

# Archimate Technology Layer

# Specifica ArchiMate

<https://pubs.opengroup.org/architecture/archimate3-doc/ch-Technology-Layer.html>

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ArchiMate® 3.1 Specification  
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Previous versions: [3.0.1 | 3.0.12.1]



Welcome to the ArchiMate® 3.1 Specification, *a Standard of The Open Group*

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# Elementi attivi

Device



Una risorsa fisica IT su cui è possibile eseguire del software e/o trovare degli artefatti (artifacts, elementi passivi)

System  
Software



Software di sistema che fornisce delle funzionalità di base (store, execute) utili per costruire applicazioni

Communication  
Network



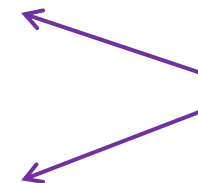
Struttura di comunicazione con la cui è possibile mettere in interazione due o più dispositivi

Path

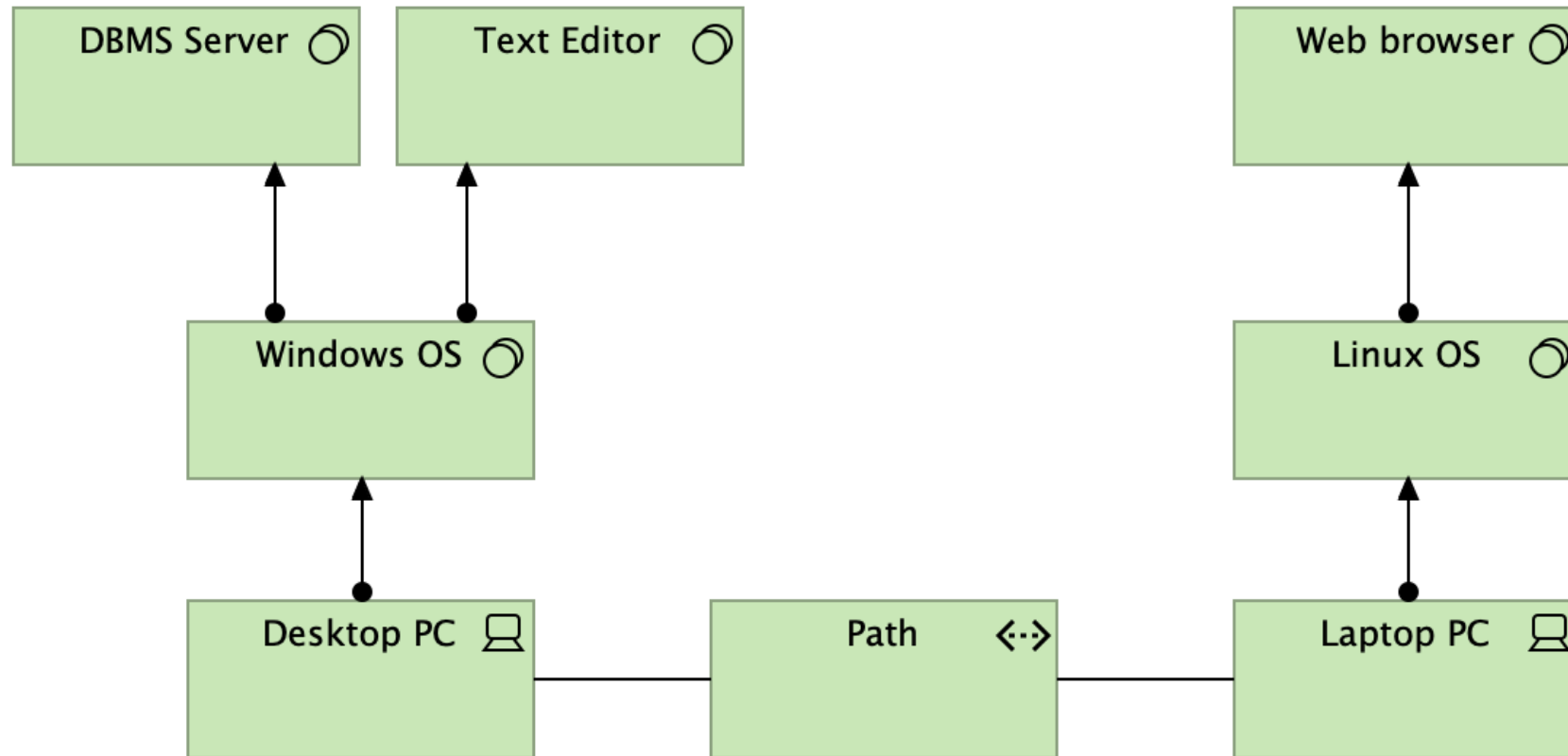


Astrazione della comunicazione end-to-end: è possibile identificare una connessione tra nodi (senza entrare nel dettaglio tecnologico dell'implementazione)

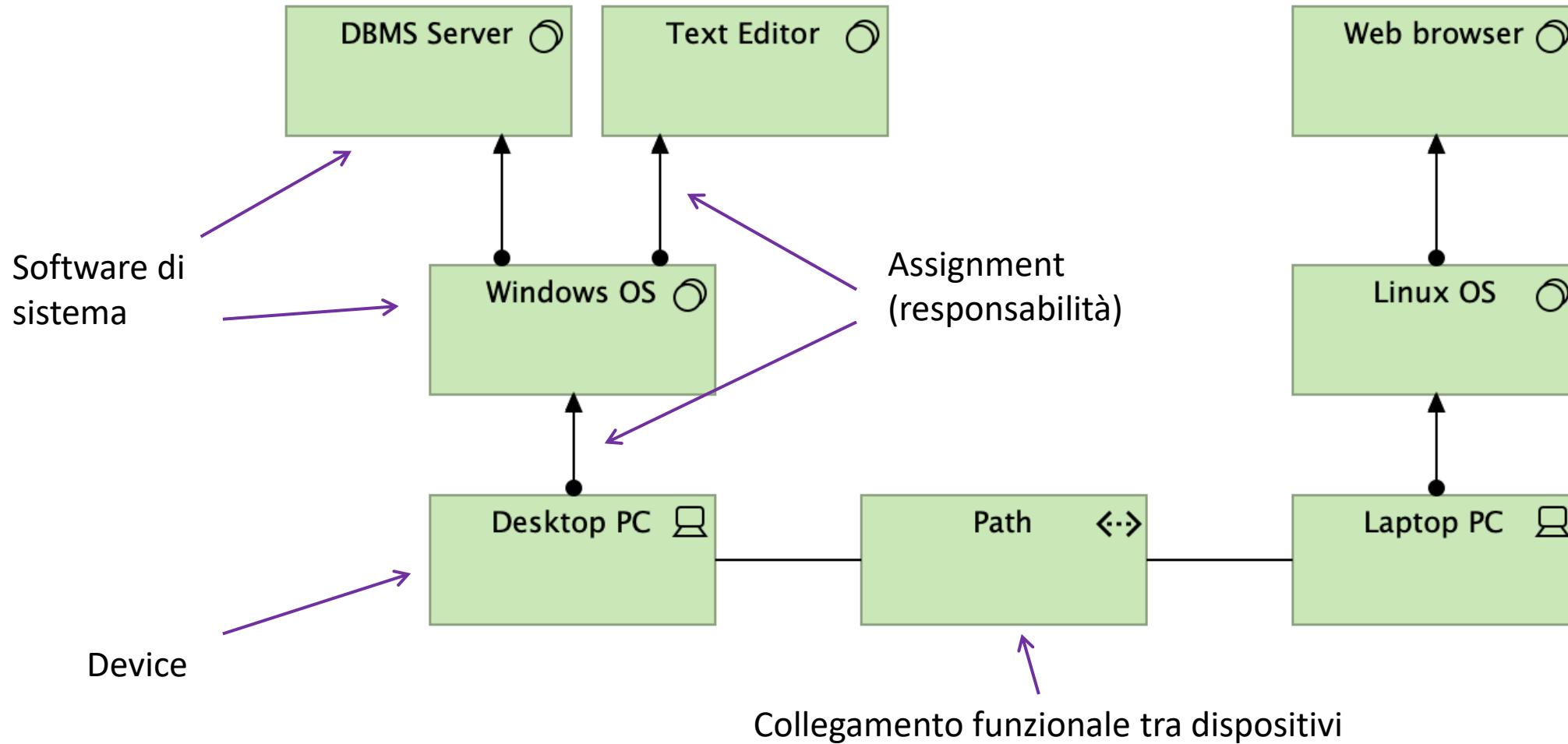
Association  
generica (linea  
continua)



# Elementi attivi: esempio



# Elementi attivi: esempio



# Elementi attivi

Node



Una risorsa fisica o computazionale (anche composta) rilevante per la nostra infrastruttura IT che ospita, manipola o interagisce con altre risorse

Technology  
Collaboration



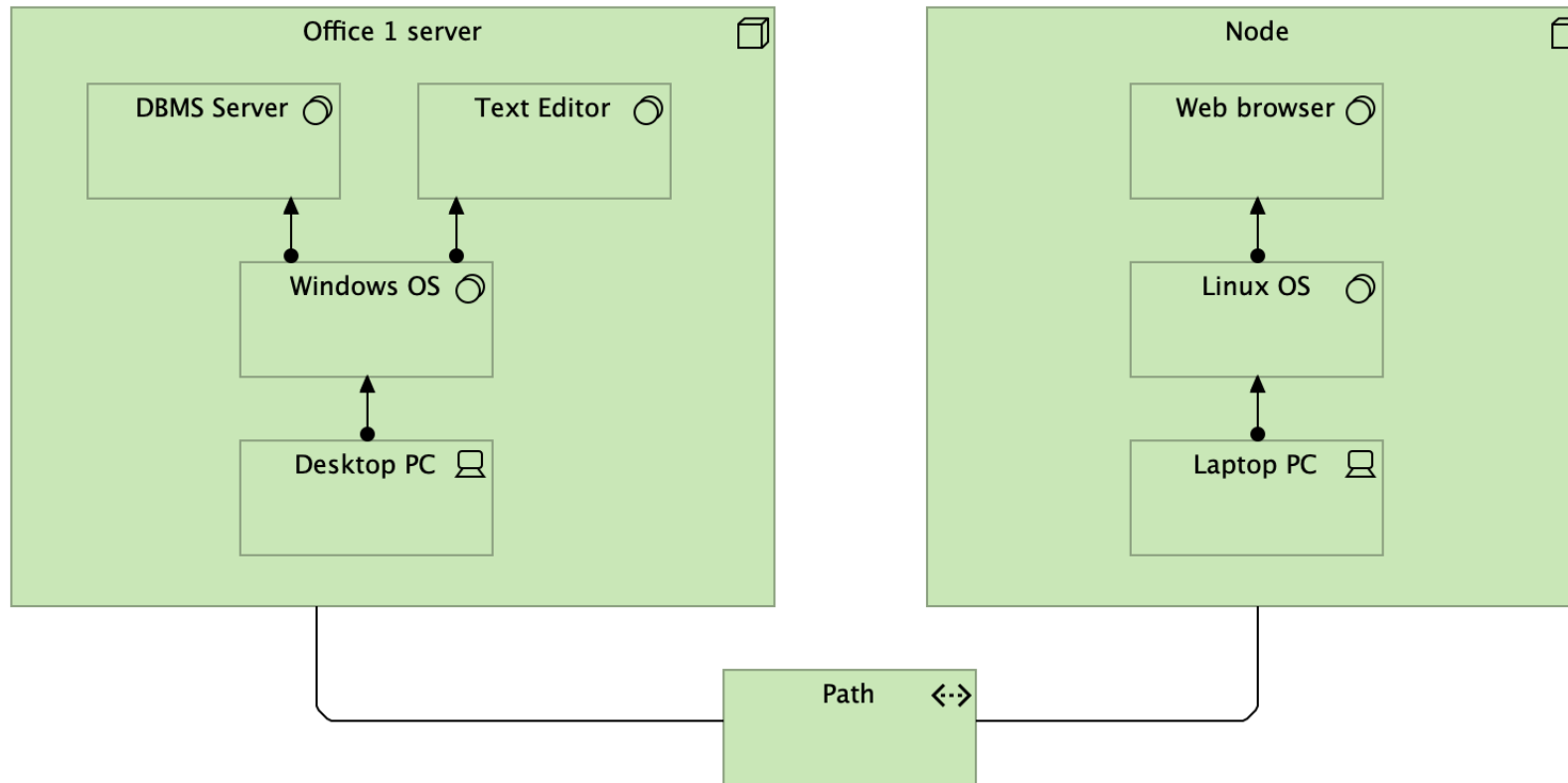
Un aggregato di due o più nodi che lavorano insieme per raggiungere un determinato obiettivo

Technology  
Interface



Il punto di accesso che permette di utilizzare le funzionalità messe a disposizione da un nodo

# Elementi attivi: esempio



I nodi possono essere usati per raggruppare logicamente gli elementi (vedi esempio precedente device + software di base); tipicamente si aggregano elementi legati da assegnamento

# Elementi comportamentali

Technology Process ➡

Una sequenza di comportamenti tecnologici che ottengono un risultato specifico

Technology Function ↗

Un gruppo di comportamenti infrastrutturali che può essere eseguito da un nodo

Technology Interaction ∞

Un comportamento collettivo svolto da uno o più nodi

Technology Service ○

Un'unità funzionale esternamente visibile, fornita da uno o più nodi, esposta attraverso interfacce ben definite, che svolge un compito specifico. Può essere usato da altri elementi a livello tecnologico, o al livello successivo

Technology Event ⏏

Un cambiamento di stato a livello tecnologico

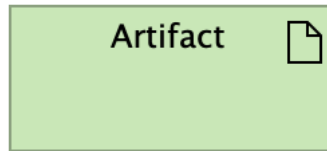


# Elementi comportamentali

La complessità / granularità / sfumatura a livello tecnologico è maggiore rispetto ai layer business e application

Nel livello technology non c'è un unico “pattern base” ma lavoreremo su esempi tipici di deployment di infrastrutture IT da utilizzare come punti di riferimento (applicazioni a tier / layer)

