

# CENG 201 Veri Yapıları 5: Dengeli Ağaçlar

Öğr.Gör. Şevket Umut ÇAKIR

Pamukkale Üniversitesi

Hafta 5

# Anahat

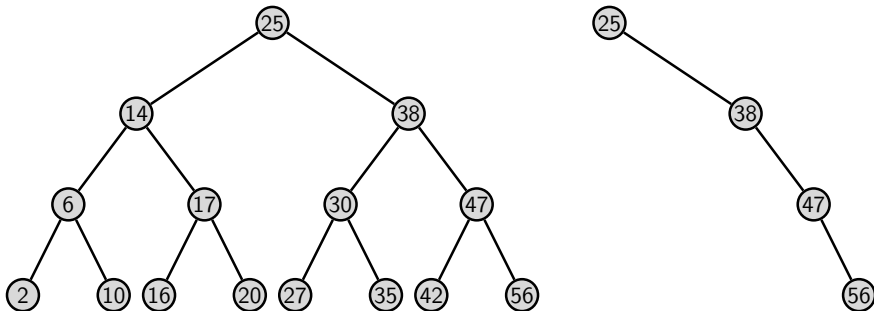
## ① AVL Ağaçları

AVL Ağaçları Tanım

AVL Ağacı Ekleme

Silme

## Dengeli Ağaçlar



- Yukardaki n elemanlı ikili arama ağaçlarda arama ve ekleme işlemleri en iyi ve en kötü durumda kaç adımda yapılır?

# AVL Ağaçları

- İsmi geliştiricileri olan Adelson-Velskii ve Landis'den almıştır
- Dengeli bir ikili arama ağacıdır
- Dengeleme işlemi ekleme ve silme sırasında yapılır
- Her düğüm için denge faktörü -1'den küçük veya 1'den büyük olamaz
- Denge faktörü bir düğümün hangi yöne yatık olduğunu gösterir

# Denge Faktörü

## Yükseklik

Bir düğümün yüksekliği düğüm ile soyundan gelen yapraklardan en uzağı arasındaki mesafedir.

## Denge Faktörü

Sağ çocuğun yüksekliği ile sol çocuğun yüksekliği arasındaki farktır.

# Denge Faktörü/Balance Factor

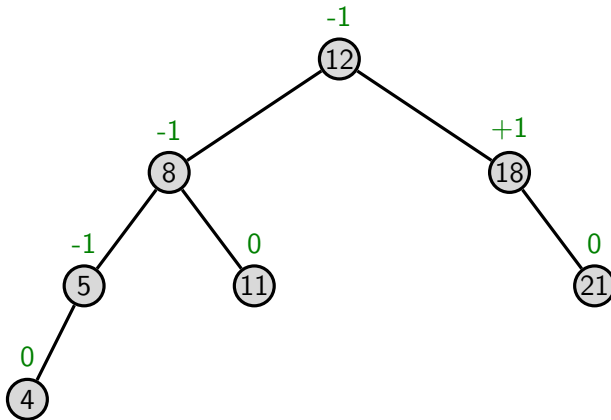


Figure: AVL Ağacı(Dengeli İkili Arama Ağacı)

# Denge Faktörü/Balance Factor

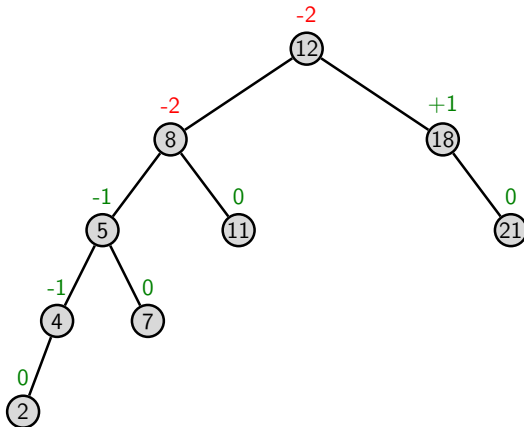
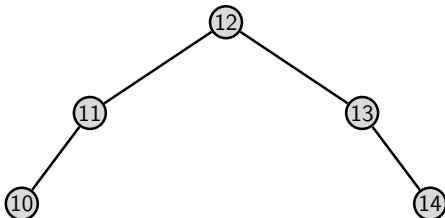


Figure: AVL Ağacı(Dengeli İkili Arama Ağacı)

# AVL Ağaçları

Aşağıdaki ağaç bir AVL ağacı mıdır?





# AVL Ağaçları

Aşağıdaki ağaç bir AVL ağacı mıdır?

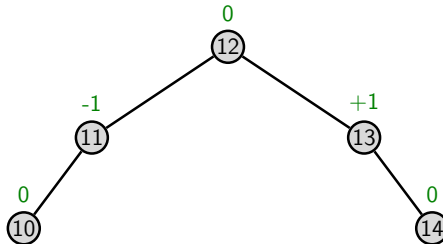
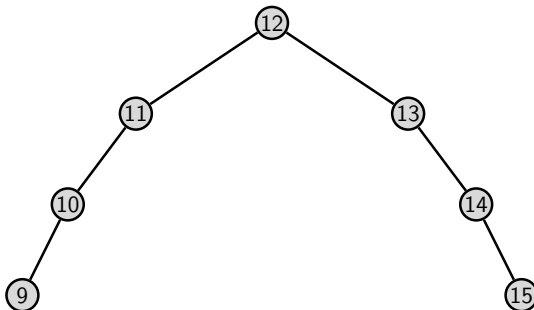


Figure: AVL Ağacıdır

# AVL Ağaçları

Aşağıdaki ağaç bir AVL ağacı mıdır?



# AVL Ağaçları

Aşağıdaki ağaç bir AVL ağacı mıdır?

