



Mawlana Bhashani Science and Technology University

Lab-Report

Report No:06

Course code:ICT-3110

Course title:Operating Systems Lab

Date of Performance:06-09-2020

Date of Submission:16-09-2020

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3rd year 1st semester

Session: 2017-2018

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Experiment No: 06

Experiment Name: Linux Command for process

Aim and Objective :

To understand and handle processes in Linux . How process work in Linux , how to manipulate and process and see all the running process , to store them in a local file and thus have the basic understanding of the whole thing

Commands :

ps aux :This command is used to see all the running process in Linux . Every process has a PID number or process id which uniquely identifies the process , the CPU and memory usages are also shown along with the start and running time .

```
top - 07:49:16 up 5 min, 1 user, load average: 0.75, 0.80, 0.43
Tasks: 203 total, 2 running, 170 sleeping, 0 stopped, 0 zombie
%Cpu(s): 7.6 us, 1.0 sy, 0.0 ni, 91.4 id, 0.0 wa, 0.0 hi, 0.0 si, 0.0 st
KiB Mem : 4039732 total, 2174788 free, 1217456 used, 647488 buff/cache
KiB Swap: 1509796 total, 1509796 free, 0 used. 2589180 avail Mem
```

PID	USER	PR	NI	VIRT	RES	SHR	S	%CPU	%MEM	TIME+	COMMAND
1179	meraz	20	0	2980968	381656	95312	S	7.3	9.4	0:13.02	gnome-shell
1617	meraz	20	0	44412	4160	3532	R	0.7	0.1	0:00.45	top
1050	meraz	20	0	398448	72924	39012	S	0.3	1.8	0:01.34	Xorg
1606	meraz	20	0	796464	37480	28148	S	0.3	0.9	0:00.38	gnome-termi+
1639	meraz	20	0	621492	32964	26140	S	0.3	0.8	0:00.23	gnome-scree+
1	root	20	0	225292	9180	6804	S	0.0	0.2	0:01.93	systemd
2	root	20	0	0	0	0	S	0.0	0.0	0:00.00	kthreadd
4	root	0	-20	0	0	0	I	0.0	0.0	0:00.00	kworker/0:0H
5	root	20	0	0	0	0	I	0.0	0.0	0:00.05	kworker/u2:0
6	root	0	-20	0	0	0	I	0.0	0.0	0:00.00	mm_percpu_wq
7	root	20	0	0	0	0	S	0.0	0.0	0:00.10	ksoftirqd/0
8	root	20	0	0	0	0	R	0.0	0.0	0:00.40	rcu_sched
9	root	20	0	0	0	0	I	0.0	0.0	0:00.00	rcu_bh
10	root	rt	0	0	0	0	S	0.0	0.0	0:00.00	migration/0
11	root	rt	0	0	0	0	S	0.0	0.0	0:00.00	watchdog/0

kill :This command is used to terminate running a process , hear the PID is put into use the syntax for killing a process is “ kill PID “

xkill:This is a GUI version of kill it does not require a PID to terminate a process , a process is terminated in this process by putting the mouse cursor over the process the left button down .

killall :This kill command does not require a PID but a process name has to be given as it kills by name , this command is used when a session is to be killed.

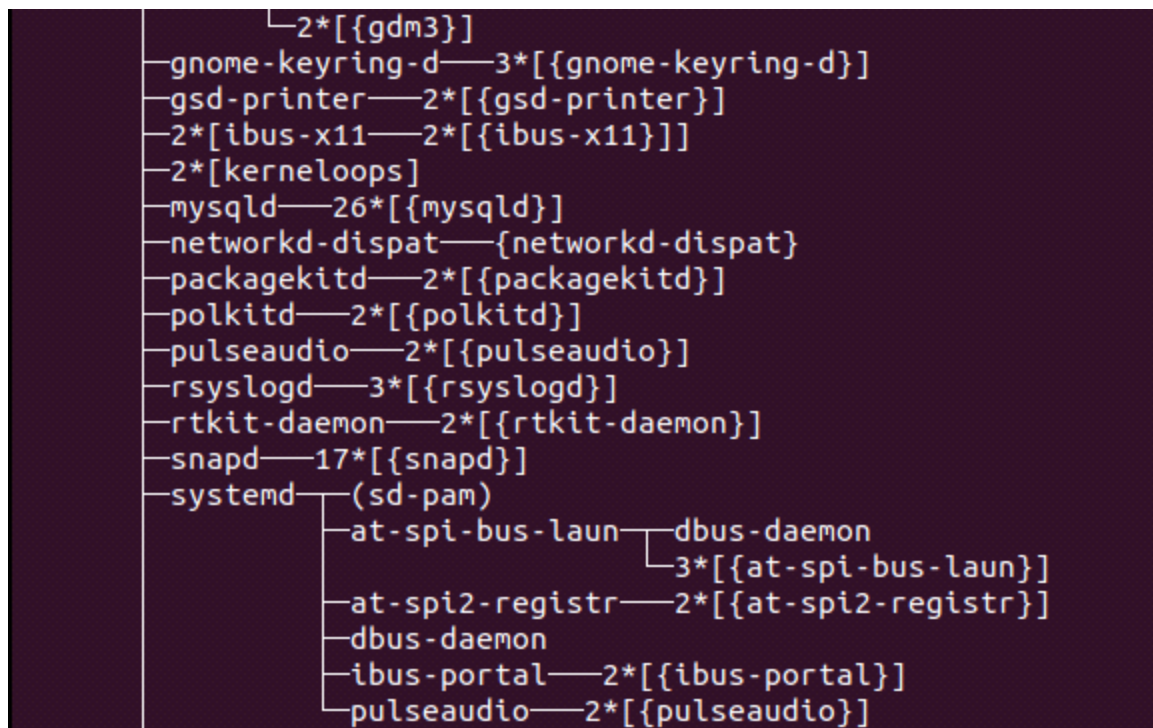
```
meraz@meraz-VirtualBox:~$ ps aux
USER      PID %CPU %MEM    VSZ   RSS TTY      STAT START   TIME COMMAND
root         1  0.0  0.2 225292  9180 ?        Ss   07:43   0:02 /sbin/init splash
root         2  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        S    07:43   0:00 [kthreadd]
root         4  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        I<   07:43   0:00 [kworker/0:0H]
root         5  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        I    07:43   0:00 [kworker/u2:0]
root         6  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        I<   07:43   0:00 [mm_percpu_wq]
root         7  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        S    07:43   0:00 [ksoftirqd/0]
root         8  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        I    07:43   0:00 [rcu_sched]
root         9  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        I    07:43   0:00 [rcu_bh]
root        10  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        S    07:43   0:00 [migration/0]
root        11  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        S    07:43   0:00 [watchdog/0]
root        12  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        S    07:43   0:00 [cpuhp/0]
root        13  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        S    07:43   0:00 [kdevtmpfs]
root        14  0.0  0.0      0     0 ?        I<   07:43   0:00 [netns]
```

