## Esercizio 1



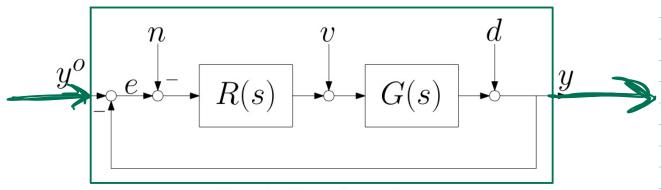
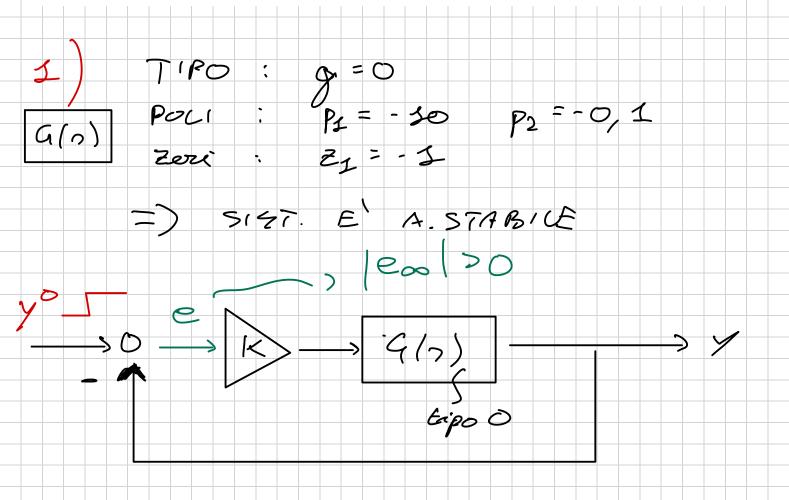


Figura 1: Schema di controllo.

Si consideri lo schema di controllo in figura, in cui  $G(s) = 10 \frac{s+1}{(1+10s)(1+0.1s)}$  e n(t) = v(t) = 0.

- 1.1. Dire che caratteristiche deve avere R(s) affinchè l'errore di regime sia nullo per  $y^o(t)=\pm 17\mathrm{sca}(t)$  e  $d(t)=-15\mathrm{sca}(t)$
- 1.2. Posto  $R(s) = 0.01 \frac{1+10s}{s}$ , verificare l'asintotica stabilità del sistema retroazionato
- 1.3. Dire quanto vale l'ampiezza a regime di y(t) quando  $y^o(t)=0$  e
  - $d(t) = 2\operatorname{sca}(t)$
  - $d(t) = \sin(0.001t)$
  - $d(t) = \sin(1000t)$
- 1.4. Posto ora d(t)=0, tracciare l'andamento qualitativo dell'uscita quando  $y^o(t)=\mathrm{sca}(t)$ , precisando  $y(0),\,y_\infty,\,T_\mathrm{ass},\,S_\%.$



penck 
$$\frac{E(s)}{Y^0(s)} = S(s)$$
  $\frac{E(s)}{D(s)} = -S(s)$ 

pa coverse  $\begin{vmatrix} e_{os} & e \\ = 0 \end{vmatrix} = 0$   $\Rightarrow L(s)$   $e_{po} = 1$ 

$$\begin{vmatrix} e_{os} & e \\ = 0 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} R(s) = \frac{K}{S} & R'(s) \\ E_{po} & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

