Kepler

Static Typing and Submitting Code with Git

Language and Typing

- Designed as a dynamically-typed language.
 - That means you declare variables without giving them a specific data type. Types are automatically assigned based on how the variables are used.
 - band = "Pink Floyd"
 - quantity = 45
- Statically-typed languages require the variable type to be declared explicitly.
 - string band = "Pink Floyd"
 - int quantity = 45

Methods and Types

• Typing extends to program function and methods. The sample code below is unambiguous regarding the types of the arguments and return value.

```
double GetRectangleArea(double width, double height)
{
double area = width * height;
return area;
}
```

Python Methods

```
# ----

# Determines if there is an error in the audit message collection.

# ----

def IsAuditError(self) -> bool:

audit = [x for x in self.GetAudit() if x.level == 'Error']

if len(audit) > 0:

return True

return False
```

Dataclass

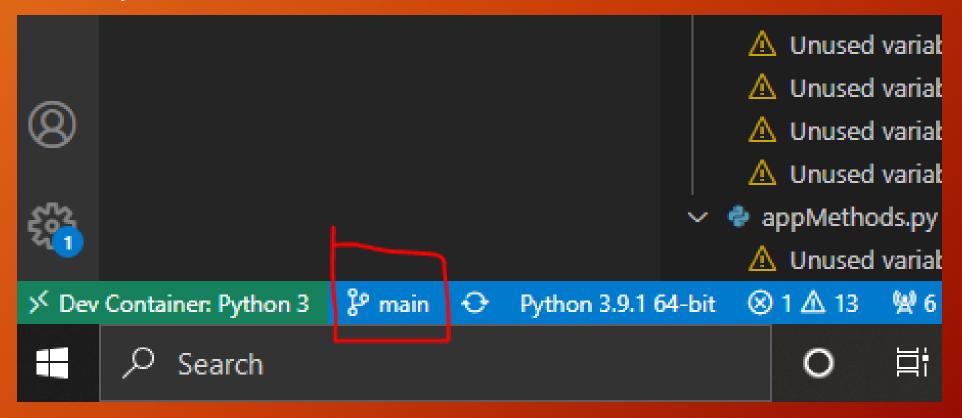
- Data classes are just regular classes that are geared towards storing state, rather than containing a lot of logic. Every time you create a class that mostly consists of attributes, you make a data class.
- The dataclasses module does is to make it easier to create data classes. It takes care of a lot of boilerplate for you.

Contributing to Kepler

- The code is quickly reaching a point where each method is documented- a perfect time for anyone to submit an enhancement!
- The following slides walk you through the process of creating a branch and submitting changes to Git.

Start From 'Main'

• Make sure you are on the "Main" branch to start.

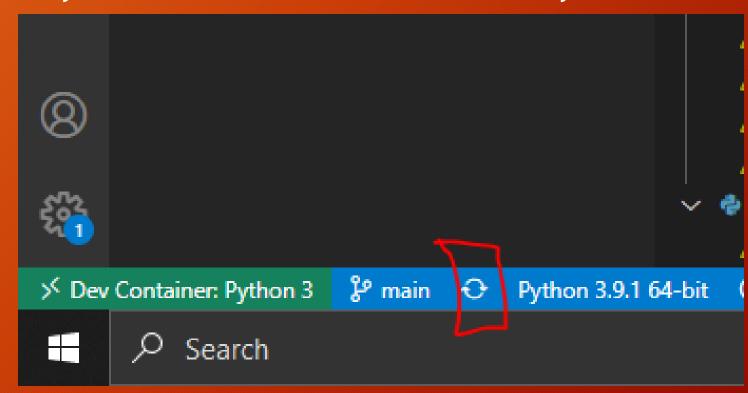


Work with Latest

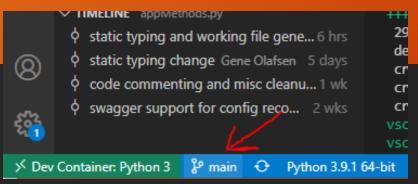
Make sure to pull the latest commits.