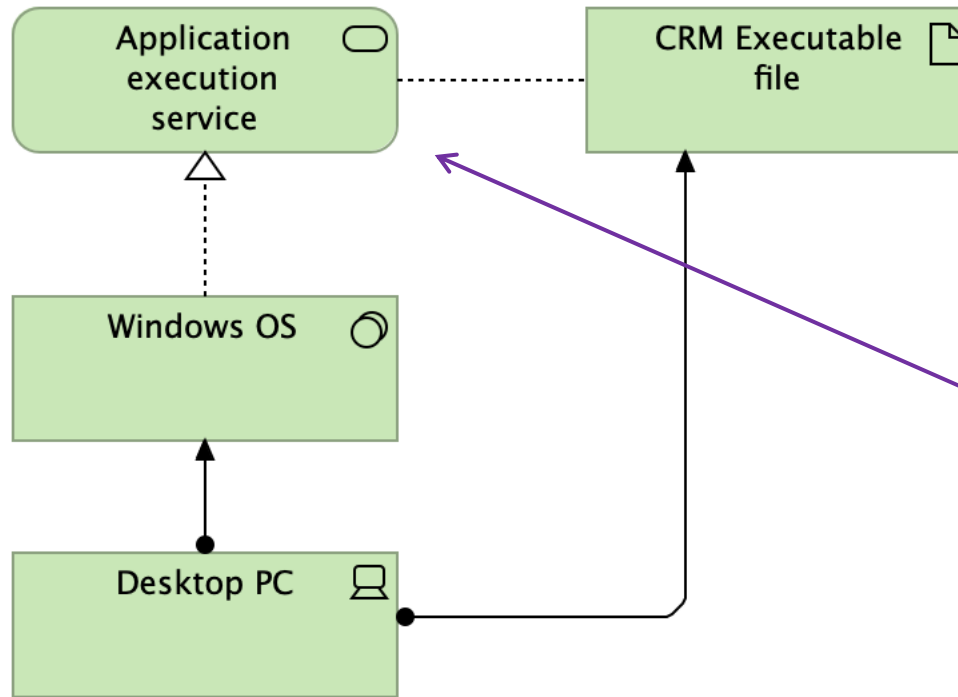
# Elementi passivi



Un dato o frammento (es. file) che può essere prodotto o utilizzato all'interno di un'infrastruttura IT (siamo al livello “fisico” dell'architettura)

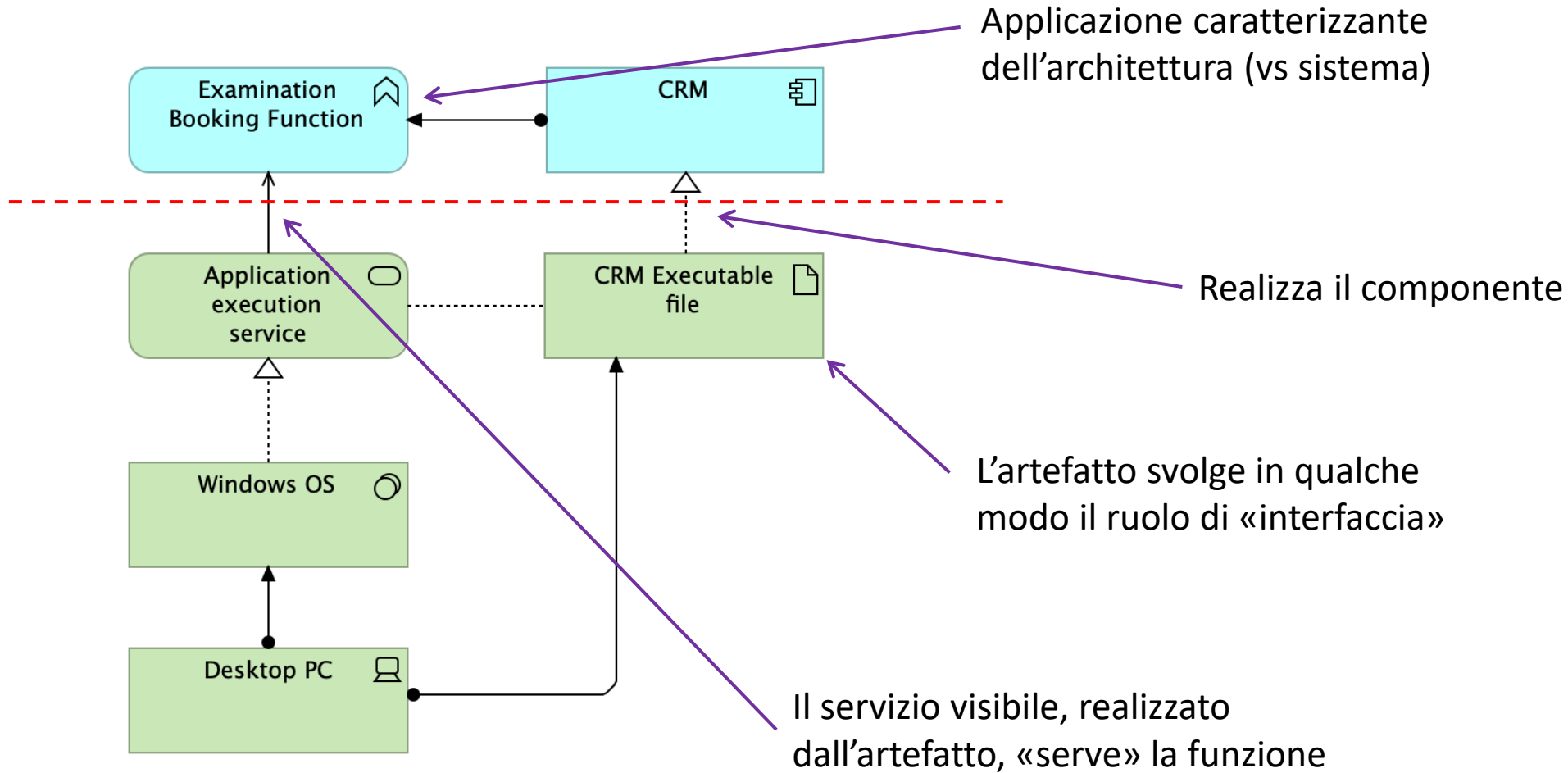
“An artifact represents a piece of data that is used or produced in a software development process, or by deployment and operation of an IT system”

# Software system vs application

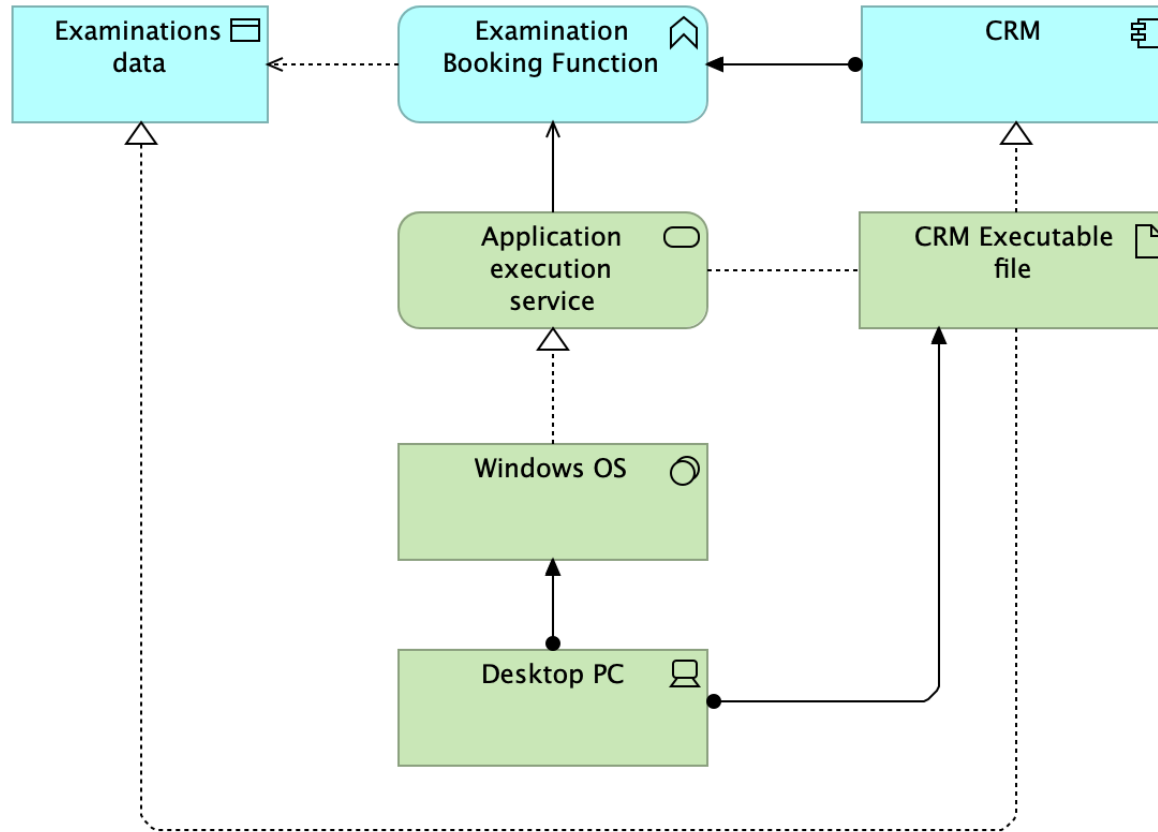


OS mi permette di eseguire un file per esporre un determinato servizio (esecuzione dell'artefatto che rende disponibile un servizio)

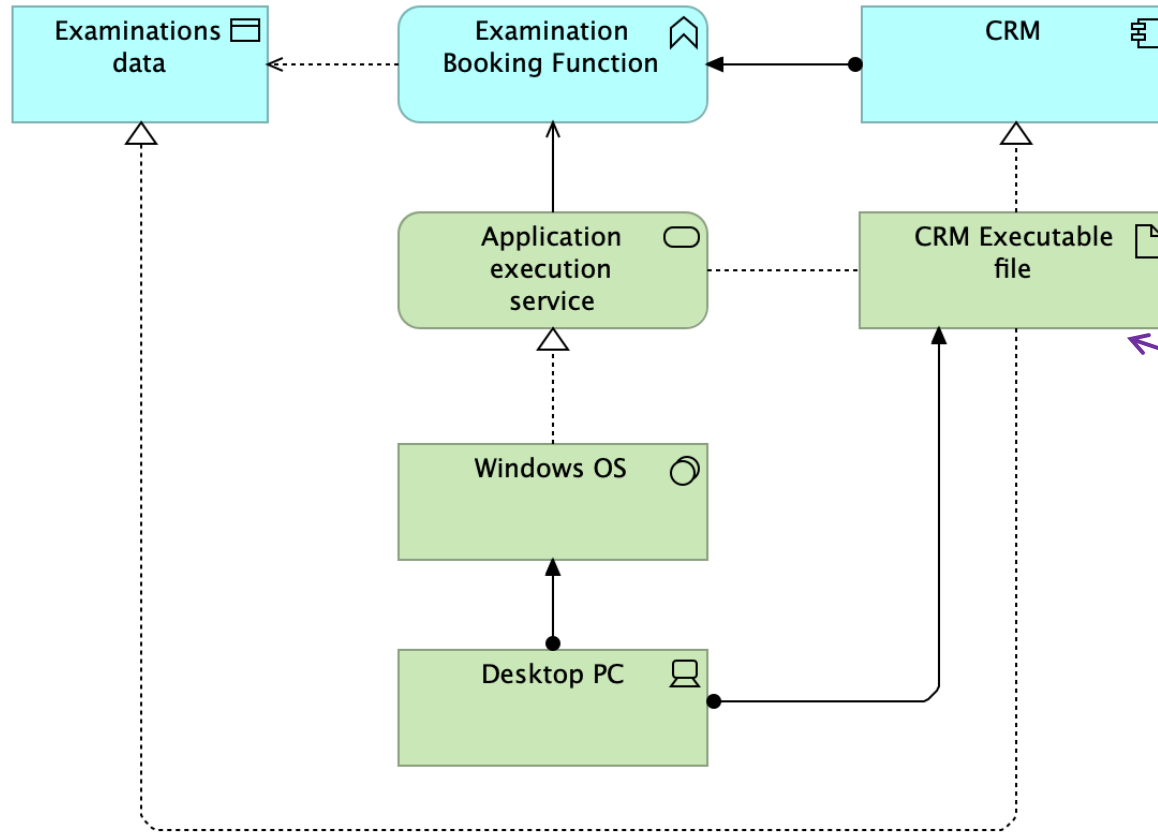
# Software di sistema vs applicazione



# Applicazione standalone



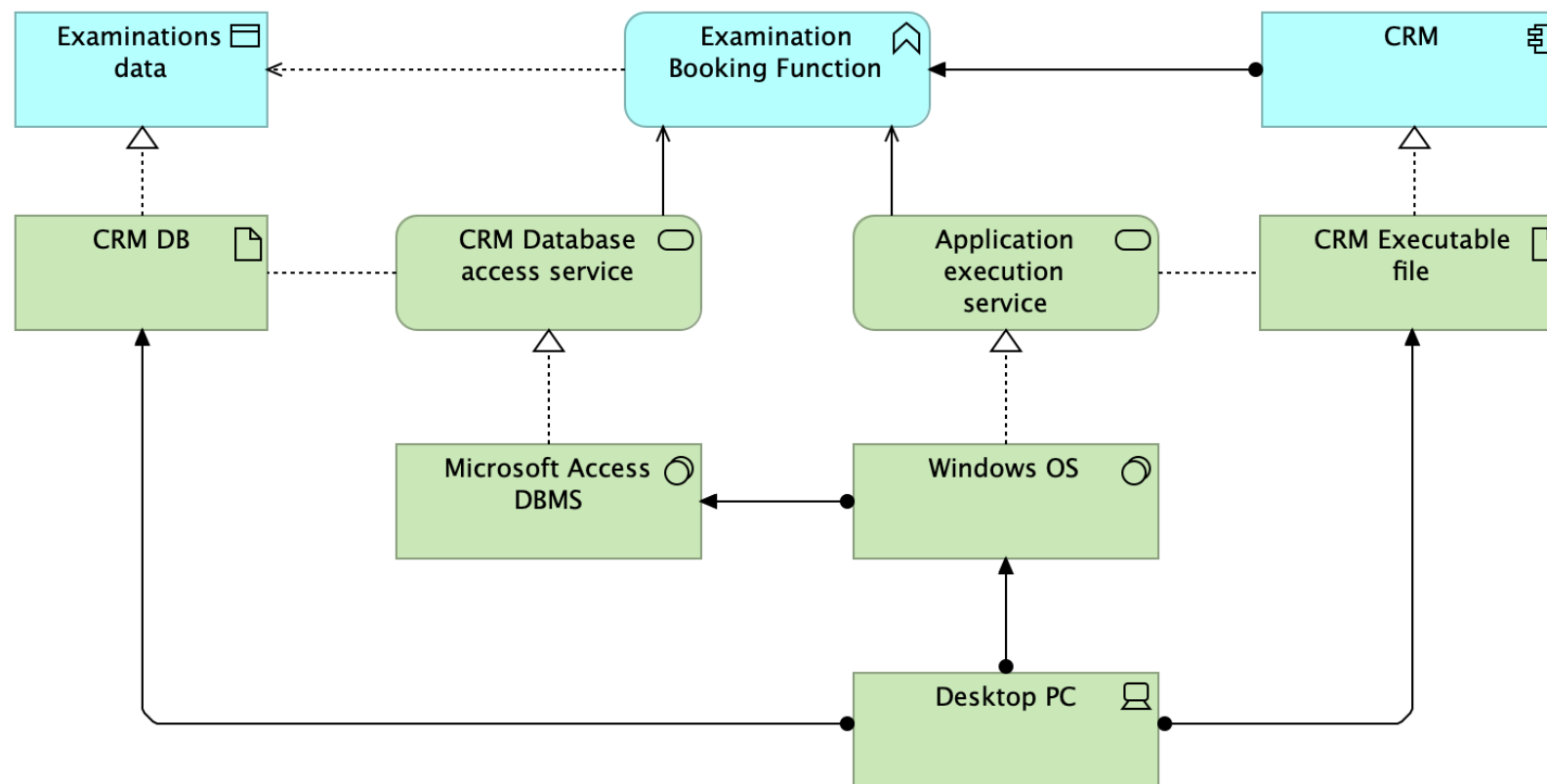
# Applicazione standalone



Applicazione contenuta  
in un solo file  
eseguibile, che include  
anche i dati

