

SGD - stochastic gradient descent

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N f_i(x) \rightarrow \min_{x \in \mathbb{R}^p}$$

$$\nabla f(x) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N \nabla f_i(x) \quad - \text{gradient}$$

Будто $\nabla f(x)$ именовалось g_k

$$\mathbb{E} g_k = \nabla f(x_k) \quad \text{хотя бы}$$

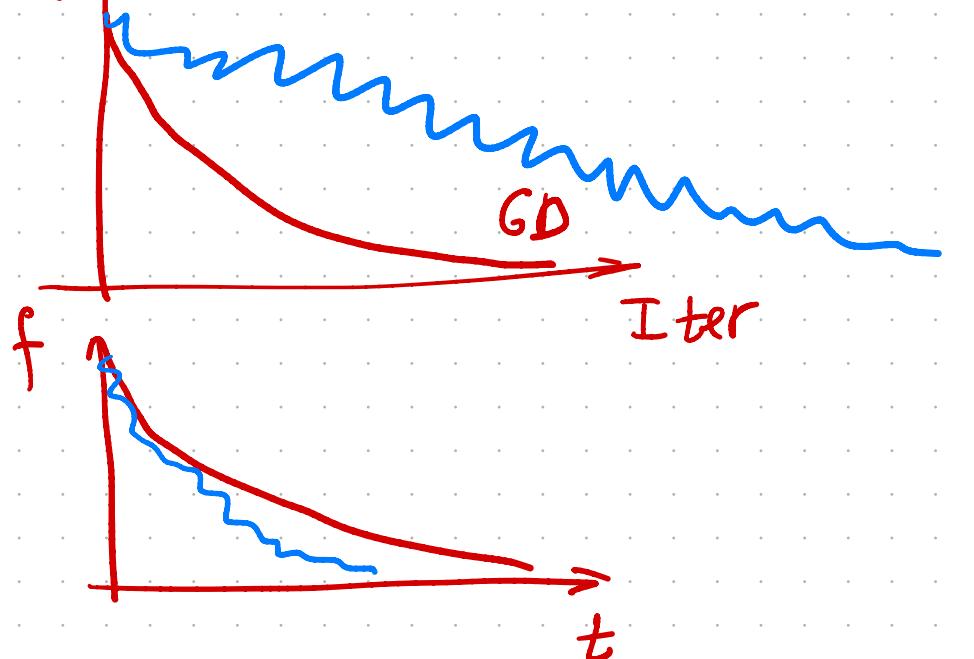
$$g_k = \nabla f_j(x_k) \quad j \in [1, \dots, N] \quad \text{выбирается случайно}$$

$$\uparrow \quad \rightarrow \mathbb{E} g_k = \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{1}{N} \cdot \nabla f_i(x_k) = \nabla f(x_k)$$

с ред.
частот.

гладкие & Npz

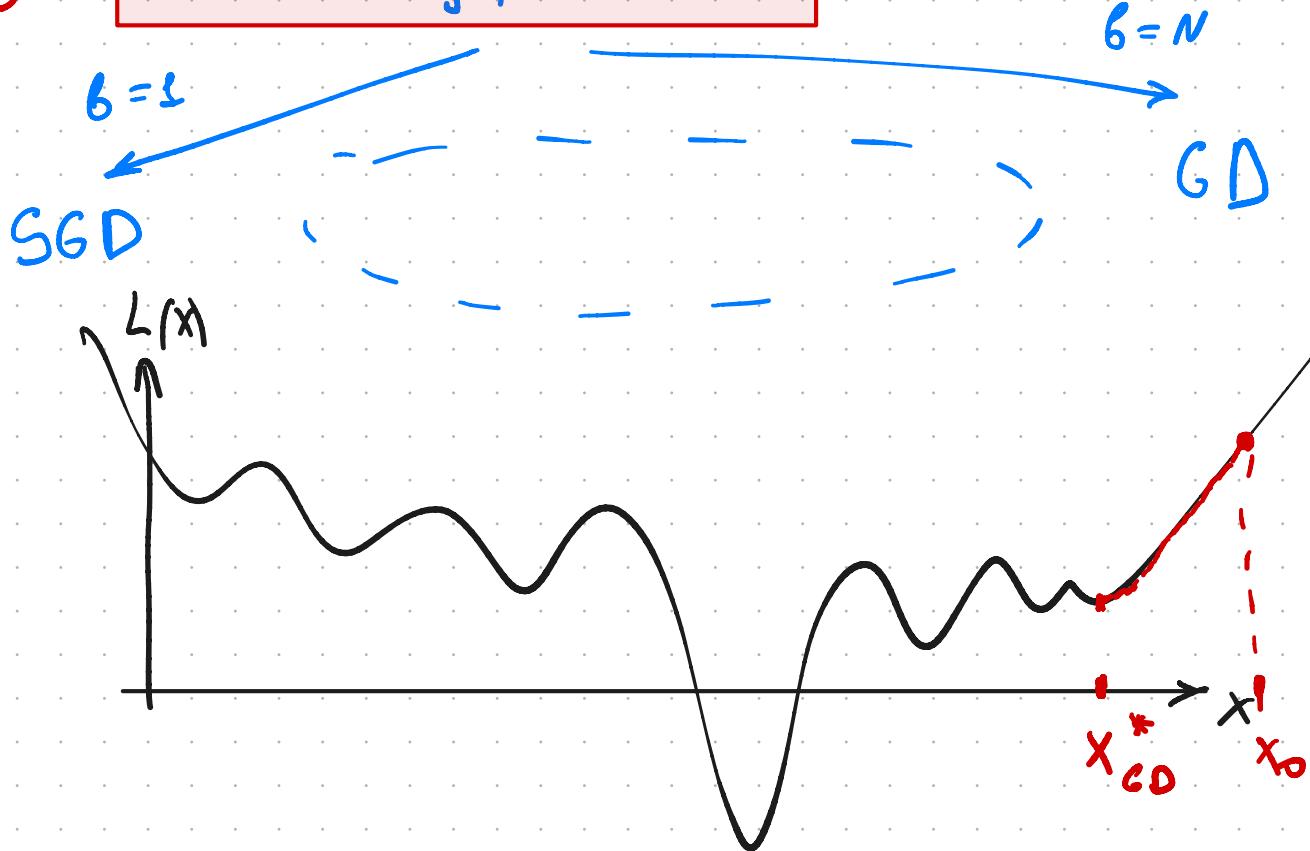
$$x_{k+1} = x_k - \alpha_k \cdot g_k \quad \text{SGD}$$