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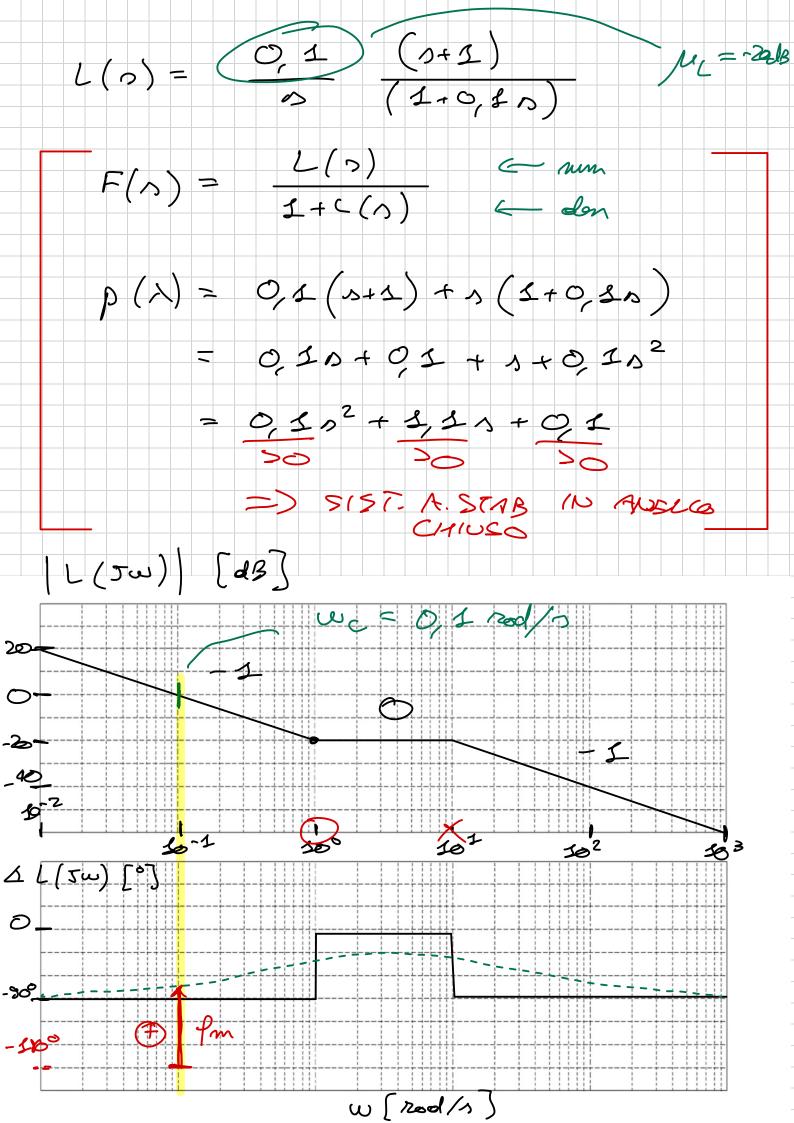
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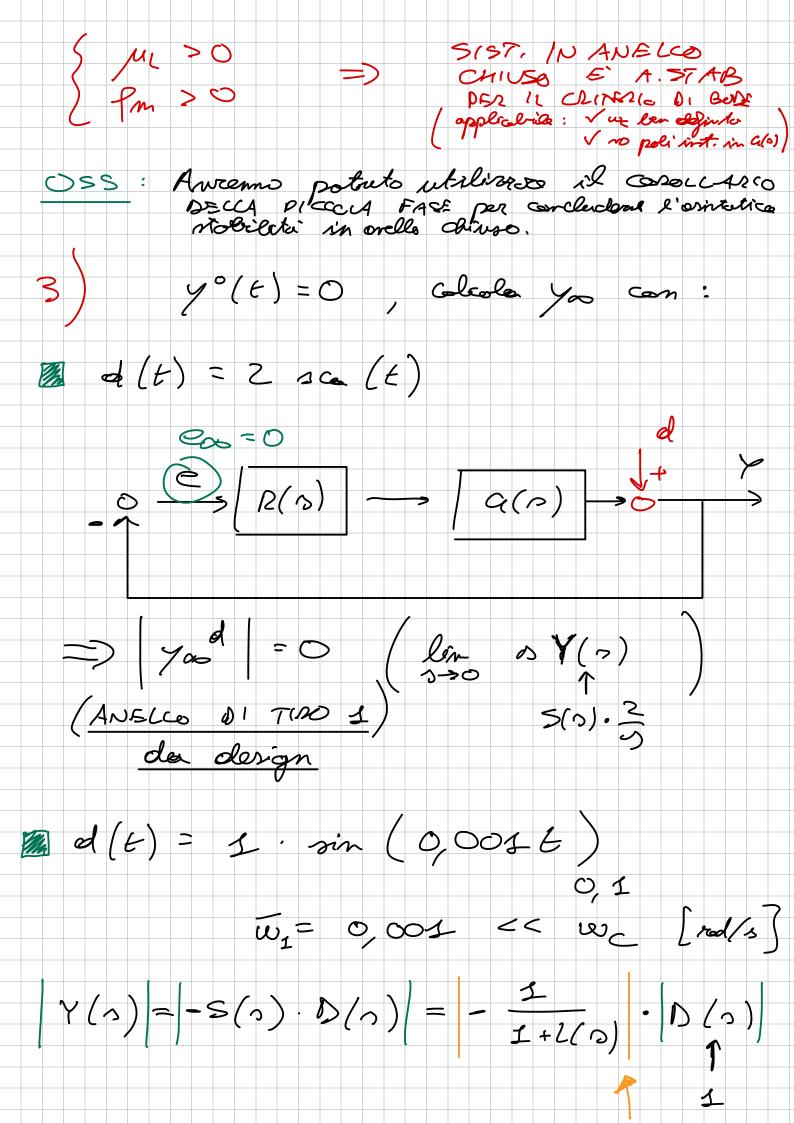
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$$5(s) = \frac{1}{|2l s w|} = \frac{1}{500} \left(\frac{dsl}{d l s const}\right)$$

