

1 Solution Requirements

1.1 User Accounts

1.1.1 Account Registration

Type	Functional
Description	New users must be able to create an account which is stored on the server.
Priority	High
Input	The user will give a username, email address and password.
Operations	The server will check that the username and password conform to any length and composition restraints, the email is structured correctly, and that the username and email address are both unique.
Expected Results	If the given information is valid, a new account with the details entered by the user will be stored.

1.1.2 Account Activation

Type	Functional
Description	New accounts must have their email addresses verified with a verification email. The account will not be 'active' - it will not provide access to restricted resources - until the user verifies their email.
Priority	Medium
Pre-conditions	Account Registration
Input	The user will click a link on the verification email to activate the account.
Operations	The server will check to see if the account has already been activated, or if the account has expired because it had not been activated for an amount of time.
Expected Results	The account will be marked as active if the account exists and has not yet been activated. If the account is not activated within a set amount of time of the email being sent, the account is removed from the system.

1.1.3 Administrator Accounts

Type	Functional
Description	It must be possible to mark an account as being owned by an Administrator. These accounts will be authorised to perform more actions than normal user accounts.
Priority	Medium
Pre-conditions	Account Registration
Expected Results	An account marked as being an Administrator account will have additional abilities as defined by later requirements.

1.1.4 Resend Activation Email

Type	Functional
Description	A user must be able to request that the activation email is resent. This will invalidate the previously sent email.
Priority	Low
Pre-conditions	Account Activation
Input	The user will supply their email address, which is where the activation email will be sent.
Operations	The server will check that the email address is registered to an existing account that is not already active.
Expected Results	If the email is registered to an inactivated account, an activation email is sent to the user with a link to activate the account.

1.1.5 User Authentication

Type	Functional
Description	A user with an activated account must be able to authenticate themselves in order to access resources restricted to account owners.
Priority	High
Pre-conditions	Account Registration
Input	The user will give their username and password.
Operations	The server will look for an account in the database which matches the username and password provided.
Expected Results	If a matching account is found, the user is authenticated as the account owner and they may access some otherwise restricted parts of the system. Otherwise, the user will be informed that the credentials that they supplied are incorrect.

1.1.6 Account Removal

Type	Functional
Description	An authenticated user must be able to request the deletion of that account along with all personal data. This request must be confirmed by the user through a confirmation email within a week.
Priority	Medium
Pre-conditions	User Authentication
Input	The user will need to be authenticated and also click on a link in a confirmation email.
Operations	The request will only be fulfilled when the user has clicked a link in a confirmation email that was sent when they initiated the request and it has been under a week since it was sent.
Expected Results	When the user has confirmed the action, their account will be deleted from the server along with any related personal data.

1.1.7 Administrator Account Removal

Type	Functional
Description	A user authenticated as an administrator must be able to delete any non-administrator account.
Priority	Medium
Pre-conditions	Administrator Accounts
Input	The administrator will select which account they wish to delete.
Operations	The server will check that the selected account exists and the user making the request is an authenticated administrator.
Expected Results	The selected account will be removed from the system.

1.1.8 Password Reset

Type	Functional
Description	A user should be able to request to reset their password. They do not need to be authenticated to do so. Upon initiating the request, an email will be sent to confirm the action and allow them to choose a new password.
Priority	Low
Pre-conditions	Account Registration
Input	The user will enter their email address.
Operations	The given email address will be checked to see if it is registered to a user account.
Expected Results	If the email address does not match an account, the user is informed with a message. Otherwise, an email will be sent to the given email address containing a link to reset their password.

1.1.9 Creating Accounts

Type	Non - Functional
Description	A user new to the application must be able to create an account in 5 minutes or less, excluding activation time.

1.1.10 Identifying Invalid Account Creation

Type	Non - Functional
Description	Should the information provided by a new user when creating an account be invalid, they must be able to identify the exact reason why their input was incorrect without assistance.

1.1.11 Activation Email

Type	Non - Functional
Description	After creating an account or requesting an activation email to be resent, an activation email must have been sent to them within a minute.

