

Reservation Page

Civilian-reservation.html – Patient Tech / Reservation Page (Revised & Final)

You have html code of this and follow it...

The screenshot displays the Findmymeds reservation page, divided into several sections:

- Left Sidebar:** Features the Findmymeds logo and navigation links: Home, Inquiries, Reservations, Feedback, and Logout.
- Find & Select Medicines:** A search bar with placeholder "Search medicines by name or generic...". Below it is a "SUGGESTIONS" section showing "Amoxilin 250mg" with a capsule icon and a "Prescription Required" note. A note below states: "Used to treat bacterial infections. Please ensure you have a valid prescription before adding to reservation." Quantity selection buttons (-, 1, +) and a teal "Add to Reservation" button are present.
- Your Reservation:** A summary of the order:
 - ORDER SUMMARY:** Amocetemol 500mg (x 2), Vitamin C 500mg (x 1).
 - RESERVATION DETAILS:** Pick-up Date input field (mm/dd/yyyy).
 - Upload Prescription:** A dashed box with a camera icon and the text "Click to upload or drag image here".
 - Selected Pharmacy:** Citywide Pharmacy (2.5km).
 - Note:** A text area for special instructions.
- Recommended Pharmacies:** A list of nearby pharmacies with their names, availability, and distances:
 - Citywide Pharmacy: 5 medicines available, 2.5 km away.
 - HealthPlus Mart: 3 medicines available, 1.2 km away.

The screenshot shows the Findmymeds platform's reservation interface. On the left, a sidebar includes links for Home, Inquiries, Reservations, Feedback, and Logout. The main area displays 'Recommended Pharmacies' with two options: 'Citywide Pharmacy' (2.5 km, 5 medicines available) and 'HealthPlus Mart' (1.2 km, 3 medicines available). To the right, there's a section for 'Upload Prescription' with a placeholder 'Click to upload or drag image here'. Below it, 'Selected Pharmacy' is set to 'Citywide Pharmacy (2.5km)'. A 'Note' field allows for special instructions. A 'BILLING BREAKDOWN (ESTIMATED)' table shows items: Amocatemol (\$5.00), Vitamin C (\$6.00), Service Fee (\$2.00), with a total of \$13.00. At the bottom is a 'CONFIRM RESERVATION' button.

📌 Core Purpose

This page enables civilians to **ethically reserve medicines** by:

- Selecting **what they need**
- Declaring **how much they need**
- Allowing the system to **recommend fair pharmacies**
- Finalizing a **traceable, accountable reservation**

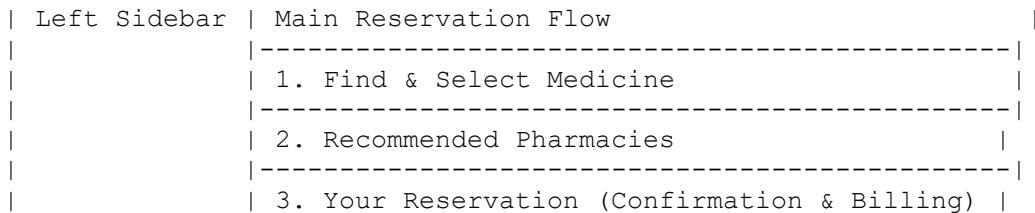
This is **not checkout chaos** — it's controlled healthcare logic.

⌚ Access Points

- Drug Dictionary → *Reserve Medicine*
- Dashboard → *Make Reservation*
- Recommended Pharmacy → *Reserve*

Only logged-in civilians.

Page Layout (Single-Flow, Multi-Section)



Left Sidebar (Persistent)

Standard civilian Naoba:

- Home
 - Dashboard
 - Inquiries
 - Reservations (active)
 - Feedback & Support
 - Logout
-

SECTION 1: Find & Select Medicine (Updated)

Purpose

Defines **what medicine** and **how much** the user genuinely needs.
This is the **input foundation** for ethical pharmacy recommendation.

Contents

Medicine Search

- Autocomplete input
- Searches **Medicine Registry**
- Only ACTIVE medicines shown

Selected Medicine Info (Read-Only)

Once selected:

- Medicine Name
 - Generic Name
 - Category
 - Prescription Required (Yes / No)
 - Short usage note
-

Quantity Selection (Important Change)

This happens HERE, not later.

- Number input:
 - “Required Quantity”
- Minimum: 1
- No maximum at this stage (ethical check happens later)
- Helper text:

“Select the quantity you require for treatment.”

Add to Reservation Button

- Enabled only when:
 - Valid medicine selected
 - Quantity entered

Behavior

1. User selects medicine
 2. User selects quantity
 3. Clicks **Add to Reservation**
 4. System:
 - Locks medicine + quantity
 - Triggers pharmacy recommendation logic
-



SECTION 2: Recommended Pharmacies

Purpose

Shows **only pharmacies that can ethically fulfill the selected quantity**.

