



# **Software Requirements Specification**

## **for Journaling Software**

**Version 2.0**

**Prepared by**

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## 1 Revisions

Version	Primary Author(s)	Description of Version	Date Completed
v1.0	Malcolm Anderson Chase Jamieson Tony Maniscalco	Initial draft of the SRS document, describing the product.	11/06/20
V2.0	Malcolm Anderson Chase Jamieson Tony Maniscalco	Final draft of the SRS document. Modifications were made to v1.0 of the document so that it more accurately reflects the developed prototype.	12/16/20

## 2 Introduction

This document describes the specifications for Journaler, a web application that allows users to write and maintain personal, private journal entries. This section of the document introduces its purpose, the application's scope and goals, and important information for readers of the document.

### 2.1 Document Purpose

The purpose of this document is to describe and define specifications for the development and deployment of a journaling software user application. Such specifications will include:

- The subsystems created to handle different aspects of the application's operation,
- The manners in which these subsystems interact,
- The manners in which the users interface with the software,
- The interface, hardware, and software requirements for user interaction, and
- Non-functional requirements and performance thresholds required for the software.

### 2.2 Product Scope

The software will allow users to write private journal entries and store them, sorted by date. Multiple users will be able to log into the software website simultaneously. While logged in, they will be able to manage or compose journal entries. Using the software, users can keep track of important events in their lives and look back through them later on and share especially important moments with friends and family.

For the first testing iteration of the software, only one or two users may be permitted to log on simultaneously (since it will be hosted on a computer locally, not on a server). This first iteration may not be effective at handling a large number of data requests from users simultaneously as a result. Addressing this issue will be a priority in later versions.

### 2.3 Intended Audience and Document Overview

This document is intended to be read by the client and developers who will be building the software. Language will be restricted to that which is understandable to the "average person". Technical terms that may not be well-known will be listed and defined in the following subsection, "1.4 Definitions, Acronyms, and Abbreviations", as well as in the section "Appendix A - Data Dictionary" at the end of this document.

It is recommended to read this document in order, from start to finish, in order to best understand what is required for the software. The current section provides the reader with a basic understanding of the journaling software's goal, as well as important background information regarding its development process.

The second section of this document, "Overall Description", will define and discuss the journaling software in more detail. Such details include:

- Specific functions the software will be able to perform,
- The software's target audience,
- The environment in which the software will be expected to be used,

- The level of documentation that will be required for the target audience, and
- Important assumptions that developers will need to operate on.

The third and fourth sections of this document, "Specific Requirements" and "Other Non-Functional Requirements", will break the discussed specifications for the journaling software down into more specific requirements, including:

- The hardware and software required to run and use the software,
- Any specific protocols or procedures that will need to be adhered to when developing and running the software, and
- Any performance thresholds that need to be met in order for the software to be deployed.

## 2.4 Definitions, Acronyms and Abbreviations

This is a list of some of the more common technical terms that may be found in this document. More terms may be found in the section "Appendix A - Data Dictionary" of this document.

- **Backend** - The processes that run on internal servers, completely separated from user input. Secure database information, such as journal entries and user authentication information, may also be stored here.
- **Collection** - A related group of data in a database. For example, the group of all journal entries stored in the database would be considered one collection, as would the group of all user login information [2].
- **Frontend** - The processes that run on the user's computer. Processing here is limited to that which the user is authenticated to see by the backend, since in theory the user may be able to modify the code run by the frontend.
- **Identification (ID) Number** - A number/string meant to uniquely identify a piece of data.
- **JavaScript** - A programming language used for creating interactive web applications.
- **Meteor** - A JavaScript framework for building web applications with a semi-unified frontend and backend code base [4].
- **Model-View-Controller (MVC)** - A design pattern for linking user interfaces with internal program data. This allows the user interface and program data to respond to valid user input while preventing the user from modifying program data in unintended or malicious ways.
- **OAuth** - A standardized procedure for protecting a user's passwords and sensitive information when logging into a web service or making requests.
- **React** - A JavaScript framework for creating responsive user interfaces.
- **Request** - The process by which the frontend asks the backend to take a specific action or provide a specific piece of information.
- **Response** - The process by which the backend responds to a request from the frontend.
- **Uniform Resource Locator (URL)** - An address that points to a specific location/page in the software. For example, "https://www.journal.app/my\_journals" may point to a list of the currently logged in user's journals, and "https://www.journal.app/entry/0123/edit" may point to a page for editing a journal entry with the ID number 0123.

