# svm-assignment1

March 8, 2025

### 1 Linear SVM

```
[5]: %matplotlib inline
     import matplotlib
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     from sklearn.svm import SVC
     from sklearn import datasets
     # Dataset
     iris = datasets.load_iris()
     X = iris["data"][:, (2, 3)] # petal length, petal width
     y = iris["target"]
     setosa_or_versicolor = (y == 0) | (y == 1)
     X = X[setosa_or_versicolor]
     y = y[setosa_or_versicolor]
     # SVM Classifier model
     svm_clf = SVC(kernel="linear", C=float("inf"))
     svm_clf.fit(X, y)
     # Usage Example:
     # SVM classifiers do not output a probability like logistic regression
     svm_clf.predict([[2.4, 3.1]])
```

#### [5]: array([1])

```
[6]: def plot_svc_decision_boundary(svm_clf, xmin, xmax):
    w = svm_clf.coef_[0]
    b = svm_clf.intercept_[0]
    x0 = np.linspace(xmin, xmax, 200)

    decision_boundary = (-w[0] * x0 - b) / w[1]
    margin = 1 / w[1]

    gutter_up = decision_boundary + margin
```

```
gutter_down = decision_boundary - margin

svs = svm_clf.support_vectors_
plt.scatter(svs[:, 0], svs[:, 1], s=180, facecolors='#FFAAAA')

plt.plot(x0, decision_boundary, "k-", linewidth=2)
plt.plot(x0, gutter_up, "k--", linewidth=2)

plt.plot(x0, gutter_down, "k--", linewidth=2)
```

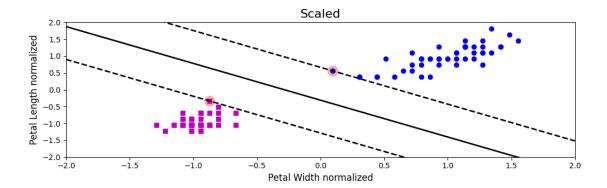
```
[7]: #Plot the decision boundaries
import numpy as np
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler

plt.figure(figsize=(12,3.2))
scaler = StandardScaler()
X_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X)
svm_clf.fit(X_scaled, y)

plt.plot(X_scaled[:, 0][y==1], X_scaled[:, 1][y==1], "bo")
plt.plot(X_scaled[:, 0][y==0], X_scaled[:, 1][y==0], "ms")
plot_svc_decision_boundary(svm_clf, -2, 2)

plt.xlabel("Petal Width normalized", fontsize=12)
plt.ylabel("Petal Length normalized", fontsize=12)
plt.title("Scaled", fontsize=16)
plt.axis([-2, 2, -2, 2])
```

#### [7]: (-2.0, 2.0, -2.0, 2.0)



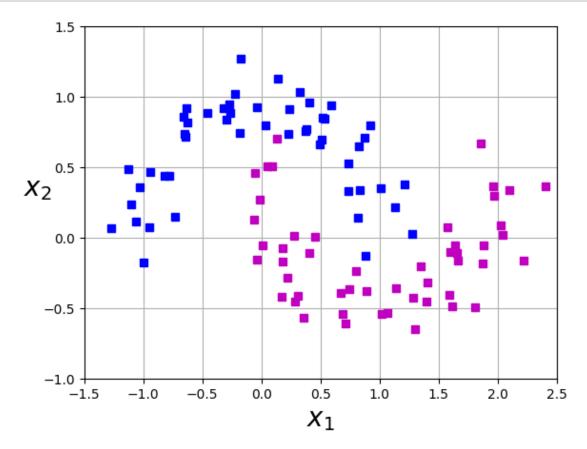
## 2 Non Linear SVM

```
[8]: from sklearn.datasets import make_moons
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
from sklearn.preprocessing import PolynomialFeatures
from sklearn.svm import LinearSVC
```

```
[9]: # Construct some test data
from sklearn.datasets import make_moons
X, y = make_moons(n_samples=100, noise=0.15, random_state=42)

# Define a function to plot the dataset
def plot_dataset(X, y, axes):
    plt.plot(X[:, 0][y==0], X[:, 1][y==0], "bs")
    plt.plot(X[:, 0][y==1], X[:, 1][y==1], "ms")
    plt.axis(axes)
    plt.grid(True, which='both')
    plt.xlabel(r"$x_1$", fontsize=20)
    plt.ylabel(r"$x_2$", fontsize=20, rotation=0)

# Let's have a look at the data we have generated
plot_dataset(X, y, [-1.5, 2.5, -1, 1.5])
plt.show()
```



```
[10]: # Define a function plot the decision boundaries
      def plot_predictions(clf, axes):
          # create data in continous linear space
          x0s = np.linspace(axes[0], axes[1], 100)
          x1s = np.linspace(axes[2], axes[3], 100)
          x0, x1 = np.meshgrid(x0s, x1s)
          X = np.c_[x0.ravel(), x1.ravel()]
          y pred = clf.predict(X).reshape(x0.shape)
          y_decision = clf.decision_function(X).reshape(x0.shape)
          plt.contourf(x0, x1, y_pred, cmap=plt.cm.brg, alpha=0.2)
          plt.contourf(x0, x1, y_decision, cmap=plt.cm.brg, alpha=0.1)
[11]: from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
      from sklearn.preprocessing import PolynomialFeatures, StandardScaler
      from sklearn.svm import LinearSVC
      polynomial_svm_clf = Pipeline([
          ("poly_features", PolynomialFeatures(degree=3)),
          ("scaler", StandardScaler()),
          ("svm_clf", LinearSVC(C=10, loss="hinge"))
      ])
      polynomial_svm_clf.fit(X, y)
     d:\MG\Python\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\svm\_base.py:1249: ConvergenceWarning:
     Liblinear failed to converge, increase the number of iterations.
       warnings.warn(
[11]: Pipeline(steps=[('poly_features', PolynomialFeatures(degree=3)),
                      ('scaler', StandardScaler()),
                      ('svm clf', LinearSVC(C=10, loss='hinge'))])
[12]: #plot the decision boundaries
      plt.figure(figsize=(11, 4))
      #plot the decision boundaries
      plot_predictions(polynomial_svm_clf, [-1.5, 2.5, -1, 1.5])
      #plot the dataset
      plot_dataset(X, y, [-1.5, 2.5, -1, 1.5])
      plt.title(r"$d=3, C=10$", fontsize=18)
      plt.show()
```

