# For Loop



A for loop is a programming language statement which allows code to be repeatedly executed.

The syntax for this is

```
for ( <expression_1> ; <expression_2> ; <expression_3> )
     <statement>
```

- expression\_1 is used for intializing variables which are generally used for controlling terminating flag for the loop.
- expression\_2 is used to check for the terminating condition. If this evaluates to false, then the loop is terminated.
- expression\_3 is generally used to update the flags/variables.

A sample loop will be

```
for(int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
...
}
```

### **Input Format**

You will be given two positive integers, a and b ( $a \le b$ ), separated by a newline.

#### **Output Format**

For each integer n in the interval [a, b]:

- If  $1 \le n \le 9$ , then print the English representation of it in lowercase. That is "one" for 1, "two" for 2, and so on.
- Else if n > 9 and it is an even numeber, then print "even".
- Else if n>9 and it is an odd number, then print "odd".

Note:  $[a,b] = \{x \in \mathbb{Z} \mid a \le x \le b\} = \{a, a+1, \ldots, b\}$ 

#### **Sample Input**

```
8
11
```

## **Sample Output**

```
eight
nine
even
odd
```