## 2.5 Document Conventions

This document should follow the IEEE 830-1998 standard for formatting software requirements specifications documents [3]. Most of the text in this document will use the sans-serif Arial font, but when computer code is discussed, it will be written in the monospace Courier New font. Key words

may be bolded in order to emphasize their importance. Lists may be used to make collections of content easier to read. If the list items are numbered, then their order is important; if they are bulleted, the items have no particular order.

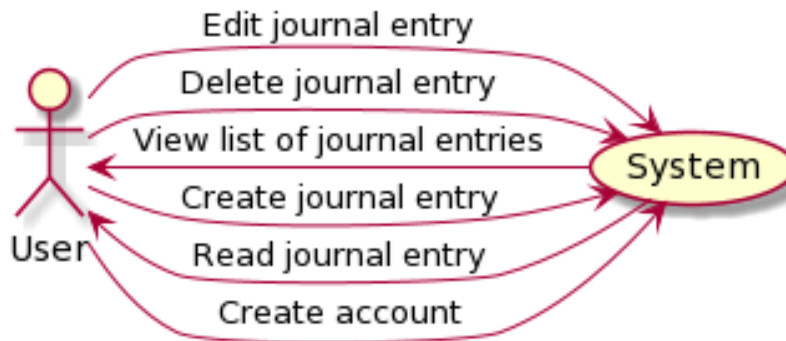
## 2.6 References and Acknowledgments

- [1] "Accounts," *Meteor API Docs*. [Online]. Available: <https://docs.meteor.com/api/accounts.html>. [Accessed: 07-Nov-2020].
- [2] "Collections and Schemas," *Meteor Guide*. [Online]. Available: <https://guide.meteor.com/collections.html>. [Accessed: 07-Nov-2020].
- [3] "IEEE 830-1998 - IEEE Recommended Practice for Software Requirements Specifications," *IEEE SA - The IEEE Standards Association - Home*. [Online]. Available: <https://standards.ieee.org/standard/830-1998.html>. [Accessed: 17-Dec-2020].
- [4] *Meteor API Docs*. [Online]. Available: <https://docs.meteor.com/>. [Accessed: 07-Nov-2020].

## 3 Overall Description

### 3.1 Product Perspective

The journaling software is a self-contained product (i.e. it is not based on an existing product). There are two components to the software: a frontend, which will provide the user with an interface with which to retrieve and enter data, and a backend, which will store and release data according to the user's permissions.



These operations will be completed via a Model-View-Controller (MVC) user interface, which will permit the user to only perform operations and view information if they have permission to do so.

### 3.2 Product Functionality

The user will be able to interact with the software via a web site. The following functions will be permitted:

- The user may create or log into a personal account.
- When logged into their account, the user will be able to view a list of all journal entries they have access to, sorted by date.
- The user will be able to write a new journal entry, which they will be automatically granted access to.
- The user will be able to view, edit, and delete their account entries.

### 3.3 Users and Characteristics

The software is not intended for specialized use; rather, the goal is for it to be easily usable by members of the general public, with a wide variety of technical expertise and educational level. As a result, the interface must be accessible to people without much technical experience. Because this will be a public product, there will be no need to differentiate users based on any security or privilege level, including those with limited experience using computer interfaces.

### **3.4 Operating Environment**

The user will access the software via an internet browser, such as Safari, Microsoft Edge, Google Chrome, or Firefox. The minimum platform requirements for the user's system are thus the requirements for their internet browser of choice. The aforementioned internet browsers are the most commonly used ones in the world, so they should be expected to be able to interact with the website with little to no issues.

The software itself will run on a headless server. During development, however, it may be run on a local device instead for quicker testing. The server will likely use the Meteor framework for frontend and backend management.

### **3.5 Design and Implementation Constraints**

The following are potential design and implementation constraints:

- The server will need a database(s) to keep track of users' journal entries and accounts.
- Users will expect that information they provide to the software is safe and secure from other users. As a result, strong security for user accounts will be important.
- The Meteor framework may be used for developing the software. It uses the JavaScript programming language, as well as one of several web user interface frameworks (such as React) [4]. As a result, developer knowledge of the JavaScript programming language, as well as these frameworks, will be necessary.

