

CENTER SELECTION PROBLEM

Greedy center selection algorithm

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SUSTech

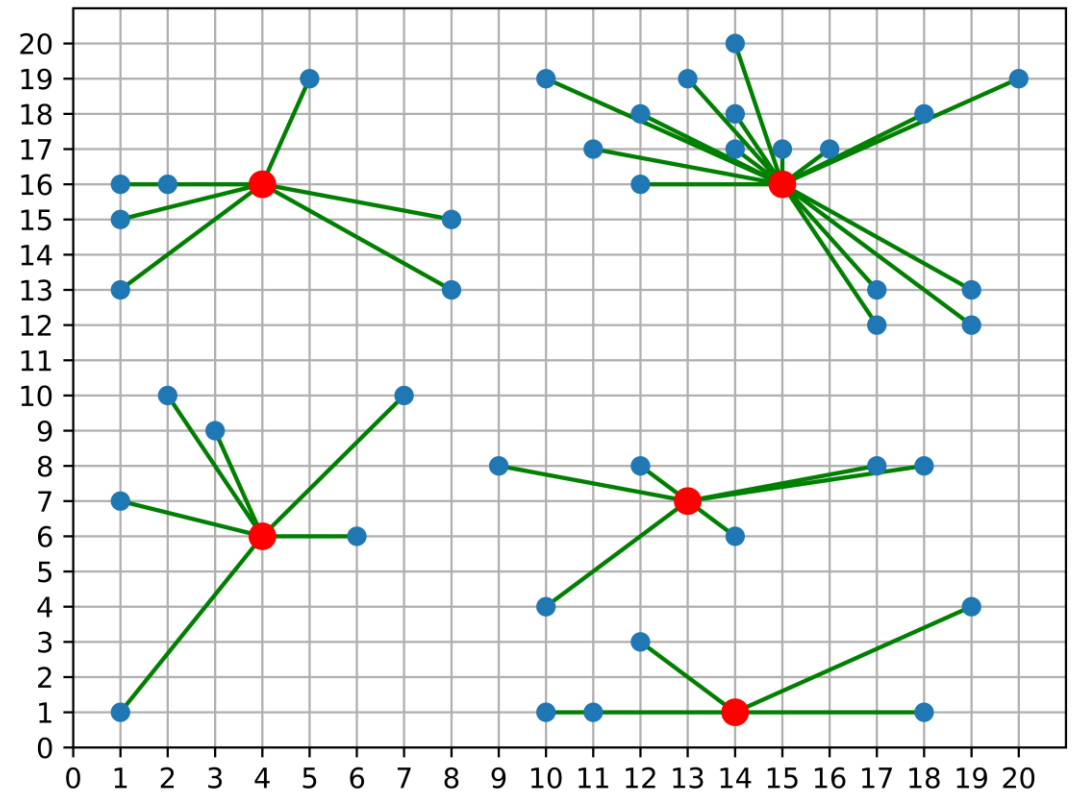
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Technology

CONTENT

1. Center Selection Problem
2. Greedy center selection algorithm
3. The example where the obtained value $r(C)$ equal to $2r(C^*)$ or $r(C^*)$
4. The algorithm to select the initial center for the greedy center selection

CENTER SELECTION PROBLEM

This problem's objective is to minimize the maximum distance from each site to the nearest center.



GREEDY CENTER SELECTION ALGORITHM

This algorithm use a greedy strategy to choice the sites as the center.

Firstly, it will choice an initial center randomly.

Then, choice the farthest site from the centers as the next center iteratively until we get enough centers.

