

Timor - Leste

- The impact of maternal depressive symptoms and traumatic events on early childhood mental health in conflict-affected Timor-Leste
<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/35197139/>
- Longitudinal path analysis of depressive symptoms and functioning among women of child-rearing age in post conflict Timor-Leste
<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC7170425/>
- Cohort Profile: Maternal mental health and child development in situations of past violent conflict and ongoing adversity: the DILI birth cohort study
<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/29471471/>
- Associations between bride price stress and intimate partner violence amongst pregnant women in Timor-Lest
<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/28847312/>
- The factor structures and correlates of PTSD in post-conflict Timor-Leste: an analysis of the Harvard Trauma Questionnaire
<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/28532449/>

- Six-year longitudinal study of pathways leading to explosive anger involving the traumas of recurrent conflict and the cumulative sense of injustice in Timor-Leste
<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/28825139/#:~:text=Results%3A%20Half%20of%20the%20sample,the%20response%20by%20follow%20Dup.>
- The Role of Trauma-Related Injustice in Pathways to Posttraumatic Stress Symptoms Among Conjugal Couples: A Multilevel, Dyadic Analysis in Postconflict Timor-Leste
<https://journals.sagepub.com/doi/10.1177/2158244017723688>
- The role of grief symptoms and a sense of injustice in the pathways to post-traumatic stress symptoms in post-conflict Timor-Leste
<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/27573421/>
- Identifying a combined construct of grief and explosive anger as a response to injustice amongst survivors of mass conflict: A latent class analysis of data from Timor-Leste
<https://journals.plos.org/plosone/article?id=10.1371/journal.pone.0175019>
- Six-year trajectories of post-traumatic stress and severe psychological distress symptoms and associations with timing of trauma exposure, ongoing adversity and sense of injustice: a latent transition analysis of a community cohort in conflict-affected Timor-Leste
<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/26908525/>

- A high-risk group of pregnant women with elevated levels of conflict-related trauma, intimate partner violence, symptoms of depression and other forms of mental distress in post-conflict Timor-Leste
<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/26836413/>
- Associations between bride price obligations and women's anger, symptoms of mental distress, poverty, spouse and family conflict and preoccupations with injustice in conflict-affected Timor-Leste
<https://gh.bmj.com/content/1/1/e000025>
- Risk of perpetrating intimate partner violence amongst men exposed to torture in conflict-affected Timor-Leste
<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/29997895/>
- Prevalence and correlates of explosive anger among pregnant and post-partum women in post-conflict Timor-Leste
<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4995583/#:~:text=Results,frequency%20of%20explosive%20anger%20episodes>
- Testing a cycle of family violence model in conflict-affected, low-income countries: A qualitative study from Timor-Leste
<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/25753169/>
- Clustering of symptoms of mental disorder in the medium-term following conflict: an epidemiological study in Timor-Leste
<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/24930578/>
- Achieving convergence between a community-based measure of explosive anger and a clinical interview for intermittent explosive disorder in Timor-Leste
<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/23835102/>