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Deconstructing Machines.

Solution 5

$$U = e \left[\left(\frac{r_0}{r} \right)^{12} - 2 \left(\frac{r_0}{r} \right)^6 \right] \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$\frac{dU}{dr} = e \left[\left(-12 \frac{r_0^{12}}{r^{13}} \right) - \left(2(-6) \cdot \frac{r_0^6}{r^7} \right) \right] \quad \text{--- (11)}$$

$$= e \left[-12 \left(\frac{r_0}{r} \right)^{12} \frac{1}{r} + 12 \left(\frac{r_0}{r} \right)^6 \frac{1}{r} \right]$$

$$\frac{dU}{dr} = 12 e \left(\frac{r_0}{r} \right)^6 \frac{1}{r} \left[- \left(\frac{r_0}{r} \right)^6 + 1 \right] \quad \text{--- (12)}$$

For extrema (i.e., minima)

$$\frac{dU}{dr} = 0$$

$$= 12 e \left(\frac{r_0}{r} \right)^6 \left(- \left(\frac{r_0}{r} \right)^6 + 1 \right) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(1 - \left(\frac{r_0}{r} \right)^6 \right) = 0$$

$$= \left(\frac{r_0}{r} \right)^6 = 1 \Rightarrow \boxed{r_0 = r}$$

Substituting $(r_0 = r)$ in eq (1)

$$U = e \left[\left(\frac{r_0}{r_0} \right)^{12} - 2 \left(\frac{r_0}{r_0} \right)^6 \right] = e(1-2)$$

$$\boxed{U_{\min} = -e}$$

Ans

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(2)

On differentiating eq (1)

$$\frac{d^2 U}{dr^2} = e \left[\frac{(-12)(-13)r_0^{12}}{r^{14}} + \frac{12(-7)r_0^6}{r^8} \right]$$

$$\frac{d^2 U}{dr^2} = e \left[\frac{156 r_0^{12}}{r^{14}} - \frac{84 r_0^6}{r^8} \right]$$

$$\frac{d^2 U}{dr^2} = \frac{12e r_0^6}{r^8} \left[\frac{13 r_0^6}{r^6} - 7 \right]$$

$$\left. \frac{d^2 U}{dr^2} \right|_{r=r_0} = \frac{12e r_0^6}{r_0^8} \left[\frac{13 r_0^6}{r_0^6} - 7 \right]$$

$$= \frac{12e \times 6}{r_0^2}$$

$$\boxed{K = \frac{72e}{r_0^2}}$$

→ frequency of oscillation.

we have

$$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{K}{\mu}} \quad \text{where } \mu = \frac{m_1 m_2}{m_1 + m_2} \text{ for } m_1 = m_2 = m.$$

$$\mu = \frac{m}{2}.$$

$$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{\frac{72e}{r_0^2} \times 2}{m}}$$

$$T = 2\pi \frac{12}{r_0} \sqrt{\frac{e}{m}}$$

$$\Rightarrow f = \frac{1}{T}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{f = \frac{r_0}{24\pi} \sqrt{\frac{m}{e}}}$$