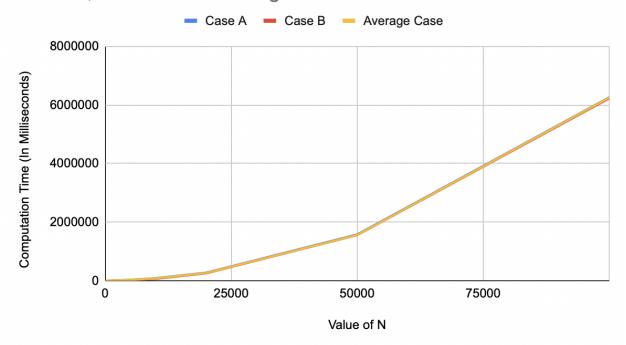
Santiago Dominguez Problem 3.1

```
a)
                               i)
                                                         f \in \Theta(g) Not true. The limit is 0 which isn't 0 < limit < infinity
                             ii)
                                                   f \in O(g) True for n \ge 1.342, \lim_{n \to \infty} f(n) / g(n) < \inf_{n \to \infty} f(n) < \inf_{n \to \infty} f(n) / g(n) < \inf_
                          iii)
                                                        f \in o(g) True for n \ge 1.342, \lim_{n \to \infty} f(n) / g(n) = 0
                         iv)
                                                         f \in \Omega(g) Not true. Limit isn't > 0.
                            V)
                                                         f \in \omega(g) Not true. Limit isn't infinity.
                         vi)
                                                         g \in \Theta(f) Not true. Limit isn't less than infinity and greater than 0.
                       vii)
                                                         g \in O(f) Not true. Limit isn't less than infinity.
                     viii)
                                                         g \in o(f) Not true. Limit isn't 0.
                         ix)
                                                         g \in \Omega(f) True for n \ge 1.342, Limit > 0.
                            X)
                                                         g \in \omega(f) True for n \ge 1.342, Llmit is infinity.
b) F
                               i)
                                                        f \in \Theta(g) Not true. Limit isn't less than infinity and greater than 0.
                            ii)
                                                        f \in O(g) Not true. Limit is less than infinity.
                          iii)
                                                        f \in o(g) Not true. Limit isn't 0.
                         iv)
                                                         f \in \Omega(g) True for n > 0.415. Limit > 0.
                                                        f \in \omega(g) True for n > 0.415. Limit is infinity.
                            V)
                         vi)
                                                         g \in \Theta(f)
                       vii)
                                                        g \in O(f)
                     viii)
                                                         g \in o(f)
                         ix)
                                                         g \in \Omega(f)
                            X)
                                                         g \in \omega(f)
c) A
                               i)
                                                        f \in \Theta(g) Not true. Limit isn't less than infinity and greater than 0
                            ii)
                                                        f \in O(g) Not true. Limit is less than infinity
                          iii)
                                                        f \in o(g) Not true. Limit isn't 0.
                         iv)
                                                         f \in \Omega(g) True for n > 0.29. Limit > 0.
                                                        f \in \omega(g) True for n > 0.29. Limit is infinity
                            V)
                         vi)
                                                         g \in \Theta(f) Not true. The limit is 0 which isn't 0 < limit < infinity
                      vii)
                                                         g \in O(f) True for n > 0.29, \lim_{n \to \infty} f(n) / g(n) < \inf_{n \to \infty} f(n) / g(n
                     viii)
                                                         g \in o(f) True for n > 0.29, \lim_{n \to \infty} f(n) / g(n) = 0
                         ix)
                                                         g \in \Omega(f) Not true. Limit isn't > 0.
                            X)
                                                         g \in \omega(f) Not true. Limit isn't infinity
d) B
                               i)
                                                        f \in \Theta(g) Not true. Limit isn't less than infinity and greater than 0.
                             ii)
                                                         f \in O(g) Not true. Limit is less than infinity
                          iii)
                                                        f \in o(g) Not true. Limit isn't 0.
                         iv)
                                                         f \in \Omega(g) True for n > 1.031. Limit > 0
                            V)
                                                         f \in \omega(g) True for n > 1.031. Limit is infinity
                         vi)
                                                         g \in \Theta(f)
                       vii)
                                                         g \in O(f)
                     viii)
                                                         g \in o(f)
                         ix)
                                                         g \in \Omega(f)
```

$$x) \qquad g \in \omega(f)$$

Problem 3.2 d)

Case A, Case B and Average Case



Problem 3.2 e)

As can be seen in the graph, computation times are similar for increasing values of N, but the higher the N value the bigger the difference between Case A (worst), Case B (best), and the Average Case. For much higher values of N (which are impractical to compute) the difference could be seen in the graph.