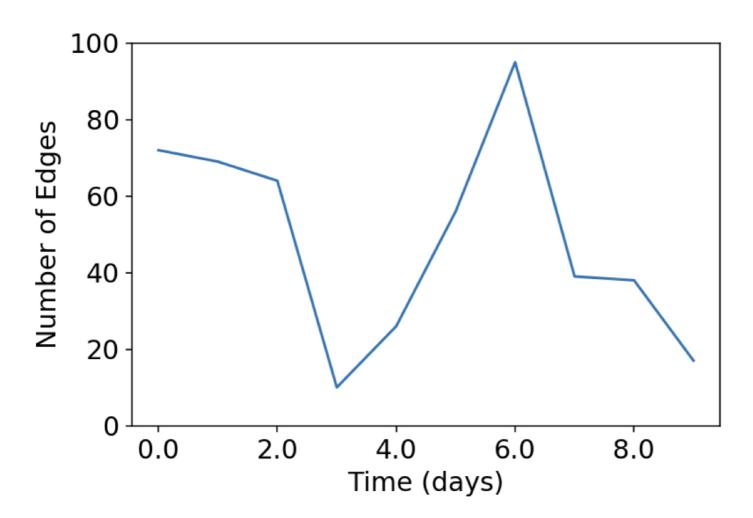


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- Graph summary statistics:
 - Number of nodes
 - Number of edges
 - Degree distribution
 - Centrality distributions



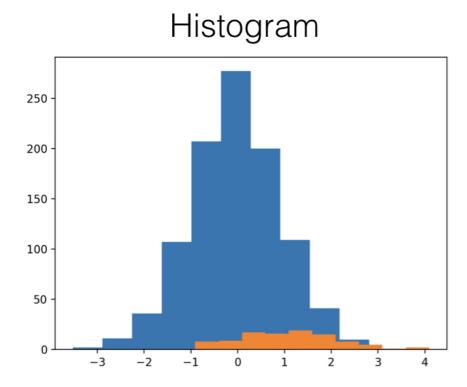


- For simple metrics, use edgelist data
- For graph theoretic metrics, use graph object



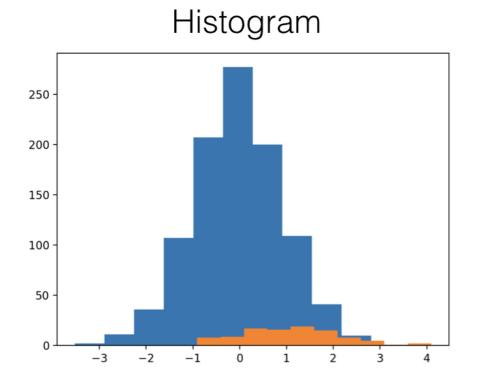
Cumulative distribution

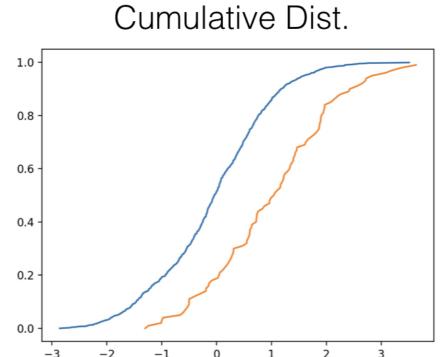
Compact way of representing the distribution of values



Cumulative distribution

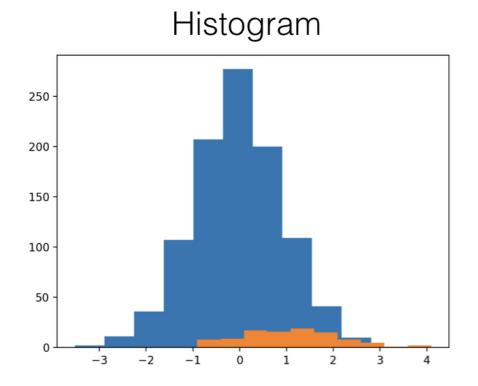
Compact way of representing the distribution of values

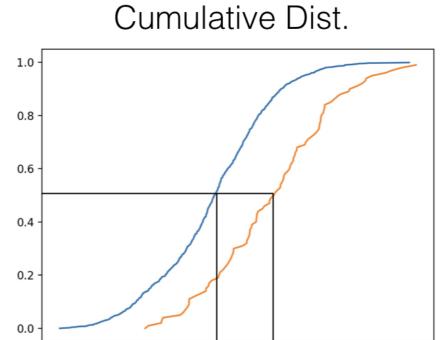




Cumulative distribution

Compact way of representing the distribution of values





Let's practice!

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Zooming in & zooming out: Overall graph summary

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INTERMEDIATE NETWORK ANALYSIS IN PYTHON



Graph exploration at scales

- Exploration at global and local scales
- Global: Centrality distributions
- Local: Connectivity and structures



Zooming on nodes

- Isolate a given node or set of nodes
- Plot node statistic over time

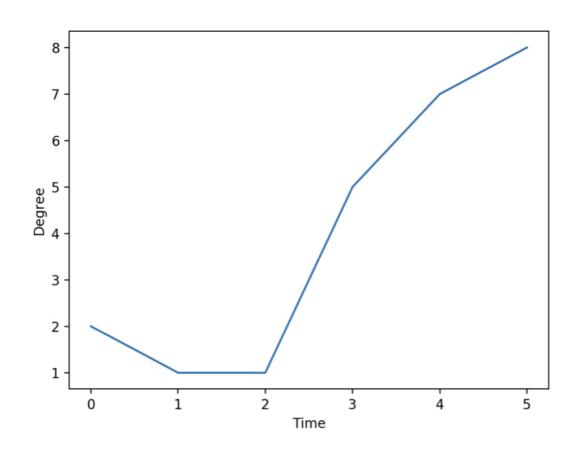


Summarizing evolving node statistics

- Customer-product dataset
 - Investigate how purchasing patterns have changed over time
- customer1 node of interest

Summarizing evolving node statistics

Summarizing evolving node statistics



Default dictionaries

```
from collections import defaultdict
d = defaultdict(list)
d['heathrow'].append(0.31)
d['heathrow'].append(0.84)
d
```

```
defaultdict(list, {'heathrow': [0.31, 0.84]})
```

Default dictionaries

```
d2 = dict()
d2['heathrow'].append(0.31)
```



Let's practice!

INTERMEDIATE NETWORK ANALYSIS IN PYTHON

