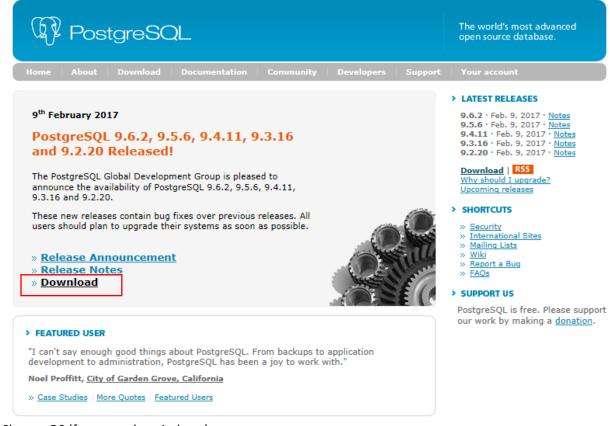
### Installing PostgreSQL on local machine

1. Go to <a href="https://www.postgresql.org/">https://www.postgresql.org/</a> and press download



2. Choose OS (for example: windows)

## Downloads

#### PostgreSQL Core Distribution

The core of the PostgreSQL object-relational database management system is available in several source and binary formats.

Binary packages

Pre-built binary packages are available for a number of different operating systems:

- BSD
  - FreeBSD
  - OpenBSD
- Linux
  - · Red Hat family Linux (including CentOS/Fedora/Scientific/Oracle variants)
  - · Debian GNU/Linux and derivatives
  - · <u>Ubuntu</u> Linux and derivatives
  - SuSE and OpenSuSE
  - Other Linux
- macOS
- Solaris
- Windows

3. Download EntrpriseDB installer

## Windows installers

#### Interactive installer by EnterpriseDB

Download the installer certified by EnterpriseDB for all supported PostgreSQL versions.

This installer includes the PostgreSQL server, pgAdmin; a graphical tool for managing and developing your databases, and StackBuilder; a package manager that can be used to download and install additional PostgreSQL tools and drivers. Stackbuilder includes management, integration, migration, replication, geospatial, connectors and other tools.

This installer can run in graphical or silent install modes.

The installer is designed to be a straightforward, fast way to get up and running with PostgreSQL on Windows.

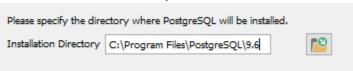
Advanced users can also download a zip archive of the binaries, without the installer. This download is intended for users who wish to include PostgreSQL as part of another application installer.

4. You'll be transferd to EnterpriseDB download site where you should choose the server version and the OS type

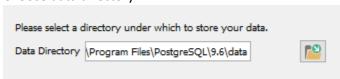




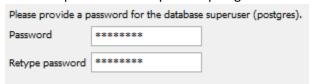
- 5. Download and run installer
- 6. Choose installation directory



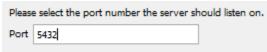
7. Choose data directory



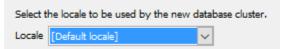
8. Provide a password for superuser postgres



9. Select the port the server listens on (default is 5432)



10. Select the locale for DB cluster as "default locale"



11. Install the software

Setup is now ready to begin installing PostgreSQL on your computer.

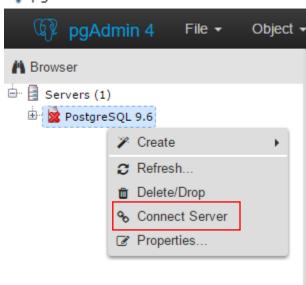
12. No need to Run Stack Builder, finish installation



# First sign in (as superuser)

- 1. Run pgAdmin (located under {installation directory}\pgAdmin 4\bin)
- 2. Connect to your server (right click on "PostgreSQL 9.6" and click "Connect Server"). Enter password for postgres user if prompted.





# **Create Database**

- 1. Right click on "databases" and choose "create"->"database"
- 2. Call the database "cs236363"



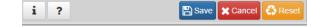
## Create user (for HW1 and HW2)

1. Right click on "Login/Group Roles"->"create"->"Login/Group Role".



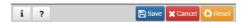
2. In the "general" tab, give your user a name (I used the name "java", for example)



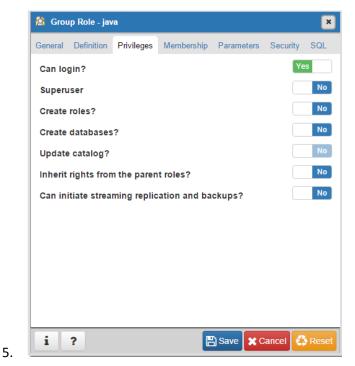


3. In the "definition" tab, give your user a password





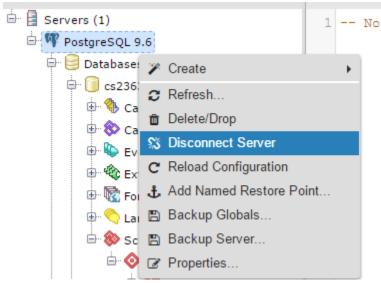
4. In "previliges" tab mark "can login" and umark "inherit rights from the parent roles?" and click save



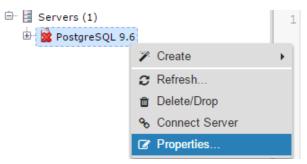
# Sign in as your user

Please sign in as your user to prevent any unnecessary mistakes, caused by superuser privileges.

