Challenge Problems in RED

MATH 243: Worksheet 8

Discussion Section:

This worksheet covers Chap14.6 Directional Derivatives and the Gradient Vector, Chap14.7 Maximum and Minimum Values.

Directional Derivatives and the Gradient Vector

- 1. Find the directional derivative of $f(x,y) = xy^3 x^2$ at the given point (1,2) in the direction indicated by the angle $\theta = \pi/3$.
- 2. Find the directional derivative of the function $f(x,y) = \frac{x}{y^2}$ at the point P(3,-1) in the direction of the point Q(-2,11).
- Given a surface of equation $xy^2z^3 = 8$ and a point P(2,2,1) on this surface, find the equations of the tangent plane and parametric equations of the normal line to the given surface at the specified point P.
- 4. Determine the gradient of the function $f(x, y, z) = x^2y^3 4xz$ and use the gradient to determine the directional derivative of f(x, y, z) at (1, 1, 1) in the direction of $\mathbf{v} = \langle -1, 2, 0 \rangle$.
- 5. Find the maximum rate of change of $f(x,y) = \sin(xy)$ at the point (1,0) and the direction in which it occurs.
- 6. Find the maximum rate of change of $f(x, y, z) = e^{2x} \cos(y 2z)$ at the point $(1, \pi, 0)$ and the direction in which this maximum rate of change occurs.

Maximum and Minimum Values

7. Find all the critical points of the following function.

$$f(x,y) = (y-2)x^2 - y^2.$$

- 8. Let $f(x,y) = 3x x^3 2y^2 + y^4$.
 - (a) Check if the points (1,-1) and (2,3) are critical points.
 - (b) Determine whether the points (1,-1), (1,0), (1,1) are local extreme points or not. If yes, explain what kind of points and justify your answer.
- 9. Find the local maximum and minimum values and saddle point(s) for the following functions.
 - (a) $f(x,y) = x^2 + xy + y^2 + y$
 - (b) $f(x,y) = x^3 + y^3 + 3xy$
 - (c) $f(x,y) = x^4 2x^2 + y^3 3y$
- 10. Find the absolute maximum and minimum values of f on the set D.

$$f(x,y) = x^2 + y^2 + x^2y + 9$$
, $D = \{(x,y) \mid |x| \le 1, |y| \le 1\}$

Find the absolute maximum and minimum values of $f(x,y) = x^2 + y^2 - 2x$ on the set D, where D is the closed triangular region with vertices (2,0), (0,2), and (0,-2).

Suggested Textbook Problems

Chapter 14.6: 5, 7-17, 19-26, 28-35, 41-46, 54-61, 63, 64a

Chapter 14.7: 1-5, 7, 11, 13, 25, 27, 30, 31, 33-36, 41, 43, 45, 46, 51-53