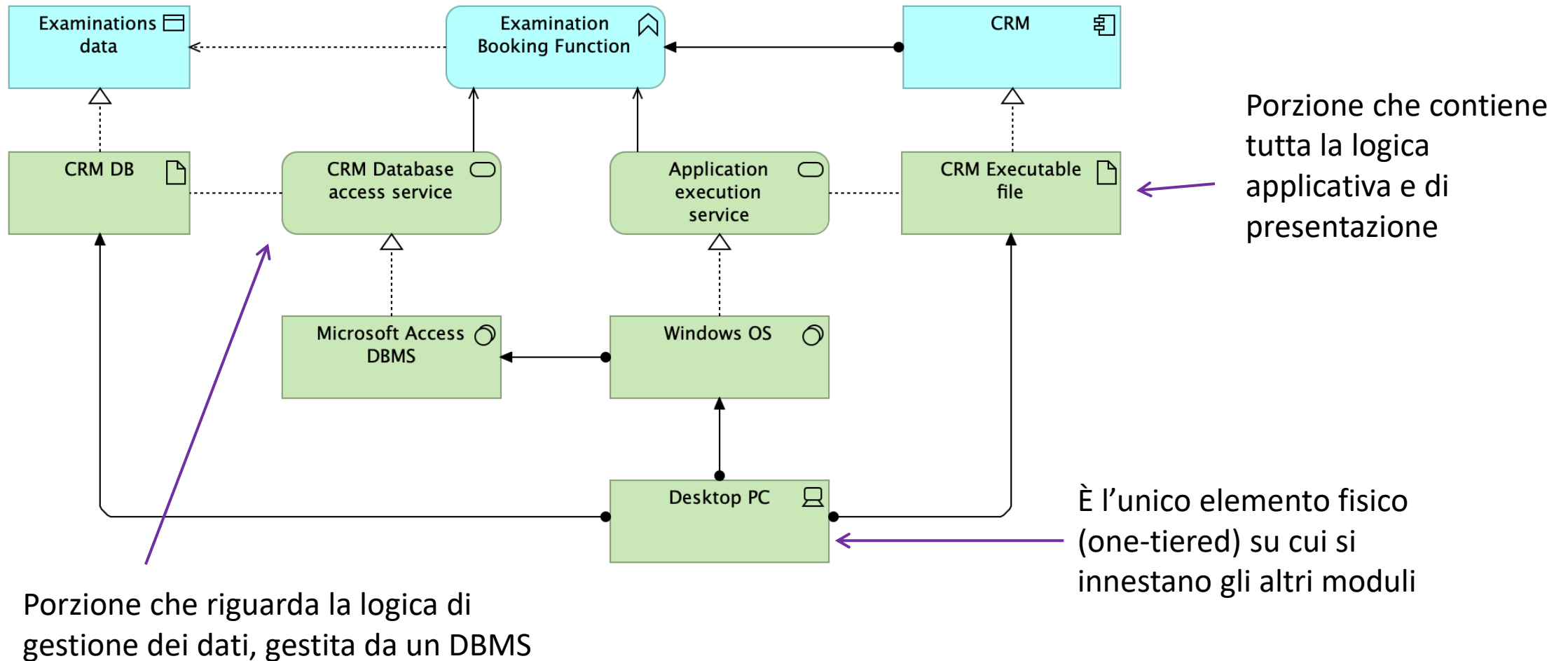
(poco realistico, come  
descrivere una  
situazione più  
realistica?)

# Applicazione one-tiered (1)



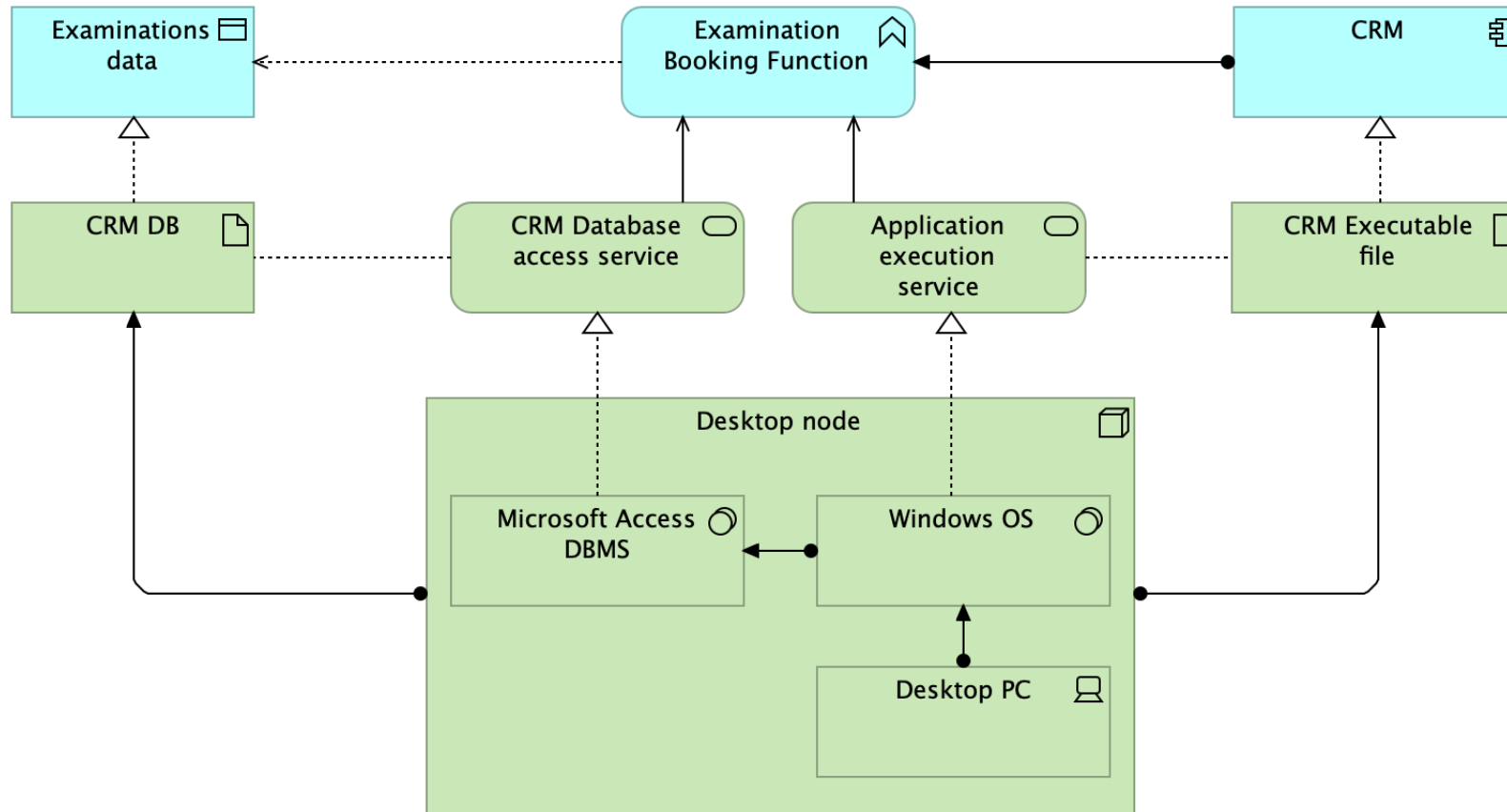
L'applicazione è deployata all'interno di unico elemento fisico

# Applicazione one-tiered (1)

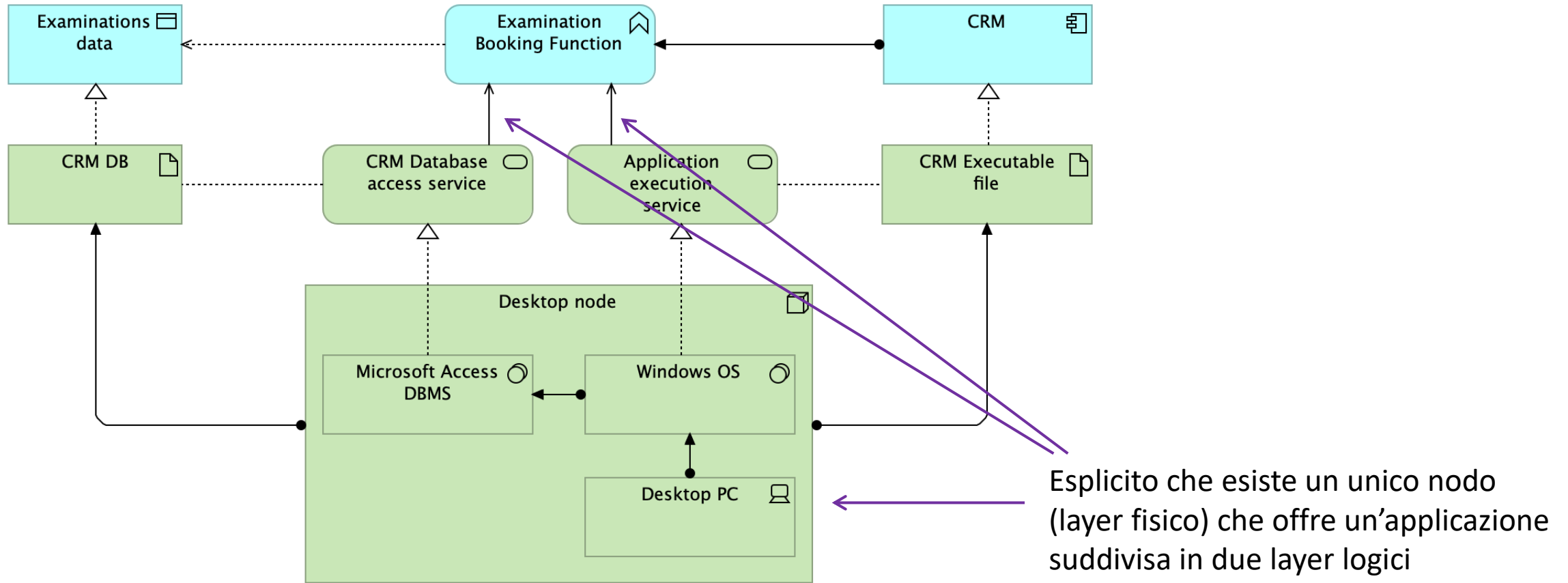




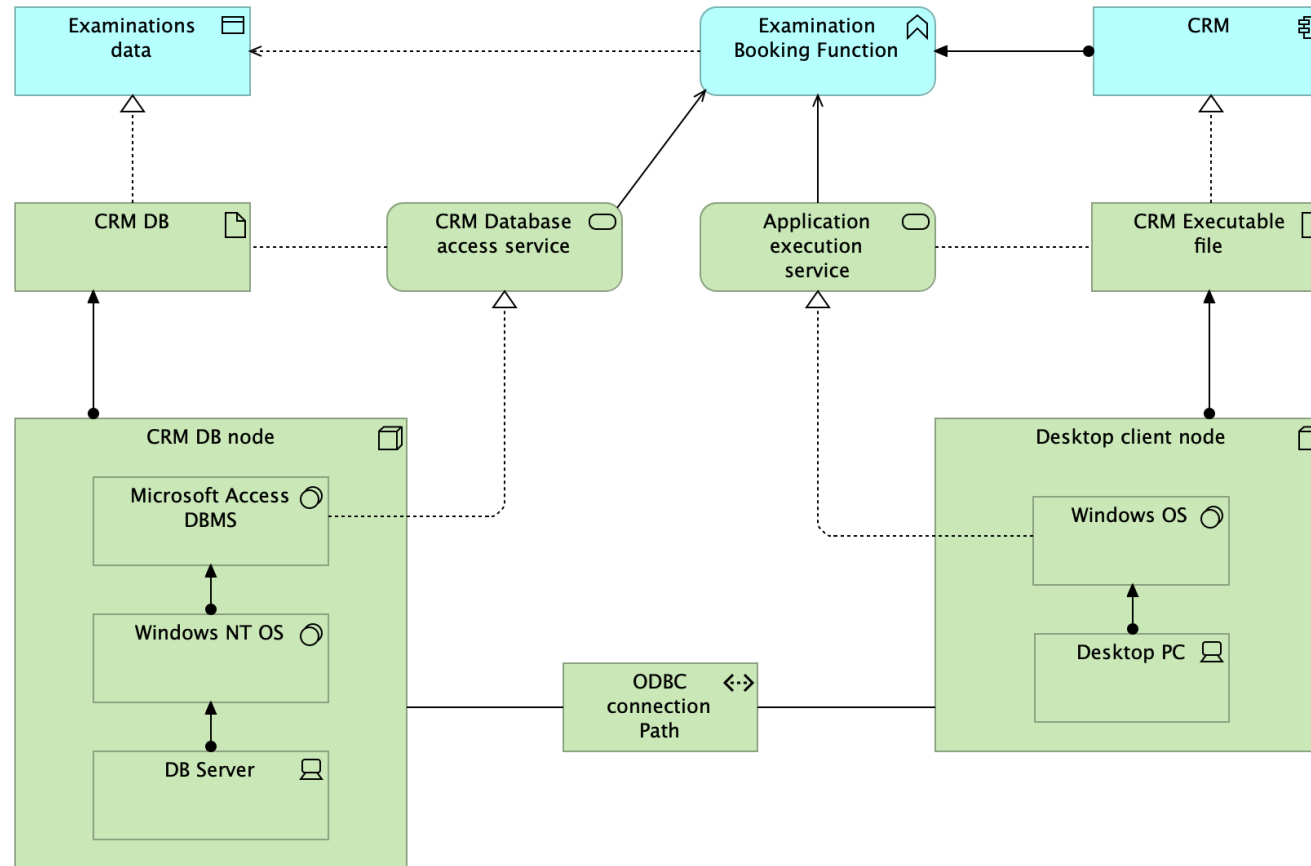
# Applicazione one-tiered (2)



