

COMPILIER @Liu Yepang 2019

for SUSTech CSE $\,$

HomeWork 3

EDITED BY

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 $\begin{array}{c} 2019 \\ \text{SHENZHEN} \end{array}$

1 Consider the following context-free grammar G

$$S \to SS + |SS*|a$$

1.1 Is the string a+a*a in L(G)? [20 points]:

No, it isn't in L(G). For this grammar, the first two character of the string must be aa or the string just have a single character a.

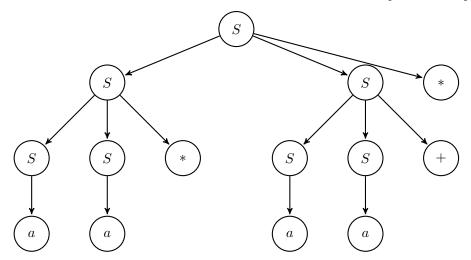
1.2 Give a leftmost derivation for the string aa*aa+*. [20 points]:

$$S \rightarrow SS* \rightarrow SS*S* \rightarrow aS*S* \rightarrow aa*S* \rightarrow aa*SS + * \rightarrow aa*aS + * \rightarrow aa*aa + aa*aa + aa*aa + aa*aa*aa + aa*aa + aa*aa + aa*aa + aa*aa + aa*aa + aa*$$

1.3 Give a rightmost derivation for the stringaa*aa+*. [20 points]:

$$S \rightarrow SS* \rightarrow SSS + * \rightarrow SSa + * \rightarrow Saa + * \rightarrow SS* aa + * \rightarrow Sa* aa + * \rightarrow aa* aa + * \rightarrow SS* aa + SS* aa + * \rightarrow SS* aa$$

1.4 Give a parse tree for the string aa * aa + *. [20 points]:



1.5 Give an equivalent grammar without immediate left recursions. [20 points]

$$S \to aS'$$

 $S' \to S + S'|S * S'|\epsilon$

2 Optional Exercises (20 bonus points)

2.1 Exercise 1: Consider the following context-free grammar:

短语 \rightarrow 人 \mid 短语 动词 短语 动词 \rightarrow 喜欢 \mid 不喜欢 人 \rightarrow 你 \mid 我 \mid 他

The grammar can produce sentences such as "我喜欢你". Is the grammar ambiguous? If yes, please give one sentence and its multiple parse trees. If no, state the reason. [5 points for the yes/no answer and 15 points for the justification]

Yes, it's ambiguous. For example, for the sentence "我不喜欢他喜欢你", we can get two parse tree like below:

