P8106 - Final Project

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5/9/2022

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## -- Attaching packages --------------------------------------- tidyverse 1.3.1 --

## v ggplot2 3.3.5     v purrr   0.3.4
## v tibble  3.1.4     v dplyr   1.0.7
## v tidyr   1.1.3     v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr   2.0.1     v forcats 0.5.1

## -- Conflicts ------------------------------------------ tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()    masks stats::lag()
```

```
library(caret)
```

```
## Loading required package: lattice

##
## Attaching package: 'caret'

## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##     lift
```

```
library(neuralnet)
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'neuralnet'

## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##     compute
```

```
library(MASS)
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'MASS'

## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##     select
```

Data Preprocessing

```
df_salary = read_csv("NBA_season2122_player_salary.csv") %>%
  janitor::clean_names() %>%
  dplyr::select(Player=x2,Team=x3,Salary=salary_4) %>%
  na.omit()
```

```
## New names:
## * `` -> ...1
## * `` -> ...2
## * `` -> ...3
## * Salary -> Salary...4
## * Salary -> Salary...5
## * ...
```

```
## Rows: 578 Columns: 11
```

```
## -- Column specification --------------------------------------------------------
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (11): ...1, ...2, ...3, Salary...4, Salary...5, Salary...6, Salary...7, ...
```

```
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

```
df_salary = df_salary[-1,]

df_stats = read_csv("NBA_season2122_player_stats.csv") %>%
  rename(Team=Tm) %>%
  dplyr::select(-Rk)
```

```
## Rows: 784 Columns: 30
```

```
## -- Column specification --------------------------------------------------------
## Delimiter: ","
## chr  (3): Player, Pos, Tm
## dbl (27): Rk, Age, G, GS, MP, FG, FGA, FG%, 3P, 3PA, 3P%, 2P, 2PA, 2P%, eFG%...
```

```
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

```
df_players = inner_join(x=df_salary,y=df_stats,by=c("Player","Team")) %>%
  janitor::clean_names() %>%
  distinct()

df_players = df_players %>%
  arrange(player,desc(g)) %>%
  distinct(player,.keep_all = TRUE)
```

```r
# Removed variables with missing data and resulted from division of other variables
df_players = df_players %>%
  dplyr::select(-x3p_percent, -ft_percent, -fg_percent,-x2p_percent,-e_fg_percent)

# The final generated dataset for use: df_player.
```

```r
# Convert salary from characters to numbers.
# Convert categorical variables to factors

df_players = df_players %>%
  separate(salary,into = c("symbol", "salary"),1) %>%
  dplyr::select(-symbol)%>%
  mutate(salary = as.numeric(salary)/1000000,
         team = factor(team),
         pos = factor(pos)) %>%
  relocate(salary, .after = last_col())

colnames(df_players) = c("player", "team", "position", "age", "game","game_starting" ,"minute","field_g
```

```r
df_players = df_players %>%
  mutate(field_goal = field_goal/minute,
         fg_attempt = fg_attempt/minute,
         x3p = x3p/minute,
         x3p_attempt = x3p_attempt/minute,
         x2p = x2p/minute,
         x2p_attempt = x2p_attempt/minute,
         free_throw = free_throw/minute,
         ft_attempt = ft_attempt/minute,
         offensive_rb = offensive_rb/minute,
         defenssive_rb = defenssive_rb/minute,
         total_rb = total_rb/minute,
         assistance = assistance/minute,
         steal = steal/minute,
         block = block/minute,
         turnover = turnover/minute,
         personal_foul = personal_foul/minute,
         point = point/minute)
```

```r
# Data partition
set.seed(8106)

indexTrain <- createDataPartition(y = df_players$salary, p = 0.75, list = FALSE, times = 1)
ctrl1 <- trainControl(method = "cv", number = 10, repeats = 5)
```

