

Steffenson's Rule (Method)

Steffenson

Adım 1: $a < b$ için $f(a) \neq f(b) < 0$

Adım 2: $[a, b]$ aralığında $x_0 = \frac{a+b}{2}$

Adım 3: $f(x_0)$ ve $f(x_0 + f(x_0))$ bul

$$x_1 = x_0 - \frac{(f(x_0))^2}{f(x_0 + f(x_0)) - f(x_0)}$$

Adım 4: Eğer $f(x_1) = 0 \Rightarrow x_1$ bir köktür
- değilse
- değilse kök

$$x_0 = x_1$$

Adım 5: $f(x_1) = 0$ veya $|f(x_1)| \leq \epsilon$ oluncaya kadar
Adım 2 den Adım 4 - e kadar işlemi
tekrar et!

Örnek: $f(x) = x^3 - x - 1$ denkleminin bir kökünü bulmak için Steffenson yöntemi (metodu) ile bulunuz. 3. d-p

çözüm: $x^3 - x - 1 = 0$
 $f(x) = x^3 - x - 1$

x	0	1	2
	-1	-1	5

$$f(1) = -1 < 0 \quad f(a) \neq f(b) < 0$$

$$f(2) = 5 > 0$$

$$x_0 = \frac{1+2}{2} = 1.5$$

I. Iterasyon
 $f(x_0) = f(1.5) = (1.5)^3 - (1.5) - 1 = 0.875$

$$f(x_0 + f(x_0)) = f(1.5 + 0.875) = f(2.375) = 10.0215$$

$$x_1 = x_0 - \frac{(f(x_0))^2}{f(x_0 + f(x_0)) - f(x_0)} = 1.5 - \frac{(0.875)^2}{10.0215 - 0.875}$$

$$x_1 = 1.4163$$

II. Iteration:

Steffensen 2

$$f(x_1) = f(1.4163) = (1.4163)^3 - (1.4163) - 1 = 0.4246$$

$$f(x_1 + f(x_1)) = f(1.4163 + 0.4246) = 3.398$$

$$x_2 = x_1 - \frac{f(x_1)^2}{f(x_1 + f(x_1)) - f(x_1)} = 1.4163 - \frac{(0.4246)^2}{3.398 - 0.4246}$$

$$\underline{x_2 = 1.3557}$$

III. Iteration:

$$f(x_2) = f(1.3557) = 0.1357$$

$$f(x_2 + f(x_2)) = f(1.3557 + 0.1357) = 0.8259$$

$$x_3 = x_2 - \frac{f(x_2)^2}{f(x_2 + f(x_2)) - f(x_2)} = 1.3557 - \frac{(0.1357)^2}{0.8259 - 0.1357}$$

$$x_3 = 1.3289$$

IV. Iteration

$$f(x_3) = f(1.3289) = 0.0181$$

$$f(x_3 + f(x_3)) = f(1.3289 + 0.0181) = 0.0973$$

$$x_4 = x_3 - \frac{f(x_3)^2}{f(x_3 + f(x_3)) - f(x_3)} = 1.3289 - \frac{(0.0181)^2}{0.0973 - 0.0181} = 1.3248$$

V. Iteration:

$$f(x_4) = f(1.3248) = 0.0004$$

$$f(x_4 + f(x_4)) = f(1.3248 + 0.0004) = 0.0014$$

$$x_5 = x_4 - \frac{f(x_4)^2}{f(x_4 + f(x_4)) - f(x_4)} = 1.3248 - \frac{(0.0004)^2}{0.0014 - 0.0004} = 1.3247$$

$$f(x) = 2x^3 - 2x - 5, \quad [1, 2], \quad \text{Steffenson} \quad 3$$

$$f(1) = -5 < 0 \quad f(1) \times f(2) < 0$$

$$f(2) = 7 > 0$$

$$x_0 = \frac{1+2}{2} = \underline{1.5}$$

I. iterasyon:

$$f(x_0) = f(1.5) = -1.25$$

$$f(x_0 + f(x_0)) = f(1.5 + (-1.25)) = -5.4688$$

$$x_1 = x_0 - \frac{f(x_0)^2}{f(x_0 + f(x_0)) - f(x_0)} = 1.8704$$

II. iterasyon:

$$f(x_1) = f(1.8704) = 4.3454$$

$$f(x_1 + f(x_1)) = f(1.8704 + 4.3454) = 462.8792$$

$$x_2 = x_1 - \frac{f(x_1)^2}{f(x_1 + f(x_1)) - f(x_1)} = 1.8292$$

III. iterasyon:

$$f(x_2) = f(1.8292) = 3.5823$$

$$f(x_2 + f(x_2)) = f(1.8292 + 3.5823) = 301.1224$$

$$x_3 = x_2 - \frac{(f(x_2))^2}{f(x_2 + f(x_2)) - f(x_2)} = 1.8292 - \frac{(3.5823)^2}{301.1224 - 3.5823} = 1.7861$$

IV. iterasyon

$$f(x_3) = f(1.7861) = 2.823$$

$$f(x_3 + f(x_3)) = f(1.7861 + 2.823) = 181.6021$$

$$x_4 = x_3 - \frac{(f(x_3))^2}{f(x_3 + f(x_3)) - f(x_3)} = 1.7415$$

V. iterasyon:

V. iteration

$$f(x_4) = f(1.7415) = 2.0501$$

$$f(x_4 + f(x_4)) = f(1.7415 + 2.0501) = 98.978$$

$$x_5 = x_4 - \frac{(f(x_4))^2}{f(x_4 + f(x_4)) - f(x_4)} = 1.7415 - \frac{(2.0501)^2}{98.978 - 2.0501} = 1.6968$$

VI. iteration

$$f(x_5) = f(1.6968) = 1.3775$$

$$f(x_5 + f(x_5)) = f(1.6968 + 1.3775) = 46.9661$$

$$x_6 = x_5 - \frac{(f(x_5))^2}{f(x_5 + f(x_5)) - f(x_5)} = 1.6552$$

VII. iteration

$$f(x_6) = f(1.6552) = 0.7592$$

$$f(x_6 + f(x_6)) = f(1.6552 + 0.7592) = 18.32$$

$$x_7 = x_6 - \frac{(f(x_6))^2}{f(x_6 + f(x_6)) - f(x_6)} = 1.6224$$

$$\text{VIII. iteration} \Rightarrow x_8 = 1.6048$$

$$\text{IX. iteration} \Rightarrow x_9 = 1.6008$$

$$\text{X. iteration} \Rightarrow x_{10} = 1.6006$$

XI. iteration

$$f(x_{10}) = f(1.6006) = 0$$

$$f(x_{10} + f(x_{10})) = f(1.6006 + 0) = 0.0001$$

$$x_{11} = x_{10} - \frac{(f(x_{10}))^2}{f(x_{10} + f(x_{10})) - f(x_{10})} = 1.6006$$