tee and pipes:

the tee command is used when it is both necessary to show the data in terminal and save the data to a file and the parameter needed to tee comes from pipes , it is represented by “|” this takes the result of a command and sends it to another , in this case it takes from ps aux and gives to tee

```
meraz@meraz-VirtualBox:~$ pstree
systemd--ModemManager--2*[{ModemManager}]
      |NetworkManager--dhclient
      |                  2*[{NetworkManager}]
--accounts-daemon--2*[{accounts-daemon}]
--acpid
--avahi-daemon--avahi-daemon
--boltd--2*[{boltd}]
--colord--2*[{colord}]
--cron
--cups-browsed--2*[{cups-browsed}]
--cupsd--dbus
--dbus-daemon
--fwupd--4*[{fwupd}]
--gdm3--gdm-session-work--gdm-wayland-session--gnome-session-binary--gnome-shell
```





head data was saved in a file named three.txt file we can see the data using nano.

PID	USER	PRI	NI	VIRT	RES	SHR	S	CPU%	MEM%	TIME+	Command
1179	meraz	20	0	2930M	397M	95544	S	10.7	10.1	1:30.36	/usr/bin/gnome-sh
2323	meraz	20	0	7916	4092	3216	R	3.3	0.1	0:01.41	/snap/htop/1279/u
1050	meraz	20	0	398M	82188	39020	S	1.3	2.0	0:23.29	/usr/lib/xorg/Xor
837	mysql	20	0	1136M	173M	15568	S	1.3	4.4	0:00.28	/usr/sbin/mysqld
1056	meraz	20	0	398M	82188	39020	S	0.0	2.0	0:01.29	/usr/lib/xorg/Xor
776	mysql	20	0	1136M	173M	15568	S	0.0	4.4	0:03.41	/usr/sbin/mysqld
1606	meraz	20	0	778M	37996	28156	S	0.0	0.9	0:10.30	/usr/lib/gnome-te
1735	meraz	20	0	193M	6008	5412	S	0.0	0.1	0:00.01	/usr/lib/gvfs/gvf
822	mysql	20	0	1136M	173M	15568	S	0.0	4.4	0:00.25	/usr/sbin/mysqld
823	mysql	20	0	1136M	173M	15568	S	0.0	4.4	0:00.16	/usr/sbin/mysqld
2370	meraz	20	0	606M	33332	26512	S	0.0	0.8	0:00.21	/usr/bin/gnome-sc
1206	meraz	20	0	2930M	397M	95544	S	0.0	10.1	0:00.03	/usr/bin/gnome-sh
1433	meraz	20	0	193M	6444	5796	S	0.0	0.2	0:00.13	/usr/lib/ibus/ibu
1305	meraz	20	0	476M	22144	16984	S	0.0	0.5	0:00.12	/usr/lib/gnome-se
1402	meraz	20	0	1102M	153M	38444	S	0.0	3.9	0:04.00	/usr/bin/gnome-so
1563	meraz	20	0	574M	27028	21816	S	0.0	0.7	0:00.24	update-notifier
1211	meraz	20	0	346M	8132	6640	S	0.0	0.2	0:00.71	ibus-daemon --xim

F1Help F2Setup F3Search F4Filter F5Tree F6SortBy F7Nice - F8Nice + F9Kill F

Conclusion :

In this experiment we had a basic grasp of process in Linux operating system , how to kill them how to save there data in memory we also learnt about pipes.We learnt several methos to kill a process in linux both in GUI and command line , by using name and PID .

