STREAM API – JAVA 8

(1) From list print only duplicate numbers?

```
public class DupLicateNumPrint {
public static void main(String[] args) {

List<Integer> duplicateNum = Arrays.asList(12,43,12,53,64,88,98,98);
List<Integer> duplicateNumbers = duplicateNum.stream()
.filter(i -> duplicateNum.stream().filter(j -> j.equals(i)).count() > 1)
.distinct()
.collect(Collectors.toList());
System.out.println("Duplicate numbers: " + duplicateNumbers);
}
```

(2) sort by employee name whose salary greater than 15000 and print their name in upperCase with 10% hike?

```
package steam_api_filter;
public class Employee {
private String name;
private String city;
private double salary;
public Employee(String name, String city, double salary) {
super();
```

```
this.name = name;
this.city = city;
this.salary = salary;
}
@Override
public String toString() {
return "Employee [name=" + name + ", city=" + city + ", salary=" + salary +
"]";
}
public String getName() {
return name;
}
public void setName(String name) {
this.name = name;
}
public String getCity() {
return city;
}
public void setCity(String city) {
this.city = city;
}
public double getSalary() {
return salary;
}
public void setSalary(double salary) {
```

```
this.salary = salary;
}
}
package steam_api_filter;
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.stream.Collectors;
import steam_api_map.Eployee;
public class EmployeeImpl {
public static void main(String[] args) {
     Employee e1 = new Employee("ratan","banglore",85000);
     Employee e2 = new Employee("Ramesh","delhi",5000);
     Employee e3 = new Employee("punit","mumbai",14000);
     Employee e4 = new Employee("sam","patna",4000);
     Employee e5 = new Employee("Arman","kolkata",95000);
     List<Employee> employees = Arrays.asList(e1,e2,e3,e4,e5);
```

```
employees.stream()
        .sorted((name1, name2) ->
   name1.getName().compareTo(name2.getName()))
        .filter(x -> x.getSalary() > 15000)
        .map(n -> {
             n.setSalary(n.getSalary() * 1.1); // Multiply salary by 1.1 (10%
   increase)
             return n;
        })
        .forEach(e -> System.out.println(e.getName().toUpperCase() + "=" +
   e.getSalary()));
  }
  }
(3) Print even numbers?
   package steam_api_filter;
```

```
import java.util.Arrays;
   import java.util.List;
   import java.util.stream.Collectors;
   public class EvenNumbers {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
        List<Integer> evenNumbers = Arrays.asList(1,2,5,6,9,8,4,7,11,10);
   evenNumbers.stream().filter(val->val%2==0).collect(Collectors.toList()).fo
   rEach(System.out::println);;
   }
   }
(4) Print odd numbers?
   package steam_api_filter;
   import java.util.Arrays;
   import java.util.List;
   import java.util.stream.Collectors;
   public class OddNumbers {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
List<Integer> OddNumbers = Arrays.asList(5,6,3,101,20,9,14,8,7);
         OddNumbers.stream().filter(val->val%2!=0).collect(Collectors.toList
   ()).forEach(System.out::println);;
   }
   }
(5) from a string print only those name which start with s and p in sorting
   order?
   package steam_api_filter;
   import java.util.Arrays;
   import java.util.List;
   public class NameFiltringwithSortingWithDistinct {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
         List<String> names =
   Arrays.asList("sahil","punit","punit","satish","satish","pulkit","arman","r
   amesh");
        names.stream().filter(name->name.startsWith("s") | |
   name.startsWith("p")).sorted().distinct().forEach(System.out::println);
   }
   }
```