```
## Warning: ‘repeats‘ has no meaning for this resampling method.
```

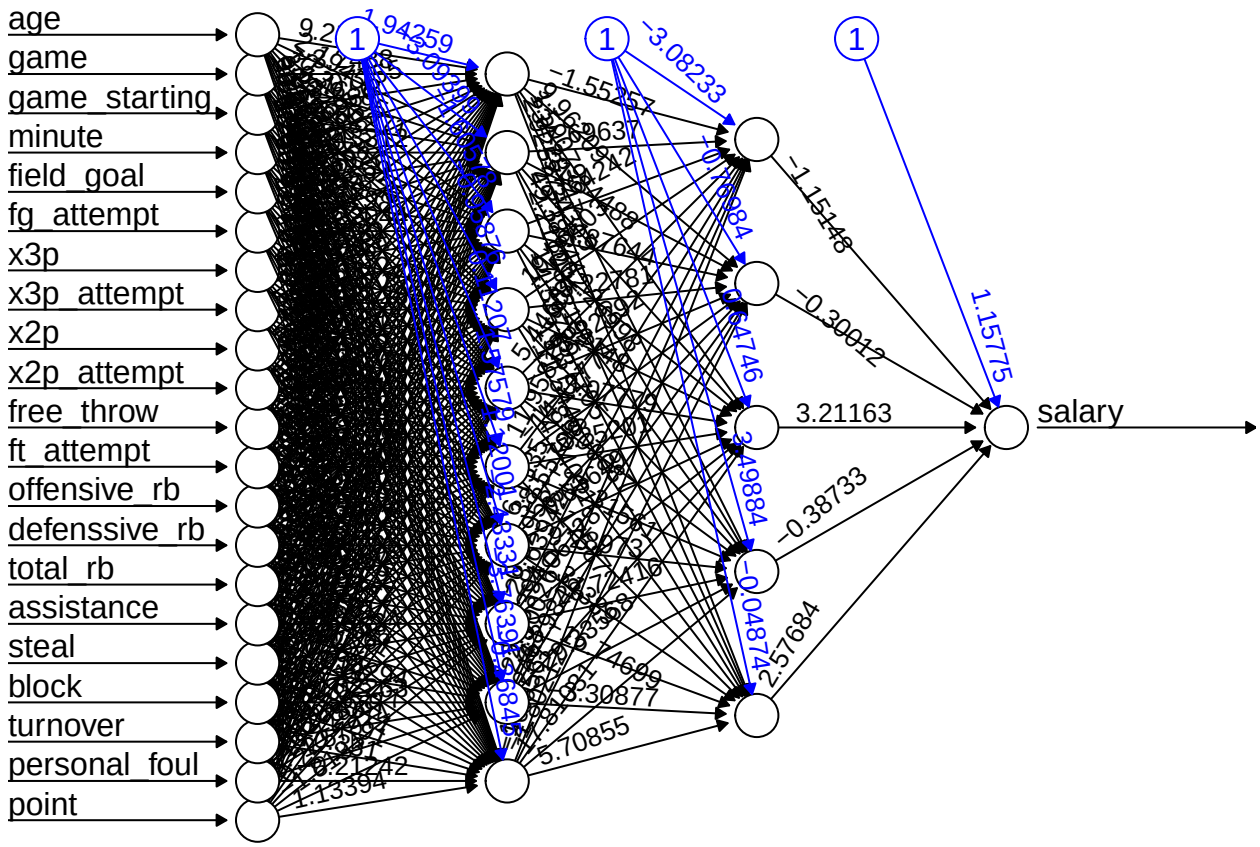
```r
df_train = df_players[indexTrain,]
df_test = df_players[-indexTrain,]
```

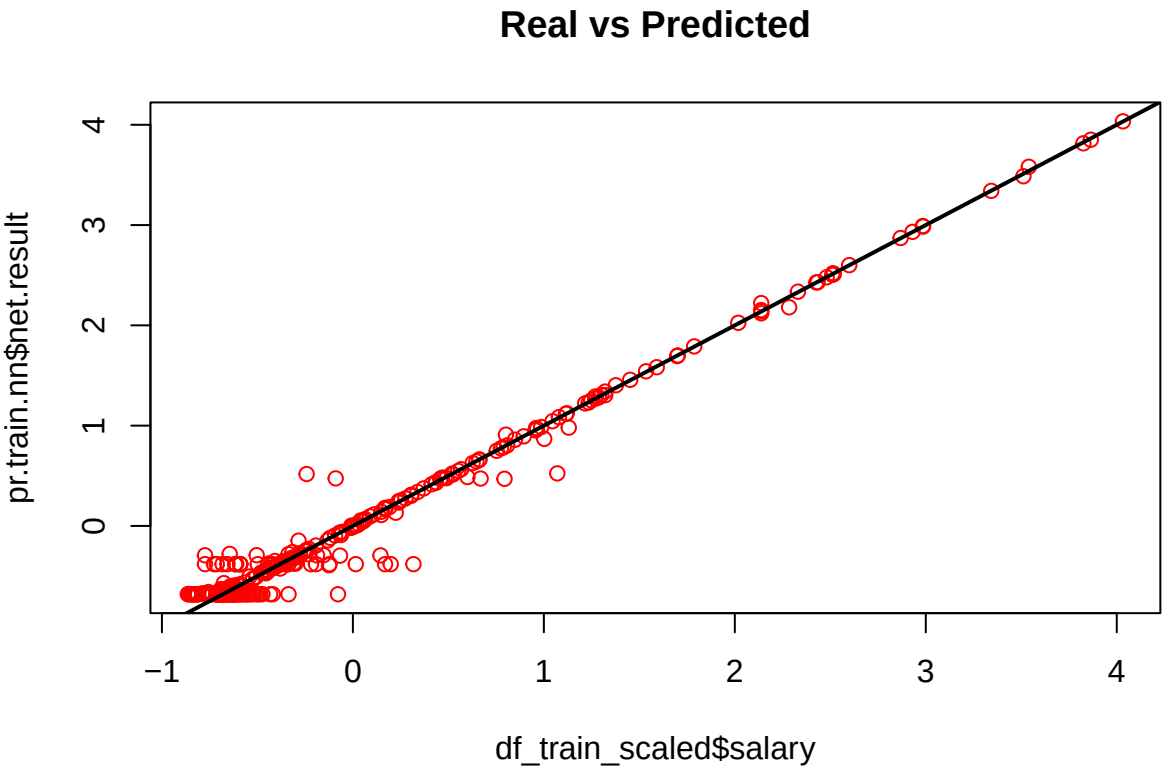