This section reacts to:

- Selected medicine
 - Requested quantity
 - User location
-

Filtering Logic (Conceptual)

A pharmacy appears **only if**:

- Pharmacy status = ACTIVE
- Medicine available
- Available quantity \geq requested quantity

This prevents:

- Partial fulfillment
 - False reservations
 - Stock abuse
-



Pharmacy Card Contents

Each card displays:

- Pharmacy Name
 - Location
 - Available Quantity
 - Distance (optional)
 - Availability badge (e.g. “Fully Available”)
 - **Select Pharmacy** button
-

Behavior

- Pharmacies load automatically
 - Sorted by:
 - Proximity
 - Higher stock (ethical preference)
 - User selects **one pharmacy**
 - Selection locks pharmacy
 - Reservation section becomes active
-

SECTION 3: Your Reservation (Finalization)

Purpose

This section confirms **intent, responsibility, and compliance**.

Order Summary (Visible Always)

- Medicine Name
 - Requested Quantity
 - Selected Pharmacy
 - Pharmacy Contact Info
-

Reservation Details

Pickup Date

- Date picker
 - Limited to pharmacy working days
 - Auto-calculated expiry window shown
-

Upload Prescription (Conditional)

- Required **only if** medicine requires prescription
 - Accepts:
 - Image / PDF
 - Mandatory validation before confirm
-

Additional Notes

- Optional message to pharmacy
 - Special instructions
 - Character-limited
-

Billing Summary (Visible but Transparent)

This section is **informational**, not payment-gated.

- Unit price (if applicable)
- Quantity
- Estimated total
- Note:

“Final payment is completed at the pharmacy.”

No online payment enforced unless future upgrade.

Confirmation Controls

- Confirmation checkbox:
 - “I confirm this reservation and will collect before expiry”
 - **Confirm Reservation** button
 - **Cancel** button
-

Final Behavior on Confirm Reservation

Backend Process Triggered

1. Reservation record created

2. Status set to:
 3. PENDING
 4. Reservation sent to:
 - o Selected pharmacy dashboard
 5. Pharmacy inventory:
 - o Soft-reserved (not deducted yet)
 6. User redirected to:
 - o Your Activity Page
-

What Happens After Reservation (Very Important)

At Pharmacy Side

- Pharmacy sees reservation as **Pending**
 - Pharmacy can:
 - o Approve
 - o Reject (with reason)
-

If Approved

- Status → APPROVED
 - User notified
 - Pickup allowed within expiry window
-

If Rejected

- Status → REJECTED
 - Reason visible to user
 - Inventory unlocked
-

If User Collects

- Status → COLLECTED

- Inventory deducted
 - Reservation moved to history
-

If User Fails to Collect

- Status → EXPIRED
 - Inventory unlocked automatically
-



Final Mental Model (This Page)

- Quantity declared **before** pharmacy selection
- System ensures **full availability**
- Pharmacy gets clear, ethical requests
- User stays accountable
- No fake reservations
- No partial stock chaos

Backend Implementation – Reservation (Patient Tech)

Explained from ZERO → WORKING SYSTEM



FIRST: Understand the Big Picture (Very Important)

Your reservation backend does **ONE MAIN JOB**:

Take a user's medicine + quantity
→ find ethical pharmacies
→ lock inventory
→ send a pending reservation to pharmacy
→ track what happens next

Everything else is just **small steps around this**.



Core Database Tables (Foundation)

You **must** have these tables. No shortcuts.

1 Medicine Registry (Already exists)

This tells **what medicines are valid**.

```
medicine_registry
- medicine_id (PK)
- medicine_name
- prescription_required
- status (ACTIVE)
```

2 Pharmacy Table

```
pharmacy
- pharmacy_id (PK)
- pharmacy_name
- location
- status (ACTIVE)
```

3 Pharmacy Inventory (Very Important)

This tells **what pharmacy has what and how much**.

```
pharmacy_inventory
- inventory_id (PK)
- pharmacy_id (FK)
- medicine_id (FK)
- quantity
```

4 Reservation Table (MAIN LOGIC TABLE)

This table stores **everything about reservations**.

```
reservation
- reservation_id (PK)
- civilian_id (FK)
- pharmacy_id (FK)
- medicine_id (FK)
- quantity
- pickup_date
- prescription_file (nullable)
```

- notes (nullable)
- status
- created_at
- expiry_date

Statuses:

PENDING
APPROVED
REJECTED
COLLECTED
EXPIRED



BACKEND FLOW OVERVIEW (One Line)

Search medicine
→ select quantity
→ find pharmacies
→ select pharmacy
→ confirm reservation
→ send to pharmacy as PENDING

Now we break this into **actual backend steps**.

STEP-BY-STEP IMPLEMENTATION

STEP 1: Medicine Search API

Why?

Frontend needs to know **which medicines exist**.