(6) print only even number till 8 out of 20?

```
package steam_api_filter;
   import java.util.Arrays;
   import java.util.List;
   import java.util.stream.Collectors;
   public class OnlyEvenNumTillCond {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
         List<Integer> list = Arrays.asList(2,4,3,7,9,10,6,8);
         list.stream().filter(val->val%2==0 &&
   val<=8).collect(Collectors.toList()).forEach(System.out::println);;</pre>
   }
   }
(7) sort by city and find the patient name, gender, dieses whose bill is greater
   then 5000 ....many more ??
   package steam_api_filter;
   public class Patient{
   private long id;
   private String name;
   private String city;
   private String dieses;
```

```
private String gender;
private int bill;
public Patient(long id, String name, String city, String dieses, String
gender, int bill) {
super();
this.id = id;
this.name = name;
this.city = city;
this.dieses = dieses;
this.gender = gender;
this.bill = bill;
}
public long getId() {
return id;
public void setId(long id) {
this.id = id;
}
public String getName() {
return name;
}
public void setName(String name) {
this.name = name;
}
public String getCity() {
```

```
return city;
}
public void setCity(String city) {
this.city = city;
}
public String getDieses() {
return dieses;
}
public void setDieses(String dieses) {
this.dieses = dieses;
}
public String getGender() {
return gender;
}
public void setGender(String gender) {
this.gender = gender;
}
public int getBill() {
return bill;
public void setBill(int bill) {
this.bill = bill;
}
@Override
```

```
public String toString() {
return "A [id=" + id + ", name=" + name + ", city=" + city + ", dieses=" +
dieses + ", gender=" + gender
+ ", bill=" + bill + "]";
}
}
package steam_api_filter;
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.Comparator;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.Map;
import java.util.stream.Collectors;
public class PatientImpl {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
             Patient a = new
Patient(101, "rana", "banglore", "corona", "male", 1000);
             Patient a1 = new
Patient(102,"rohit","mumbai","fever","female",13000);
```

```
Patient a2 = new
Patient(103, "sam", "delhi", "heart attack", "female", 2000);
            Patient a3 = new
Patient(104,"nehal","banglore","stone","male",4000);
            Patient a4 = new
Patient(105,"amit","kolkata","apendice","female",6000);
            Patient a5 = new
Patient(106,"karan","delhi","lever","male",7000);
            Patient a6 = new
Patient(107,"ritesh","pune","corona","female",7000);
            //sort by city and find the patient name, gender, dieses whose
bill is greater then 5000
            List<Patient> list = Arrays.asList(a,a1,a2,a3,a4,a5,a6);
      list.stream().sorted(Comparator.comparing(Patient::getCity)).filter(
m->m.getBill()>5000)
      .forEach(e->System.out.println(e.getName()+"="+e.getBill()+"="+e.
getGender()+"="+e.getDieses()));;
            // give how many males are in the list
                 maleGender=
            long
list.stream().filter(male->male.getGender().equals("male")).count();
```

```
System.out.println("male gender:"+maleGender);
               // print how many females are in the list
               long femaleGender =
   list.stream().filter(female->female.getGender().equals("female")).count();
               System.out.println("female gender:"+femaleGender);
               //group the city in sorting order
               Map<String, List<Patient>> collect =
   list.stream().sorted(Comparator.comparing(Patient::getCity)).collect(Colle
   ctors.groupingBy(Patient::getCity));
                                        System.out.println(collect);
         }
  }
(8) take a list of names and print those names which ends with letter e?
   package steam_api_filter;
   import java.util.Arrays;
   import java.util.List;
   import java.util.stream.Collectors;
```

```
public class PrintNameEndWithE {
         public static void main(String[] args) {
               // take a list of names and print those names which ends
   with letter e
               List<String> names =
   Arrays.asList("apple","english","rate","orange","mango");
               List<String> collect =
   names.stream().filter(name->name.endsWith("e")).collect(Collectors.toLi
   st());
               System.out.println(collect);
         }
   }
(9) write a program using equalIgnoreCase?
   package steam_api_filter;
   import java.util.Arrays;
   import java.util.List;
   import java.util.stream.Collectors;
```

```
public class UsageOfEqualsIgnoreCase {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
         List<String> names =
   Arrays.asList("meraz","mohit","Meraz","diler");
         //output: MERAZ, MERAZ
         names.stream().filter(name->name.equalsIgnoreCase("meraz")).ma
   p(String::toUpperCase).collect(Collectors.toList()).forEach(System.out::pri
   ntln);;
  }
   }
        write a program using flatmap?
(10)
   package steam_api_Flatmap;
   import java.util.Arrays;
   import java.util.List;
   import java.util.stream.Collectors;
   public class FlatMapp {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
         List<String> names = Arrays.asList("hello","welcome");
```

```
List<String> flatMap =
   names.stream().flatMap(name->Arrays.stream(name.split(""))).map(Strin
   g::toUpperCase).collect(Collectors.toList());
              System.out.println(flatMap);
   }
   }
        write a program for usage of map?
(11)
   package steam_api_map;
   import java.util.Arrays;
   import java.util.List;
   public class UsageOfMapPrintingNumbers {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
         List<Integer> numbers = Arrays.asList(1,2,5,6,8,4);//1*1=1,
   2*2=4,5*5=25.....146
         // multiplying and then collecting sum
         Integer sum =
   numbers.stream().map(number->number*number).reduce(0,
   Integer::sum);
         System.out.println(sum);
   }
   }
```

(12) print ascue number of string?

```
package utility_package;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.stream.Collectors;
public class AscueNumber {
public static void main(String[] args) {
      //how to convert in ascue number
      String str="sahil";
      //for integer value
      str.chars().forEach(System.out::println);;
      //for character
      List<Character> collect =
str.chars().mapToObj(name->(char)name).collect(Collectors.toList());
      System.out.println(collect);
}
}
```