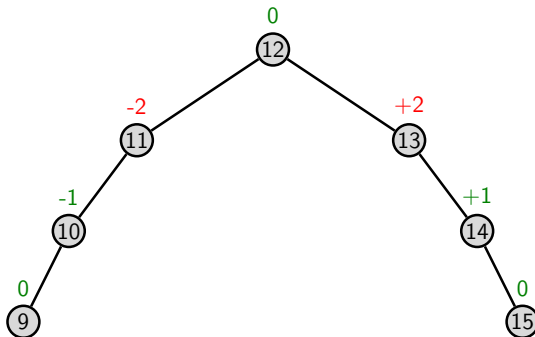


Figure: AVL Ağacı değildir

# Ekleme

- Ekleme işlemi ikili arama ağaçlarındaki gibidir
- Ekleme işlemi sırasında denge bozulabilir
- Dengesi bozulan düğümler eklenen düğümden köke kadarki yolda olacaktır
- Dengenin tekrar sağlanması için döndürme işlemleri yapılır
- 4 farklı durum ortaya çıkabilir
- Tekli veya ikili döndürme ile ağaç tekrar dengelenir

# Ekleme

- Yeni eklenen düğümden köke doğru gittikçe dengesi bozulan ilk düğüm  $\alpha$  olsun
- 4 farklı ekleme biçiminden ötürü denge bozulmuş olabilir:
  - ①  $\alpha$ 'nın sol çocuğunun soluna ekleme
  - ②  $\alpha$ 'nın sol çocuğunun sağına ekleme
  - ③  $\alpha$ 'nın sağ çocuğunun soluna ekleme
  - ④  $\alpha$ 'nın sağ çocuğunun sağına ekleme
- Durum 1 ve 4 tekli döndürme ile düzeltilebilir
- Durum 2 ve 3 için çift döndürme gereklidir

# Tekli Döndürme(Sağa)

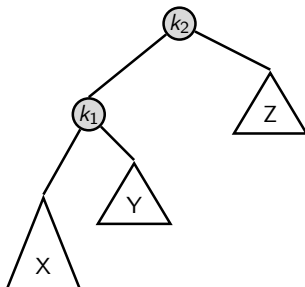


Figure: Durum 1'in çözümü

# Tekli Döndürme(Sağa)

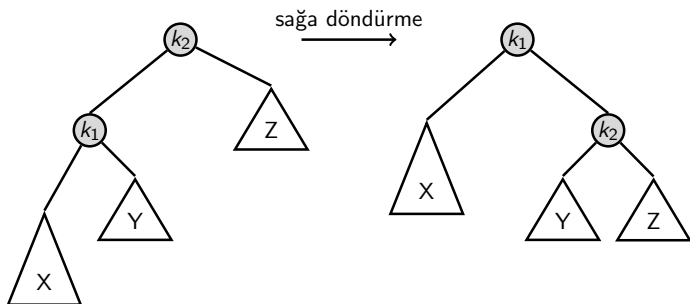
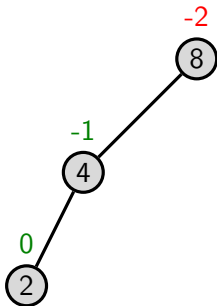
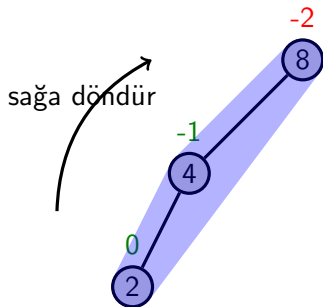
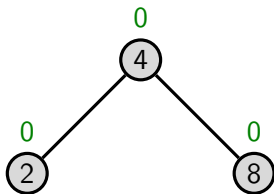
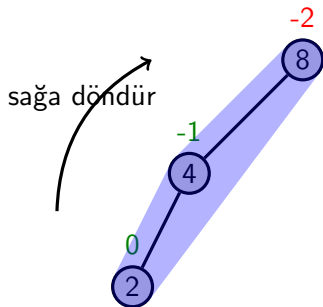


Figure: Durum 1'in çözümü









# Tekli Döndürme(Sola)

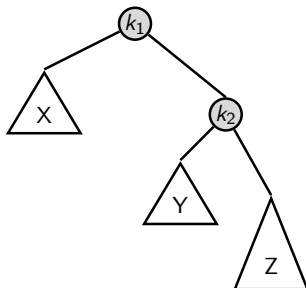


Figure: Durum 4'ün çözümü

# Tekli Döndürme(Sola)

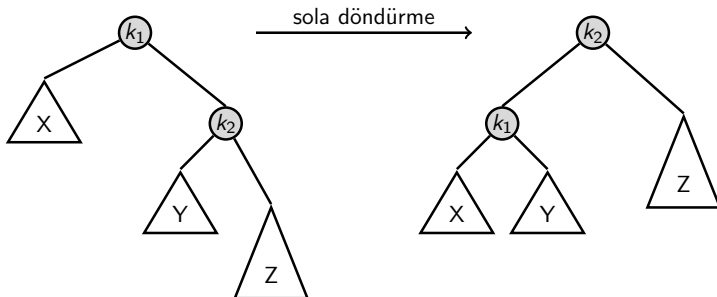
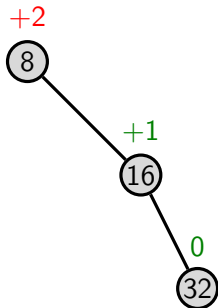
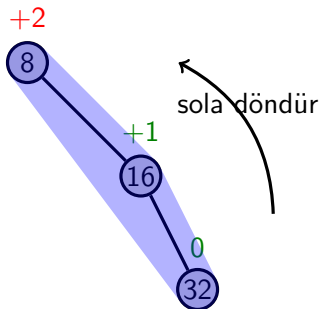


Figure: Durum 4'ün çözümü

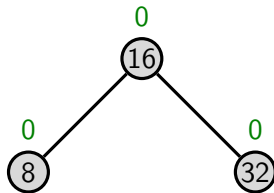
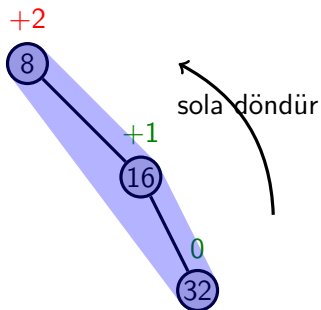
# Durum 4 Örnek