1.1.12 Activating Accounts

Type	Non - Functional
Description	A user with an inactive account, when clicking the link on a valid activation email, must have their account become active within a minute.

1.1.13 Ease of Account Creation

Type	Non - Functional
Description	A user with no experience of the system but with at least basic knowledge of operating a computer must be able to create an account including activation unassisted.

1.1.14 Authentication Response

Type	Non - Functional
Description	Assuming a user has an internet connection and they give the username and password that corresponds to their existing account, they must be able to authenticate themselves in under 30 seconds after submitting their credentials.

1.1.15 Identifying Authentication Failure Cause

Type	Non - Functional
Description	Should authentication fail due to incorrect credentials, a user new to the system should be able to identify the reason why without assistance.

1.1.16 Account Removal Email

Type	Non - Functional
Description	When a user requests for their account to be removed, an email to confirm the action must be sent to them within a minute.

1.1.17 Account Removal Confirmation

Type	Non - Functional
Description	Upon the confirmation of a account removal email, a user's account and all information associated with it must be removed within a minute.

1.1.18 Administrator Account Removal

Type	Non - Functional
Description	When an administrator requests for the removal of a user's account, that account must be removed along with all information related to that account within a minute.

1.1.19 Password Reset Confirmation

Type	Non - Functional
Description	When a user requests for their password to be reset, a confirmation email will be sent to them within a minute.

1.1.20 Identifying Password Reset Failure Cause

Type	Non - Functional
Description	Should the new password entered by a user be invalid, or should the server be unable to update the password, a new user must be able to identify the reason without assistance.

1.1.21 Password Reset Updating

Type	Non - Functional
Description	When a user has chosen a new password, the new password will become the active password of the account within 10 seconds.

1.2 Game Mechanics

1.2.1 Account Balance

Type	Functional
Description	Each user account must have a point balance associated with it. When authenticated, the user that owns the account must be able to view the balance at any time.
Priority	High
Pre-conditions	Account Registration
Operations	The server will check that the user is authenticated.
Expected Results	An authenticated user will be able to view their account balance.

1.2.2 Account Transactions

Type	Functional
Description	It must be possible for points to be added and removed from a user's account balance by other components of the system.
Priority	High
Pre-conditions	Account Balance
Input	The amount of points to be added or removed is specified.
Operations	A withdrawal transaction will not occur if the number of points to remove exceeds the number of points stored in the account.
Expected Results	When a withdrawal or deposit occurs, the updated amount of points in the account will be updated immediately.

1.2.3 Cache Ownership

Type	Functional
Description	A cache is able to be owned by at most one user at a time. Users must be able to see which caches are owned, and who owns them.
Priority	High
Pre-conditions	Account Registration
Input	A user makes a request to view the owner of a cache.
Operations	The server will check to see if the cache has an owner.
Expected Results	If the cache has an owner, the current owner will be displayed.

1.2.4 Cache Balance

Type	Functional
Description	A cache must have a point balance associated with it, which must be visible to authorised users, including the owner of the cache, when requested.
Priority	High
Input	A user makes a request to view the point balance of a cache.
Operations	The server checks to see if the user is authorized to view the point balance of the cache.
Expected Results	The balance of a cache will be displayed to authorised users when requested.

1.2.5 Cache Transactions

Type	Functional
Description	It must be possible for points be added or removed from the cache by other components of the system.
Priority	High
Pre-conditions	Cache Balance
Input	When points are being added or removed, the amount is specified.
Operations	A withdrawal transaction will not occur if the number of points to remove exceeds the number of points stored in the cache.
Expected Results	When a withdrawal or deposit occurs, the updated amount of points in the cache will be visible to authorised users when requested.

1.2.6 Cache Withdrawal

Type	Functional
Description	The owner of a cache must be able to transfer points from the cache to their account when they physically visit the location of the cache. An owned cache becomes unowned if the owning user withdraws all points from the cache.
Priority	High
Pre-conditions	Account Balance, Cache Balance
Input	The user will specify how many points to withdraw.
Operations	The server will check to see if the user performing the transaction is within a given radius of the cache. The server will also check to ensure the point balance of the cache has at least the number they wish to withdraw.
Expected Results	If the user is not within a given radius of the cache or the cache has less points stored in it than the requested amount to withdraw, the user will be informed and the transaction will not occur. Otherwise, the cache and user account balances are updated after the transaction. If a withdrawal leaves a cache empty then the cache is marked as unowned.