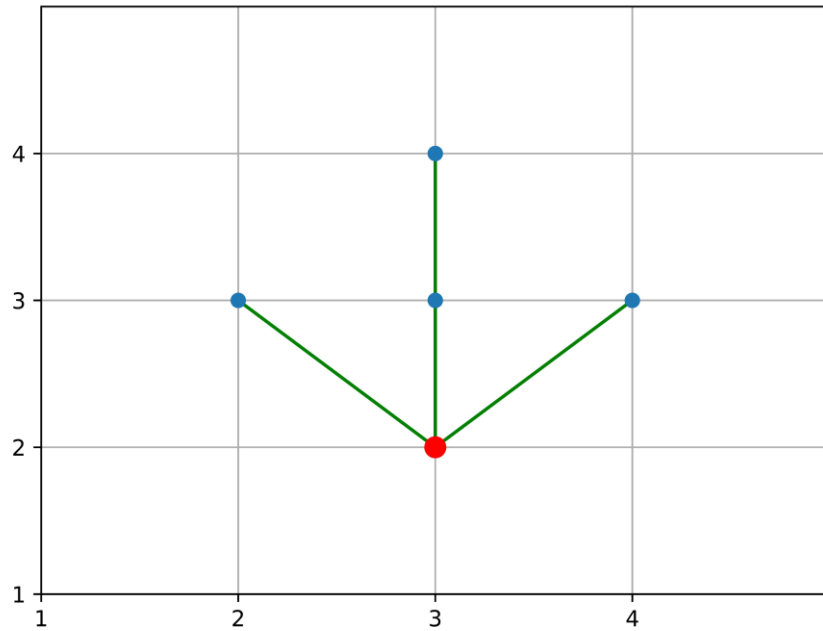
Algorithm 5 Greedy center selection algorithm

Require: S : all sites, k : The number of the center

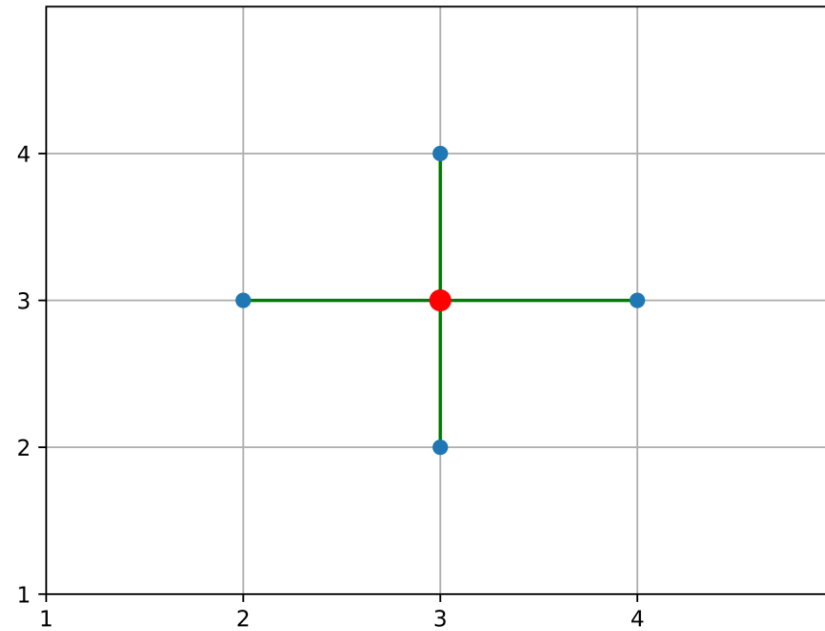
Ensure:

```
1: function greedy_center_selection_algorithm( $S, k$ )
2:    $C \leftarrow []$ 
3:    $C.add(S.index(random\_int()))$ 
4:   while  $C.size < k$  do
5:      $C.append(\operatorname{argmax}_s Distance(s, C))$ 
6:   end while
7:   return  $C$ 
8: end function
```