• If your code is 'behind' you will see additional information when you hover

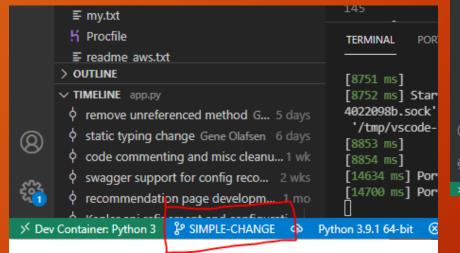
over this button.

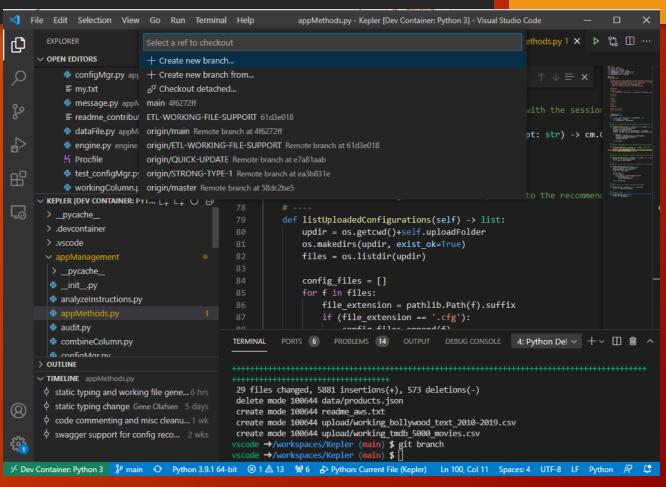


Create a Branch



- Start with "Main".
- Click on the branch button.
- Enter the name of the branch to create.





Edit the Code

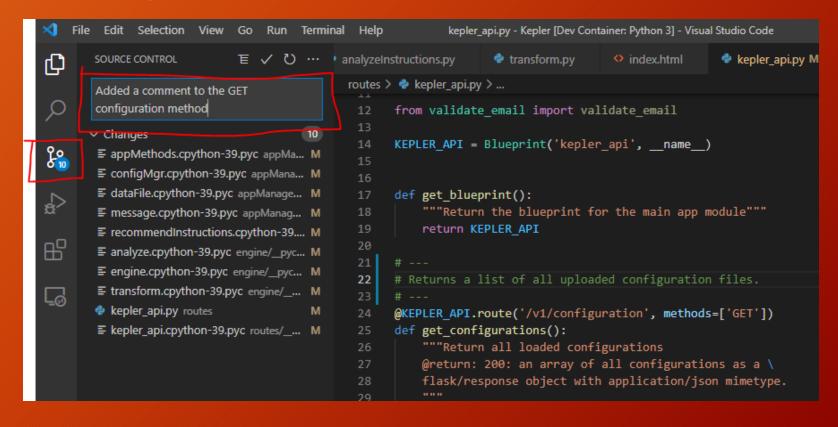
- Make changes as necessary.
 - In this case, a comment block is added to the top of a routing method.

```
# ---
# Returns a list of all uploaded configuration files.
# ---
@KEPLER_API.route('/v1/configuration', methods=['GET'])

> def get_configurations():
    """Return all loaded configurations
    @return: 200: an array of all configurations as a \
    flask/response object with application/json mimetype.
    """
    return jsonify(current_app.appMethods.listUploadedConfigurations())
```