Blackbox

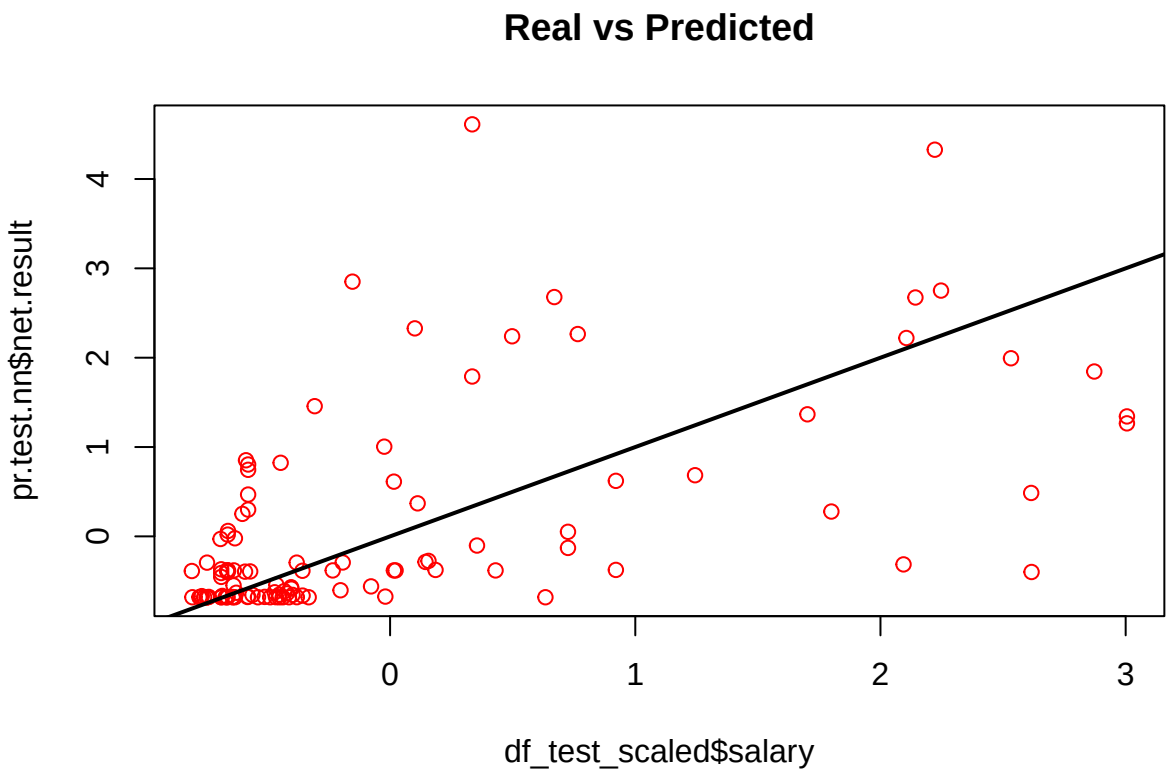
```
# Scale the data
df_train_scaled = as.data.frame(scale(
  df_train %>% dplyr::select(-team,-position,-player),
  center = TRUE, scale = TRUE))