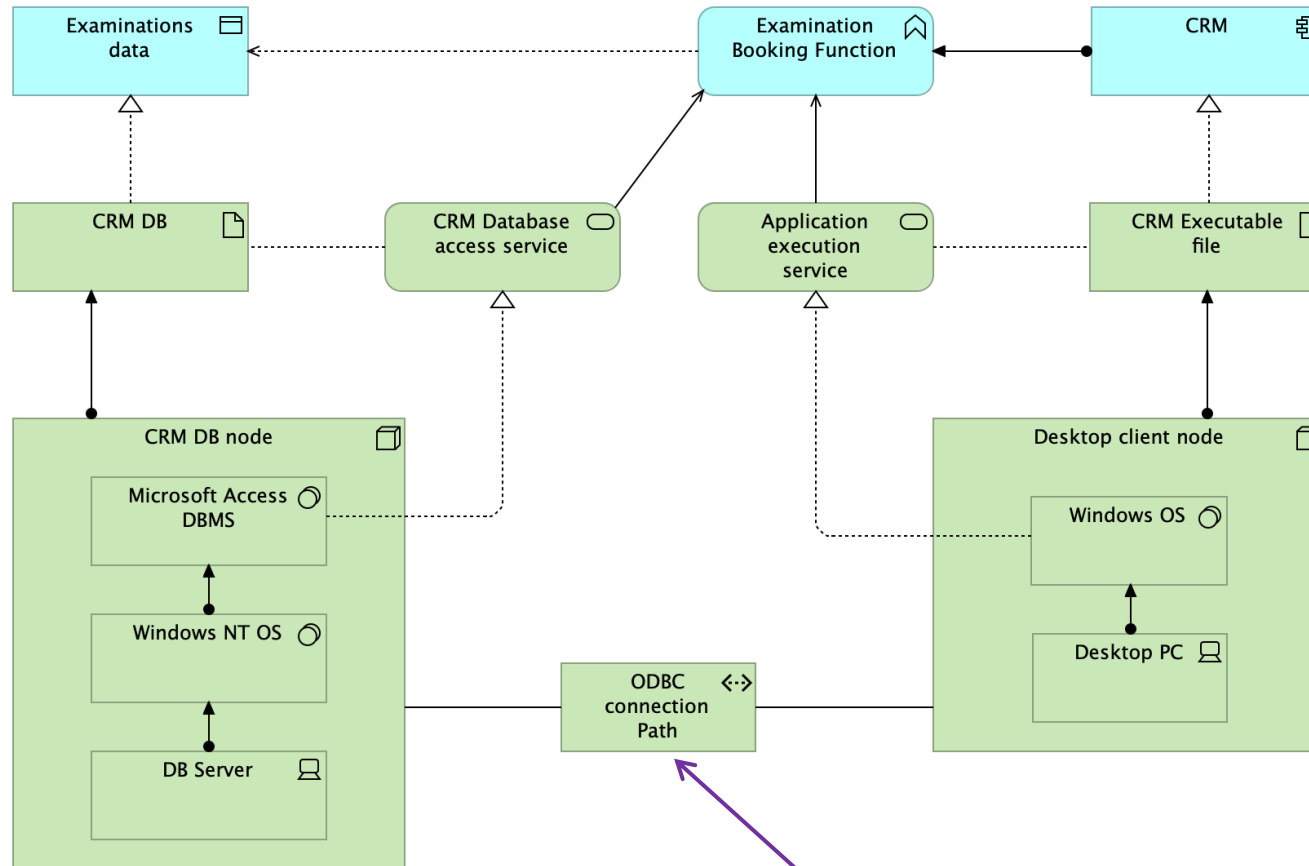
# Applicazione one-tiered (2)



# Applicazione two-tiered



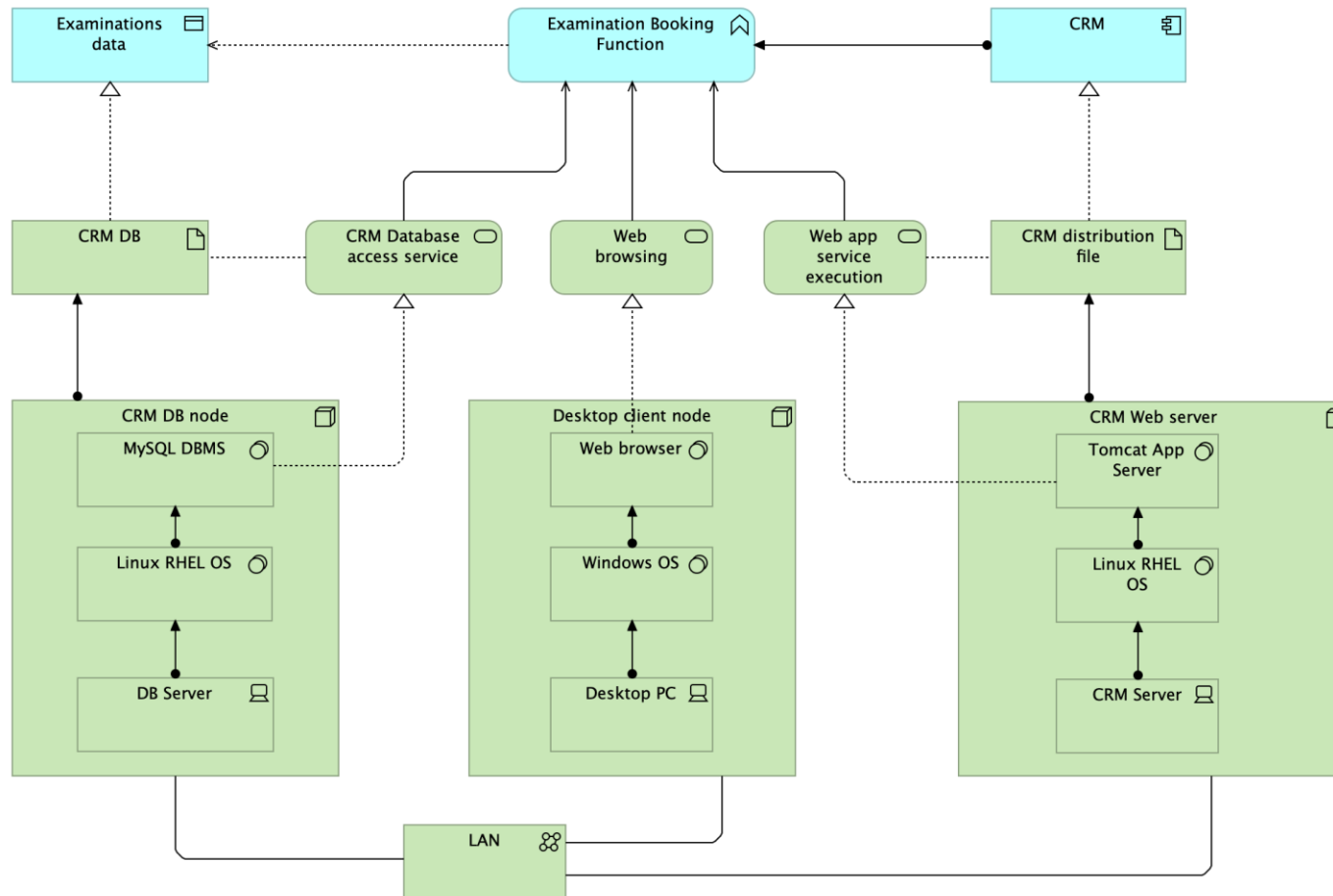
# Applicazione two-tiered



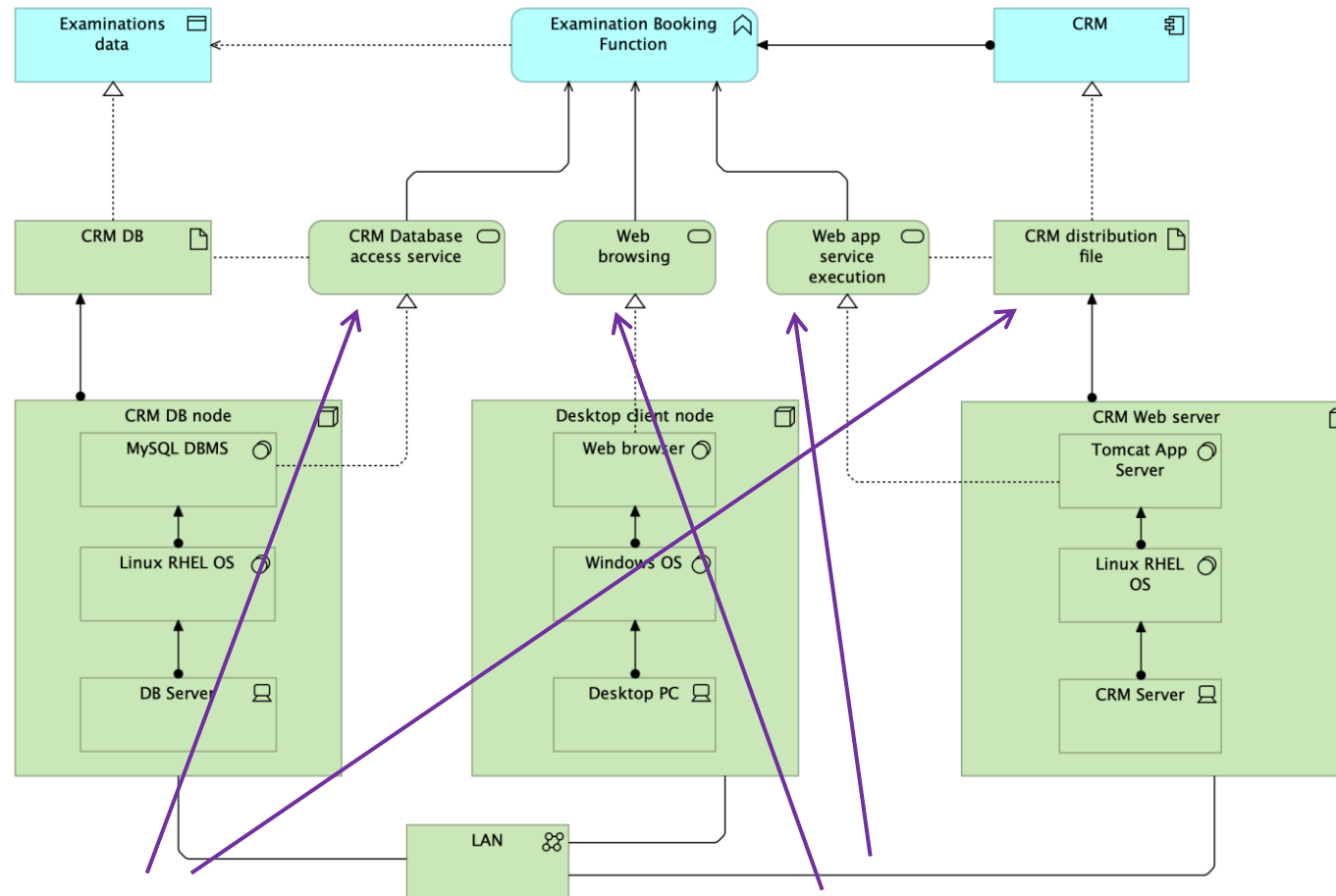
I due layer logici fanno riferimento a due a due tier fisici (nodi)

Comunicazione tra i due nodi

# Applicazione three-tiered



# Applicazione three-tiered



Invariati

Suddivisione logica dei servizi

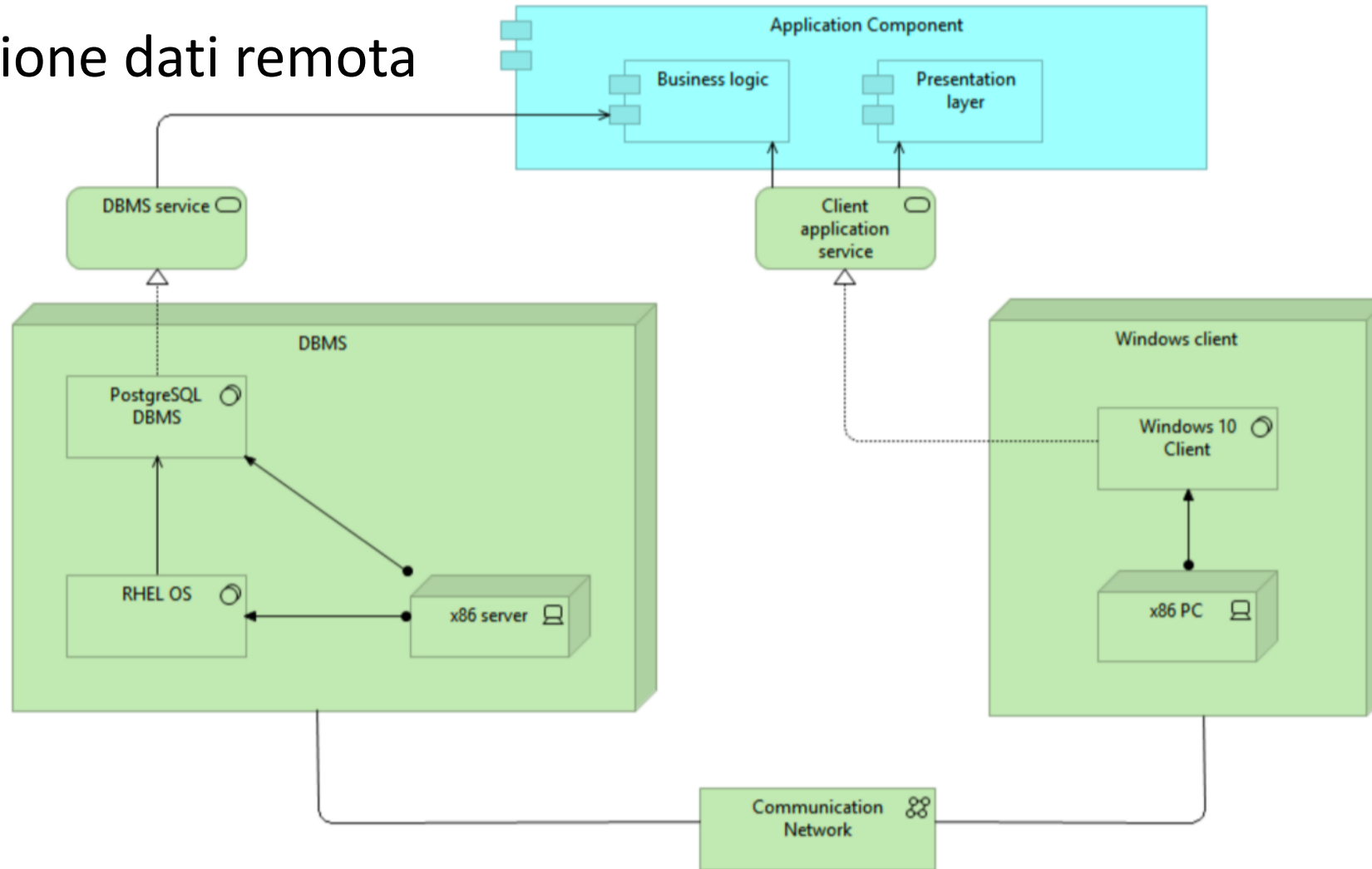
L'applicazione offre tre servizi:

1. DB / Accesso ai dati
2. Applicazione web
3. Layer di presentazione(browser)

I tre layer logici si basano su tre nodi fisici collegati da una LAN (intranet)

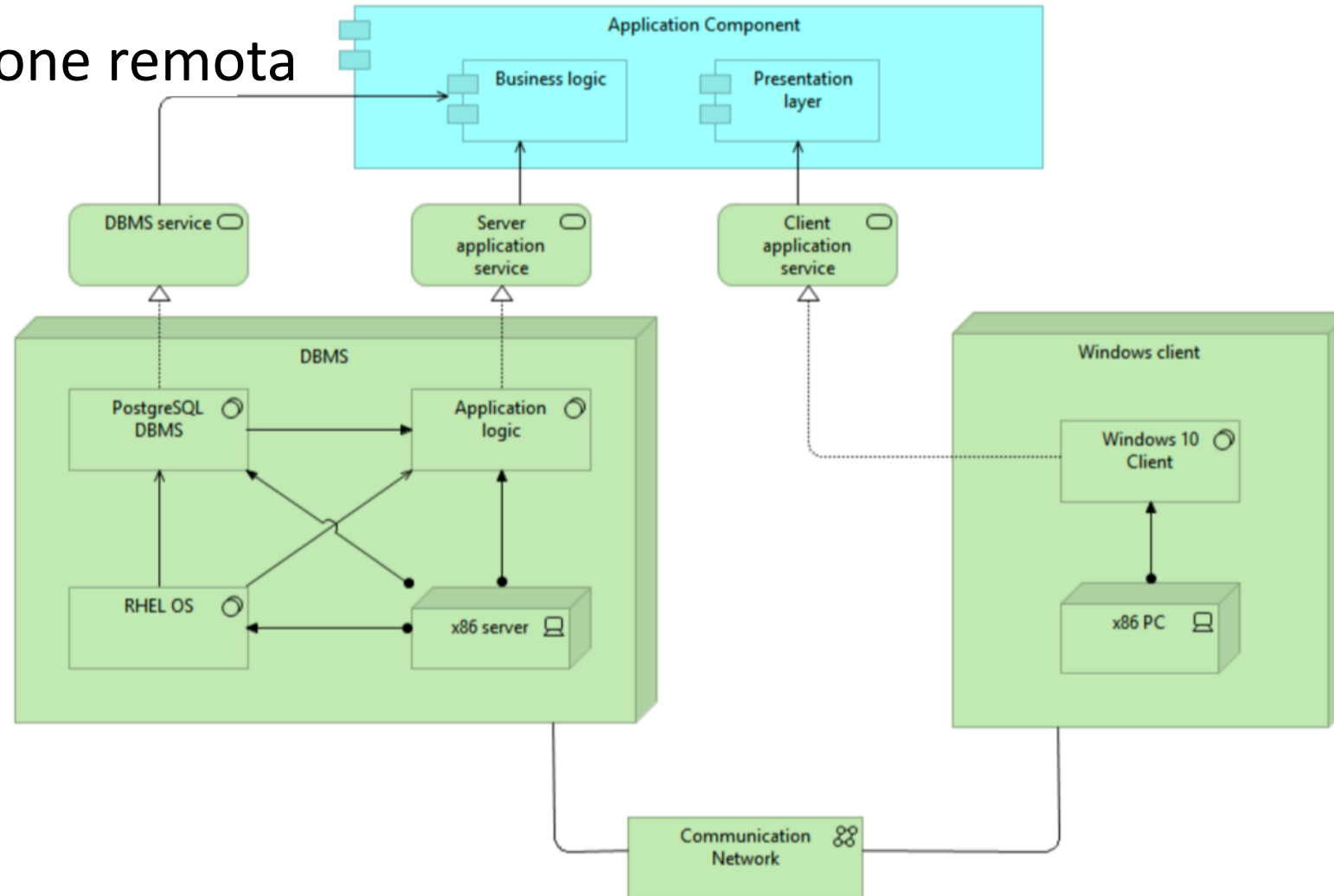
# 2-tier thick client

Gestione dati remota



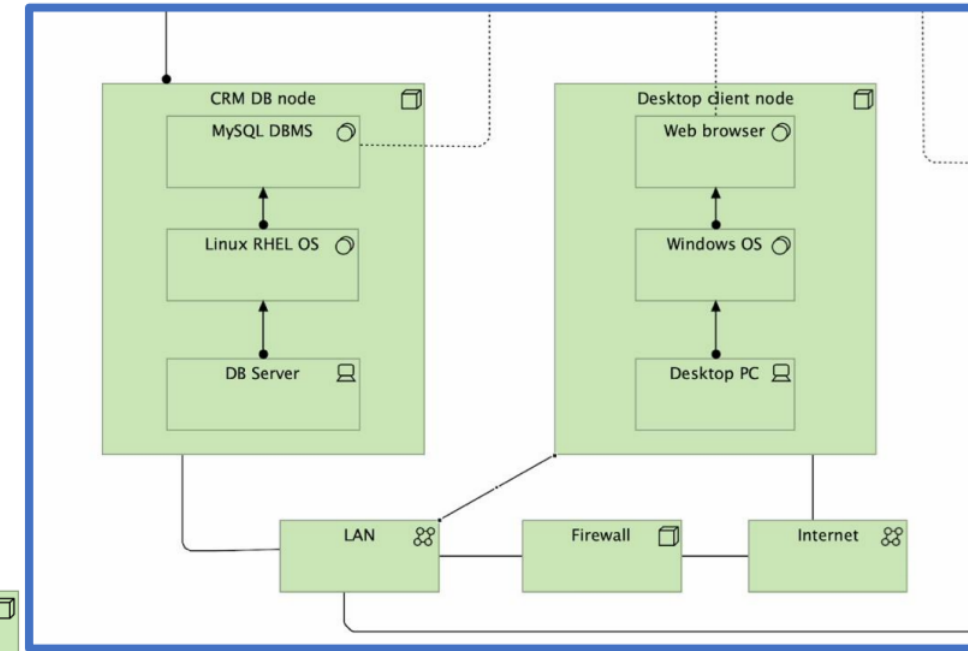
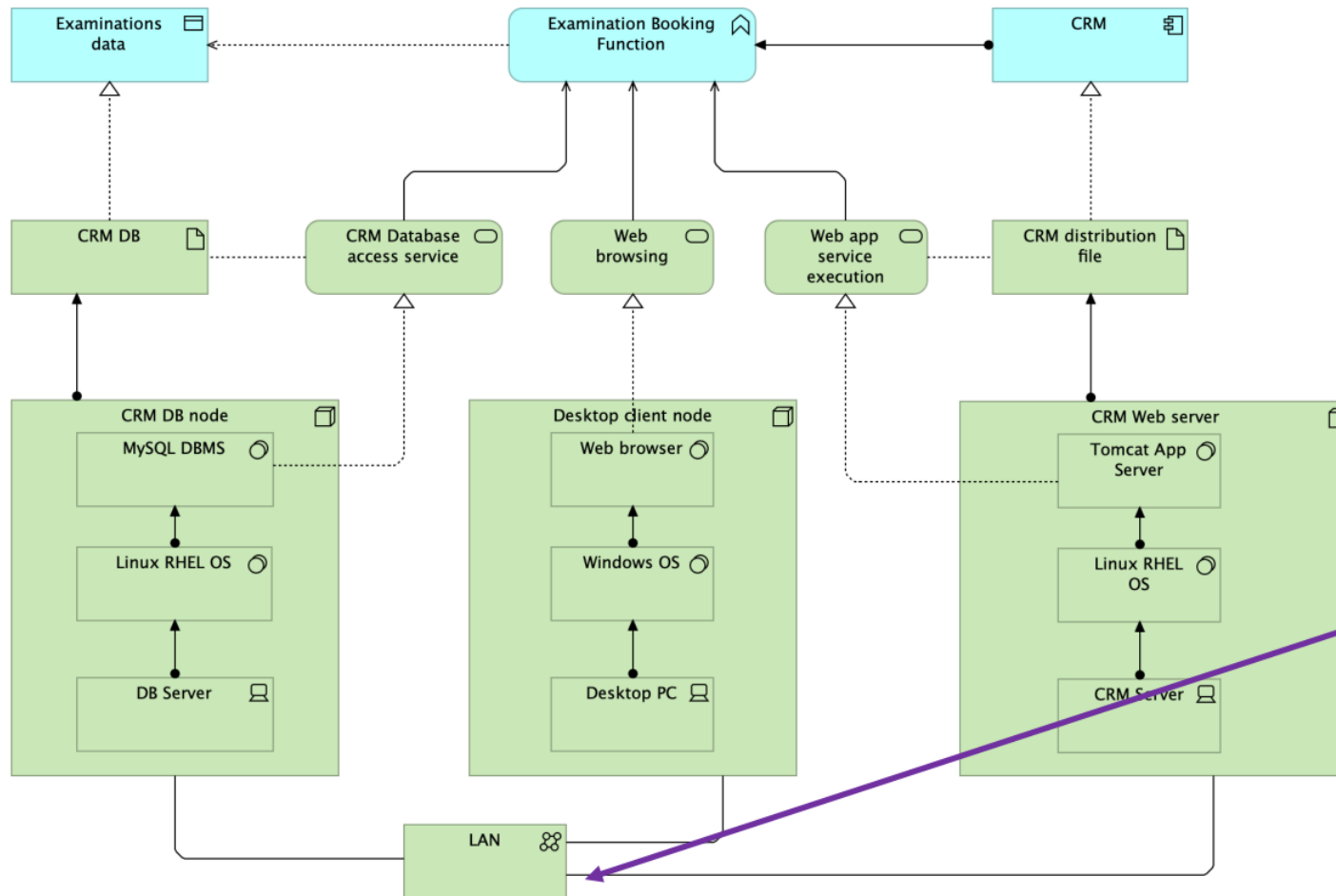
# 2-tier thin client

Presentazione remota



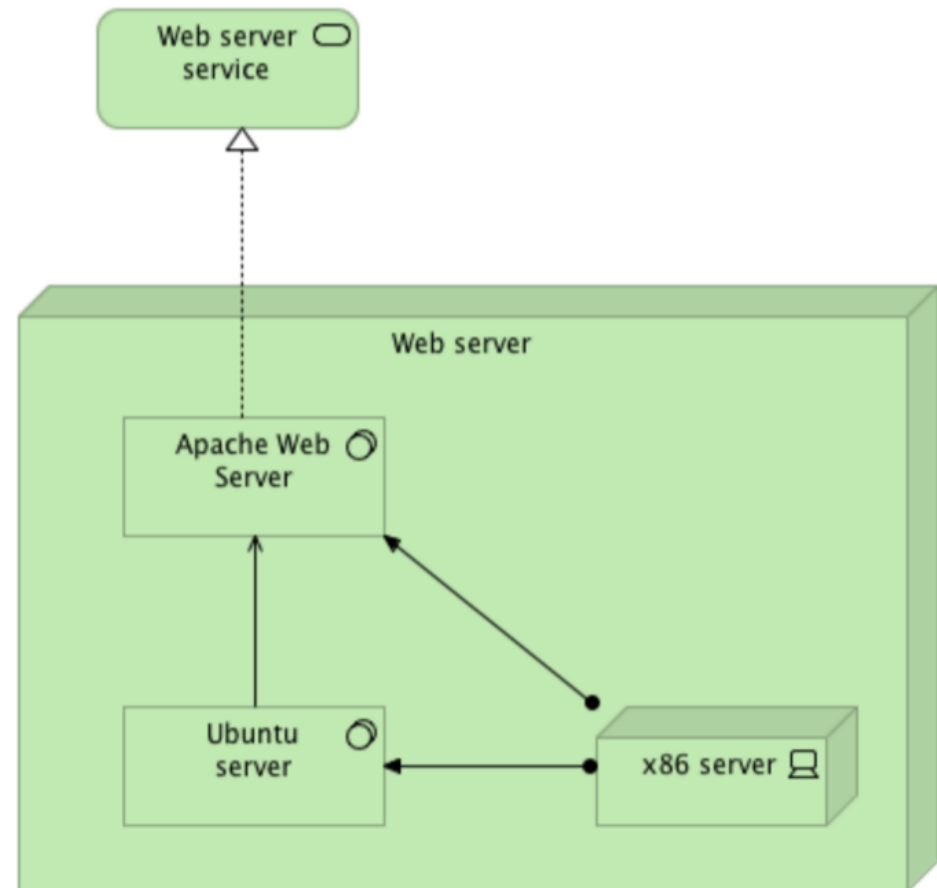
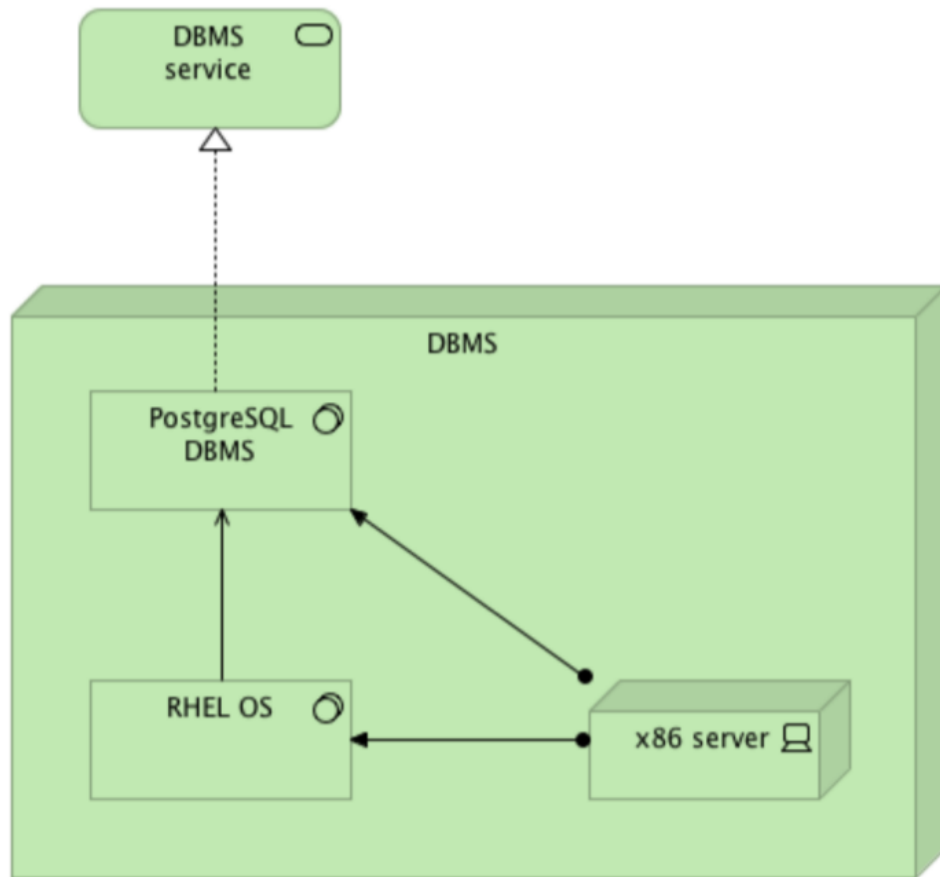