THE EXAMPLE FOR GREEDY SELECTION



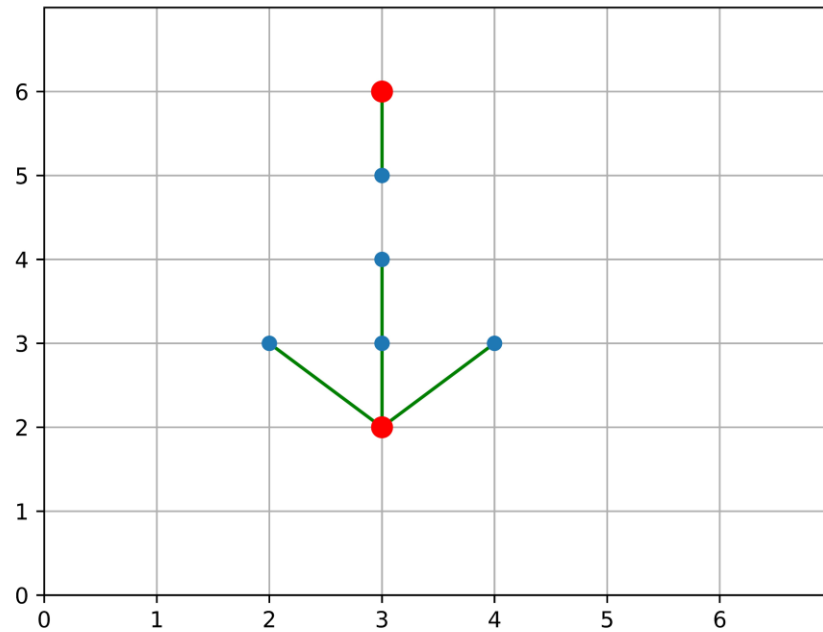
Choice (3,2) as initial center



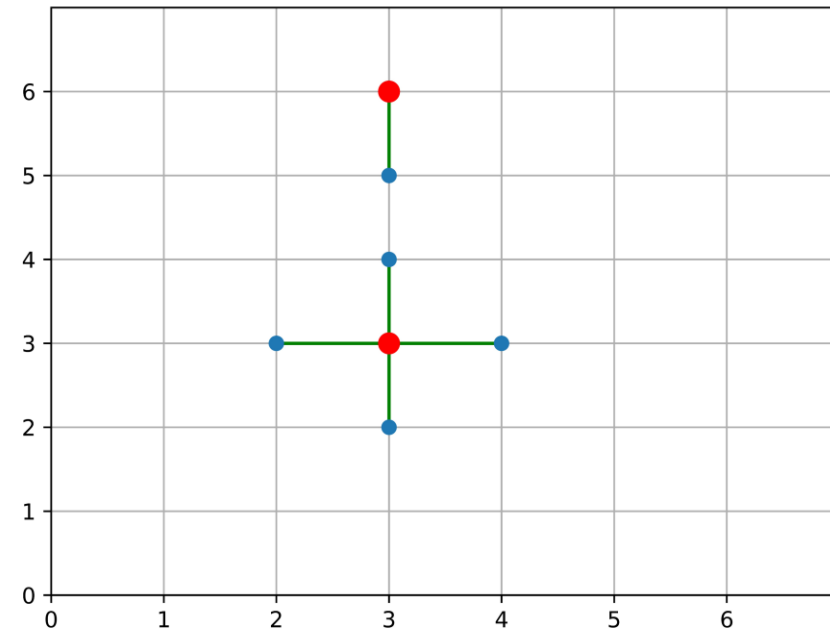
Choice (3,3) as initial center



THE EXAMPLE FOR GREEDY SELECTION



Choice (3,2) as initial center
 $r(C) = 2r(C^*)$



Choice (3,3) as initial center
 $r(C) = r(C^*)$

THE ALGORITHM TO SELECT THE INITIAL CENTER FOR THE GREEDY CENTER SELECTION

For each site S_i , select the first $\frac{1}{3}$ closest sites and let the maximum value of the distance be d_i , we will choose the site S_i which can minimize the d_i .

Algorithm 6 Initial center selection algorithm

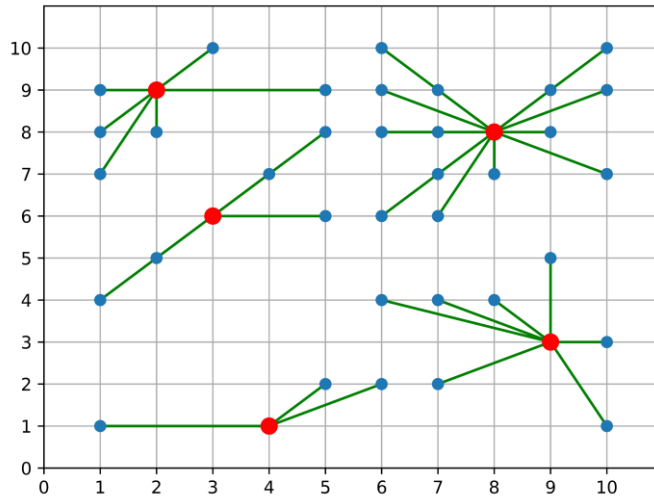
Require: S : all sites, k : The number of the center

Ensure:

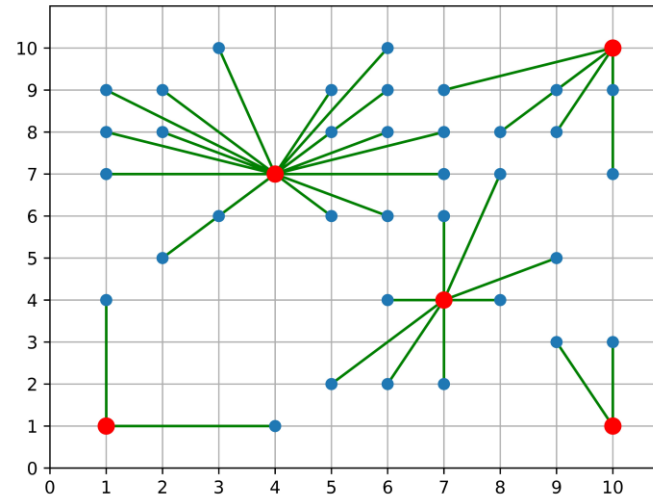
```
1: function initial_center_selection_algorithm( $S, k$ )
2:    $\text{min\_s}, \text{min\_value} = -1, \text{infinite}$ 
3:   for  $s$  in  $S$  do
4:      $\text{s\_closed} = [\text{sites first } 1/3 \text{ closest to } s]$ 
5:      $\text{current\_max} = \max([\text{dist}(s, \text{s\_c}) \text{ for } \text{s\_c} \text{ in } \text{s\_closed}])$ 
6:     if  $\text{min\_value} > \text{current\_max}$  then  $\text{min\_s} = s$ 
7:   end if
8: end for
9:   return  $\text{min\_s}$ 
10: end function
```