1. Right click on "postgerSQLI 9.6" server and choose "disconnect server".



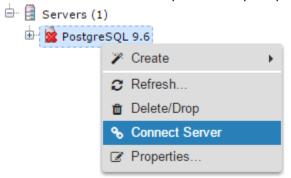
2. Right click on "PostgreSQL 9.6" server and choose "properties"



3. On the "connection" tab, change the user from "postgres" to your user name and save

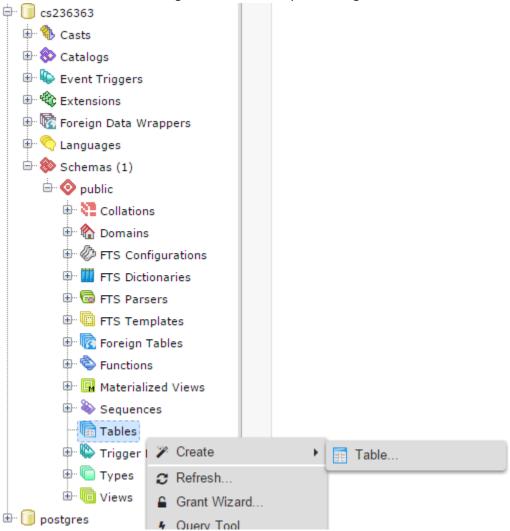


4. Connect to server and enter password if prompted

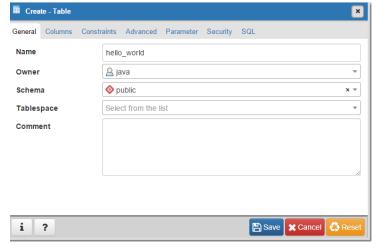


#### Hello world

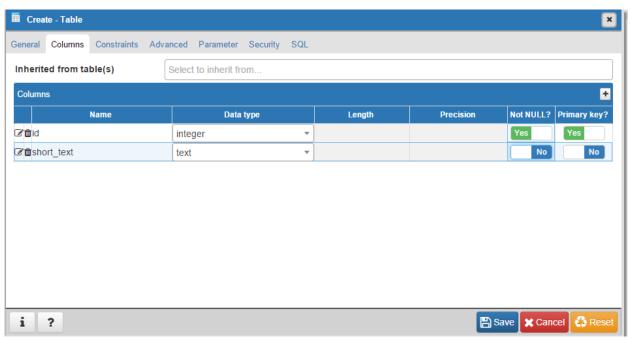
1. On the database "cs236363" go to "schemas"->"public"->right click on "tables"->"create table"



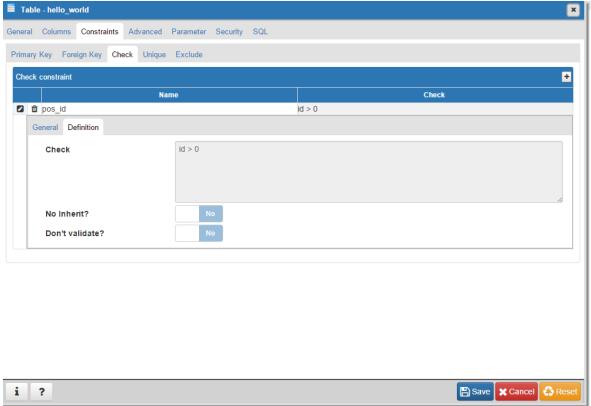
2. In the "general" tab, give your table a name



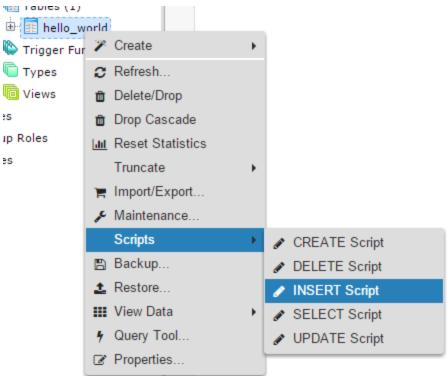
3. Create the columns you like with the "+" button



4. Notice that in the "Constrains" tab you can set everything we talked about in tutorial 1 (foreign keys, unique, check etc..)



- 5. When done, click save
- 6. Hint: right click on the table, and choosing scripts, will auto generate a script for you, for example, and insert script



## Result:

```
cs236363 on java@PostgreSQL 9.6

1 INSERT INTO public.hello_world(
2 id, short_text)
3 VALUES (?, ?);
```

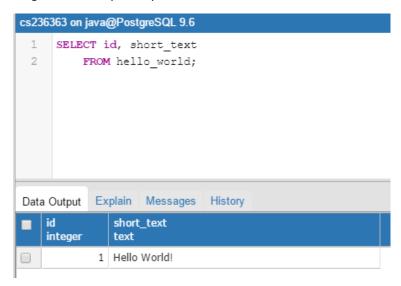
You just need to replace the "?" placeholders with valid values, and click the flash button

to execute.

```
cs236363 on java@PostgreSQL 9.6

1 INSERT INTO public.hello_world(
2 id, short_text)
3 VALUES (1, 'Hello World!');
```

Running a select script will yield the results



### **Troubleshooting**

- 1. In any case, do not waste your time. The course has a pool of virtual machines for your disposal already setup with the right environment for the HW.
  - a. Follow the instructions on <a href="http://cswp.cs.technion.ac.il/vdi-services/">http://cswp.cs.technion.ac.il/vdi-services/</a> install VMWare horizon and get access to your virtual machines, provided by the faculty. For students registered to the course the is a machine called "PostgresSQL".
  - b. Once you are in the machine and activated PGAdmin you can follow this manual, starting with **First sign in (as superuser)** with the superuser password: CS236363.
- 2. In rare cases some windows 10 users will encounter some difficulties in installation due to permissions error. Please contact the TA in charge in this case.