# Connessione a internet

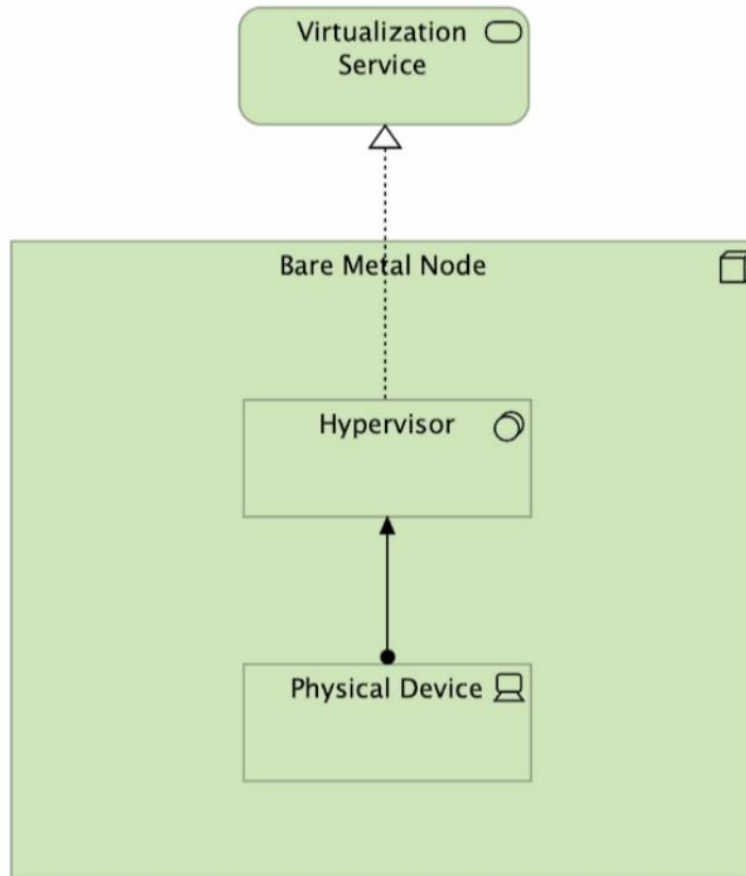


Client connesso ad internet

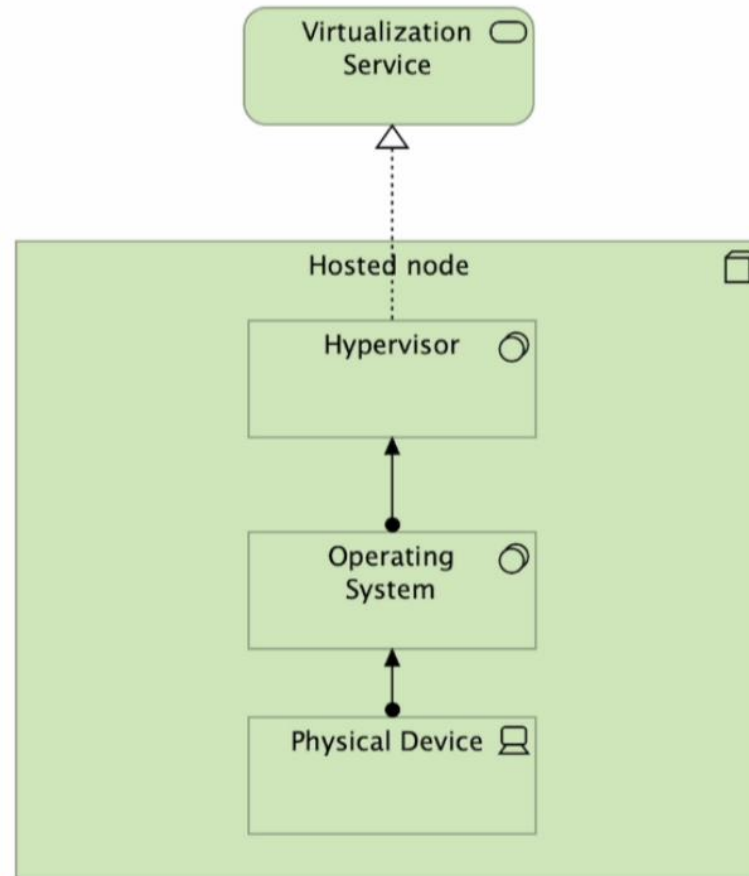
# Server fisico



# Virtualizzazione

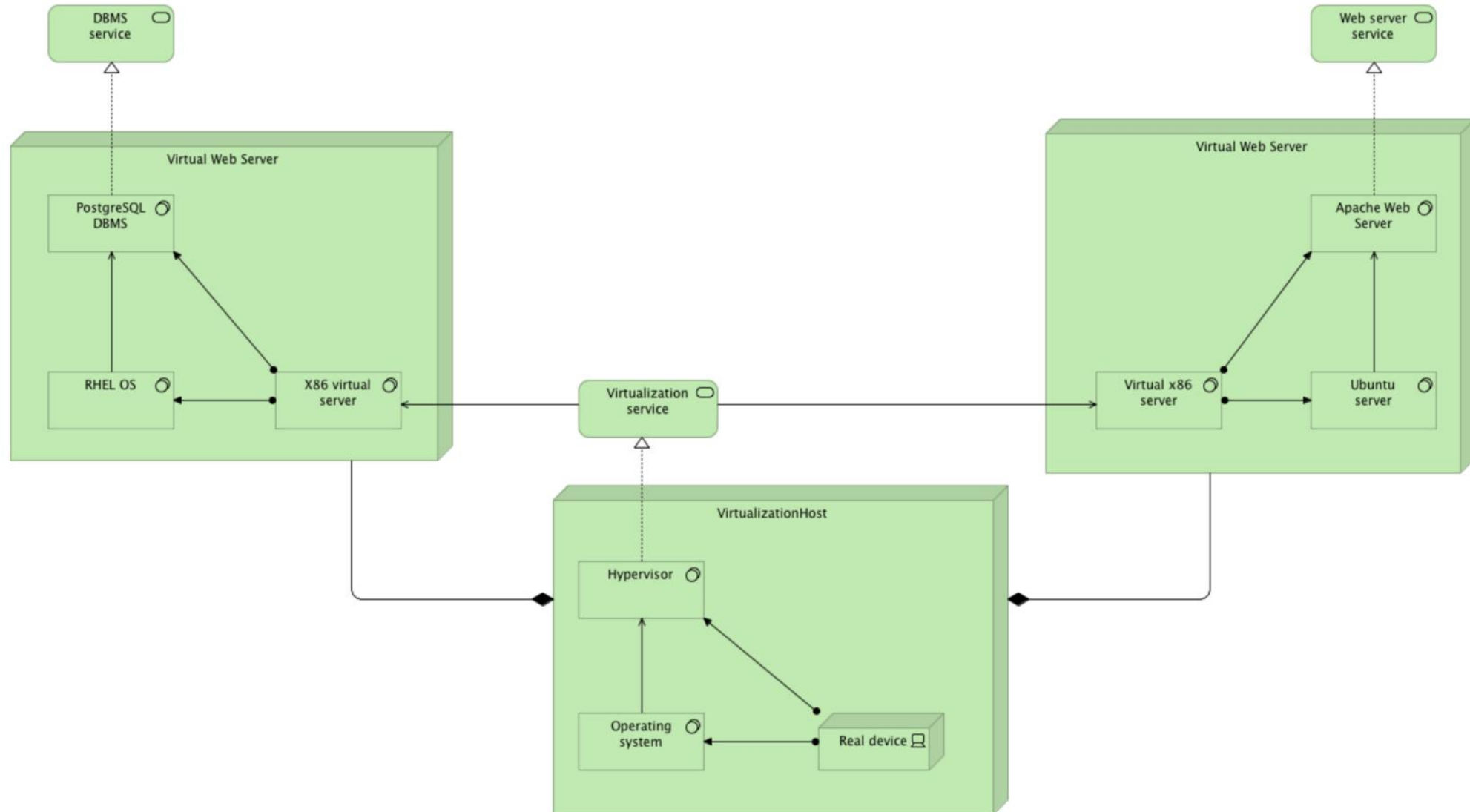


Bare – metal  
(no OS)



Hosted

# Server virtuale



# Provisioning models nel cloud computing

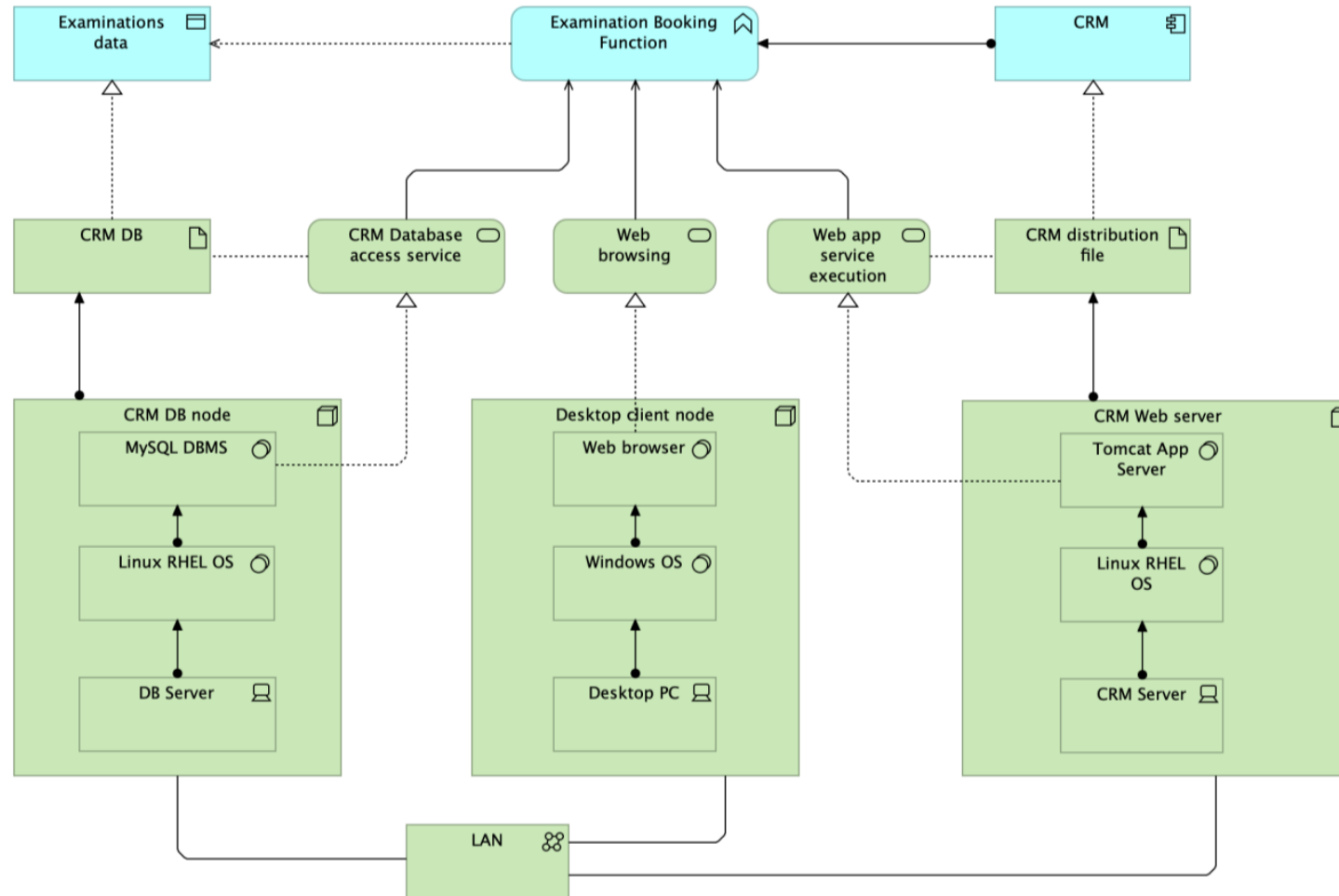
**IaaS:** provides virtualized computing resources; users manage applications, data, runtime, and OS, while the provider handles the hardware

**PaaS:** provides managed OS, middleware, and runtime; users focus on application development, without managing infrastructure

