

Assignment-Bonus

Linux System and its Applications

Systems and Storage Laboratory

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

Chung-Ang University

Assignment-Bonus: lock-free linked list

- 1. Implement a lock-free linked list in lecture slide [8. Linux Kernel Data Structure (new)]
- 2. Compare the execution time with the spin-locked linked list with the same condition

What to submit

- Screenshot of source code
 - Lock-free linked list
 - Spin-locked linked list
- Screenshot of each result screen

Submit within pdf format

Make sure to include your name and student id



Data structure

Container of the list which contains every cat inside

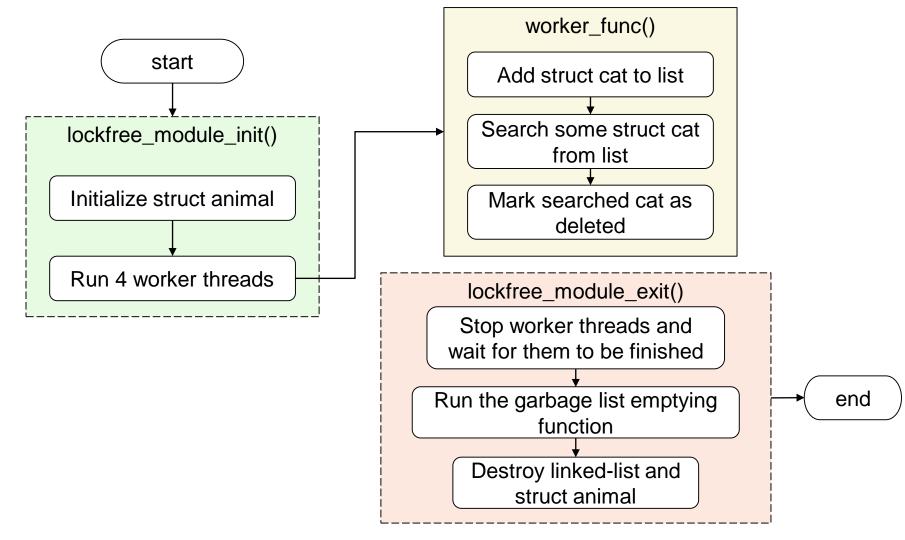
```
struct animal {
   int total;    /* number of entries in the list */
   struct list_head entry;    /* head of the list */
   atomic_t removed;    /* boolean for marking as deleted */
   struct list_head gc_entry;    /* head of the garbage list */
};
```

List element

```
struct cat {
   int var;   /* id of this cat */
   struct list_head entry;   /* list entry to be inserted */
   atomic_t removed;   /* boolean for marking as deleted */
   struct list_head gc_entry;   /* garbage list entry */
};
```

Flowchart for lock-free linked list module

Perform tasks by following order





Initializing module

1. Initialize struct animal

2. Run 4 worker threads

```
int __init lockfree_module_init(void)
   printk("%s: Entering Lock-free Module!\n", __func__);
        initialize struct animal here */
     '* initialize animal's list head and gc_list head here */
    /* start each thread here */
   return 0;
```

Thread work

Work function for each worker thread should perform

```
static int work fn(void *data)
    int range bound[2];
    int err, thread id = *(int*) data;
                                                       Initialize range boundary
                                                       according to the thread id
    set iter range(thread id, range bound);---
    add to list(thread id, range bound);
    err = search_list(thread_id, range_bound);
    if (!err)
        delete from list(thread id, range bound);
    while (!kthread_should_stop()) {
        msleep(500);
    printk(KERN INFO "thread #%d stopped!\n", thread id);
    return 0;
```

Insert

add new cat into animal list

```
void add to list(int thread id, int range bound[])
    struct timespec localclock[2];
    struct cat *new, *first = NULL;_____
                                             ---- "i" is id of new cat
    int i;
    for (i = range bound[0]; i < range_bound[1] + 1; i++) {
        getrawmonotonic(&localclock[0]);
         '* initialize new cat here */
        if (!first)
            first = new;
           initialize cat's list head and gc list head here */
        /* add new cat into animal's list */
        getrawmonotonic(&localclock[1]);
        calclock(localclock, &add to list time, &add to list count);
    printk(KERN INFO "thread #%d: inserted cat #%d-%d to the list, total: %u cats\n",
            thread id, first->var, new->var, head->total);
```

