

MATH 10 — UNIT 3 QUICK CHECK

Mr. Merrick · October 9, 2025

A. Multiple Choice

1. Which is closest to the thickness of a standard credit card?

- (A) 0.76 mm (B) 0.076 mm (C) 7.6 mm (D) $76\ \mu\text{m}$

Solution: A

2. Convert 3.25 km to inches (use $1\ \text{in} = 2.54\ \text{cm}$).

- (A) $1.28 \times 10^5\ \text{in}$ (B) $1.02 \times 10^5\ \text{in}$ (C) $3.25 \times 10^4\ \text{in}$ (D) $8.53 \times 10^3\ \text{in}$

Solution: A

3. The area of a circle with diameter 2.00 in expressed in cm^2 is closest to

- (A) $3.14\ \text{cm}^2$ (B) $20.3\ \text{cm}^2$ (C) $10.2\ \text{cm}^2$ (D) $6.45\ \text{cm}^2$

Solution: B

4. Convert $2.4\ \text{m}^2$ into cm^2 .

- (A) $240\ \text{cm}^2$ (B) $24,000\ \text{cm}^2$ (C) $2400\ \text{cm}^2$ (D) $240,000\ \text{cm}^2$

Solution: B

5. A rectangular box measures $12\ \text{in} \times 8\ \text{in} \times 5\ \text{in}$. Its volume in litres is closest to

- (A) 7.9 L (B) 3.9 L (C) 4.9 L (D) 7.0 L

Solution: A

6. Which metric unit is most reasonable to measure the thickness of a human hair?

- (A) Millimetre (B) Micrometre (C) Nanometre (D) Centimetre

Solution: B

7. Convert 1 mile² into km^2 ($1\ \text{mi} = 1.609\ \text{km}$).

- (A) 1.61 km^2 (B) 2.59 km^2 (C) 3.22 km^2 (D) 1.00 km^2

Solution: B

8. The lateral surface area of a cylinder of radius $r = 3$ and height $h = 10$ is

- (A) 30π (B) 60π (C) 90π (D) 120π

Solution: B

9. The volume of a cone of radius r and height $3r$ is

- (A) πr^3 (B) $3\pi r^3$ (C) $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^3$ (D) πr^2

Solution: A

10. A sphere has volume 36π . Its surface area is

- (A) 36π (B) 48π (C) 81π (D) 144π

Solution: A

11. A measurement recorded as 12.30 cm was made with a ruler marked in millimetres. How many significant figures does it have, and to what precision is it recorded?

- (A) 3 s.f.; nearest 0.1 cm (B) 4 s.f.; nearest 0.01 cm (C) 4 s.f.; nearest 0.1 cm (D) 5 s.f.; nearest 0.01 cm

Solution: B

12. Which unit would be most appropriate for the *area* of a classroom floor?

- (A) mm^2 (B) cm^2 (C) m^2 (D) km^2

Solution: C

C. Written Response

Show your work and include units.

1. Convert 45 km/h to m/s.

Solution:

$$45 \frac{\text{km}}{\text{h}} \times \frac{1000 \text{ m}}{1 \text{ km}} \times \frac{1 \text{ h}}{3600 \text{ s}} = 12.5 \text{ m/s}$$

2. A cylinder has radius 7.5 cm and height 20 cm. Find its total surface area.

Solution:

$$S = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh = 2\pi(7.5)^2 + 2\pi(7.5)(20) = 412.5\pi \approx 1.296 \times 10^3 \text{ cm}^2.$$

3. The volume of a sphere is $288\pi \text{ cm}^3$. Find its radius.

Solution:

$$\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 = 288\pi \Rightarrow r^3 = 216 \Rightarrow r = 6 \text{ cm}.$$

4. Convert 15 ft³ into litres. (Use 1 ft = 0.3048 m, 1 m³ = 1000 L).

Solution:

$$15(0.3048)^3 \cdot 1000 \approx 4.25 \times 10^2 \text{ L}$$

5. A pyramid has square base 12 m and height 15 m. Find its volume.

Solution:

$$V = \frac{1}{3}bh = \frac{1}{3}(12^2)(15) = 720 \text{ m}^3.$$

6. A cylindrical water tank of diameter 3.6 m and height 4.5 m is filled to 80% of capacity. Find the volume of water in litres.

Solution: Full volume = $\pi r^2 h = \pi(1.8^2)(4.5) = 45.8 \text{ m}^3$. Water = $0.8 \times 45.8 = 36.7 \text{ m}^3 \approx 3.67 \times 10^4 \text{ L}$.

7. A wooden beam is cut into a square prism 20 cm long with diagonal cross-section 10 cm. Find its volume.

Solution: Square side = $\frac{10}{\sqrt{2}} = 7.07$ cm. Volume = $20(7.07^2) \approx 1.00 \times 10^3$ cm³.

8. The Great Pyramid of Giza has base length 230 m and original height 146 m. Approximate its volume in cubic kilometres.

Solution: $V = \frac{1}{3}(230^2)(146) \approx 2.57 \times 10^6$ m³ = 2.57×10^{-3} km³.

9. A steel sphere of radius 5 cm is melted and recast into cylindrical rods of radius 0.5 cm and length 20 cm. How many rods can be made?

Solution: Sphere volume = $\frac{4}{3}\pi(125) = 523.6$ cm³. Cylinder volume = $\pi(0.5^2)(20) = 15.7$ cm³. Ratio ≈ 33 rods (whole rods).

10. A cube of edge x cm has the same surface area as a sphere of radius $r = 6$ cm. Find x .

Solution: Cube area = $6x^2$, sphere area = $4\pi r^2 = 144\pi$. Equate: $6x^2 = 144\pi \Rightarrow x = \sqrt{24\pi} \approx 8.68$ cm.

11. A cone and a hemisphere share the same base radius r and equal volumes. Find the ratio of the cone's height h to r .

Solution: $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h = \frac{2}{3}\pi r^3 \Rightarrow h = 2r$.

12. A decorative garden light consists of a hemisphere (radius 9 cm) mounted on a right circular cylinder (radius 9 cm, height 18 cm). Find the total exterior surface area (exclude the join) and the total volume.

Solution: Surface area = $2\pi r h$ (cylinder curved) + $2\pi r^2$ (hemisphere) = $2\pi(9)(18) + 2\pi(9)^2 = 324\pi + 162\pi = 486\pi$ cm² $\approx 1.53 \times 10^3$ cm². Volume = $\pi r^2 h + \frac{2}{3}\pi r^3 = \pi(9)^2(18) + \frac{2}{3}\pi(9)^3 = 1458\pi + 486\pi = 1944\pi$ cm³ $\approx 6.11 \times 10^3$ cm³.

13. The area of an irregular garden bed is estimated by decomposing it into a 6.0 m \times 4.0 m rectangle and a semicircle of diameter 6.0 m. State the area to an appropriate number of significant figures and comment on the effect of measurement precision on your result.

Solution: Rectangle = 24.0 m². Semicircle with $r = 3.0$ m has area $\frac{1}{2}\pi r^2 = \frac{1}{2}\pi(9.0) = 14.137 \dots$ m². Total ≈ 38.1 m². Given inputs to 2–3 s.f., report 38.1 m² (3 s.f.). Uncertainty in the ± 0.1 m measurements changes area by roughly a few percent.