# Durum 4 Örnek



# Durum 4 Örnek



# Çift Döndürme(sol, sağ)

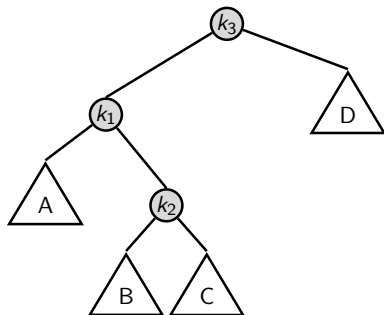


Figure: Durum 2'nin çözümü



# Çift Döndürme(sol, sağ)

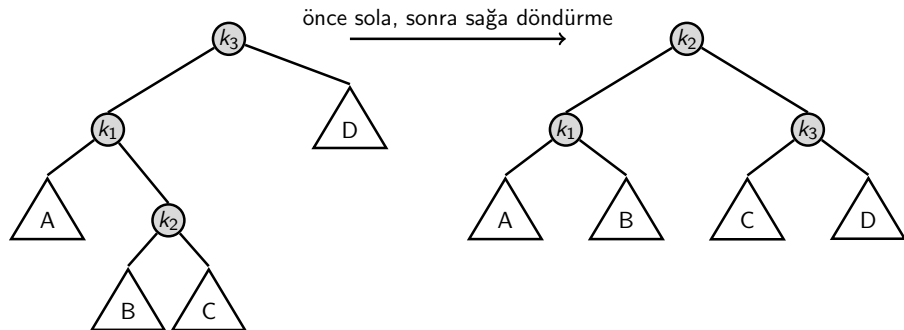
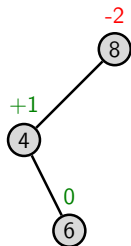
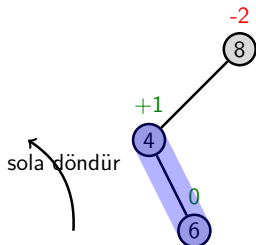


Figure: Durum 2'nin çözümü

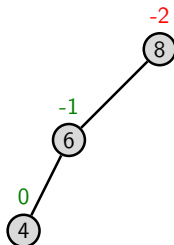
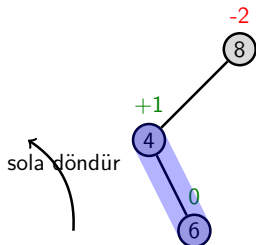
# Durum 2 Örnek



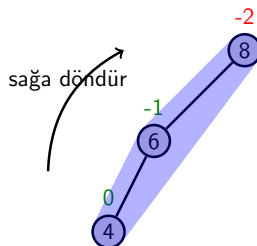
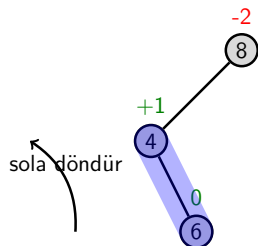
# Durum 2 Örnek



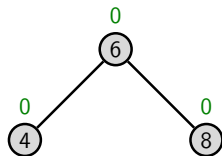
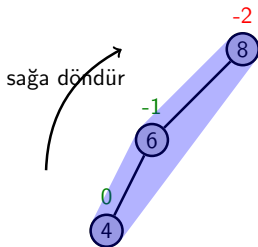
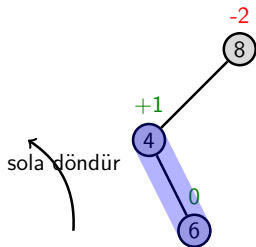
# Durum 2 Örnek



# Durum 2 Örnek



# Durum 2 Örnek



# Çift Döndürme(sağ, sol)

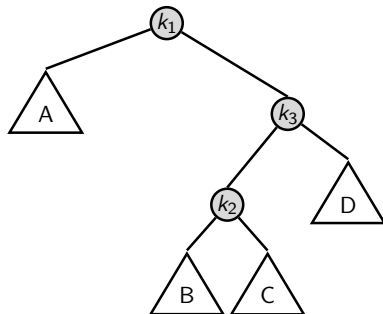


Figure: Durum 3'ün çözümü

## Çift Döndürme(sağ, sol)

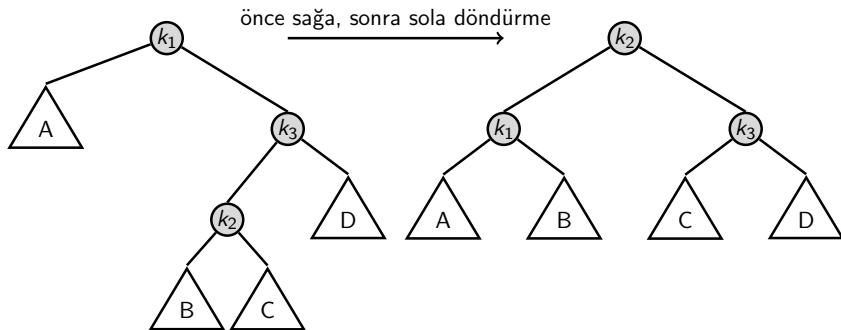
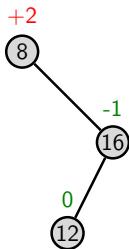


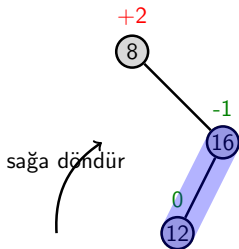
Figure: Durum 3'ün çözümü



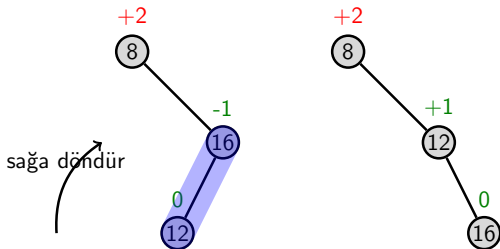
# Durum 3 Örnek



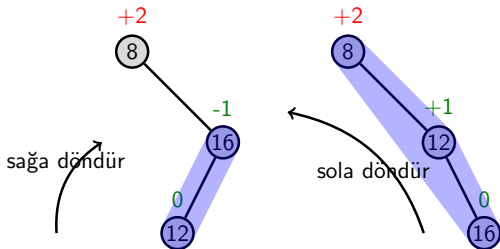
# Durum 3 Örnek



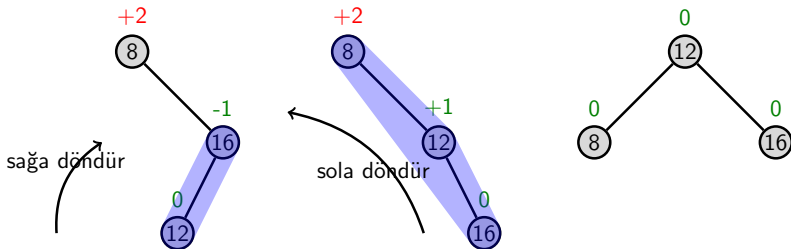
# Durum 3 Örnek



# Durum 3 Örnek



# Durum 3 Örnek



Bir AVL ağacına 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9 değerlerini sırasıyla ekleyelim.

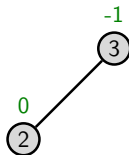
# 3 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9

0  
③

## 2 Ekle

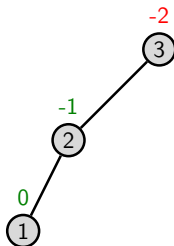
Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9





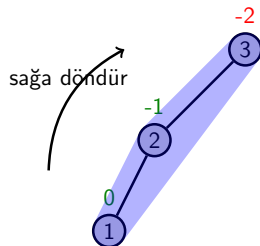
# 1 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9



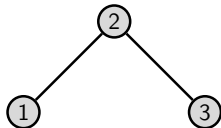
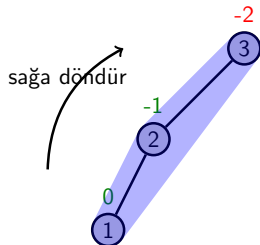
# 1 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9



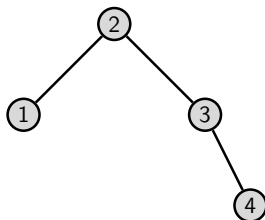
# 1 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9



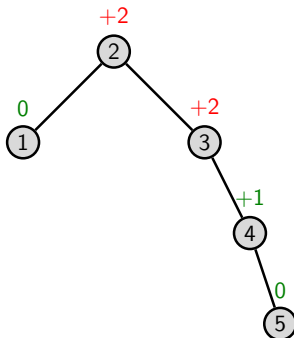
## 4 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9



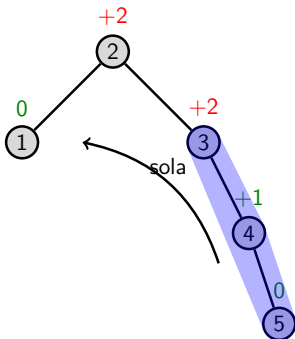
## 5 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9



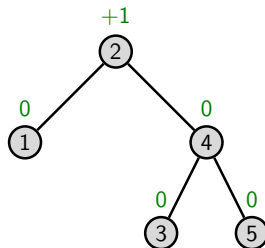
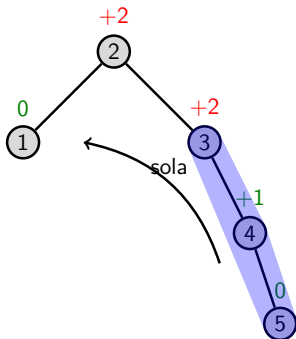
## 5 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9



## 5 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9



## 6 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9

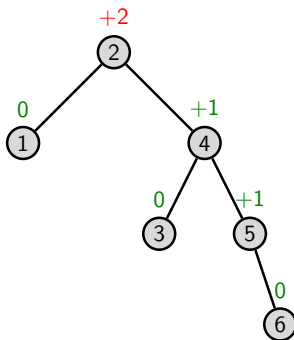


Figure: Sola döndür



## 6 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9

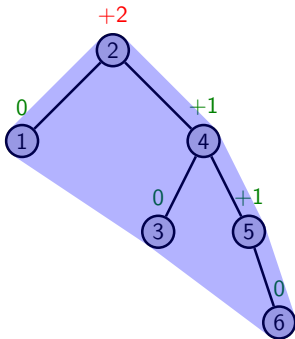


Figure: Sola döndür

The left tree is a skewed tree with root 2 (red +2) and leaf nodes 1, 4, 3, 5, 6. The right tree is a balanced tree with root 4 (green 0) and leaf nodes 1, 3, 5, 6.

A set of small navigation icons typically found in Beamer presentations, including symbols for back, forward, search, and other slide controls.

## 7 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9

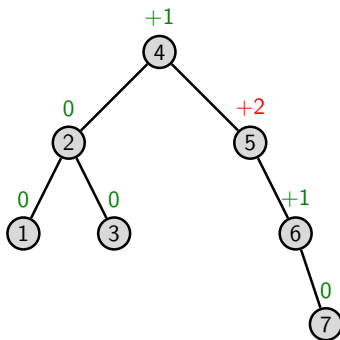


Figure: Sola döndür

## 7 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9

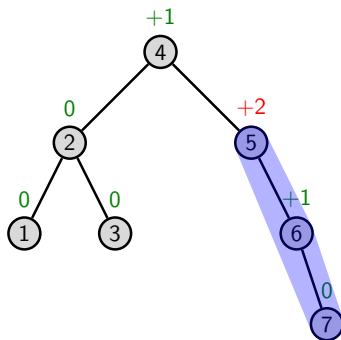


Figure: Sola döndür

## 7 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9

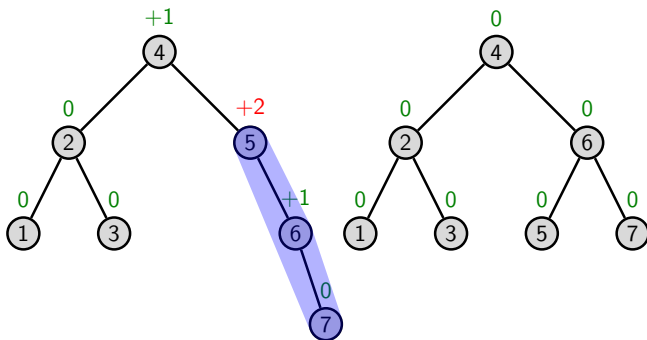
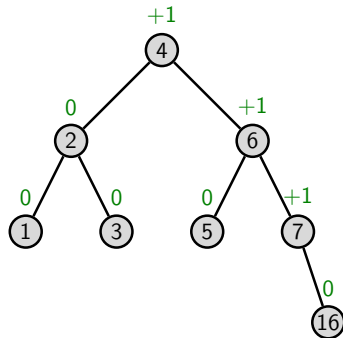