df_test_scaled = as.data.frame(scale(
  df_test %>% dplyr::select(-team,-position,-player),
  center = TRUE, scale = TRUE))
```

```
set.seed(8106)


nn_with_m_n_layers = function(m,n){

# Build Neural Network
nn <- neuralnet(salary ~ .,
                data = df_train_scaled, hidden = c(m, n),
                linear.output = TRUE)
plot(nn,rep = "best")

summary(nn)


pr.train.nn <- compute(nn, df_train_scaled)
nn.train.MSE = mean((pr.train.nn$net.result - df_train_scaled$salary)^2)
nn.train.MSE

pr.test.nn <- compute(nn, df_test_scaled)
nn.test.MSE = mean((pr.test.nn$net.result - df_test_scaled$salary)^2)
nn.test.MSE

train.MSE.matrix[m,n] = nn.train.MSE
test.MSE.matrix[m,n] = nn.test.MSE


plot(df_train_scaled$salary, pr.train.nn$net.result, col = "red",
     main = 'Real vs Predicted')
abline(0, 1, lwd = 2)

plot(df_test_scaled$salary, pr.test.nn$net.result, col = "red",
     main = 'Real vs Predicted')
abline(0, 1, lwd = 2)

}


matrix.row = 10
matrix.column = 5
train.MSE.matrix = matrix(nrow = matrix.row, ncol = matrix.column)
test.MSE.matrix = matrix(nrow = matrix.row, ncol = matrix.column)
```

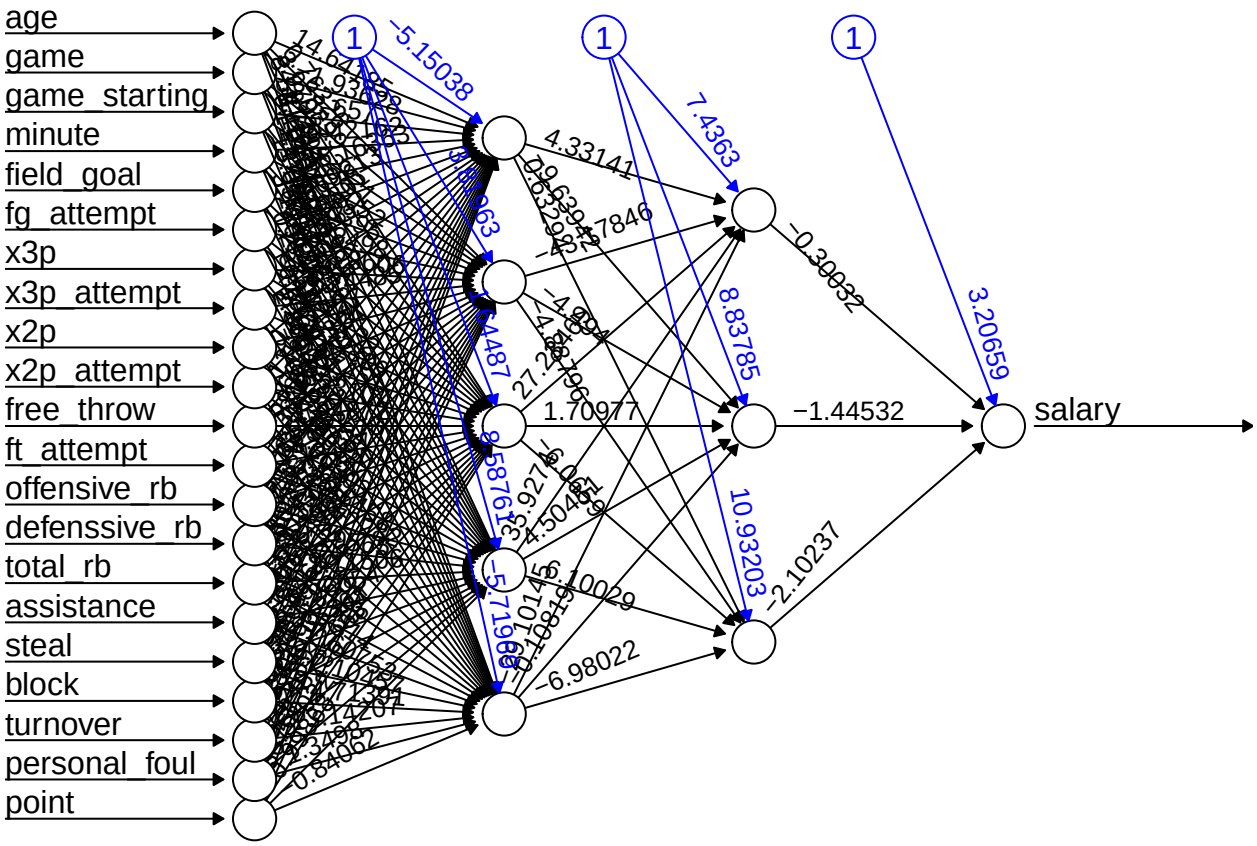
```
# for(m in 9:matrix.row){
#   for(n in 4:matrix.column){
#     nn_with_m_n_layers(m,n)
#   }
# }