1.2.7 Cache Depositing

Type	Functional
Description	When they physically visit the location of a cache that is owned by them or does not have an owned, a user must be able to transfer points to the cache from their account. After transferring one or more points to an unowned cache, the unowned cache will become owned by the user.
Priority	High
Pre-conditions	Account Balance, Cache Balance
Input	The user will specify how many points to deposit.
Operations	The server will check to see if the user performing the transaction is within a given radius of the cache. The server also checks to see if the user has enough points.
Expected Results	If the user is not within a given radius of the cache or the user owns less points than they requested to deposit, the use is informed and the transaction does not occur. Otherwise the cache and user account balances are updated after the transaction. If a deposit leaves a previously empty cache populated then the cache is marked as owned.

1.2.8 Cache Placement Cost

Type	Functional
Description	When placing a cache, a number of points must be deducted from the user's account balance.
Priority	High
Pre-conditions	Account Balance, Cache Placement
Input	A user attempts to place a cache.
Operations	The server will check to see if the user has enough points in their account to place the cache.
Expected Results	If the user can afford it, the cache is placed and points are removed from the placing user's account.

1.2.9 Cache Scouting

Type	Functional
Description	If a user physically visits the location of a cache owned by a different user, they must be able to view the current point balance of that cache.
Priority	Medium
Pre-conditions	Find Location, Cache Balance
Input	The location of the user is supplied.
Operations	The distance of the user from the cache is checked to ensure they are sufficiently near the cache.
Expected Results	If the user is within a given radius of the cache, they will be shown the number of points that is stored in the cache.

1.2.10 Cache Attacking

Type	Functional
Description	After scouting a cache, a user must be given the option to trigger an attack on that cache using points from their account.
Priority	High
Pre-conditions	Cache Scouting
Input	The attacker chooses how many points from their account they will attack with.
Operations	The server checks that the attacker's distance to the cache is less than a given radius, and has input a number of points between one and the number of points in their account. The server will decide which party survives the encounter, and how many points they lost in the conflict.
Expected Results	If the request was valid, an attack is initiated on the cache by that user with the specified number of points.

1.2.11 Successful Attack

Type	Functional
Description	If the attacker wins, the ownership of the cache must pass to them. All defending points will be lost, and the surviving attacking points will be transferred to the balance of the cache.
Priority	High
Pre-conditions	Cache Attacking
Expected Results	The surviving points from their attack will be moved to the cache's point balance, and the cache becomes owned by the attacker.

1.2.12 Successful Defence

Type	Functional
Description	If the defender wins, the cache must remain theirs. All attacking points are lost, and the surviving defenders remain in the cache.
Priority	High
Pre-conditions	Cache Attacking
Expected Results	The surviving defenders remain in the cache, which remains owned by the defending user.

1.2.13 Battle Breakdown

Type	Functional
Description	After an attack on a cache, the attacking user will be able to view a breakdown of the results of the attack.
Priority	Low
Pre-conditions	Cache Attacking
Input	An attack on a cache has concluded.
Operations	The server will provide information such as the number of units lost by each side, and the reward for winning if the attacker was victorious.
Expected Results	A breakdown of the results of the battle will be displayed to the attacking user.

1.2.14 Cache Operation Chronology

Type	Functional
Description	All operations on a given cache (transactions, attacks and deletions) must occur in chronological order in respect to when they were received by the server.
Priority	High
Pre-conditions	Cache Transactions, Cache Attacking
Input	An operation on a cache performed by a user or administrator.
Operations	The server will only process one request concerning operations on a cache at time.
Expected Results	An operation will not be initiated until all previously received requests concerning operations on that cache have been completed.