Figure: Sola döndür

# 16 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9



# 15 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9

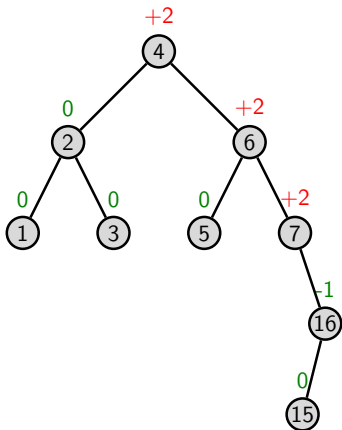


Figure: Mavi sağa, sonra kırmızı sola

# 15 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9

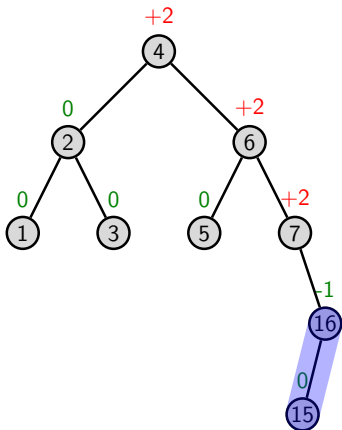


Figure: Mavi sağa, sonra kırmızı sola



# 15 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9

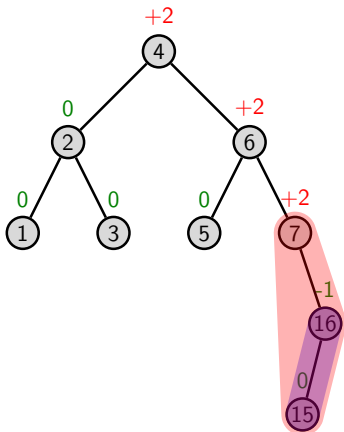


Figure: Mavi sağa, sonra kırmızı sola

# 15 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9

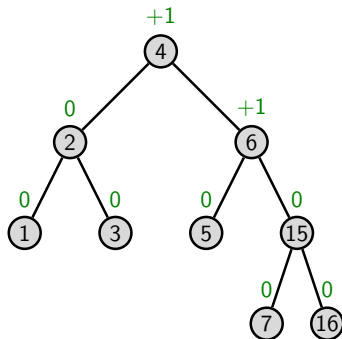
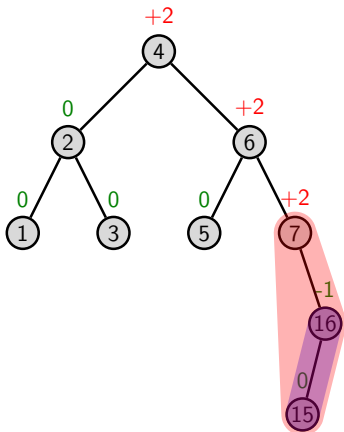


Figure: Mavi sağa, sonra kırmızı sola

# 14 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9

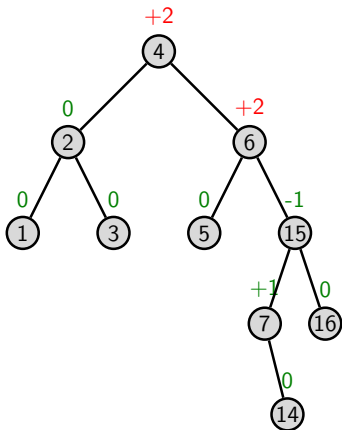


Figure: Mavi sağa, sonra kırmızı sola

# 14 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9

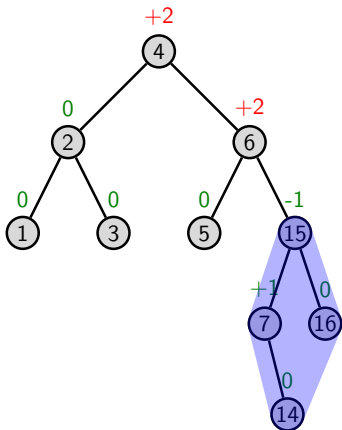


Figure: Mavi sağa, sonra kırmızı sola

# 14 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9

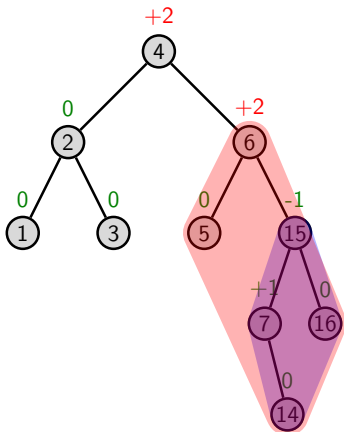


Figure: Mavi sağa, sonra kırmızı sola

# 14 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9

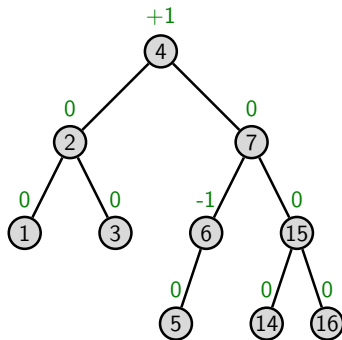
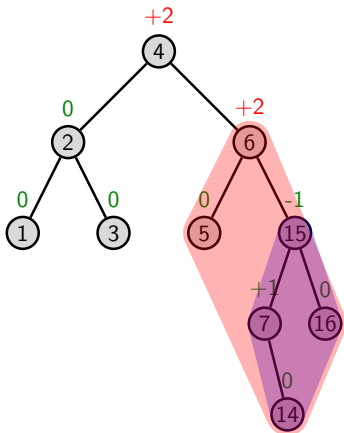