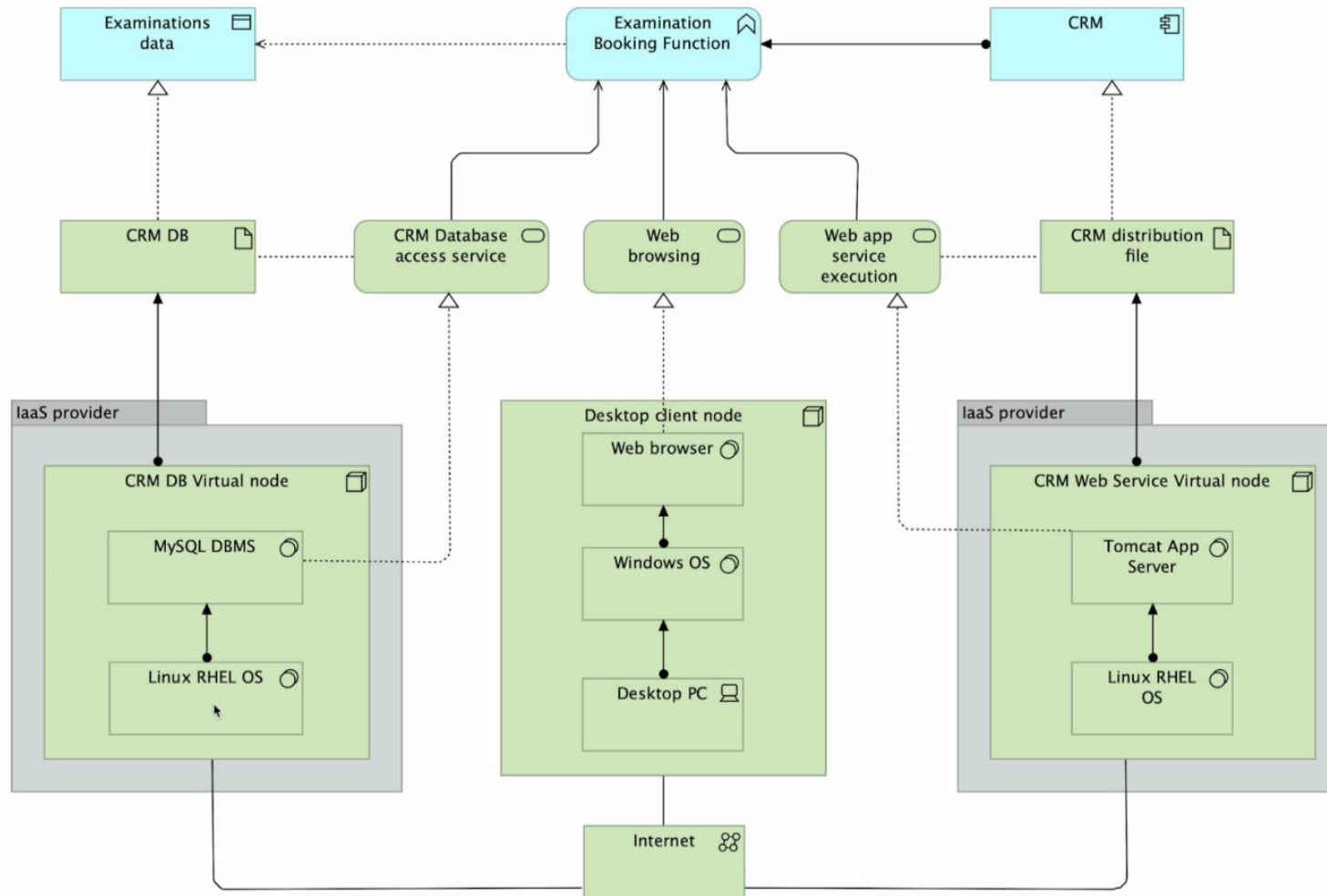
**SaaS:** offers fully managed software applications over the internet

# Applicazione three-tiered (reprise)

(come fruitori)



# Infrastructure as a Service

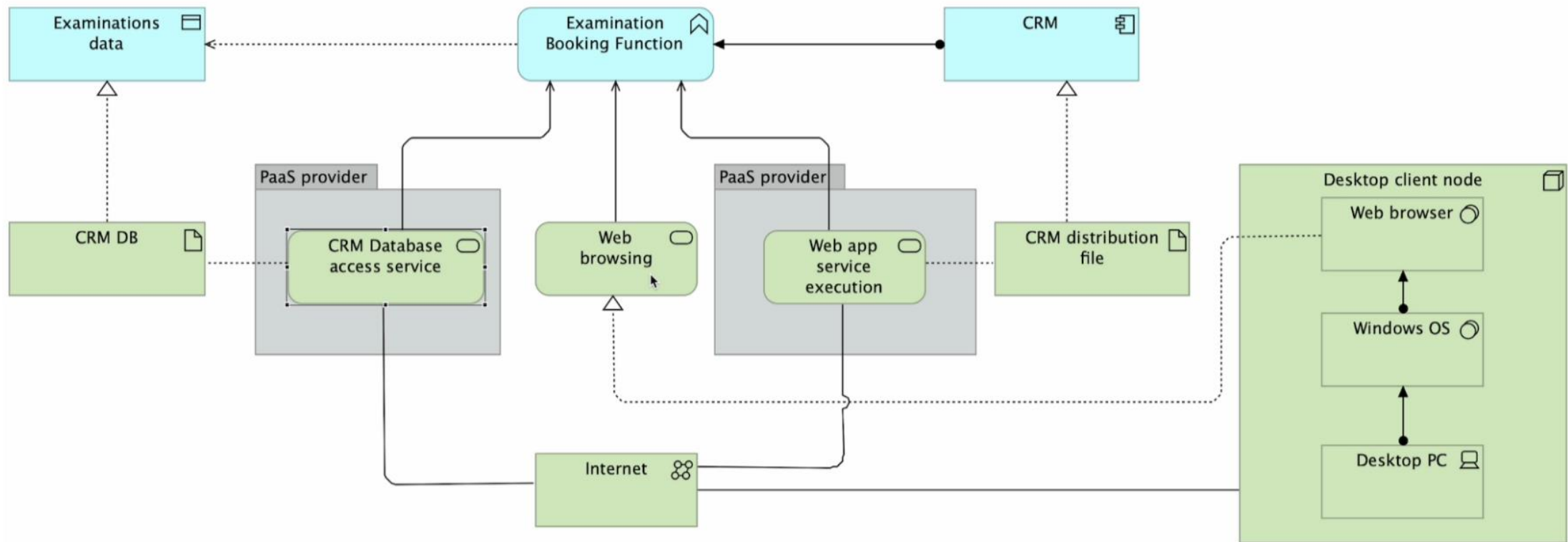


Non conosco i device fisici ma definisco soltanto OS / system software

Grouping per indicare il provider che offre il servizio

# Platform as a Service

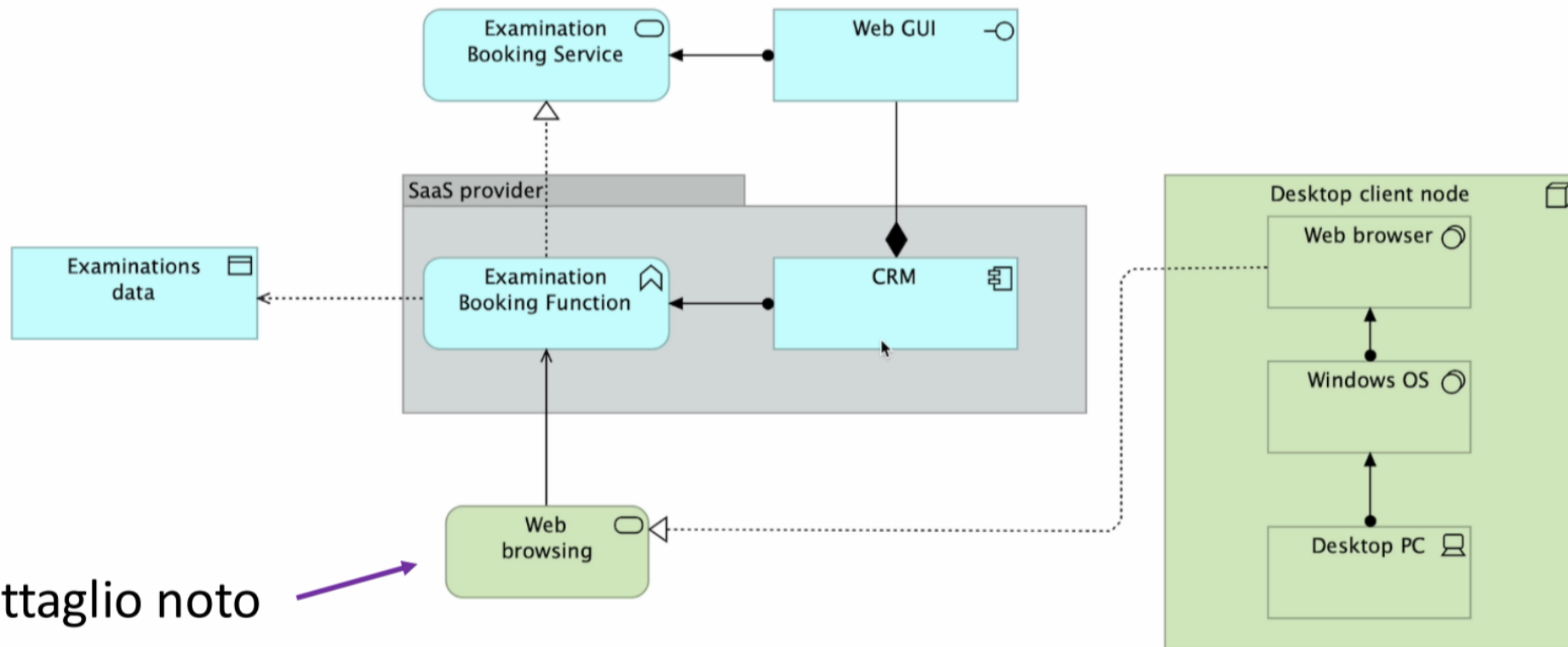
Modello più semplice: non siamo a conoscenza dei dettagli di piattaforma sottostanti ai servizi, rappresentiamo soltanto i servizi





# Software as a Service

Dal momento che il servizio è SaaS servizi vengono collassati a livello applicativo.  
A livello tecnologico si dettaglia soltanto il client



È l'unico dettaglio noto

# Archimate

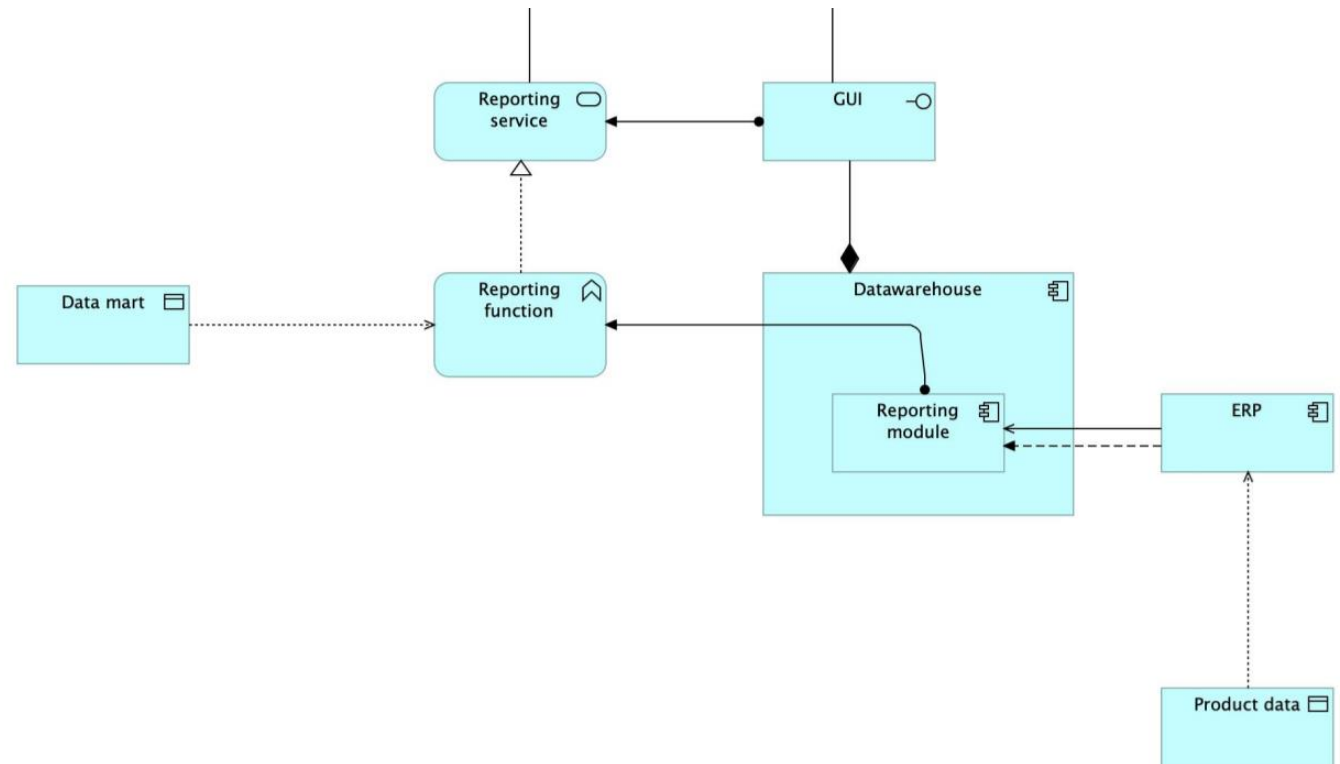
## Esercizi con Archi

# Archi

- Speedy 01 - Application layer

To offer this service, Speedy relies on a data warehouse.

Specifically, a reporting module, which is offered by the data warehouse, is in charge of interacting with the managed data marts to enable the activities which can be performed by the user. To this aim, the data warehouse periodically reads the data about the products from the organization's ERP system through an API, to create the data mart that is used by the reporting module.



