

SIMPLE CONSTRUCTIONS: QUADRILATERALS

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Worked Demonstration

Goal: Construct trapezoid $ABCD$ with

$AB = 9$ cm, $BC = 5$ cm, $CD = 4.2$ cm, $\angle ABC = 60^\circ$, $\angle BCD = 120^\circ$, and $CD \parallel AB$.

Steps (ruler + protractor + compass)

Step 1: Draw base $AB = 9$ cm.

Step 2: At B , measure $\angle ABC = 60^\circ$ and draw a ray (mark the angle).

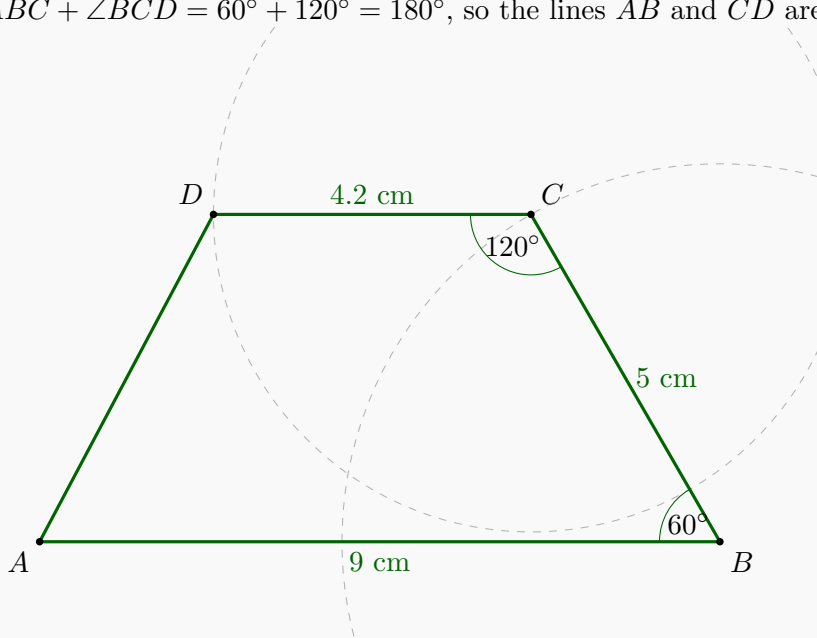
Step 3: Set the compass to 5 cm. With center B , draw an arc to hit the ray. Label that point C .

Step 4: At C , measure $\angle BCD = 120^\circ$ (using segment CB as one side) and draw a ray for CD .

Step 5: Set the compass to 4.2 cm. With center C , mark point D on the ray.

Step 6: Draw segment AD to finish the trapezoid.

Step 7: Check: $\angle ABC + \angle BCD = 60^\circ + 120^\circ = 180^\circ$, so the lines AB and CD are parallel.



Now You Try: Construct each quadrilateral

(1) Rectangle $ABCD$

$$AB = 5 \text{ cm}, \quad BC = 3 \text{ cm}, \quad \angle ABC = 90^\circ$$



(2) Square $ABCD$

$$AB = 4.5 \text{ cm}, \quad \angle ABC = 90^\circ, \quad AB = BC$$



(3) Kite $ABCD$

$$AB = AD = 3 \text{ cm}, \quad BC = CD = 4.8 \text{ cm}, \quad \angle BAD = 75^\circ$$



(4) Parallelogram $ABCD$

$$AB = 6.5 \text{ cm}, \quad AD = 3.2 \text{ cm}, \quad \angle DAB = 55^\circ$$



(5) Trapezoid $ABCD$

$AB = 8$ cm, $AD = 3.5$ cm, $CD = 5$ cm, $\angle DAB = 70^\circ$, $\angle ADC = 110^\circ$, and $CD \parallel AB$



(6) Rectangle $ABCD$

$$AB = 8.5 \text{ cm}, \quad BC = 4.5 \text{ cm}, \quad \angle ABC = 90^\circ$$



(7) Rhombus $ABCD$

$$AB = BC = CD = DA = 6 \text{ cm}, \quad \angle DAB = 65^\circ$$



(8) **Kite** $ABCD$

$$AB = AD = 5.2 \text{ cm}, \quad BC = CD = 7.1 \text{ cm}, \quad \angle BAD = 50^\circ$$



(9) Parallelogram $ABCD$

$$AB = 7.8 \text{ cm}, \quad AD = 4.6 \text{ cm}, \quad \angle DAB = 35^\circ$$