1.2.15 Point Generation

Type	Functional
Description	Points must be periodically supplied to each user based on their current performance in the game.
Priority	High
Pre-conditions	Account Balance
Input	The point allocation system will use a user's current cache number, the events of recent battles involving the user, and other relevant data.
Operations	The server will use the given information to decide how many points to give the user.
Expected Results	Each user will periodically receive points based on their performance in the game.

1.2.16 Administrator Placed Caches

Type	Functional
Description	It must be possible for administrators to place caches without needing to be at the location. These caches behave as normal, and the administrator can place it with as many points in them as they wish, including none.
Priority	Medium
Pre-conditions	Cache Attacking
Input	Administrators will specify the longitude and latitude of a new cache to place, along with how many points will be stored there.
Operations	The server will validate the location given and if the number of units placed is non-negative.
Expected Results	The cache will immediately be placed at the given location with the specified number of points in its balance.

1.2.17 Non-Player Caches

Type	Functional
Description	It must be possible for administrators to place caches which may be attacked by users, but not claimed after a victory.
Priority	Medium
Pre-conditions	Cache Attacking
Input	Administrators will specify the longitude and latitude of a new cache to place, along with how many points will be stored there.
Operations	The server will validate the location given and the point balance given is non-negative.
Expected Results	The cache will immediately be placed at the given location with the specified number of points in its balance.

1.2.18 Attacking Non-Player Caches

Type	Functional
Description	A user attacking a non-player cache must receive a number of points if they are victorious, but it will not become theirs. After the victory, the number of points in the cache balance should be reset.
Priority	Medium
Pre-conditions	Non-Player Caches
Input	Users may trigger an attack in the same way as they would on a user controlled cache.
Operations	The process for deciding the outcome of an attack on a non-player cache will take the same form as one on a user cache. Each attack is treated as a separate instance and each user will have to wait a period of time before they can attack the same non-player cache again.
Expected Results	The attacking player will receive a point reward directly to their account if they are deemed to have won the battle, and the point balance in the cache will be reset.

1.2.19 Scouting Non-Player Caches

Type	Functional
Description	If a user that has attacked a non-player cache and the minimum delay between attacks on a non-player cache has not elapsed for that cache, the user will not be allowed to scout (and by extension, attack) the cache.
Priority	Medium
Pre-conditions	Attacking Non-Player Caches
Input	A user attempts to scout a non-player cache that they attacked a period of time ago that is less than the minimum amount of time that they must wait in between attacking non-player caches.
Operations	The server will check the amount of time since that user last attacked the cache (if at all).
Expected Results	If the user has never attacked that cache, or the time since the last attack is greater than the amount of time a user must wait between attacks on a non-player cache, they are able to scout the cache as normal. Otherwise they cannot.

1.2.20 Special Event Placement

Type	Functional
Description	It should be possible for administrators to define areas by the MAC address of a nearby wireless network. This area will define a collection point for a one-time-only reward which will be limited to a given number of users.
Priority	Low
Pre-conditions	Find MAC Address
Input	Administrators will specify the MAC address of the new cache, the reward, and how many users may claim that reward.
Operations	The server will validate that the given address is a valid MAC address, and that the reward and number of users which can claim it are greater than zero.
Expected Results	A new special event area will be available for users to be notified of and claim rewards from.

1.2.21 Special Event Rewards

Type	Functional
Description	When a user enters the effective range of a wireless network whose MAC address has been designated as a special event placement, they must be able to claim a reward from it. If it is still available, they will receive points directly to their account balance.
Priority	Low
Pre-conditions	Special Event Placement
Input	A user claims a reward at a given wireless network.
Operations	The server will check to see if the reward is still available.
Expected Results	If the reward is still available, a user can claim the reward. The value is credited directly to their point balance and the special event area is removed after the reward has been claimed by a designated number of users.

1.2.22 Cache Reporting

Type	Functional
Description	Users should have the ability to mark a cache as being placed unfairly. Administrators will be alerted to the reported cache.
Priority	Medium
Pre-conditions	Cache Placement
Input	A user will select a cache that they wish to report.
Operations	The server will check that the cache is not owned by the user themselves, has not already been reported, and is not a non-player cache.
Expected Results	If the report is valid, an administrator will be alerted to the reported cache, with information including the owner, location, and who reported it.