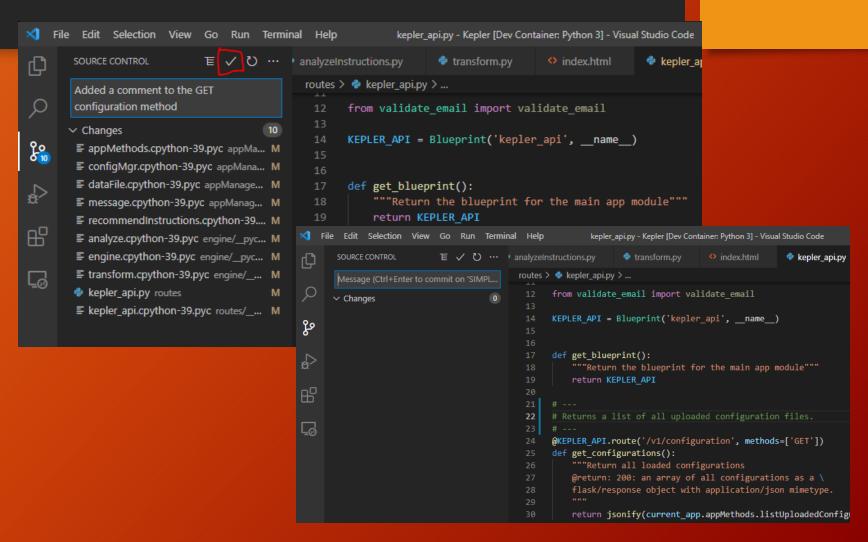
Provide a Branch Comment

- Switch to the Source Control panel.
- Enter a comment.



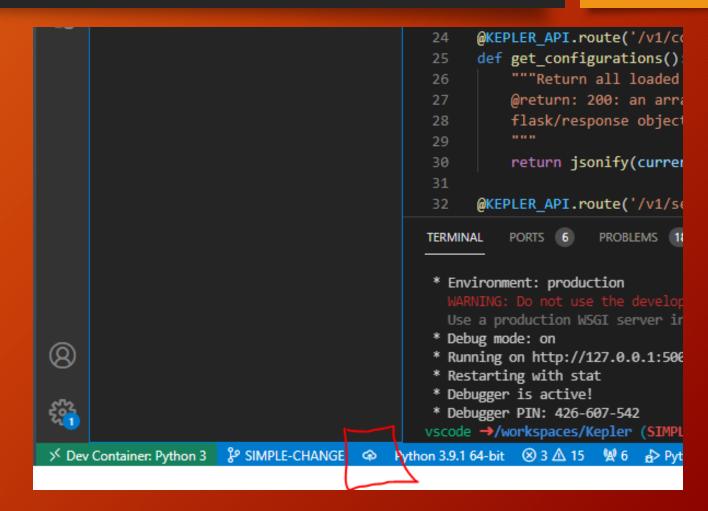
Commit Changes

 Commit your changes by clicking the 'checkmark' button in the Source Control panel.



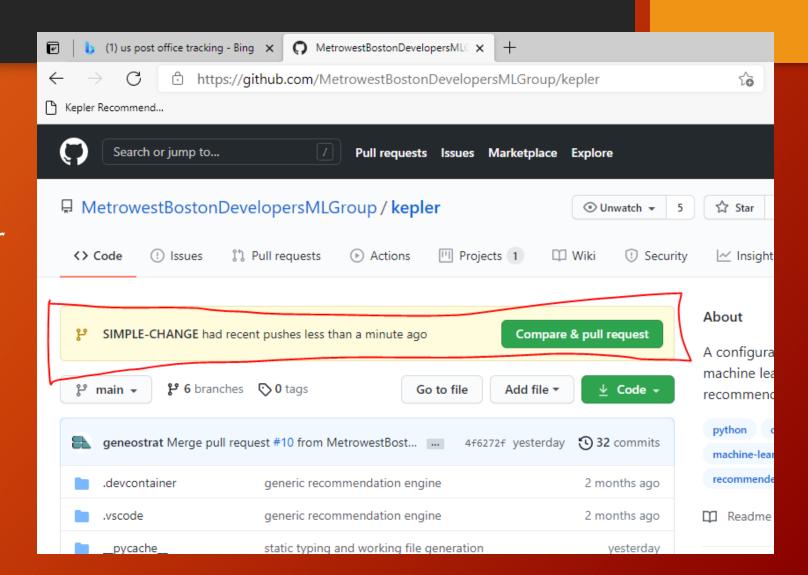
Publish Changes

- The refresh button that we pushed before when we were on the Main branch to make sure we were up to date- is now an image pointing up to the cloud.
- Click this button to push your changes up to the repository.



