Day 2: Loops



Objective

In this challenge, we practice looping over the characters of string. Check out the attached tutorial for more details.

Task

Complete the *vowelsAndConsonants* function in the editor below. It has one parameter, a string, s, consisting of lowercase English alphabetic letters (i.e., a through z). The function must do the following:

- 1. First, print each *vowel* in *s* on a new line. The English vowels are *a*, *e*, *i*, *o*, and *u*, and each vowel must be printed in the same order as it appeared in *s*.
- 2. Second, print each consonant (i.e., non-vowel) in s on a new line in the same order as it appeared in s

Input Format

Locked stub code in the editor reads string s from stdin and passes it to the function.

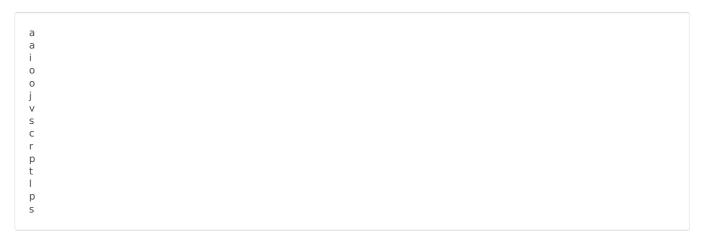
Output Format

First, print each *vowel* in *s* on a new line (in the same order as they appeared in *s*). Second, print each *consonant* (i.e., non-vowel) in *s* on a new line (in the same order as they appeared in *s*).

Sample Input 0

```
javascriptloops
```

Sample Output 0



Explanation 0

Observe the following:

- Each letter is printed on a new line.
- ullet Then the vowels are printed in the same order as they appeared in $oldsymbol{s}$.
- ullet Then the consonants are printed in the same order as they appeared in $oldsymbol{s}$.