### **3.6 User Documentation**

As stated in section 2.3, the Software has a wide target audience, and extensive prior technical experience is not necessarily expected. User documentation that covers the following topics would be important:

- How to create an account
- How to sign into an existing account
- How to read a journal entry
- How to draft a new journal entry

### **3.7 Assumptions and Dependencies**

The following assumptions and dependencies will be important to consider while developing the software:

- It is likely that multiple users will interact with the Software simultaneously (e.g. requesting entries, drafting entries, etc.). As a result, the Backend will need to be able to handle requests from multiple users at once.
- The developers may be using different platforms, such as macOS, Windows, or Linux, to develop the software. This means that frameworks and libraries will need to be cross-platform.
- Open-source frameworks and libraries used by the software may come with different licenses. When deciding which ones to use, considering the license terms and their implications will be important to ensure that the software as a whole remains in compliance with them.



## 4 Specific Requirements

### 4.1 External Interface Requirements

#### 4.1.1 User Interfaces

When logged in, the user's experience with the software will take place across four user interfaces:

- The **Entry List View** will provide the user with a list of journal entries that they own, sorted by date. The user may scroll through this list and select a journal entry to view it in the Entry Reading View. There may also be a button to create a new journal entry that the user owns, and open it in the Entry Editing View.
- The **Entry Reading View** will display the full text of a journal entry for the user to read. If the user is the owner of the current journal entry, there may also be a button here to navigate to the Entry Editing View for this entry.
- The **Entry Editing View** will allow the user to edit the contents of a specific journal entry. Support for rich-text formatting (such as bolded, italicized, underlined, or colored text) may be added if time and resources permit.

There will also be user interfaces for when a user is not logged in:

- The **Landing Page View** should display when a non-logged-in user attempts to visit the software's main web page. Basic information about the software, as well as a link to the Login View, should be displayed here.
- The **Login/Create Account View** should display when a non-logged-in user attempts to log in or view a protected page (i.e. a private journal entry). This screen should allow the user to input a username and password to log in. If they are properly authenticated, they may be redirected to either the Entry List View or the Entry Reading View for the entry they were attempting to view (assuming they have privileges to access that entry). If the user does not have an account this screen should allow the user to create a new account with a username and password.

#### 4.1.2 Hardware Interfaces

The journaling software will interface with the user via standard input and output methods. The user may use a computer mouse or trackpad to navigate between user interfaces in the software, and a keyboard to enter text to the Entry Editing View for journal entries. The user interfaces will be displayed to the user via a computer monitor.

At this time, there are no plans for further or more complex hardware interfacing. Entries will only consist of text, so the computer will not have a need for audio speakers.

#### 4.1.3 Software Interfaces

The Software system requires the use of Google Chrome, Microsoft Edge, Firefox, or Safari as a web browser. It is recommended that the current system meets the requirements of the suggested browsers.

The application server will be implemented with the full-stack JavaScript platform Meteor. Meteor stores persistent data as Collections, which can be cached on compatible databases such as MongoDB [2].

#### 4.1.4 Communications Interfaces

At this time, the Meteor framework is being considered to base the software prototype upon. This framework provides built-in support for user accounts. Since the initial version of the software will be a prototype, where security is not as important, these should suffice.

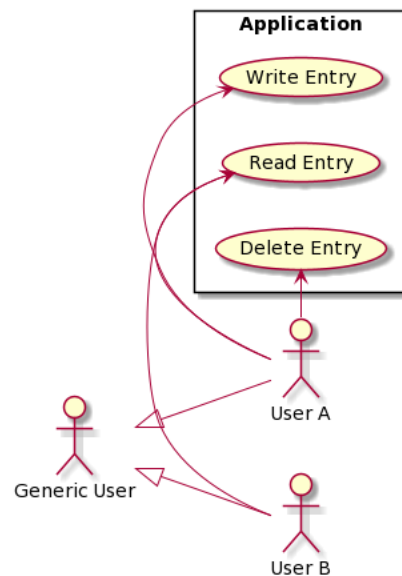
The initial prototype of the software will run on a local machine, not on a server, so encryption will not be necessary.

### 4.2 Functional Requirements

1. **Create and log into a personal account** - Using the core packages and OAuth support Meteor actively maintains, users will be able to create and log into an account with the software. The collection containing user information is accessed under the `Meteor.users()` method [2].
2. **Access data when logged into their account** - When a user is logged into our app with the one of the methods above, Meteor has on the Client the `Meteor.userId()` global method which returns the ID of the currently logged in user [1]. The server has a `Meteor.userId()` global method which returns the user ID depending on which method it is called from [1]. Using these User IDs as keys for each entry gives a user logged into said accounts access to the data under their ID.
3. **User will be able to write a journal entry** - Users are by default allowed their own profile field with a call to `Accounts.createUser()` [1]. Information on their account can be modified with `Meteor.users.update()`. With `update()`, users can append new journal entries to their existing list.
4. **The user will be able to grant other users access to a specific journal entry, either for editing or reading only** - New journal entries are automatically given permission to the creator, using an `ownerId` field within the entry data structure [1].