nn_with_m_n_layers(10,5)
```

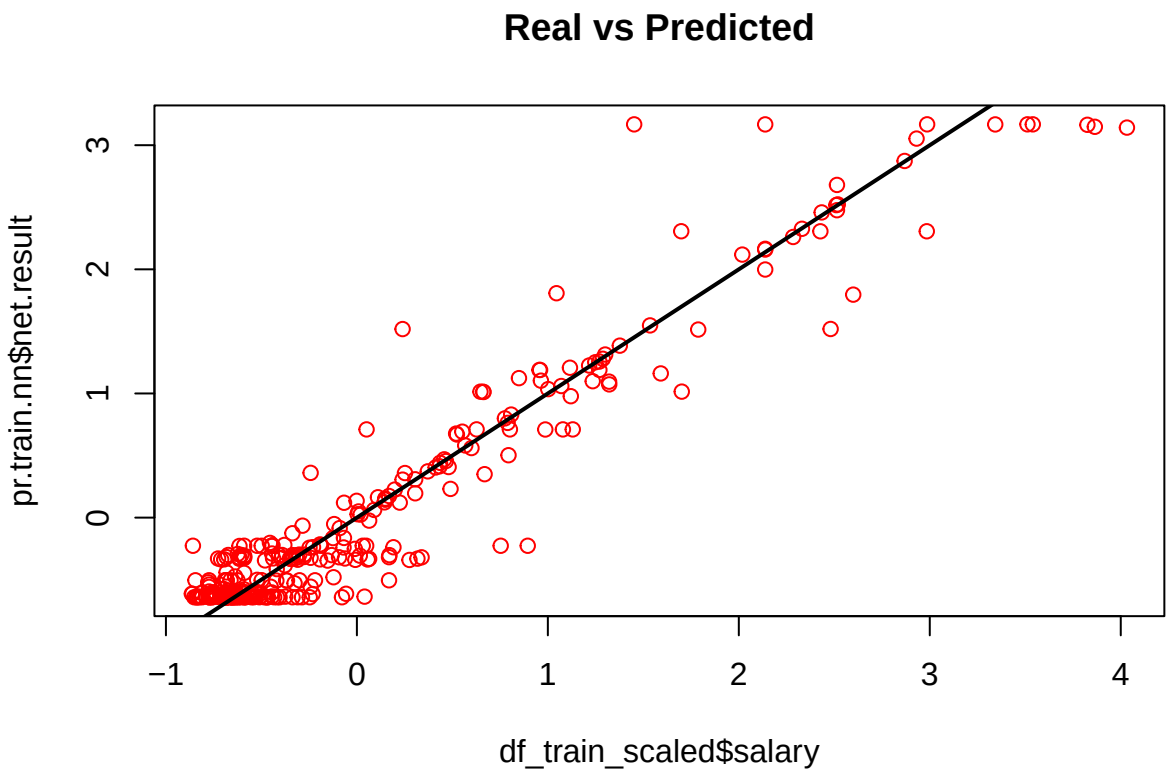


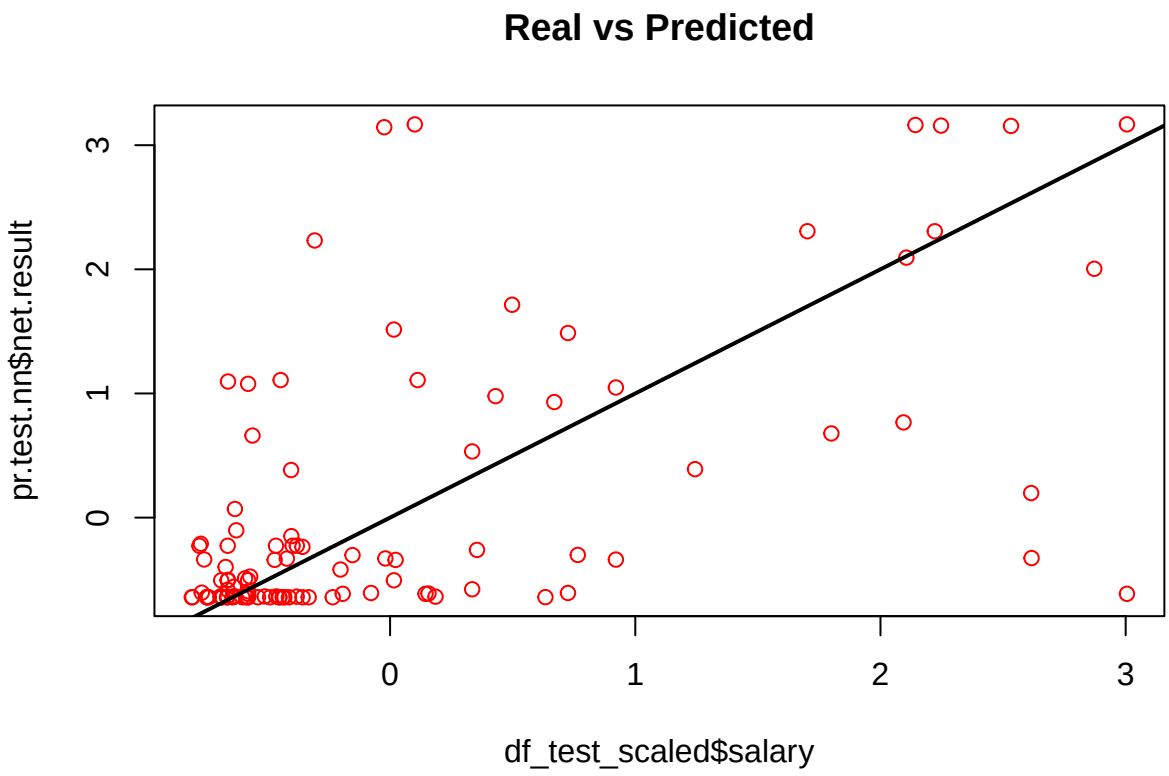