1.2.23 Administrator Cache Deletion

Type	Functional
Description	Administrators must have the ability to delete any cache from the system.
Priority	Medium
Pre-conditions	Administrator Accounts
Input	An administrator will select a cache that they wish to remove from the system.
Operations	The server will check that the selected cache exists and that the user making the request is an authenticated administrator.
Expected Results	The selected cache will be deleted from the server and will no longer be visible to users.

1.2.24 Account Deletion Cache Removal

Type	Functional
Description	When a player account is removed from the system, all caches owned by them must also be deleted.
Priority	Medium
Pre-conditions	Cache Ownership, Account Removal
Input	The process will be triggered by a user account being removed
Operations	The server will find all caches owned by that account.
Expected Results	All caches owned by the deleted player will be removed from the system.

1.2.25 Identifying Point Balance

Type	Non - Functional
Description	A new user, once authenticated into an activated account, must be able to identify their account balance without assistance.

1.2.26 Account Transactions

Type	Non - Functional
Description	Transactions that occur on a user's account balance must take effect within 5 seconds of the transaction request being received by the server.

1.2.27 Cache Ownership Request

Type	Non - Functional
Description	When requested, the owner of a cache must be displayed within 20 seconds.

1.2.28 Identifying Cache Ownership

Type	Non - Functional
Description	A new user authenticated into an active account must be able to identify the owner of a displayed cache without assistance.

1.2.29 Identifying Classification of Caches

Type	Non - Functional
Description	A new user must be able to identify what classification of cache (user owned, self owned, unowned or non-player) a cache is within 10 seconds of viewing a cache on the map.

1.2.30 Identifying Point Balance

Type	Non - Functional
Description	A new user, once authenticated into an activated account, must be able to identify the point balance of a cache that they are authorised to view without assistance.

1.2.31 Point Balance Response

Type	Non - Functional
Description	Upon an authorised request by an authenticated user to view the point balance of a cache, the cache balance must be displayed within 20 seconds.

1.2.32 Cache Transactions

Type	Non - Functional
Description	Transactions that occur on a cache's point balance must take effect within 5 seconds of the transaction request being received by the server.

1.2.33 Identifying Cache Transaction Limits

Type	Non - Functional
Description	When attempting to withdrawing or deposit points at a cache that they own, a new user who is authenticated into an activated account will be able to identify how many points they can withdraw or deposit without assistance.

1.2.34 Identifying Cache Transaction Failure Causes

Type	Non - Functional
Description	In all cache transactions, if a new user or administrator exceeds the number of points they are allowed to enter, they must be able to identify the reason why the transaction has not occurred without assistance.

1.2.35 Identifying Cache Placement Cost

Type	Non - Functional
Description	When selecting a location for a new cache to be placed, an authorised new user must be able to identify the cost of the placement without assistance.

1.2.36 Identifying Defending Points

Type	Non - Functional
Description	Upon an authorised request to scout a cache, a new user will be able to identify how many points are stored in the cache without assistance.

1.2.37 Identifying Ability to Attack

Type	Non - Functional
Description	A new user who makes an authorised request to scout a cache will be able to identify how to initiate an attack on that cache without assistance.

1.2.38 Identify Maximum Attacking Points

Type	Non - Functional
Description	When attempting to attack a scouted cache, a new user must be able to identify the maximum number of points that they can attack with without assistance.

1.2.39 Selecting Attacking Points

Type	Non - Functional
Description	When attempting to attack a scouted cache, a new user must be able to input an exact number of points to attack with within 5 seconds.

1.2.40 Displaying Attack Result

Type	Non - Functional
Description	After an attack, the result of the battle must be displayed to the attacking user within 20 seconds.

1.2.41 Updating Attack Effects

Type	Non - Functional
Description	After an attack, the resulting effects such as removal of defending points and/or transferral of ownership of the attacked cache must be registered on the server within 5 seconds.

1.2.42 Identifying Points Lost

Type	Non - Functional
Description	After attacking a cache, a new user must be able to identify how many points they and their opponent lost in the attack without assistance.

