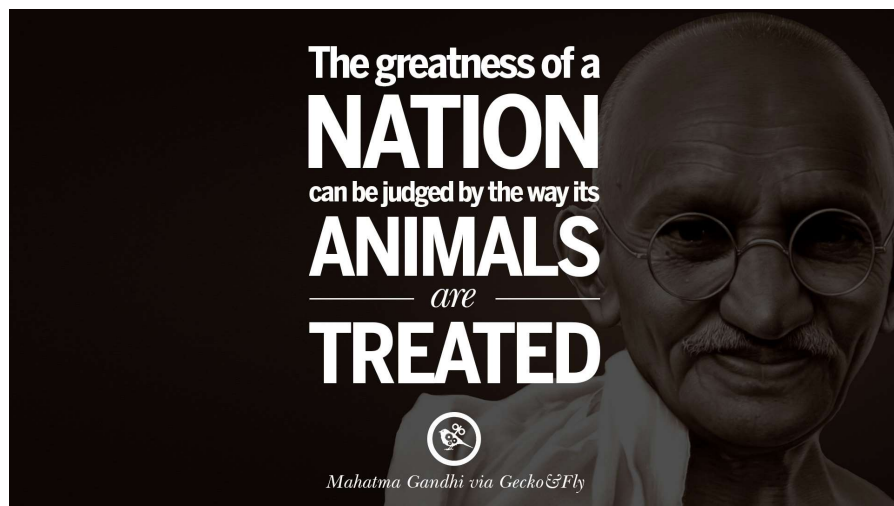


MAHATMA GHANDHI



Mahatma Gandhi about him in detail
Born on 2nd October 1869 in
Porbandar, at school gandhi was very
shy and a mediocre student. He was died
in 30 jan 1948

About the Gandhi Biography

■ Gandhi was the youngest child of his father fourth wife. His father **Karamchand Gandhi**, who was the dewan of porbandar. ■ At the age of 15, he was married as Hindhu He goes on to state that child marriage is not something he supports.

■ He was born and bred to not eat meat but a school friend who was strong and brave told gandhi that these traits were due to eating meat and convinced him to try some.

■ After passing his final school exam, Gandhi went to england to study law. He was given his mother permission by vowing not to touch wine, women or meat.

■ After 3 years in England, Gandhi passed his exam and became qualified to practice law.

■ He returned to india in the summer of 1981 to find that his mother had passed away while he was abroad.

■ He was due to cross examine a witness but his shyness rendered him speechless. He handed back his fee for the case and left Bombay, returning to Rajkot where Hiselder brother name **Tulsidas** lived and set up an office here.

■ In 1893, Gandhi has offered a contract from an indian firm who were involved in a case in south africa. Gandhi jumped at the chance of a new experience and seeing a new country and set off in April, leaving behind his wife and their now two children.

. ■ After several stops in such as Mombasa, Gandhi arrived in Natal in May. whilst in south africa gandhi suffered many prejudices such as being kicked out of first class on a train despite having a ticket and being asked to eat dinner in his room so as not to offend other hotel guest in restaurant all because of his color.

■ After travelling to pretoria, he met some christian friends and began to study christian religion but vowed not to embrace any other religion before he fully understood his own hinduism.

■ Mahatma Gandhi insightfully narrates takes

renders on a transformative journey **life** principles and **non violence philosophy** leaving an indelible mark on the world.

■ It was the year he spent in Pretoria that gave him a true knowledge in the legal practice and where he gained the confidence to be a successful lawyer. After winning the Indian company case, Gandhi returned to Durban in Natal.

■ There he assisted fellow Indians in opposing a bill that right to vote. He contributed a social activism by helping found in a Natal Indian Congress which helped the Indian community unite political force.

■ After three years in South Africa, he returned to India for six months to pick up his wife and two sons and brought them all back to Durban. On arrival to the port, Gandhi discovered that many of the white residents of Durban were not happy with him and he was charged with 1.

■ He made a statement saying he did not want to prosecute anyone who attacked him. Gandhi proved his innocence of both charges through being interviewed by the press and they declared him innocent.

■ He worked as editor of weekly newspaper, "**Indian Opinion**". Around this time Gandhi was strongly influenced by a book he read called "**Unto this last**" by John Ruskin.

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you want to see in the world