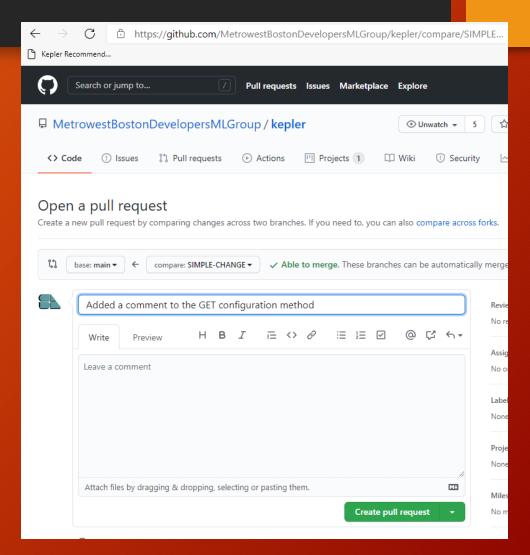
Git and Changes

- Go to the Git repository.
- It now shows that there is a branch that is available containing your changes.



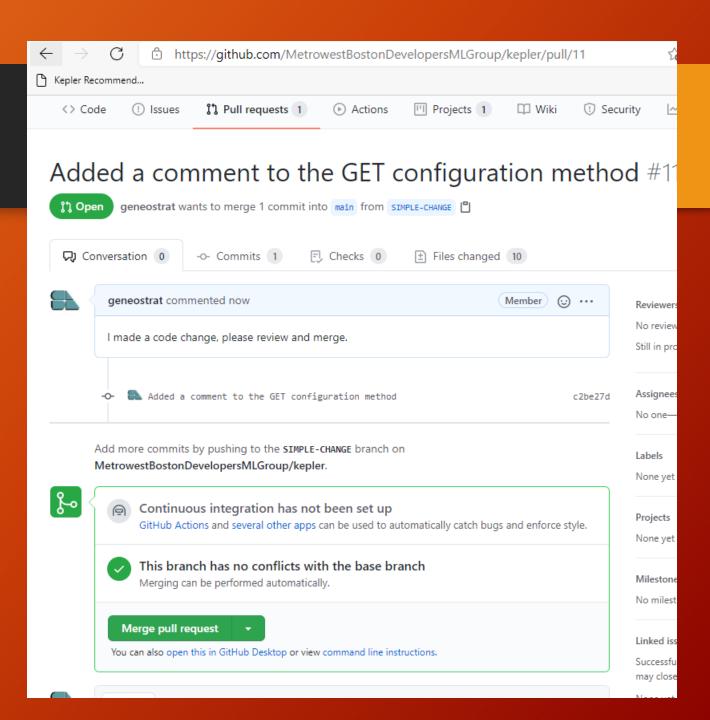
Add a Comment and Create a Pull Request

- Pull requests let you tell others about changes you've pushed to a branch in a repository on GitHub.
- Once a pull request is opened, you can discuss and review the potential changes with collaborators and add follow-up commits before your changes are merged into the base branch.



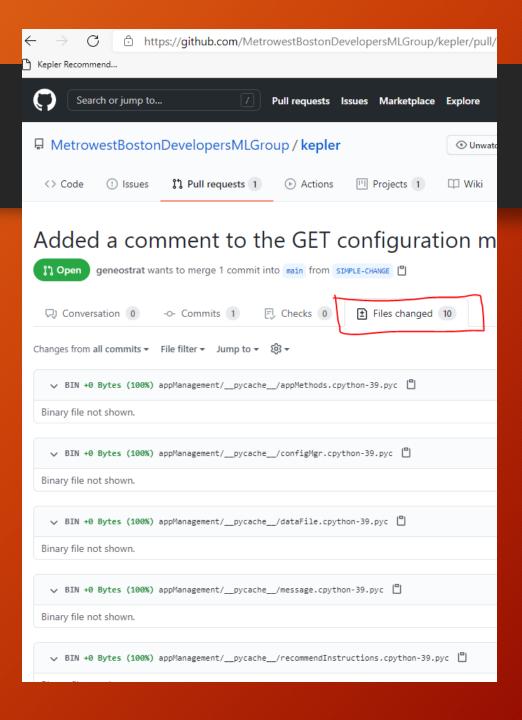
Merge Request

- There are no conflicts- the changes can be merged.
- The merge operation can only be performed by specific/permissioned users assigned to the repository.