1.2.43 Identifying Victory Points

Type	Non - Functional
Description	After attacking a cache and being victorious, a new user must be able to identify how many points they received without assistance.

1.2.44 Administrator Cache Placement

Type	Non - Functional
Description	An administrator placed cache must be stored on the server ready to be viewed by users in under 10 seconds.

1.2.45 Identifying Cache Proximity

Type	Non - Functional
Description	A new user should be able to identify when they are close enough to a cache to interact with it without assistance.

1.2.46 Identifying Administrator Cache Limits

Type	Non - Functional
Description	A new administrator must be able to identify the minimum number of points they can assign to a new administrator placed cache when attempting to place an administrator placed cache without assistance.

1.2.47 Identifying Attack Net Profit

Type	Non - Functional
Description	After attacking a cache, a new user must be able to identify their total point gains or losses without assistance.

1.2.48 Identifying Non-Player Cache Scouting Failure Cause

Type	Non - Functional
Description	When a new user attempts to attack a non-player cache before the minimum delay between attacks since their last attack has elapsed, they must be able to identify the reason why the attack did not occur without assistance.

1.2.49 Special Event Placement

Type	Non - Functional
Description	A special event placement definition must be stored on the server in under 10 seconds.

1.2.50 Special Event Reward Claiming

Type	Non - Functional
Description	When a user claims a special event reward, the point value of the reward should be added to their account balance in less than 10 seconds.

1.2.51 Special Event Visibility

Type	Non - Functional
Description	A new user with the mobile application active must be able to recognise if they are in the effective range of a wireless network that is currently the host of a special event without assistance.

1.2.52 Cache Reporting

Type	Non - Functional
Description	When a cache has been reported by a user, an alert must be visible to administrators in less than 30 seconds.

1.2.53 Administrator Cache Removal

Type	Non - Functional
Description	When an administrator deletes a cache, the cache must be removed from the server within 10 seconds.

1.2.54 Automatic Cache Removal

Type	Non - Functional
Description	When an account is removed from the server, all caches owned by that account must be removed within 10 seconds.

1.3 Application

1.3.1 Display Location

Type	Functional
Description	The application must allow the user to have displayed to them their current location in the context of a map provided by the Google Maps API.
Priority	High
Pre-conditions	Find Location
Input	The user will request for the Google Maps API powered map to navigate to their current location.
Operations	The application will check to see if the user has an Internet connection and that their GPS antenna is enabled.
Expected Results	If the user has an internet connection and their GPS antenna is enabled, the application will show the user's location on a map provided by the Google Maps API.

1.3.2 Nearby Caches

Type	Functional
Description	The application must be able to show the user, on the map, the locations of caches near to a specified location.
Priority	High
Pre-conditions	Find Location, Display Location, Server Connectivity
Input	The user will request to see the locations of caches near to a specified position.
Operations	The application will check that the device's GPS antenna is enabled and there is Internet connectivity. If there is a connection and the antenna is enabled, the application will send a request to the Server for a list of coordinates of caches near to the specified position.
Expected Results	The application will mark on the map, provided by the Google Maps API, all caches near to the specified position.

1.3.3 Map Zooming

Type	Functional
Description	The application should allow the user to view a larger or smaller area of the map.
Priority	Medium
Pre-conditions	Nearby Caches
Input	The user will be able to specify the 'zoom level'.
Operations	The application will ensure that the specified zoom level is within defined limits, and if so will request from the server a list of caches within the portion of the map that is currently visible.
Expected Results	The map is displayed at different levels of zoom, as specified by the user, along with any caches that should be visible at that level of zoom.

1.3.4 Path Finding

Type	Functional
Description	The application should allow the user to view a path between the user's current position and a target cache they specify.
Priority	Low
Pre-conditions	Find Location, Display Location, Nearby Caches
Input	The user will select which cache they want to navigate to.
Operations	The application will use the Google Directions API to find a path to the target cache.
Expected Results	A path will be drawn on a map to show which route to take.