Figure: Mavi sağa, sonra kırmızı sola

# 13 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9

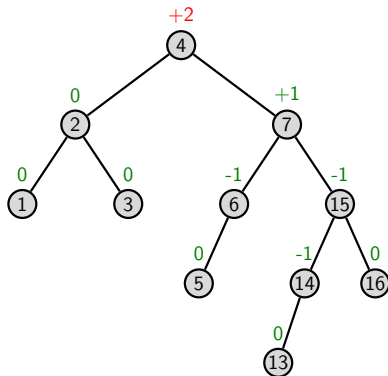


Figure: Tüm ağacı sola döndür

# 13 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9

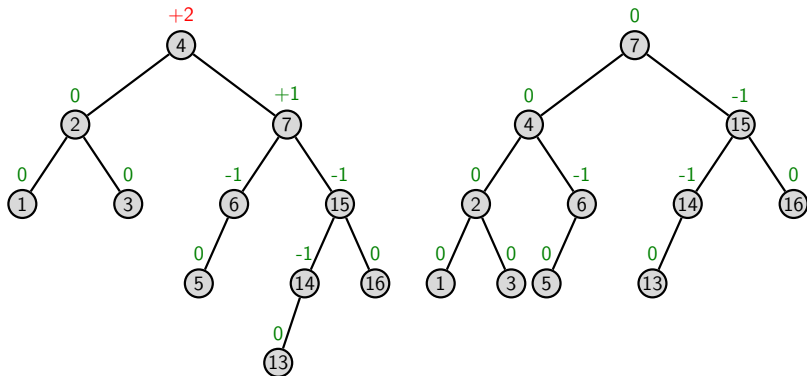


Figure: Tüm ağacı sola döndür



# 12 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9

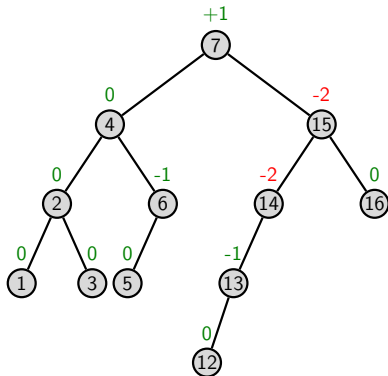


Figure: Sağa döndür

# 12 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9

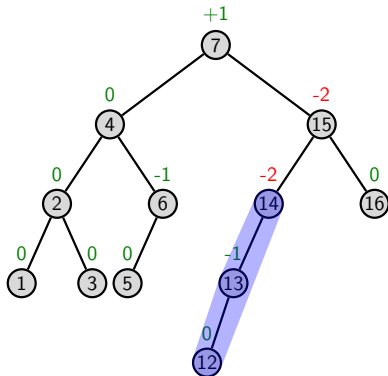


Figure: Sağa döndür

## 12 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9

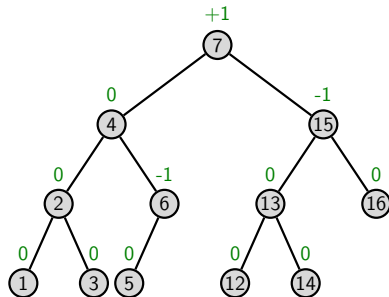
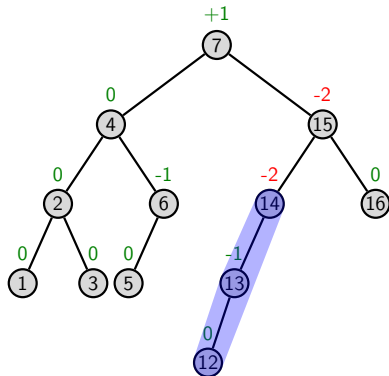


Figure: Sağa döndür

# 11 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9

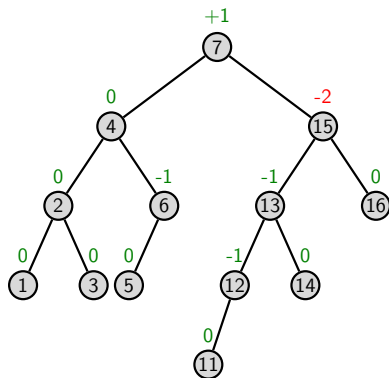


Figure: Sağa döndür

# 11 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9

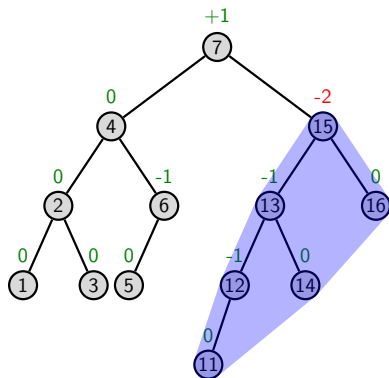


Figure: Sağa döndür

# 11 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9

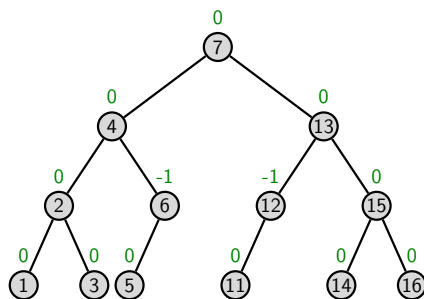
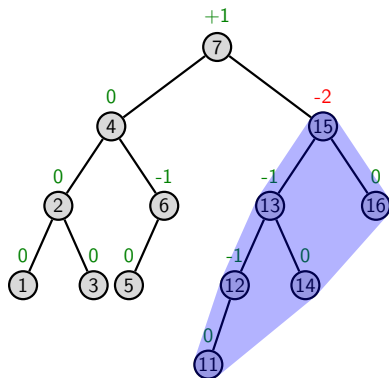