THE ALGORITHM TO SELECT THE INITIAL CENTER FOR THE GREEDY CENTER SELECTION

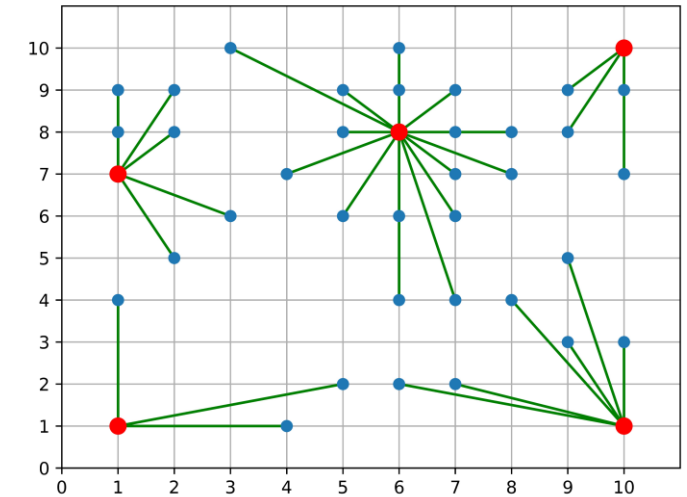


Global Optimal



Greedy Optimal

Quality is 1.14



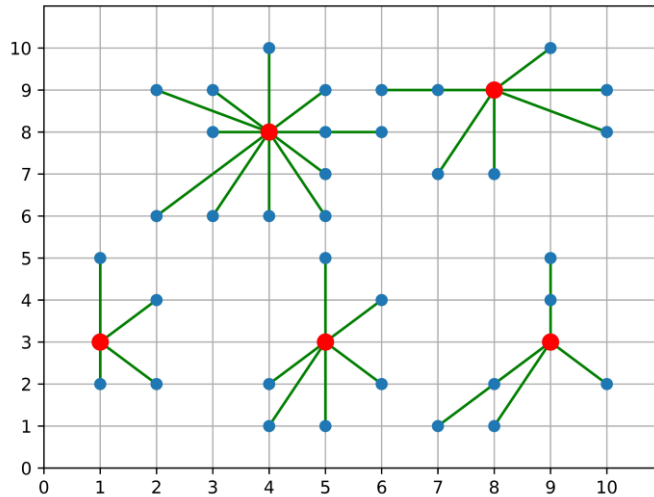
Greedy from the
site 1 choice

Quality is 1.30

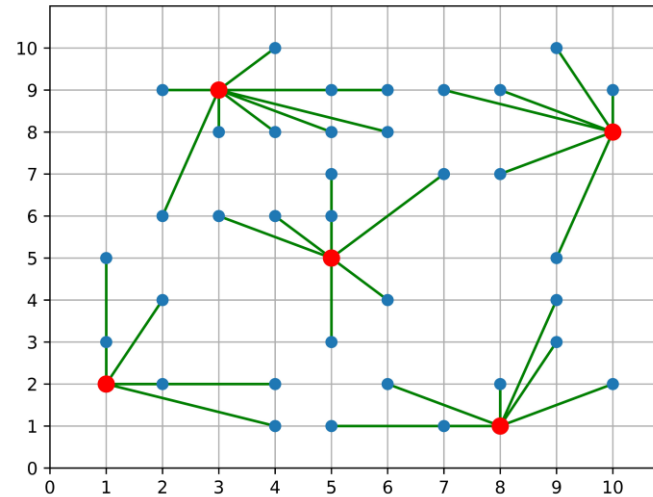
There are 40 sites in the map,
and the num of center is 5



THE ALGORITHM TO SELECT THE INITIAL CENTER FOR THE GREEDY CENTER SELECTION

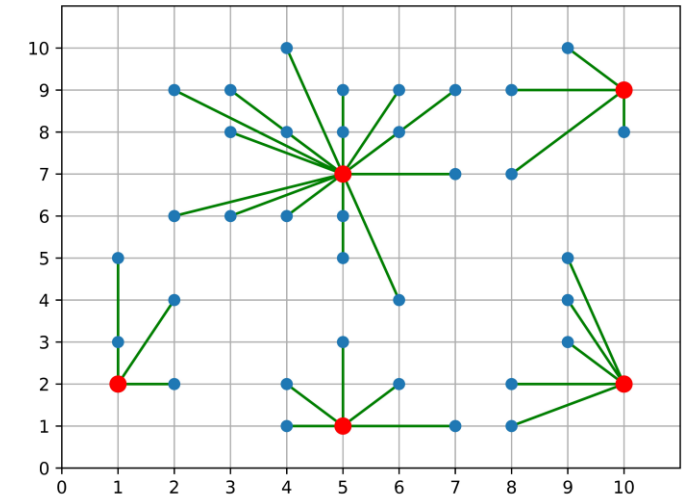


Global Optimal



Greedy Optimal

Quality is 1.12



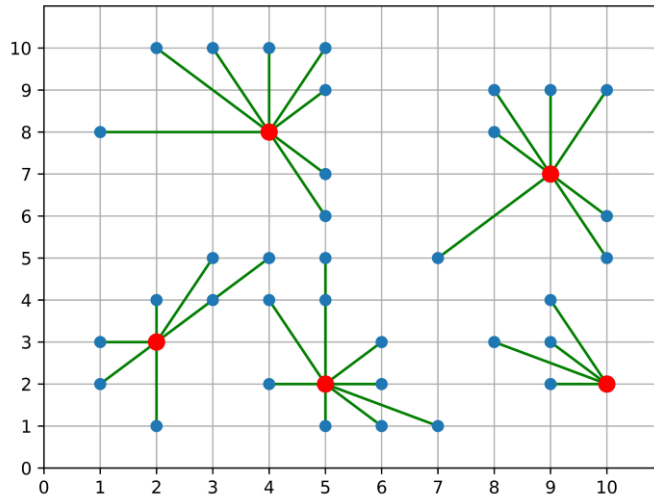
Greedy from the
site I choice

Quality is 1.27

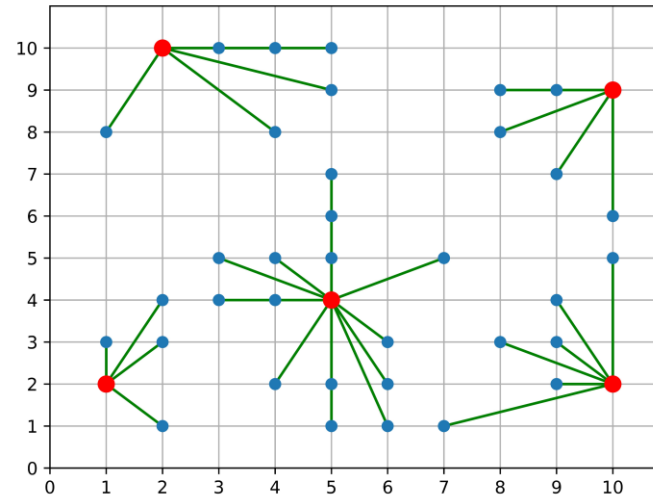
There are 40 sites in the map,
and the num of center is 5