mini
batch
SGD

$$g_k = \frac{1}{b} \sum_{j=1}^b \nabla f_{i,j}(x_k)$$

бесспану б шук



Вычисление g_k на b непримените

$b \ll N$

$$g_k = \frac{1}{b} (\nabla f_1(x_k) + \nabla f_2(x_k) + \dots + \nabla f_{228}(x_k))$$

GPU

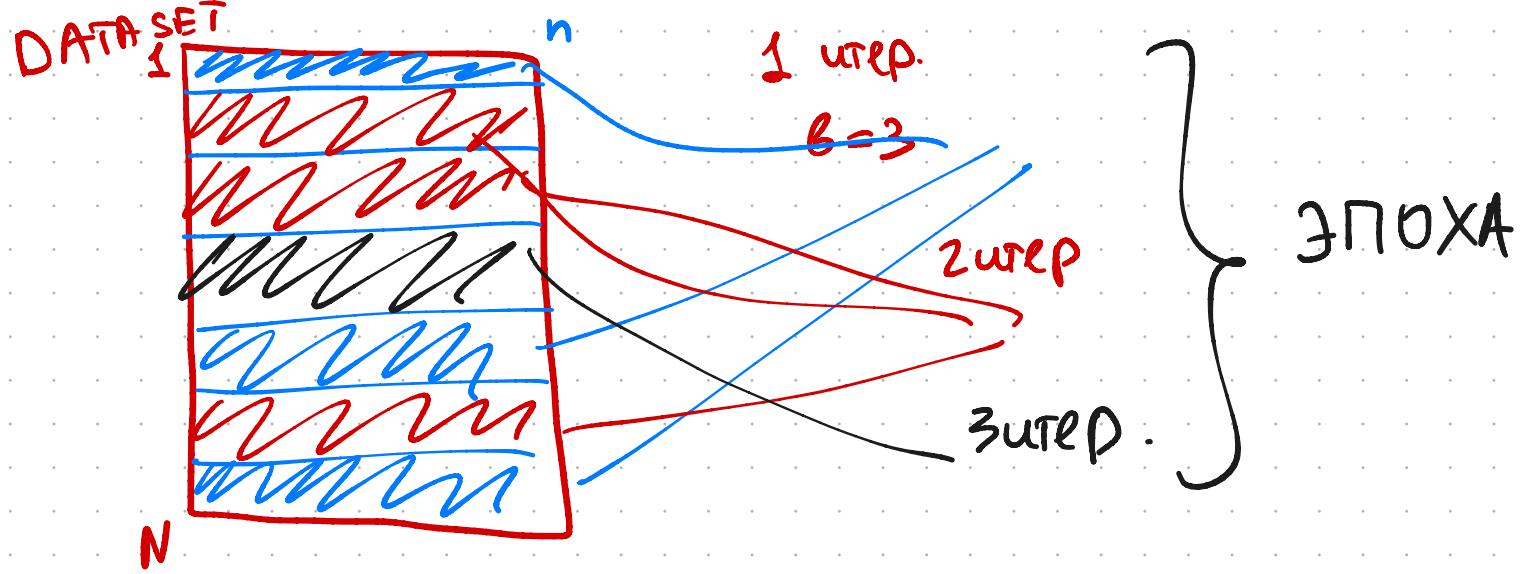
~~$b = 32$~~

$b = \infty$ 3P

float

$$\begin{aligned} 2 \cdot 8 \cdot 32 \text{БУТ} &= 16 \text{ГБ} = \\ &= 16 \cdot 10^9 \cdot 8 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} p \cdot 8 \cdot 32 \text{БУТ} &\approx 16 \cdot 8 \cdot 10^7 \\ p &\approx 10^9 \end{aligned}$$



Как изменится время, затрачиваемое на 1 эпоку?

при $B \uparrow \uparrow$?

MSE:

$$L = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^N \left(y_{\text{pred}}(w, D^i) - y_{\text{true}}^i \right)^2$$

$$f_i = \left(y_{\text{pred}}(w, D^i) - y_{\text{true}}^i \right)$$

$$\nabla_w f_i = 2 \left(y_{\text{pred}}(w, D^i) - y_{\text{true}}^i \right) \cdot \frac{\partial y_{\text{pred}}(w, D^i)}{\partial w}$$

$$W_5 \cdot W_4 \cdot W_3 \cdot W_2 \cdot W_1 \cdot \text{clinput}$$