

Simpson's Rule

$$I = \int_{x_0}^{x_6} y \, dx \approx \frac{3h}{10} [y_0 + 5y_1 + y_2 + 6y_3 + y_4 + 5y_5 + y_6]$$

$$\underline{n=6}$$

$$\int_0^x \frac{t^3}{e^t - 1} dt = \phi(x)$$

$$\phi(5) = ?$$

$$\text{Answer} = 4.8998922$$

Boole's Rule

$$\int_{x_0}^{x_4} f(x) dx \approx \frac{2h}{45} [7(f_0) + 32f_1 + 12f_2 + 32f_3 + 7f_4] + E_n$$

$$E_n = -\frac{8}{945} h^7 f^{(6)}(c)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{x_0}^{x_n} f(x) dx &= \frac{2h}{45} \left[7(f_0 + f_n) + 32 \left(\sum_{i \in \{1, 3, 5, \dots, n-1\}} f_i \right) \right. \\ &\quad + 12 \left(\sum_{i \in \{2, 4, 6, \dots, n-2\}} f_i \right) \\ &\quad \left. + 14 \left(\sum_{i \in \{4, 8, 12, \dots, n-4\}} f_i \right) \right] \end{aligned}$$

Boole Yöntemi

Boole yon. (1)

$$\int_{x_0}^{x_n} f(x) dx \approx \frac{2h}{45} \left[7(f_0 + f_n) + 32(f_1 + f_3 + f_5 + \dots) \right. \\ \left. + 12(f_2 + f_6 + f_{10} + \dots) \right. \\ \left. + 14(f_4 + f_8 + f_{12} + \dots) \right]$$

$$\int_{x_0}^{x_4} f(x) dx = \frac{2h}{45} [7f_0 + 32f_1 + 12f_2 + 32f_3 + 7f_4] + E_n$$

$$E_n = -\frac{8}{945} h^7 f^{(6)}(c), \quad x_0 < c < x_4$$

Örnek: $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ fonksiyonu $x_0 = 1$ ve $x_n = 2$ için ve $n=8$ olarak kullanarak Boole yöntemi ile h.d.p. yaklaşımını yapalım ve hatayı verelim.
Çözüm: $a=1, b=2, n=8, h = (b-a)/n = \frac{2-1}{8} = \frac{1}{8} = 0.125$

$$\int_{x_0}^{x_n} f(x) dx \approx \frac{2h}{45} [7(f_0 + f_8) + 32(y_1 + y_3 + y_5 + y_7) \\ + 12(y_2 + y_6) + 14y_4]$$

$$= 0.6931 \quad \text{Boole yöntemi ile bulunur.}$$

$$\text{hata} = \text{abs}(0.6931 - \ln(2))$$

$$\int_1^2 \frac{dx}{x} = \ln(x) \Big|_1^2 = \ln(2) - \ln(1) = \ln(2) - 0 = \ln(2)$$

Örnek:

Boole yöntemi (2)

x	0	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4
f(x)	1	0.9975	0.9900	0.9776	0.8604

Tabloya göre Boole yöntemi ile $\int_{x_0=0}^{x_4} f(x) dx = ?$

Çözüm:

$$\int_{x_0}^{x_4} f(x) dx \approx \int_0^{0.4} f(x) dx \approx \frac{2h}{45} [7(f_0 + f_4) + 32(f_1 + f_3) + 12f_2]$$

$$= \frac{2 \cdot (\frac{1}{10})}{45} [7(1 + 0.8604) + 32(0.9975 + 0.9776) + 12 \cdot (0.99)] = \underline{\underline{0.39158}}$$

Boole yöntemiyle yapılan çözüm 0.39158 bulunur.

Örnekte $f(x) = 1 + e^{-x} \sin(4x)$ fonksiyonunu $[0, 1]$ aralığında Boole yöntemiyle $n=4$ olarak sonra h.d.p olarak yazılır.

Çözüm $n=4, a=0, b=1 \Rightarrow h = \frac{1-0}{4} = 0.25$

n	f(x)
0	1
0.25	1.6553
0.50	1.5515
0.75	1.0662
1	0.72159

$$\int_0^1 f(x) dx \approx \frac{2(\frac{1}{4})}{45} [7(f(0) + f(1)) + 32(f(0.25) + f(0.75)) + 12f(0.5)]$$

$$= \underline{\underline{1.30859}} \quad \text{bulunur.}$$

% Boole kuralı

$$a=0;$$

$$b=1;$$

$$n=4;$$

$$h=(b-a)/n;$$

$$X=a:h:b;$$

$$\text{for } i=1:(n+1)$$

$$f(i) = 1 + \exp(-x(i)) * \sin(4 * x(i));$$

end

$$[x', f']$$

$$\text{gercek} = (21 * \exp(1) - 4 * \cos(4) - \sin(4)) / (17 * \exp(1));$$

$$\text{Booles} = (2 * 1/45) * (7 * (f(1) + f(n+1))$$

$$+ 32 * \text{sum}(f(2:2:n))$$

$$+ 12 * \text{sum}(f(3:4:n))$$

$$+ 14 * \text{sum}(f(5:4:n)) \quad); \quad \leftarrow$$

$$\text{boole_hata} = \text{abs}(\text{gercek} - \text{Booles}) \quad \leftarrow$$

Ödev: 1) $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ fonk. $[1, 6]$ aralığında
 $n=8$ için Boole yöntemiyle 4-dp bulun

2) $\int_1^4 \ln(\ln(x+3)) dx$ için Boole yöntemiyle
 bulduran MATLAB prog. yazın

$$3) \int_0^4 e^x dx$$

$$5) \int_0^1 x^3 \sin x dx = 0.17709$$

$$4) \int_0^1 \sin(\sqrt{x}) dx$$

Boole Yöntemi

$$\int_{x_0}^{x_4} f(x) dx \approx \frac{2h}{45} [7f_0 + 3f_1 + 12f_2 + 32f_3 + 7f_4]$$

$$x_0 \rightarrow$$

$$x_1 = x_0 + h$$

$$x_2 = x_1 + h = x_0 + h + h = x_0 + 2h$$

$$x_3 = x_2 + h = x_0 + 2h + h = x_0 + 3h$$

$$x_4 = x_3 + h = x_0 + 3h + h = x_0 + 4h$$

$$E_n = -\frac{8}{945} h^7 f^{(6)}(c), \quad \underline{x_0 < c < x_4}$$