## 4.3 Behavior Requirements

### 4.3.1 Use Case View



The above image is a use case diagram demonstrating how two users may interact with the software. User A may write an entry, giving themselves ownership of the entry in the process. As the owner of the entry, they may also read and delete it. User B, who is not an owner of the journal entry, may not delete it, nor write entries corresponding to User A.

## 5 Other Non-functional Requirements

### 5.1 Performance Requirements

The following are performance requirements for the software:

- Adding new journal entries to profiles will process in under 5 seconds
- Retrieving past journal entries for editing, making public, etc. will process in under 5 seconds.

### 5.2 Safety and Security Requirements

The following are important safety and security requirements:

- Users may not access data that they are unauthorized to view. For example, if a user does not have reading permissions for a journal entry, they should not be allowed to view the contents of the journal entry at its URL.
- User data must be securely stored within the software database. Sensitive information, such as passwords, must be encrypted such that they would not be recoverable if the system were hacked (i.e. they must not be stored in plaintext).

In later iterations of the software, the following additional requirements may also be added:

- Users may choose to use two-factor authentication (2FA) when logging into their account.
- Upon creating a new account, users will need to confirm their email address before gaining access to the software.

### 5.3 Software Quality Attributes

#### 5.3.1 Maintainability

The code base should be well organized and commented for the developers to edit and develop further without wasting time trying to understand the code. The system's code base and commit history will be available on GitHub alongside necessary documentation to explain planned and added features.

#### 5.3.2 Portability

The system will be compatible with Windows, Linux, and macOS platforms. The client application should be developed on Windows and macOS to cover the largest set of users. The browser interface will support newer versions of popular browsers such as Chrome, Edge, Firefox, and Safari. The full-stack framework being used, Meteor, is supported by most platforms.

#### 5.3.3 Reliability

The software system should be subject to load- and feature-testing prior to release and development of additional features. Testing would be two parts: trying to overload the various

methods and features for a bug, and verifying the correct data is being inputted and outputted across the various functions.

#### **5.3.4 Testability**

The system will provide functionalities to run unit tests. The construction and running of each unit test should be fast, since fast test building allows quick feedback. The tests must be built into our own codebase to run without extra tools on our platform. This is to achieve fast unit tests with quick adjustment and feedback to the developer.

Due to time constraints and the user interface-heavy nature of the project, the team chose to forgo learning how to set up automated unit tests with Meteor in favor of performing manual unit testing.

#### **5.3.5 Usability**

The system will provide functionalities to run unit tests. The construction and running of each unit test should be fast, since fast test building allows quick feedback. The tests must be built into our own codebase to run without extra tools on our platform. This is to achieve fast unit tests with quick adjustment and feedback to the developer.

## 6 Appendix A – Data Dictionary

### 1.1 Meteor Code Variables

Name	Type	Description
<code>Meteor.userId()</code>	Variable	Provides the software with the ID for the currently logged in user, if they are logged in [1].
<code>Accounts.createUser()</code>	Function	Creates a new user object and adds it to the <code>Meteor.users</code> collection [1].

### 1.2 Necessary Functions and Variables for Software

Note that the underlying structure for the pseudocode given for these functions/processes may change as development progresses to better fit JavaScript/Meteor/React design patterns better.

Name	Pseudocode Representation	Description
Log In	<code>Meteor.loginWithPassword(username, password)</code>	Log in the user with a given username and password.
Is Logged In	<code>Meteor.user()</code>	Return a Boolean (true/false value) determining whether or not a user is logged in.
Create New Entry	<code>entries.createNew()</code>	If a user is logged in, create a new journal entry and assign it to the currently logged in user.
Get Entry Contents	<code>entries.get(entryId)</code>	If the currently logged in user has permission to view the entry with ID <code>entryId</code> , return the text content of the entry with ID <code>entryId</code> .
Set Entry Contents	<code>entries.setText(entryId, contents)</code>	If the currently logged in user has permission to edit entry with given ID, set the text of entry with ID

		<code>entryId</code> to given contents.
Delete Entry	<code>entries.delete(entryId)</code>	If the currently logged in user has permission to edit the given entry, delete the entry with ID <code>entryId</code> .
Get List of Entries for User	<code>entries.getAllForUser()</code>	If a user is logged in, return a list of the entries the currently logged in user has permission to view or edit.

