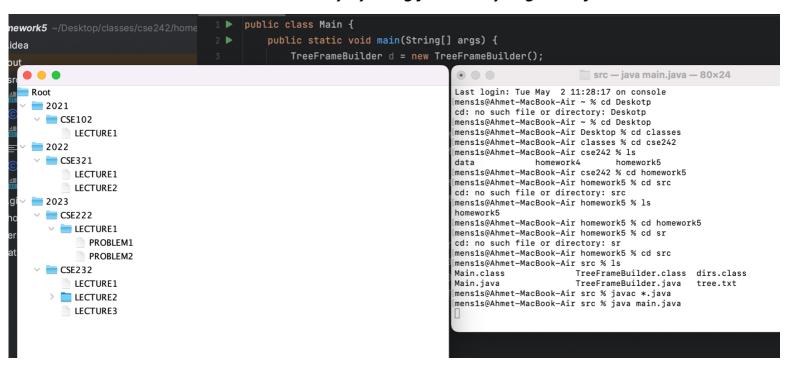
GTU DEPARTMENT OF ENGINEERING COMPUTER ENGINEERING SPRING 2022/2023 HOMEWORK #5

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1. Running Command and Results

a. Constructor

i. Constructor is calling 2 functions which are setSize() and getDirs(). SetSize functions are arenging dynamically array size. GetDirs functions read user input from tree.txt and save is dynamically reallocated array. GetDirs functions also calls toJTree function to create JTree component automatically by using filled array in getDirs function.



b. BFS Search algorithm

i. Success

ii. Unsuccess

```
lic class Main {
public static void main(String[] args) {
     TreeFrameBuilder d = new TreeFrameBuilder();
     d.BFS( target: "CSE2322");
                          📄 src — java main.java — 80×24
 mens1s@Ahmet-MacBook-Air src % java main.java
 Using BFS to find 'CSE2322' in the tree...
 Step 1 -> Root
 Step 2 -> 2021
 Step 3 -> 2022
 Step 4 -> 2023
 Step 5 -> CSE102
 Step 6 -> CSE321
 Step 7 -> CSE222
 Step 8 -> CSE232
 Step 9 -> LECTURE1
 Step 10 -> LECTURE1
 Step 11 -> LECTURE2
 Step 12 -> LECTURE1
 Step 13 -> LECTURE1
 Step 14 -> LECTURE2
 Step 15 -> LECTURE3
 Step 16 -> PROBLEM1
 Step 17 -> PROBLEM2
 Step 18 -> PROBLEM1
 Step 19 -> PROBLEM2
 NOT FOUND!
```

c. DFS Search

i. Success

```
lic class Main {
public static void main(String[] args) {
      TreeFrameBuilder d = new TreeFrameBuilder();
      d.DFS( target: "CSE232");
                               src — java main.java — 80×24
 Step 17 -> PROBLEM2
 Step 18 -> PROBLEM1
Step 19 -> PROBLEM2
 NOT FOUND!
 mens1s@Ahmet-MacBook-Air src % javac *.java
[mens1s@Ahmet-MacBook-Air src % java main.java
 Using DFS to find 'CSE232' in the tree...
 Step 1 -> Root
Step 2 -> 2021
 Step 3 -> CSE102
 Step 4 -> LECTURE1
 Step 5 -> 2022
 Step 6 -> CSE321
 Step 7 -> LECTURE1
 Step 8 -> LECTURE2
 Step 9 -> 2023
 Step 10 -> CSE222
 Step 11 -> LECTURE1
Step 12 -> PROBLEM1
 Step 13 -> PROBLEM2
 Step 14 -> CSE232(Found!)
```

ii. Unsuccess

```
lic class Main {
public static void main(String[] args) {
     TreeFrameBuilder d = new TreeFrameBuilder();
     d.DFS( target: "CSE2332");
                          src — java main.java — 80×24
 [mens1s@Ahmet-MacBook-Air src % java main.java
 Using DFS to find 'CSE2332' in the tree...
 Step 1 -> Root
 Step 2 -> 2021
 Step 3 -> CSE102
 Step 4 -> LECTURE1
 Step 5 -> 2022
 Step 6 -> CSE321
 Step 7 -> LECTURE1
 Step 8 -> LECTURE2
 Step 9 -> 2023
 Step 10 -> CSE222
 Step 11 -> LECTURE1
 Step 12 -> PROBLEM1
 Step 13 -> PROBLEM2
 Step 14 -> CSE232
 Step 15 -> LECTURE1
 Step 16 -> LECTURE2
 Step 17 -> PROBLEM1
 Step 18 -> PROBLEM2
 Step 19 -> LECTURE3
 Not Found!
```