Endpoint

GET /api/medicines/search?name=para

Backend Logic

1. Receive medicine name
2. Search `medicine_registry`
3. Return matching medicines

Simple Logic

```
SELECT medicine_id, medicine_name, prescription_required
FROM medicine_registry
WHERE medicine_name LIKE '%para%'
AND status = 'ACTIVE';
```

Frontend uses this to show suggestions.

STEP 2: Quantity Selection (No Backend Yet)

At this stage:

- Backend does nothing
- Quantity stays in frontend state

This is **important**:

- Don't validate stock here
 Stock check happens later
-

STEP 3: Find Recommended Pharmacies (Critical Step)

Endpoint

POST /api/reservations/recommend-pharmacies

Input

```
{
  "medicineId": 12,
  "requiredQuantity": 10,
  "userLocation": "Colombo"
}
```

Backend Logic (Slow + Clear)

1. Get medicineId + quantity
2. Search **pharmacy_inventory**
3. Filter pharmacies where:
 - quantity >= requiredQuantity
 - pharmacy.status = ACTIVE

4. Sort pharmacies:
 - o nearest first
 - o higher stock preferred

SQL Logic

```
SELECT p.pharmacy_id, p.pharmacy_name, pi.quantity
FROM pharmacy_inventory pi
JOIN pharmacy p ON p.pharmacy_id = pi.pharmacy_id
WHERE pi.medicine_id = :medicineId
AND pi.quantity >= :requiredQuantity
AND p.status = 'ACTIVE';
```

Output

```
[  
  {  
    "pharmacyId": 3,  
    "pharmacyName": "City Pharmacy",  
    "availableQuantity": 50  
  }  
]
```

Frontend shows these as **Recommended Pharmacies**.

STEP 4: User Selects Pharmacy (Still No DB Change)

At this moment:

- Backend does nothing
- Frontend just stores selected pharmacyId

This prevents **unnecessary database locking**.

STEP 5: Confirm Reservation (MOST IMPORTANT STEP)

Endpoint

POST /api/reservations/confirm

Input Payload

```
{  
    "medicineId": 12,  
    "pharmacyId": 3,  
    "quantity": 10,  
    "pickupDate": "2025-01-05",  
    "notes": "Urgent",  
    "prescriptionFile": "file.pdf"  
}
```

Backend Logic (This Is Where Everything Happens)

1 Authenticate User

- Get `civilian_id` from token
 - If not logged in → reject
-

2 Re-check Inventory (VERY IMPORTANT)

Never trust frontend.

```
SELECT quantity  
FROM pharmacy_inventory  
WHERE pharmacy_id = :pharmacyId  
AND medicine_id = :medicineId;
```

If `quantity < requested` → reject reservation

3 Create Reservation Record

```
INSERT INTO reservation (  
    civilian_id,  
    pharmacy_id,  
    medicine_id,  
    quantity,  
    pickup_date,  
    prescription_file,  
    notes,  
    status,  
    created_at,  
    expiry_date  
)  
VALUES (  
    :civilianId,  
    :pharmacyId,  
    :medicineId,  
    :quantity,  
    :pickupDate,  
    :file,
```

```
:notes,  
'PENDING',  
NOW(),  
pickupDate + INTERVAL '2 DAYS'  
);
```

4 Soft Lock Inventory (Optional but Recommended)

```
UPDATE pharmacy_inventory  
SET quantity = quantity - :quantity  
WHERE pharmacy_id = :pharmacyId  
AND medicine_id = :medicineId;
```

(This prevents double booking)

5 Notify Pharmacy

- Add notification record
 - Pharmacy dashboard shows **PENDING reservation**
-

Response

```
{  
  "message": "Reservation placed successfully",  
  "status": "PENDING"  
}
```

STEP 6: After Reservation – What Happens Automatically

Pharmacy Side

- Pharmacy reviews reservation
 - Approves or rejects
-

If Pharmacy Approves

Status → APPROVED

User can collect medicine.

If Pharmacy Rejects

Status → REJECTED
Inventory restored

STEP 7: Pickup or Expiry (Background Job)

Scheduled Job (Daily)

```
UPDATE reservation
SET status = 'EXPIRED'
WHERE status = 'APPROVED'
AND expiry_date < NOW();
```

Restore inventory.

STEP 8: Activity Page Uses This Data

Your **Your Activity page** simply reads from:

reservation table

Grouped by:

- PENDING / APPROVED → Active
 - COLLECTED / EXPIRED → History
-



FINAL SIMPLE MENTAL MODEL (Memorize This)

- Medicine table = what exists
 - Inventory table = who has it
 - Reservation table = who asked for it
 - Status = truth of the system
-



Final Words (Important)

You're not expected to **code this instantly**.
You are expected to **understand the flow**.

Once this logic is clear:

- Coding becomes mechanical
- Bugs reduce
- Ethics stay intact