Real vs Predicted
pr.train.nn$net.result
df_train_scaled$salary
−1
0
1
2
3
4



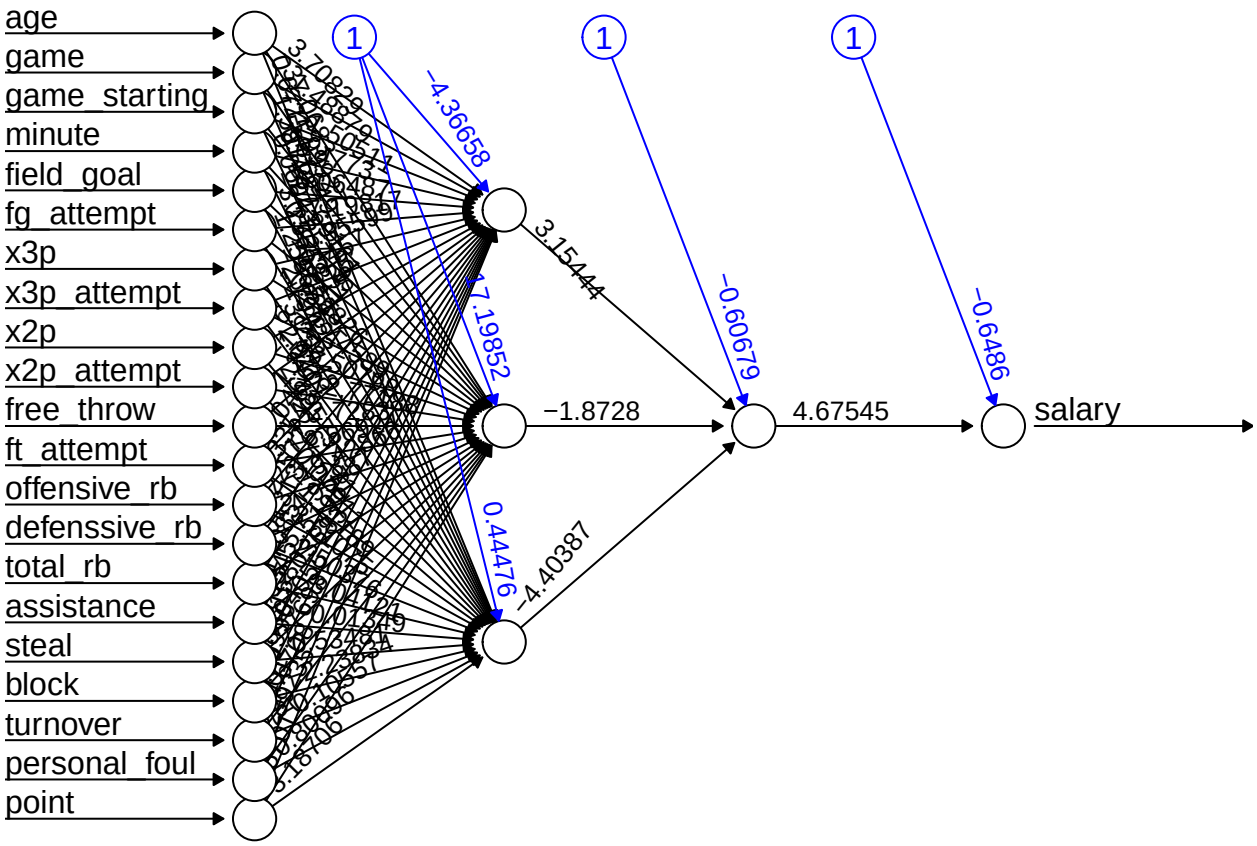