d. Traverse Search

i. Success

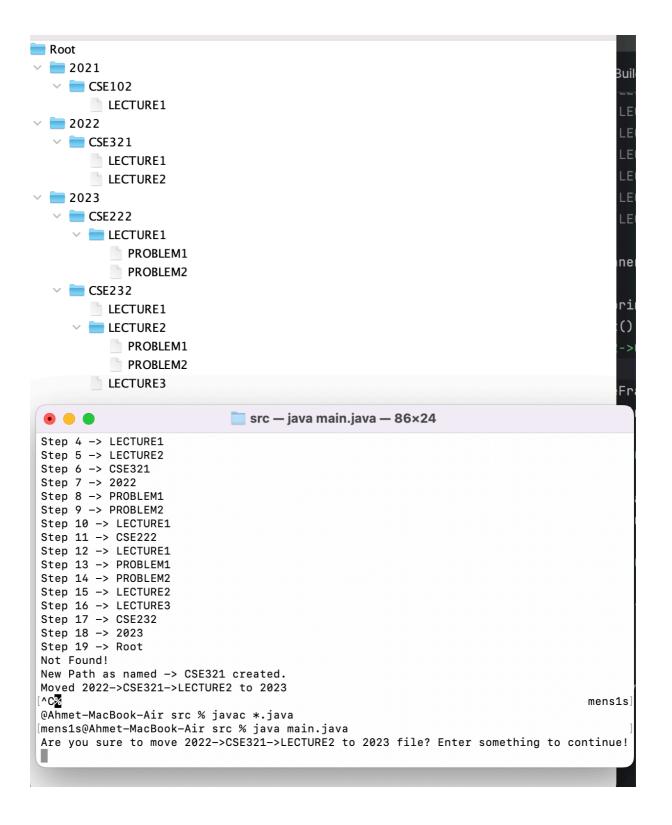
```
lic class Main {
public static void main(String[] args) {
     TreeFrameBuilder d = new TreeFrameBuilder();
     d.Traverse( target: "CSE232");
                             📄 src — java main.java — 80×24
 Step 19 -> LECTURE3
 Not Found!
^C<mark>%</mark>
 mens1s@Ahmet-MacBook-Air src % javac *.java
 mens1s@Ahmet-MacBook-Air src % java main.java
 Step 1 -> LECTURE1
 Step 2 -> CSE102
Step 3 -> 2021
 Step 4 -> LECTURE1
 Step 5 -> LECTURE2
 Step 6 -> CSE321
Step 7 -> 2022
 Step 8 -> PROBLEM1
 Step 9 -> PROBLEM2
 Step 10 -> LECTURE1
 Step 11 -> CSE222
Step 12 -> LECTURE1
 Step 13 -> PROBLEM1
 Step 14 -> PROBLEM2
 Step 15 -> LECTURE2
 Step 16 -> LECTURE3
 Step 17 -> CSE232(Found!)
```

ii. Unsuccess

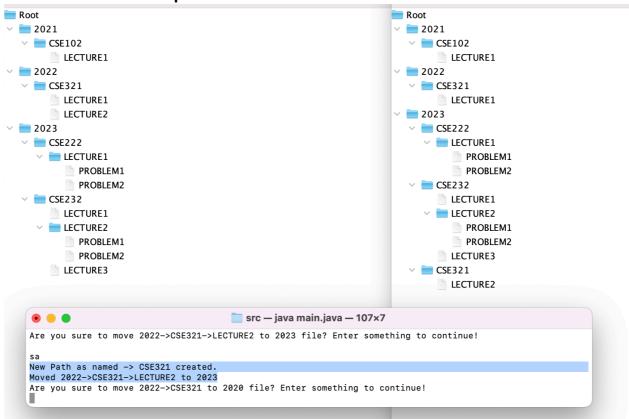
```
lic class Main {
public static void main(String[] args) {
      TreeFrameBuilder d = new TreeFrameBuilder();
      d.Traverse( target: "CSE2332");
                             src — java main.java — 80×24
 mens1s@Ahmet-MacBook-Air src % javac *.java
 [mens1s@Ahmet-MacBook-Air src % java main.java
 Step 1 -> LECTURE1
 Step 2 -> CSE102
Step 3 -> 2021
 Step 5 -> LECTURE1
Step 5 -> LECTURE2
 Step 6 -> CSE321
Step 7 -> 2022
 Step 8 -> PROBLEM1
 Step 9 -> PROBLEM2
Step 10 -> LECTURE1
 Step 11 -> CSE222
Step 12 -> LECTURE1
 Step 13 -> PROBLEM1
 Step 14 -> PROBLEM2
 Step 15 -> LECTURE2
 Step 16 -> LECTURE3
 Step 17 -> CSE232
 Step 18 -> 2023
 Step 19 -> Root
 Not Found!
```