Search

Find cat with target_idx and print it out

 Return: 0 on success, ENODATA when no matching entry in the list

```
int search_list(int thread_id, int range_bound[])
{
    struct list_head *entry, *iter = &head->entry;
    /* This will point on the actual data structures during the iteration */
    struct cat *cur;
    struct timespec localclock[2];
    int target_idx = select_target_index(range_bound);

/* iterate over the list, skip removed entry,
    search cat with target index */

return -ENODATA;
}
```

Delete

Search for the list, add cats within the range_bound into garbage list

Delete target: <u>target_idx ~ range_bound[1]</u>

target_idx cat's cur->var void delete from list(int thread id, int range bound[]) int start = -1, end = -1;_____ range_bound[1] cat's cur->var struct timespec localclock[2]; struct list head *entry, *iter = &head->entry; /* This will point on the actual data structures during the iteration */ struct cat *cur; int target idx = select target index(range bound); /* iterate over the list, skip removed entry */ while (...) { add cat into garbage list if its id is within target range */ printk(KERN INFO "thread #%d: marked cat #%d-%d as deleted, total: %d cats\n", thread id, start, end, head->total);

Adding target entry into garbage list

Mark entry in the list as deleted and add to garbage list

```
static void add_to_garbage_list(int thread_id, void *data)
{
    struct cat *target = (struct cat *) data;
    /* set cat as deleted */
    /* add to garbage list */
    /* decrease total cats in struct animal */
}
```

Cleaning up the module

- 1. Stop worker threads and wait for them to be finished
- 2. Run the garbage list emptying function
- 3. Destroy linked-list and struct animal

```
void __exit lockfree_module_cleanup(void)
{
    /* print calclock result here */

    /* stop every thread here */

    empty_garbage_list();
    printk("After gc: total %d cats\n", head->total);

    destroy_list();
    printk("After destroyed list: total %d cats\n", head->total);
    kfree(head);

    printk("%s: Exiting Lock-free Module!\n", __func__);
}
```

Deallocate garbages

Garbage list emptying function

```
int empty_garbage_list(void)
{
    struct cat *cur;
    struct list_head *entry, *iter = &head->gc_entry;
    unsigned int counter = 0;

    /* iterate garbage list,
        remove each entry from every list and free it */

    printk(KERN_INFO "%s: freed %u cats\n", __func__, counter);
    return 0;
}
```

Destroy list

```
void destroy_list(void)
{
    struct cat *cur;
    struct list_head *entry, *iter = &head->entry;

    /* iterate the list,
        remove each entry from every list and free it */
}
```

Output Template

Linked list with lock-free method

- Please follow the below template when printing out
- Insert, Search, Delete template

```
[ 719.595065] lockfree_module_init: Entering Lock-free Module!
[ 719.658092] thread #2: inserted cat #250000-499999 to the list, total: 789498 cats
[ 719.670912] thread #4: inserted cat #750000-999999 to the list, total: 926906 cats
[ 719.679475] thread #3: inserted cat #500000-749999 to the list, total: 987400 cats
[ 719.682840] thread #1: inserted cat #0-249999 to the list, total: 1000000 cats
[ 719.702335] thread #2: found cat #375000
[ 719.744580] thread #4: found cat #875000
[ 719.770243] thread #3: found cat #625000
[ 719.834387] thread #1: found cat #125000
[ 719.885076] thread #2: marked cat #375000-499999 as deleted, total: 839327 cats
[ 719.904800] thread #3: marked cat #875000-999999 as deleted, total: 512601 cats
[ 719.906565] thread #1: marked cat #125000-249999 as deleted, total: 5000000 cats
```

When removing module



Another Bonus: Lock-free XArray

Implement Lock-free XArray

- Lock-free insert node/items, update node/items, delete items
 - Use Compare-And-Swap in xas_store()
- Lock-free search
- Lock-free delete node
 - Use logically removing technique and GC list