Figure: Sağa döndür

# 10 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9

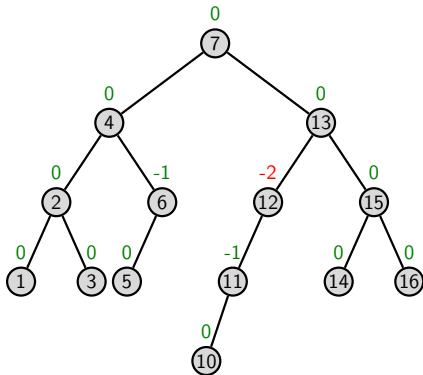


Figure: Sağa döndür

# 10 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9

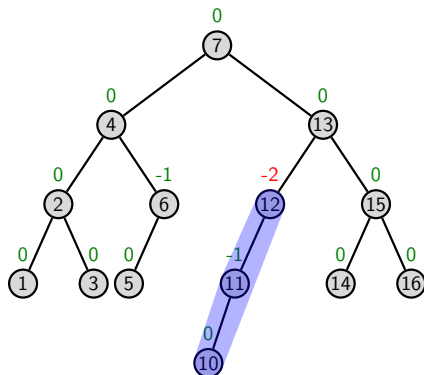


Figure: Sağa döndür



# 10 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9

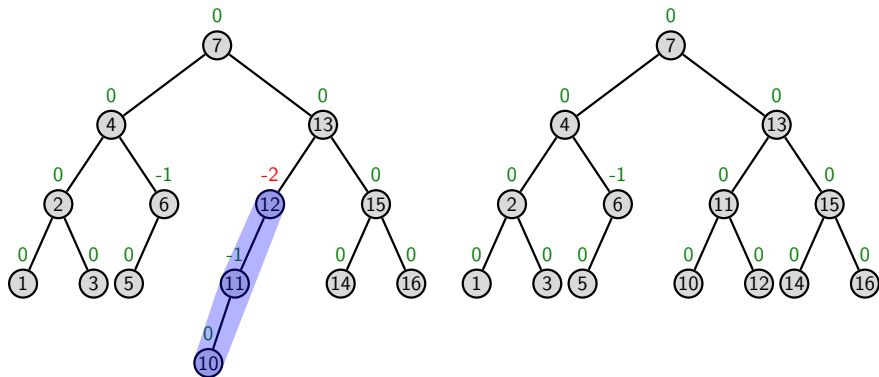


Figure: Sağa döndür

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9

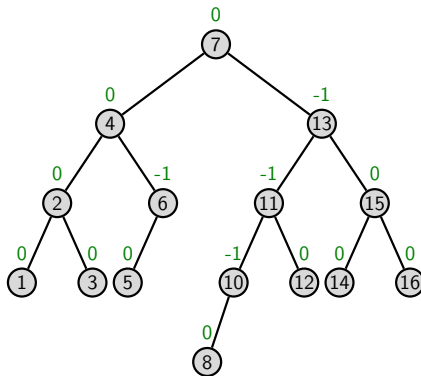
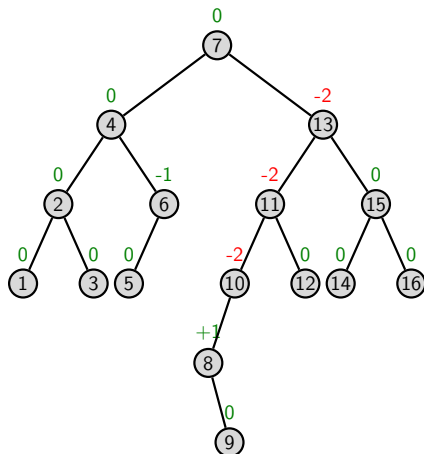


Figure: Sağa döndür

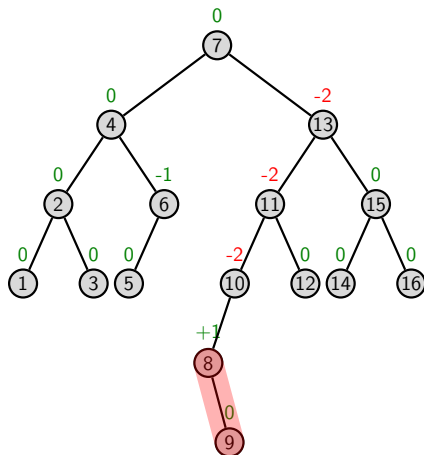
## 9 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9



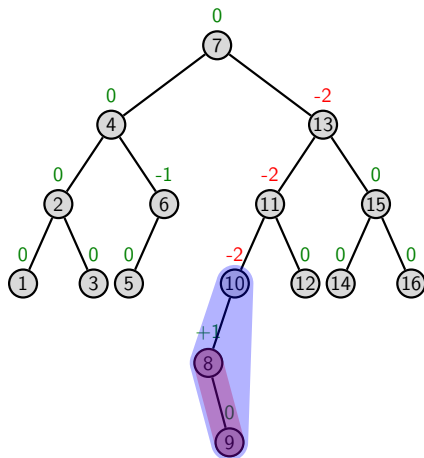
## 9 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9



## 9 Ekle

Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9



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Eklenecek: 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 8, 9

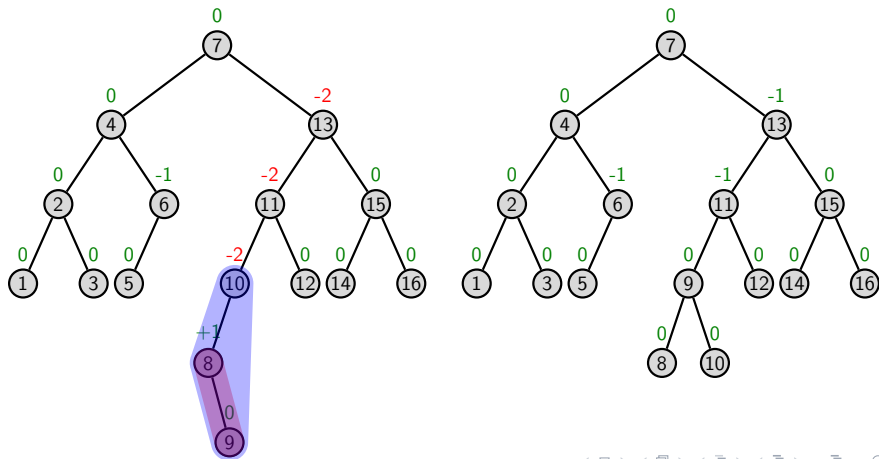


Figure: Kırmızı sola, mavi sağa

# Soru

13, 21, 45, 8, 10, 65, 7, 4, 16, 46, 15 değerlerini sırasıyla AVL ağacına ekleyin.

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13, 21, 45, 8, 10, 65, 7, 4, 16, 46, 15 değerlerini sırasıyla AVL ağacına ekleyin.