# Archi

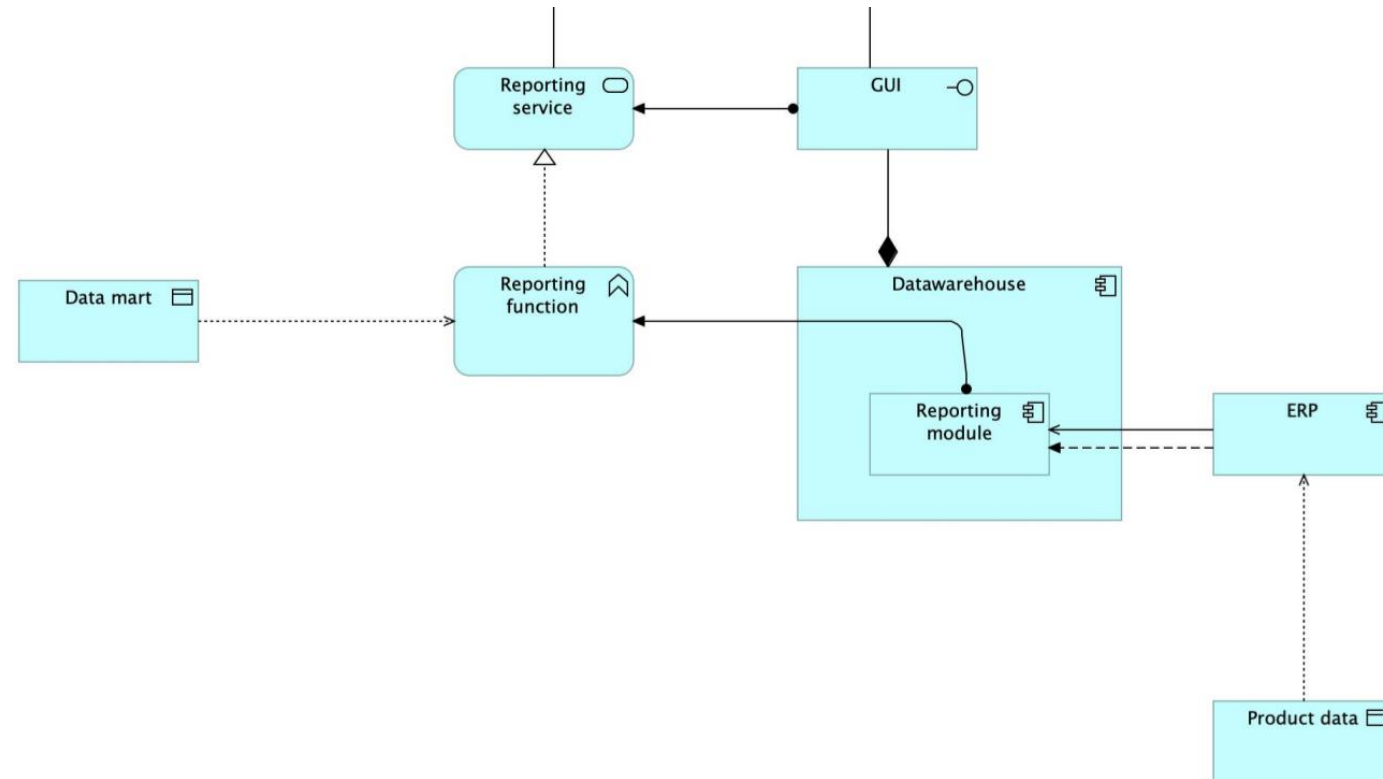
- Speedy 01 - Technology layer

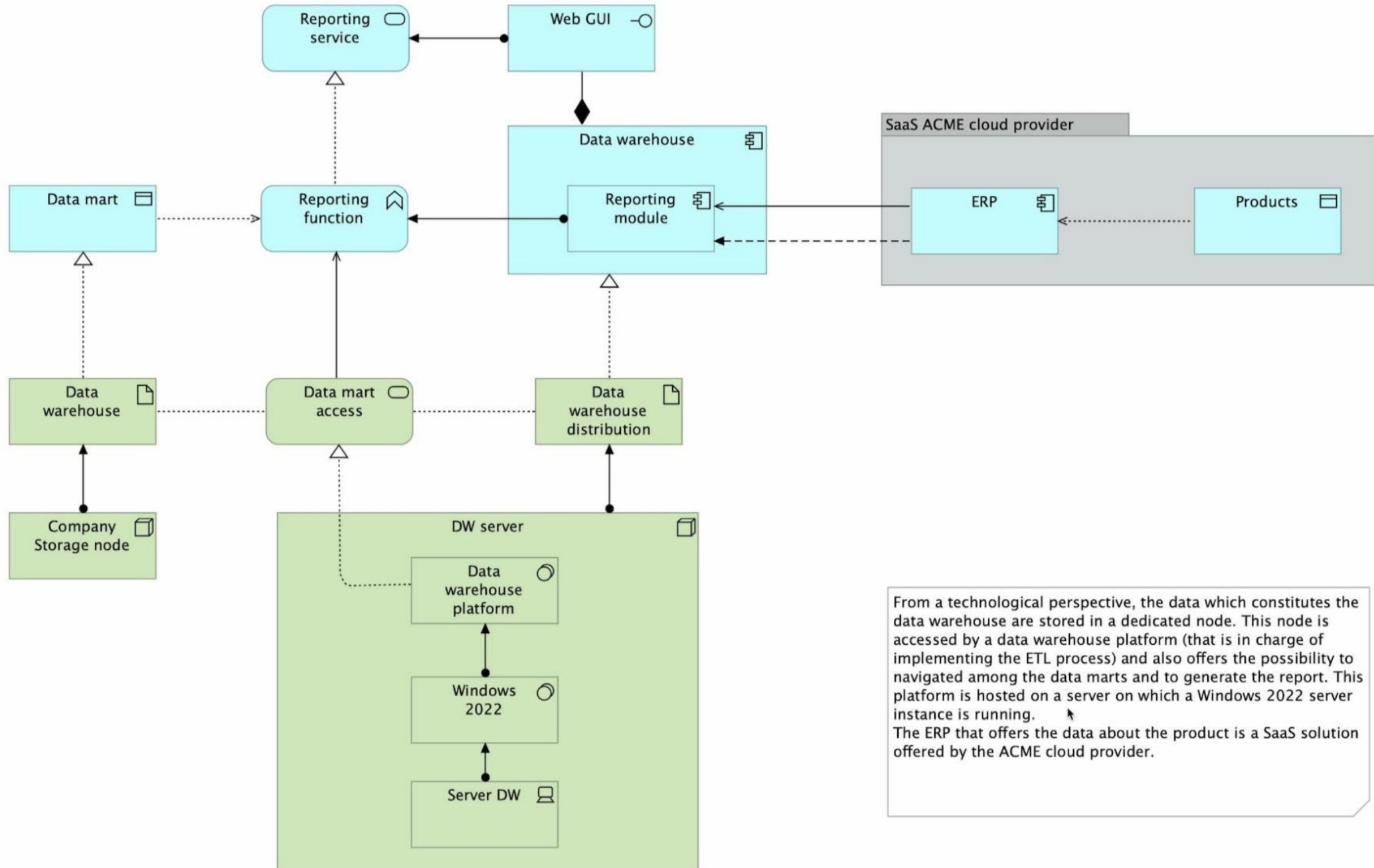
From a technological perspective, the data which constitutes the data warehouse are stored in a dedicated node. This node is accessed by a data warehouse platform (that is in charge of implementing the ETL process) and also offers the possibility to navigated among the data marts and to generate the report. This platform is hosted on a server on which a Windows 2022 server instance is running. The ERP that offers the data about the product is a SaaS solution offered by the ACME cloud provider.

# Archi

- Speedy 01 - Technology layer

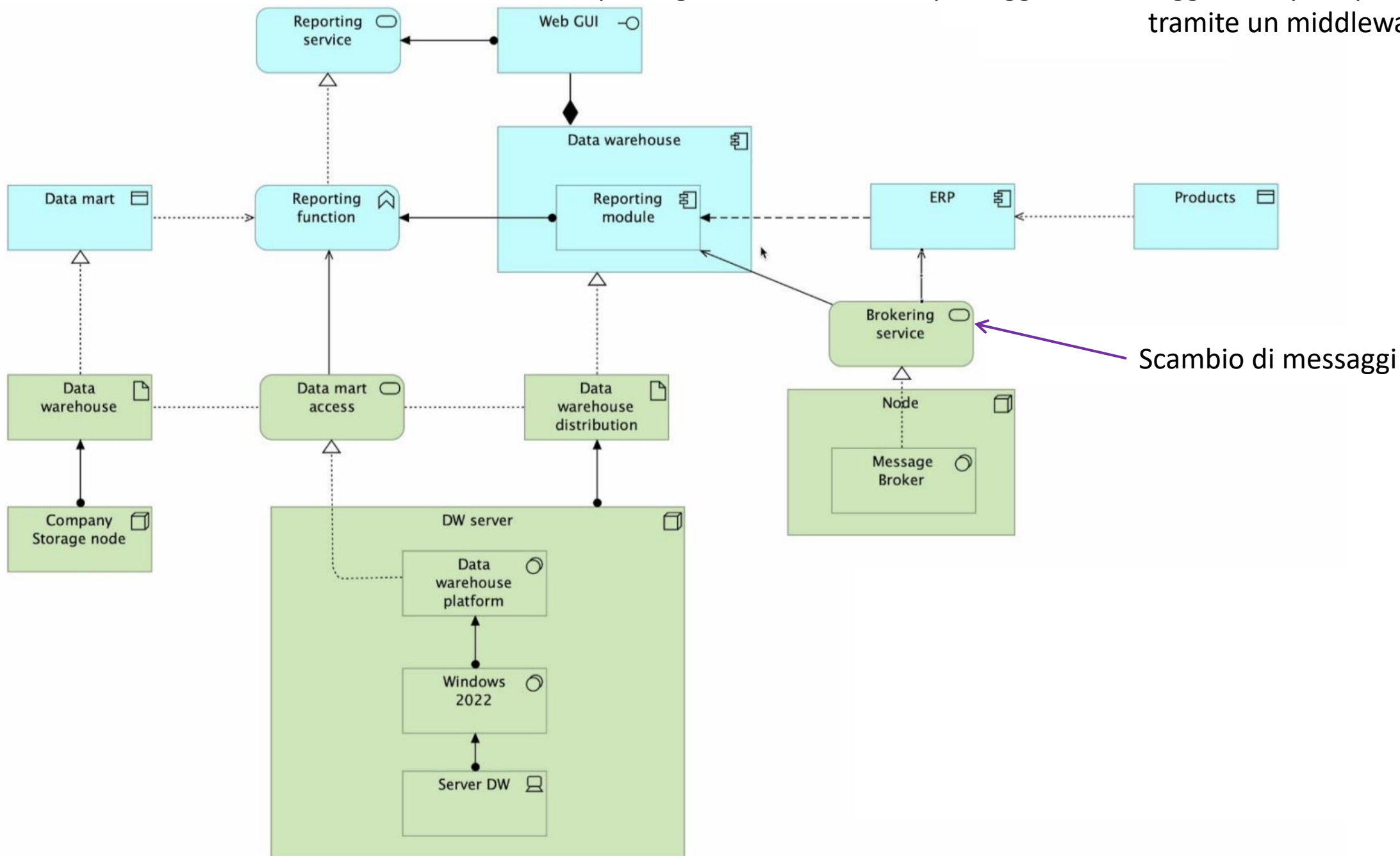
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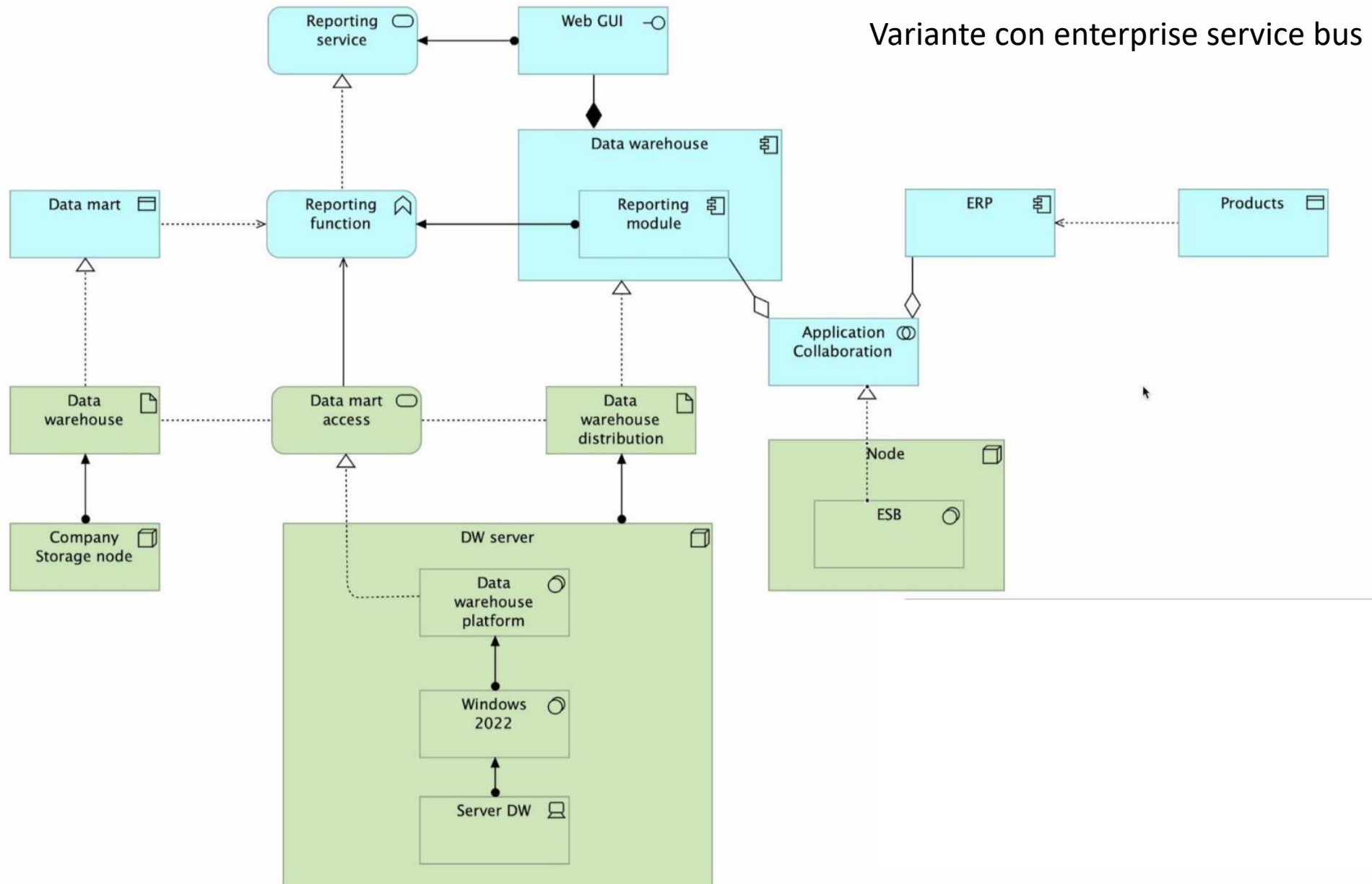


Variante: no connessione diretta tra ERP e reporting module, ma c'è un passaggio di messaggi loosely coupled, tramite un middleware





## Variante con enterprise service bus



# AutoMI

AutoMI is a chain of multi-brand auto body shops that intends to offer its customers a new online service for managing post-sales activities (e.g., inspections, servicing). This service allows AutoMI to send notifications to inform the customer about the need to perform periodic inspections required by law, and also allows the customer to book an appointment for servicing when a certain mileage is reached.

To provide this service, AutoMI will adopt a new software module that will interact via API, both in read and write mode, with AutoMI's internal CRM, and in read-only mode with the so-called "Portale dell'Automobilista" (Driver's Portal) made available via cloud by the Ministry of Transportation. It should be noted that the information obtained from the Portale dell'Automobilista is used only for notifications.

From a technological standpoint, the new system will be a three-tiered system deployed on virtual machines running on external cloud providers.

With reference to the previous text, define the Archimate diagram consisting of the Business Layer, Application Layer, and Technology Layer. The modeling of data objects and the technological level for AutoMI's CRM is not required.

# AutoMI