e. Move Steps

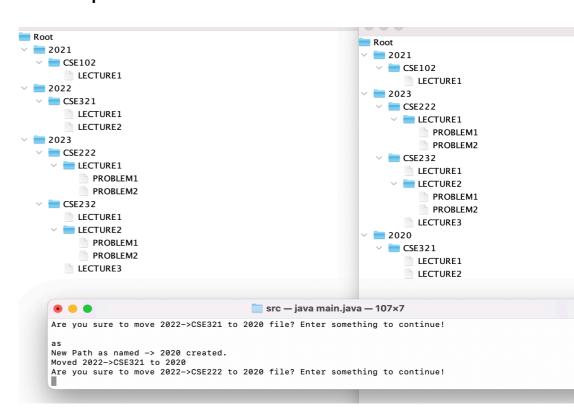
i. First Stage



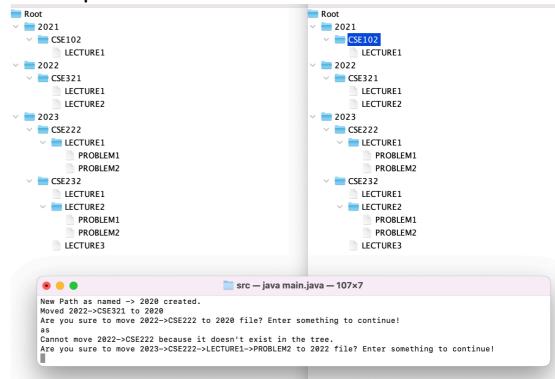
ii. Move Step-1



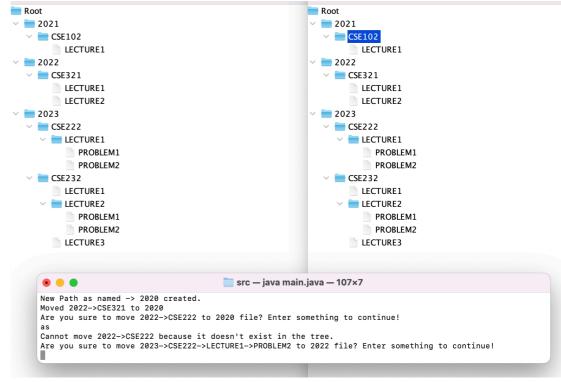
iii. Move Step -2



iv. Move Step -3



v. Move Step -4



2. Time Complexity Analysis

- a. BFS Search
 - i. In BFS Search algorithms time complexity is always O(V+E) because every Vertexies in tree and all edges which

connected to these nodes has to be searched our target value is that or not.

b. DFS Search

i. It is same as BFS search because their algorithm needs same thing which is all nodes in the tree. Their difference is BFS searches childs DFS searches child's childs.

c. Traverse Search

i. Most of the case time complexity is O(V^2) because first of all we have to get all nodes from tree after that we check it is our target or not.

3. Solution Approach (Function)

a. BFS Search

i. BFS search algorithm includes to search child of parent. When we find the children we add all of them to linked list and we get first element of linked list and search their children and add all to linked list so on. The value of we get first element of linked list is equal to our target we returns true other wise we continue to search children if there is no children we return false.

b. DFS Search

i. Their algorithm so likely. But in DFS search when we find child we go to it is child until there is no child. If we find our target value in the children we return True otherwise return false.

c. Traverse Search

i. It is Reversed BFS search.

d. Move Algorithm

- i. My aim is so simple. First of all, I want to sure that USER_GIVEN_FROM_PATH is true or not, if true I continue my solution, if not I gave a error message in terminal and all flows continue.
- ii. If USER_GIVEN_FROM_PATH is true, I update to TO path because if there is parent directory and that parent directory is not given in the TO path I update TO path. After updating to PATH, I go dir by dir because if there is no dir named before I will create it. In same time I delete FROM PATH to if there is empty.