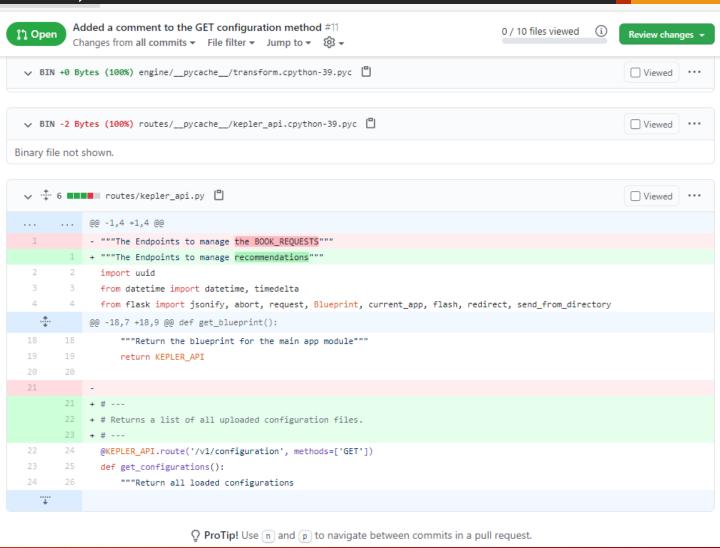
Review Changes

 Change the 'tab' to review the changes associated with this commit.



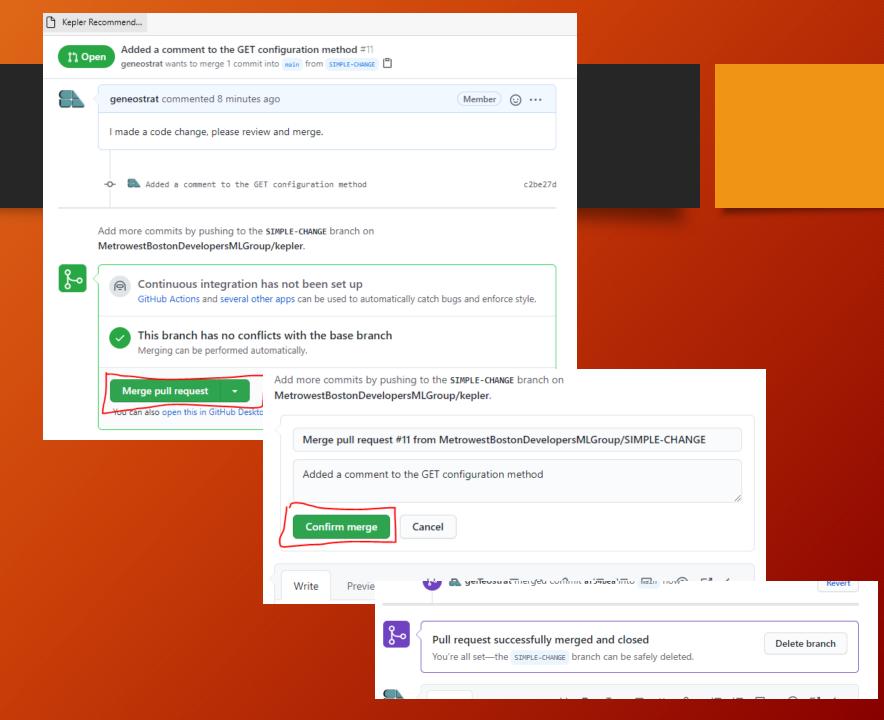
Review Changes (Cont)

 Here are the changes that we made.