THE ALGORITHM TO SELECT THE INITIAL CENTER FOR THE GREEDY CENTER SELECTION

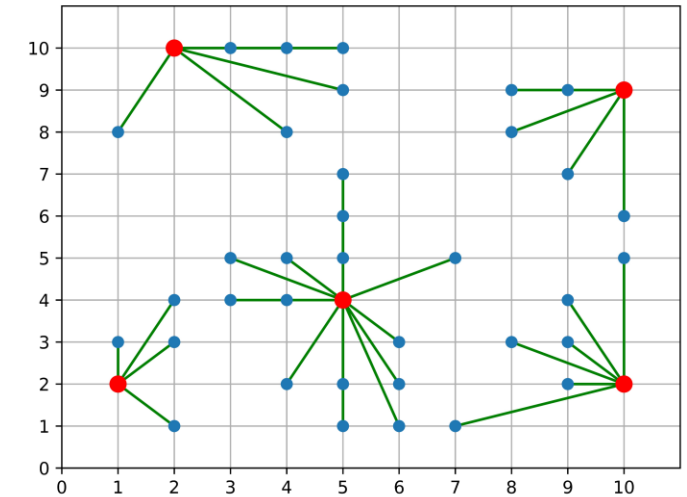


Global Optimal



Greedy Optimal

Quality is 1.05



Greedy from the
site 1 choice

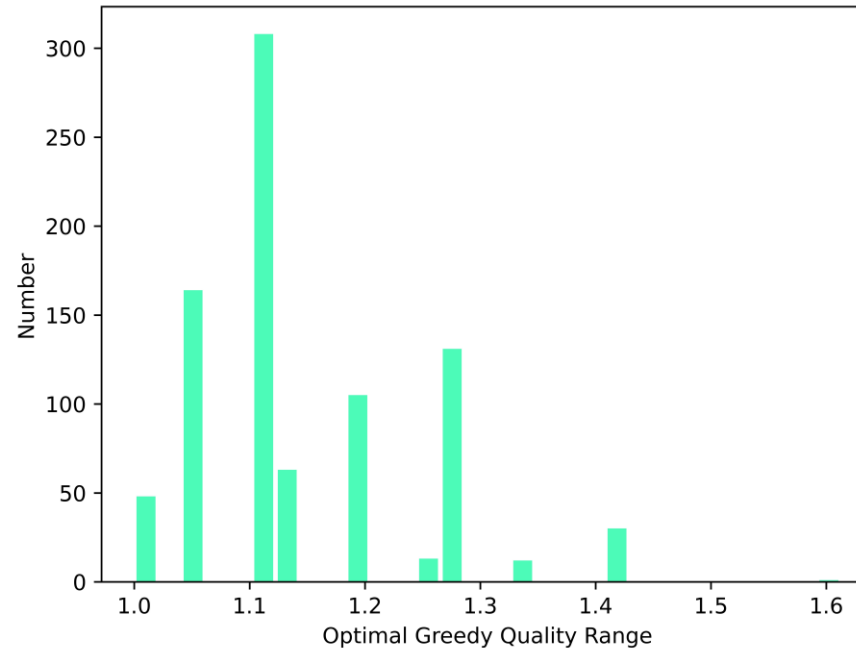
Quality is 1.05

There are 40 sites in the map,
and the num of center is 5