## 7 Appendix B – Group Log

**Note:** Most of the work on the SRS document was done asynchronously via Google Docs, in order to more easily fit team members' different schedules. The work from Google Docs was transferred into a Word document by the project leader, which is why the Git commits in the project repository all appear to come from a single source. The Google Docs document is available here:

<https://docs.google.com/document/d/1SwgCps6V2aUJR65t5KcWBAX5-9ZcBakg8vY2dFQZXgY/edit?usp=sharing>

Date	Description
28 September 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Setting up group</li> <li>• Discussing project ideas               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ Trivia game</li> <li>◦ Survey software</li> <li>◦ Web scraper</li> <li>◦ "Tinder for DnD players"</li> <li>◦ Project idea finder</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
2 October 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Exchanging information</li> <li>• Deciding how to structure project group</li> <li>• Deciding when to hold biweekly meeting times               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ Decided on Tues/Thurs at 3 PM, when there are matters to discuss</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
5 October 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Finalizing team hierarchy</li> <li>• Discussing project ideas               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ Journaling software</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Finalizing Team Formation Agreement</li> </ul>
8 October 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Setting up Google Docs document for collaborating on SRS</li> </ul>
11 October 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• SRS template sections and hints transferred to Google Docs document</li> </ul>
13 October 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Brief meeting</li> <li>• Work on section 1 of SRS started</li> </ul>
18 October 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• First work on section 2 of SRS completed</li> </ul>
24 October 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Quick check-in with other members</li> </ul>
27 October 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Quick check-in with other members</li> </ul>
30 October 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Quick check-in with other members</li> <li>• Functional requirements added</li> <li>• Non-functional requirements added               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ Performance</li> <li>◦ Safety and security</li> </ul> </li> </ul>



4 November 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Started transferring writing from Google Docs document to SRS Word document template</li> <li>Requested student ID numbers for document</li> </ul>
5 November 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Jamieson's student ID number added to document</li> </ul>
6 November 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>GitHub repository created with standard Meteor project and SRS Word document</li> <li></li> </ul>
9 November 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Quick check-in to get development environment set up</li> </ul>
10 November 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Quick check-in to get development environment set up</li> </ul>
11 November 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Quick check-in to get development environment set up</li> </ul>
12 November 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Quick check-in to get development environment set up</li> </ul>
13 November 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Quick check-in to schedule formal meeting and get development environment set up</li> </ul>
15 November 2020, 16 November 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Workload for Milestone 2 distributed among team members</li> </ul>
17 November 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Activity diagrams created and pushed to repository, began filling out Milestone 2 template</li> </ul>
18 November 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Finished writing activity diagram descriptions and some parts of introduction</li> </ul>
19 November 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Quick check-in to discuss project and Milestone 2</li> </ul>
21 November 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Class diagram with description added to document</li> </ul>
25 November 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Remaining work on project split between Antonio and Malcolm</li> </ul>
26 November 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>UI layouts for Edit Entry and Unauthorized pages created, pushed to repository</li> <li>Account system mostly implemented, pushed to repository</li> </ul>
27 November 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Account system with login/signup screen implemented, pushed to repository</li> </ul>
1 December 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Scheduled meeting for 3 December 2020</li> </ul>
3 December 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Discussed modifying group progress deadlines</li> <li>Journal entry data structure and database implemented, pushed to repository and merged with master branch</li> </ul>

6 December 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Check-in to gauge progress</li><li>• Made decision to forgo "view/edit" permissions on individual entries, and instead only allow entry owner to view/edit an entry</li></ul>
7 December 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Decided on a time to do the class presentation (16 Dec at 1 PM)</li></ul>
9 December 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Gave Chase access to documents and repository</li><li>• Assigned Chase to work on user documentation for software</li><li>• Began working on Milestone 3 document</li></ul>
11 December 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Check-in to gauge progress</li><li>• Entry list and entry view placeholder prototypes implemented for testing purposes</li></ul>
12 December 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Check-in with other members to gauge progress</li><li>• Antonio offers to work on testing part of Milestone 3 document</li></ul>
13 December 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Communication to get code base re-synchronized</li></ul>
14 December 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Communication to get code base re-synchronized</li><li>• Chase added behavioral diagram to Milestone 3 document</li></ul>
15 December 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Bug involving creation of new entries fixed</li><li>• Functional requirements testing performed</li><li>• Class diagram updated</li></ul>
16 December 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Final versions of Entry List and View Entry pages created</li><li>• Non-functional requirements testing performed</li><li>• Software presented</li><li>• Repository restructured to fit project requirements</li><li>• SRS document updated</li><li>• Submitted</li></ul>