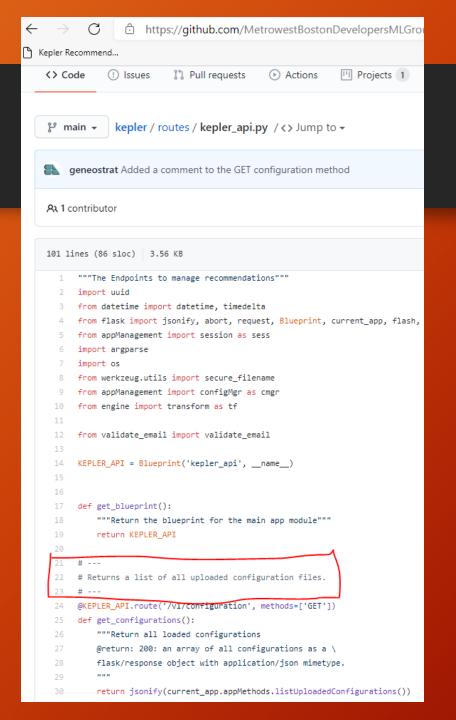
Merge

- Merge the changes.
- Confirm the Merge.
- Success!



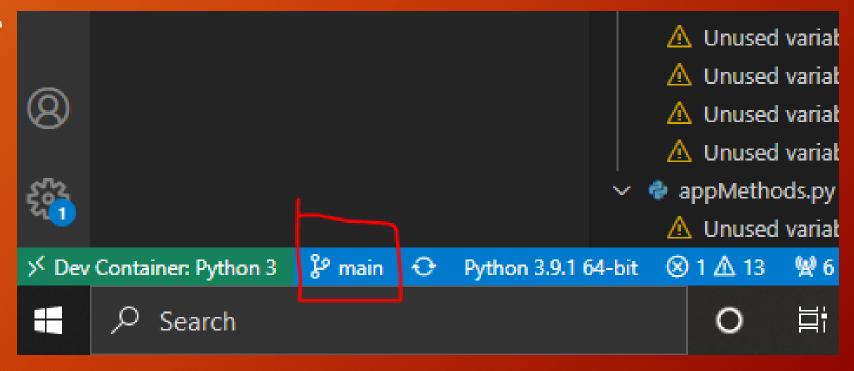
Confirm

• Look at the main code branch.



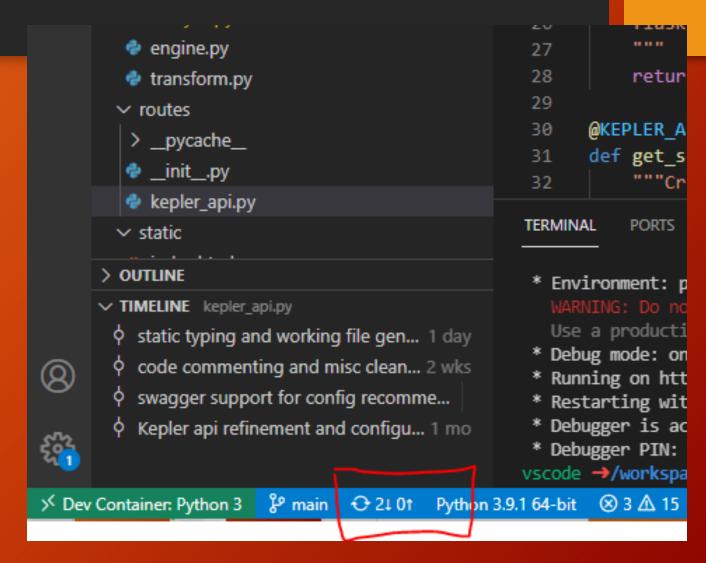
Switch Back to "Main"

- You are done with the branch now that everything is merged.
- Switch back to the Main branch.



Pull Latest Commits

- The Main branch is at least one commit behind...
- Click the refresh icon button pull the latest code.



Next Steps...

- I will enable the CI/CD pipeline in Git.
 - Continuous Integration / Continuous Deployment
- Add issues to the project and associate checked-in branches with the issue it resolves.
- Add unit tests to the project that are run during the merge process.