1.3.5 Cache Placement

Type	Functional
Description	The application must allow the user to request the placement of a cache at their current location.
Priority	High
Pre-conditions	Find Location, Server Connectivity
Input	The user will trigger a request to place a cache at their current position.
Operations	The server will validate the request to place a new cache.
Expected Results	The application will send a cache placement request to the central server, and if it is successful all users will be able to see the new cache.

1.4 Peripheral Functionality

1.4.1 User Communication

Type	Functional
Description	Users may be able to send messages to other users.
Priority	Low
Pre-conditions	User Accounts
Input	An authenticated user will specify the message subject, and the message to send.
Operations	The server will check that the subject and message body are not empty.
Expected Results	A message will be created which is visible to all intended recipients.

1.4.2 Communication Reporting

Type	Functional
Description	Users should have the ability to report communications sent between users as being inappropriate. Administrators will be alerted to the reported communication.
Priority	Low
Pre-conditions	User Communication
Input	The user will specify which message to report.
Expected Results	An administrator will be alerted to the reported message, including information such as the sender, message content and who reported it.

1.4.3 Activity Recording

Type	Functional
Description	Any game activity performed by a registered user should be recorded and can be viewed by that user when requested. Users will also be able to view activities by other users which have a direct effect on them.
Priority	Medium
Pre-conditions	User Accounts
Input	A user can request the activities that have occurred since a specified time and date.
Operations	The server will locate all activities related to that user since they time they gave.
Expected Results	Any activities that occurred since the given time and date will be displayed to the user.

1.4.4 Website

Type	Functional
Description	There must be a website that is accessible by users.
Priority	Medium
Pre-conditions	User Accounts
Input	A user will make a request to access a certain page of the website through a web browser.
Operations	The server will provide the requested page if it exists.
Expected Results	A user will be able to view a requested web page if it exists.

1.4.5 Website Authentication

Type	Functional
Description	A user must be able to authenticate themselves to their account through the website to be able to access restricted content on the site.
Priority	Medium
Pre-conditions	Website, User Authentication
Input	The user will give their username and password.
Operations	The server will look for an account in the database which matches the username and password provided.
Expected Results	If a matching account is found, the user is authenticated as the account owner and they may access some otherwise restricted parts of the website. Otherwise, the user will be informed that the credentials that they supplied are incorrect.

1.4.6 Viewing Owned Caches

Type	Functional
Description	A user, when authenticated on the website, must be able to view a list of all caches that are currently owned by them, and details about each one, including the number of points stored inside and its location.
Priority	Medium
Pre-conditions	Website Authentication, Cache Ownership
Input	A user will request to view the web page containing a list of the caches they own.
Operations	The server will ensure the user is authenticated.
Expected Results	If the user is authenticated, a web page containing a list of all caches owned by that user's account is displayed.

1.4.7 Viewing Cache Details

Type	Functional
Description	On the website, an authenticated user must be able to view information about a specified cache. This information will include a graphical representation of the location of that cache on a map. If the cache is owned by the user that made the request, further information such as the number of points in the cache and a history of attacks made against the cache while it was owned by that user are also displayed.
Priority	Low
Pre-conditions	Website Authentication, Cache Ownership
Input	A user will request to view a web page containing additional information about a specified cache.
Operations	The server will check that the user is authenticated, the specified cache exists, and if currently owned by the user.
Expected Results	A web page with details about that cache will be displayed, including a graphical representation of the cache's location on a map and the current owner. If the cache is owned by the user that made the request, additional information will be displayed including the number of points in the cache and a history of its recent events.

1.4.8 Overview Map

Type	Functional
Description	An authenticated user must be able to view a map, using the Google Maps API, which displays a subset of all caches. The user will be able to specify a filter to decide which caches are displayed. The user should also be able to use this map to select a cache to view information about it.
Priority	Medium
Pre-conditions	Viewing Cache Details
Input	A user requests to view a web page containing the overview map using a specified filter.
Operations	The server will ensure that the user is authenticated. If they are authenticated, the server will find the collection of caches that matches the specified filter.
Expected Results	If the user is authenticated, they will be provided with a web page containing the overview map. The map will only contain the caches that match the given filter, and will allow the user to select caches on the map to access the cache details page for that cache.