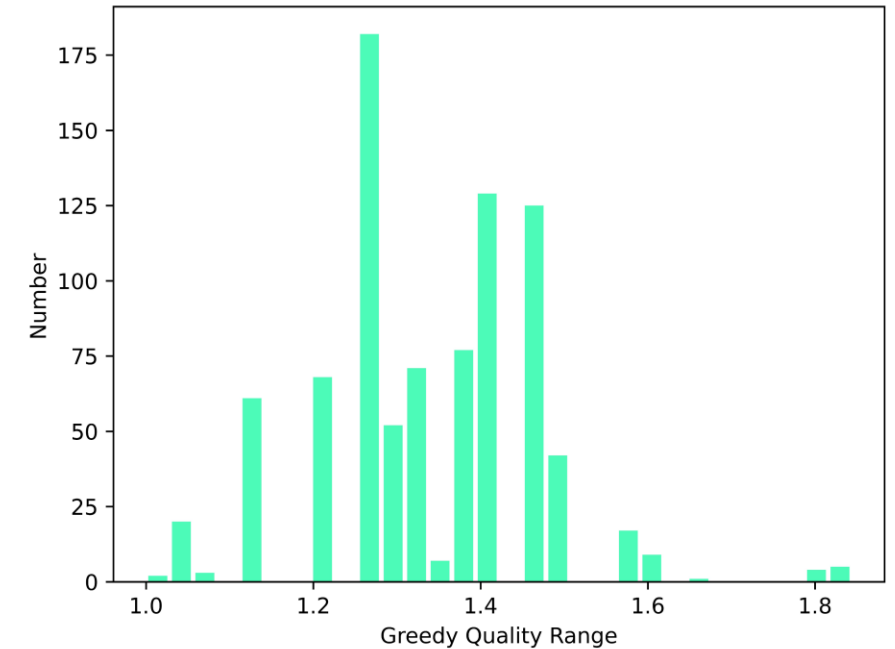


THE ALGORITHM TO SELECT THE INITIAL CENTER FOR THE GREEDY CENTER SELECTION

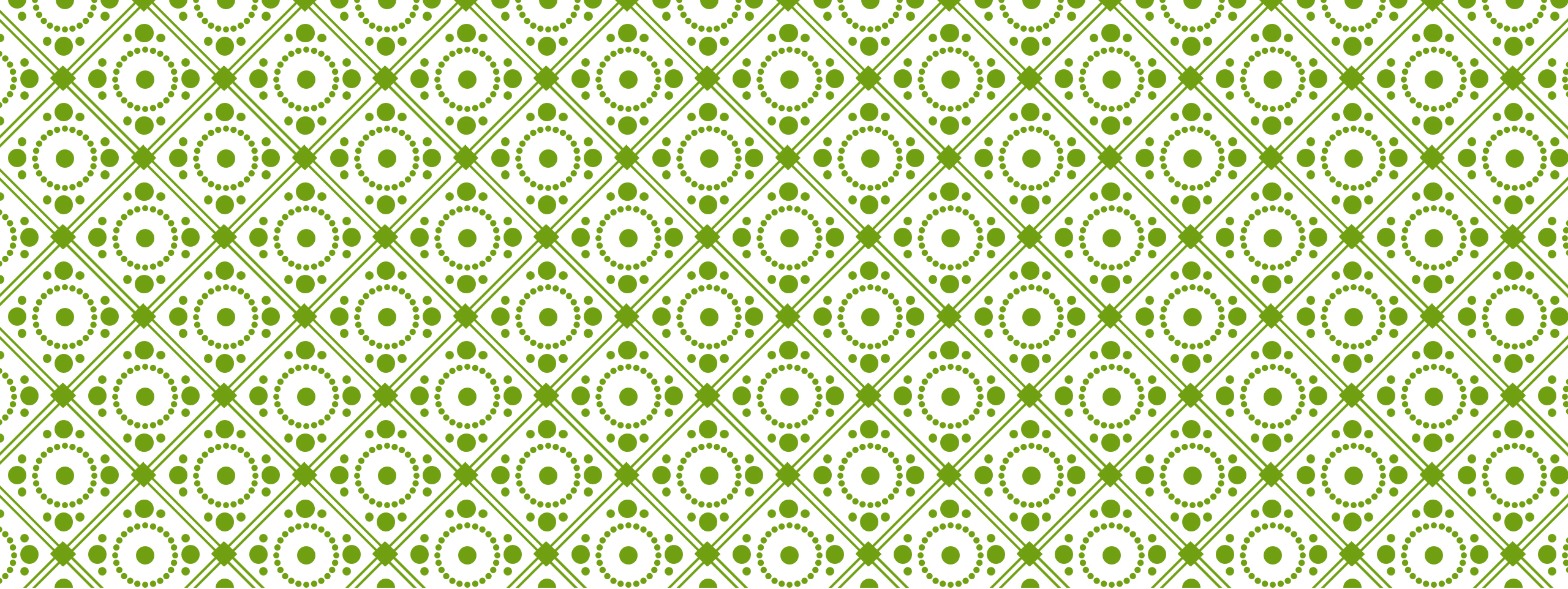
Statistic 875 samples and get the result.



Traverse all the site as the start center and get the best one



Use the algorithm to get the start center



THANK YOU !

Q&A