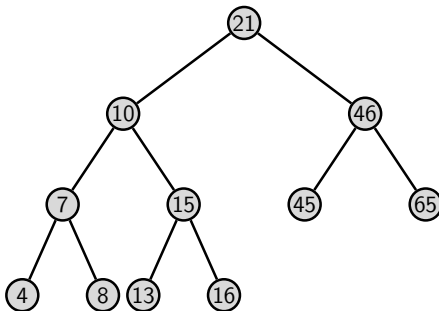


Figure: Değerler eklenince ortaya çıkan AVL Ağacı



# Silme İşlemi

- Silinecek düğüm  $w$  olsun
- $w$  düğümünü ikili arama ağacındaki gibi sil
- $w$ 'dan köke doğru ilk dengesiz  $z$  düğümünü bul
- $y$ ,  $z$ 'nin yüksek çocuğu olsun
- $x$ ,  $y$ 'nin yüksek çocuğu olsun
- 4 farklı durum ortaya çıkmaktadır

# Sol'un solu durumu

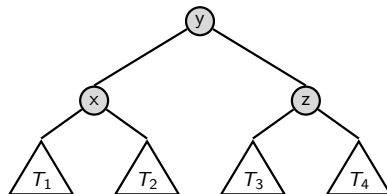
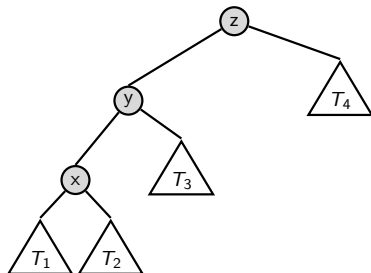


Figure: Sağa döndürme

# Sol'un sağ durum

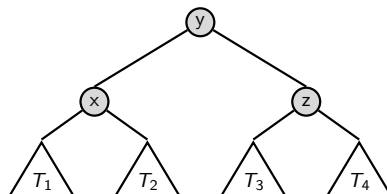
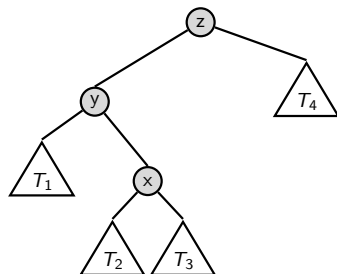


Figure: Önce sola sonra sağa döndürme

# Sağ'ın sağ durumu

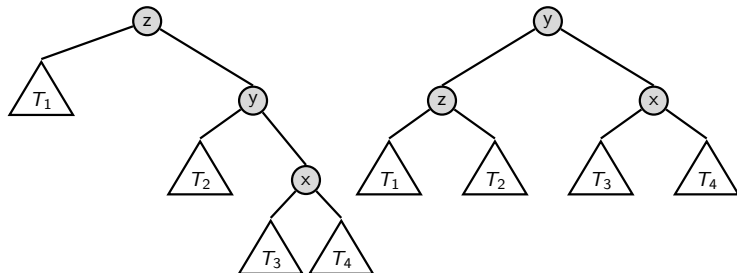


Figure: Sola döndürme

# Sağ'ın solu durumu

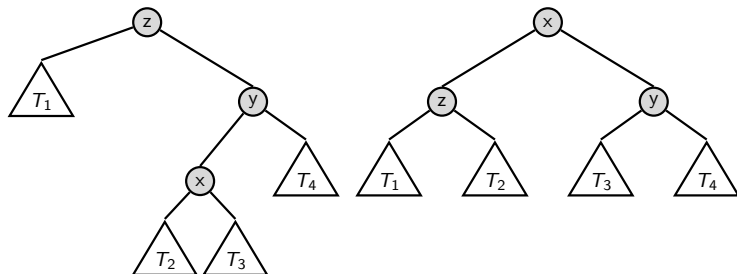
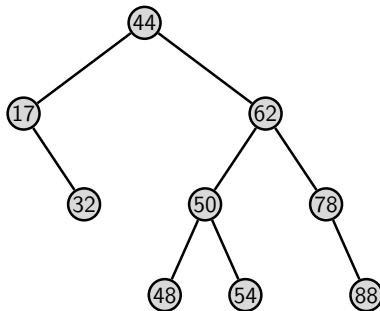


Figure: Önce sağa sonra sola döndürme

# Örnek: 32'nin silinmesi



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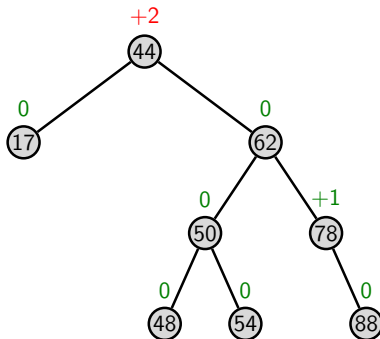


Figure: Sola döndürme

# Örnek: 32'nin silinmesi

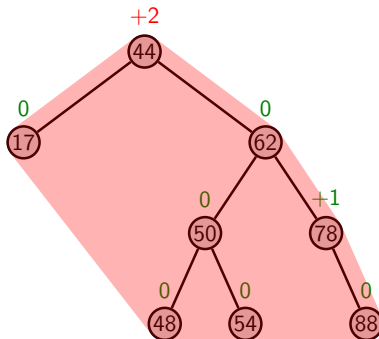


Figure: Sola döndürme



# Örnek: 32'nin silinmesi

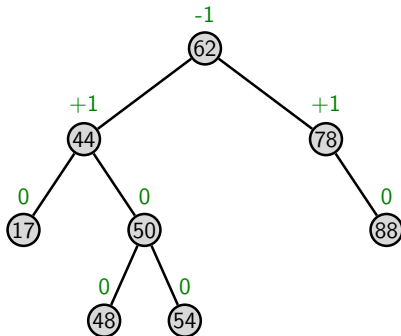


Figure: 32 silindikten sonra ağaç dengelendi

# Görselleştirme

- <https://www.cs.usfca.edu/~galles/visualization/AVLtree.html>
- <https://visualgo.net/bn/bst>

*THE MAIN PRINCIPLES OF SOFTWARE  
ENGINEERING**PART 1*