```
nn_with_m_n_layers(5,3)
```

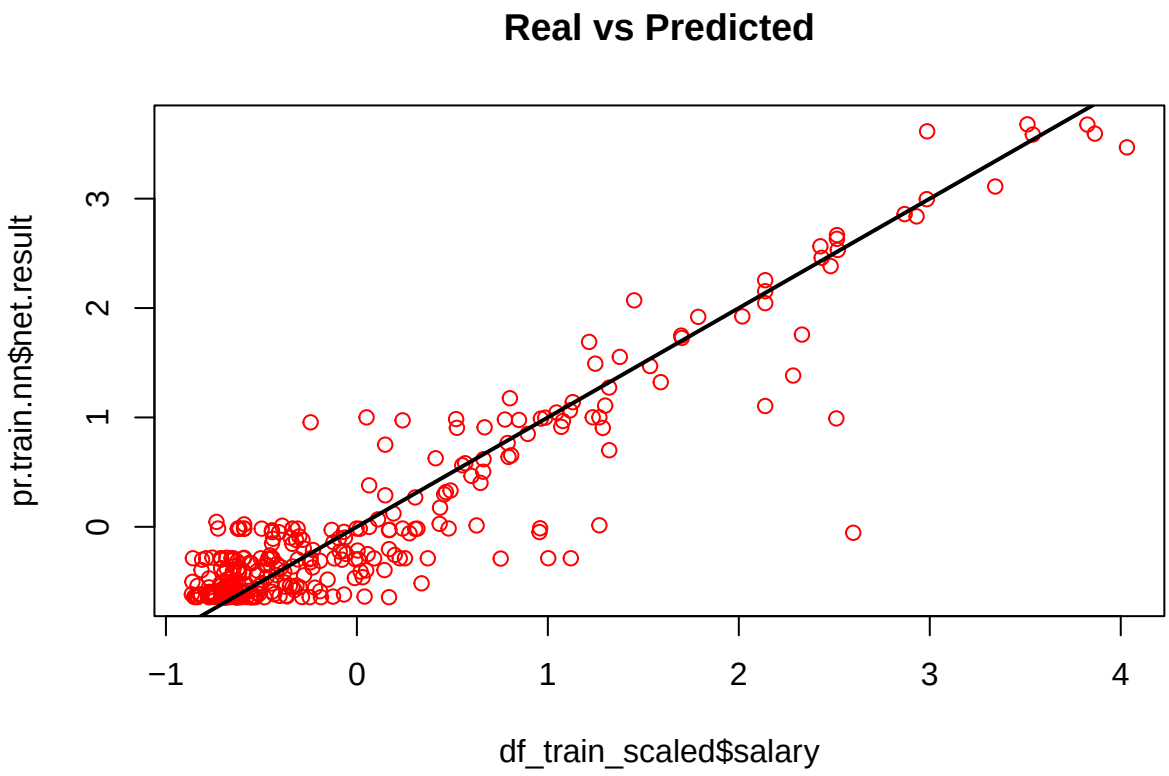

age
game
game_starting
minute
field_goal
fg_attempt
x3p
x3p_attempt
x2p
x2p_attempt
free_throw
ft_attempt
offensive_rb
defenssive_rb
total_rb
assistance
steal
block
turnover
personal_foul
point
1
1
1
−5.15038
7.4363
4.33141
−0.30032
3.20659
8.83785
1.70977
−1.44532
salary
10.93203
−2.10237
−6.98022

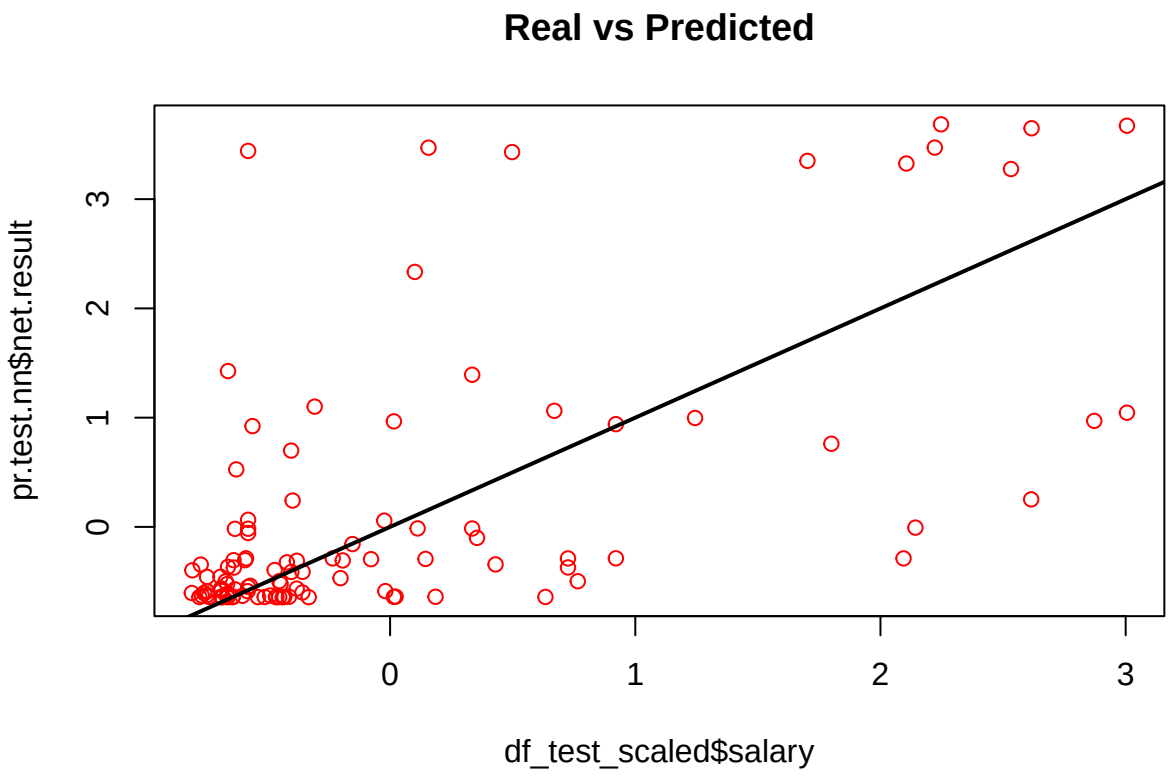

Real vs Predicted
pr.train.nn$net.result
df_train_scaled$salary
−1
0
1
2
3
4
0
1
2
3




```
nn_with_m_n_layers(3,1)
```


age
game
game_starting
minute
field_goal
fg_attempt
x3p
x3p_attempt
x2p
x2p_attempt
free_throw
ft_attempt
offensive_rb
defenssive_rb
total_rb
assistance
steal
block
turnover
personal_foul
point
1
1
1
−4.36658
−7.19852
0.44476
3.15444
−1.8728
−4.40387
−0.60679
4.67545
−0.6486
salary


Real vs Predicted
pr.train.nn$net.result
df_train_scaled$salary
−1
0
1
2
3
4
0
1
2
3




```
lr = lm(salary ~.,
            data = df_train_scaled)

pr.train.lr = predict(lr, df_train_scaled)
lr.train.MSE = mean((pr.train.lr - df_train_scaled$salary)^2)

pr.test.lr = predict(lr, df_test_scaled)
lr.test.MSE = mean((pr.test.lr - df_test_scaled$salary)^2)
```

https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/how-neural-networks-are-used-for-regression-in-r-programming/