

Date :- 28/03/2022

Examination Roll No. :- 21312915017

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Name of Program :- B.Tech. (Information Tech. and Mathematical Innovation).

Semester :- 1st Sem.

Unique Paper Code :- 32861102

Title of the Paper :- Modeling continuous change through ordinary differential equation.

Solution - 5

$x(t) \rightarrow$ Population of deers.

$y(t) \rightarrow$ Population of rabbits.

We have,

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 5x - x^2 - xy$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = -2y + xy$$

On comparing with std. eqⁿs

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = a_1x - b_1x^2 - C_1xy \quad \& \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = a_2y - b_2y^2 - C_2xy$$

We have,

$$a_1 = 5 \quad ; \quad b_1 = 1 \quad ; \quad C_1 = 1$$

$$a_2 = -2 \quad ; \quad b_2 = 0 \quad ; \quad C_2 = -1$$

$$C_1 \cdot C_2 = -1$$

$$b_1 \cdot b_2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow b_1 \cdot b_2 > C_1 \cdot C_2$$

\Rightarrow This is case of Peaceful co-existence of 2 species.
Now, Finding the Critical Points.

$$5x - x^2 - xy = 0$$

$$x(5 - x - y) = 0$$

&

$$-2y + xy = 0$$

$$y(x - 2) = 0$$

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(2)

• $x=0$, $y=0$. $\Rightarrow (0,0)$

• $5-x-y=0$ & $(x-2)=0$
 $5-2-y=0$
 $y=3$ $\Rightarrow (2,3)$
 $x=2$

• $5-x-y=0$ & $y=0$
 $x=5$ $\Rightarrow (5,0)$

Critical Points are,

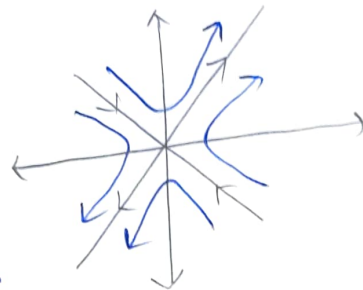
$(0,0)$, $(2,3)$, $(5,0)$.

$\rightarrow J(x,y) = \begin{bmatrix} 5-2x-y & -x \\ -y & -2+x \end{bmatrix}$

(i) $J(0,0) = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$

$\lambda_1 = 5$ $\lambda_2 = -2$

$\Rightarrow (0,0)$ is a saddle Point.



(ii) $J(2,3) = \begin{bmatrix} 5-4-3 & -2 \\ -3 & -2+2 \end{bmatrix}$

$= \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -2 \\ -3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

$(-2-\lambda)(0-\lambda) - (-3)(-2) = 0$

$\lambda^2 + 2\lambda - 6 = 0$

$\lambda = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{4 - 4(-6)}}{2}$

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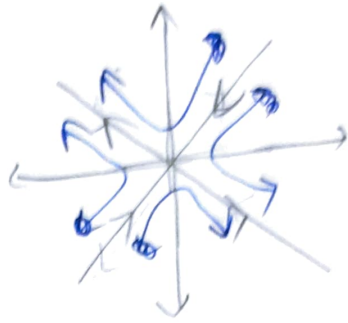
③

$$\Rightarrow \lambda = -2 \pm \sqrt{4+24}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{-2 \pm 2\sqrt{7}}{2}$$

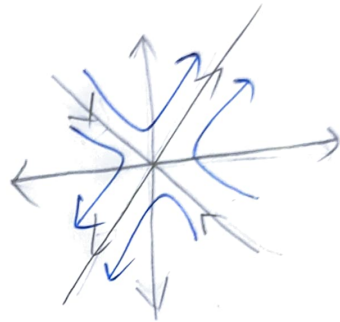
$$\lambda_1 = -1 + \sqrt{7} > 0$$

$$\lambda_2 = -1 - \sqrt{7} < 0$$



$\Rightarrow (2, 3)$ is a Saddle Point.

$$(ii) J(5,0) = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & -5 \\ 0 & +3 \end{bmatrix}$$



$\lambda_1 = -5, \lambda_2 = +3$
 $(5,0)$ is a saddle Point.