$$5(s) = \frac{1}{|2l s w|} = \frac{1}{500} \left(\frac{dsl}{d l c const}\right)$$

$$5(s) = \frac{1}{500} \cdot 1 = 0.05$$

$$4(t) = 1 \cdot n \ln (1000 t)$$

$$4(t) = 1 \cdot n \ln (1000 t)$$

$$5(s) = \frac{1}{1 + l(s)} = 1$$

$$5(s) = \frac{1}{1 + l(s)}$$

$$Y(n) = \frac{L(n)}{1 + L(n)} Y^{0}(n)$$

$$P(m) = 300 > 750$$

$$P(m) = 300 >$$

## Esercizio 2

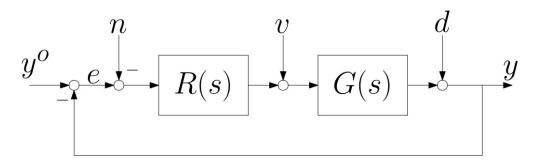


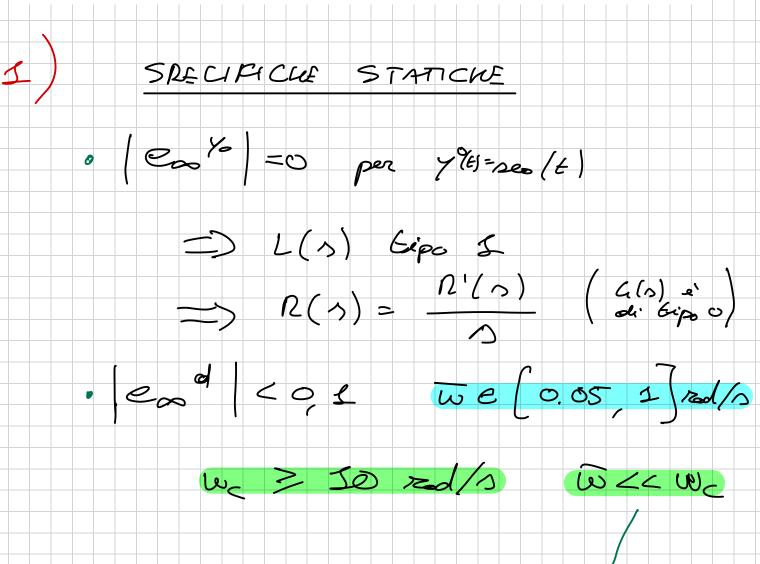
Figura 2: Schema di controllo.

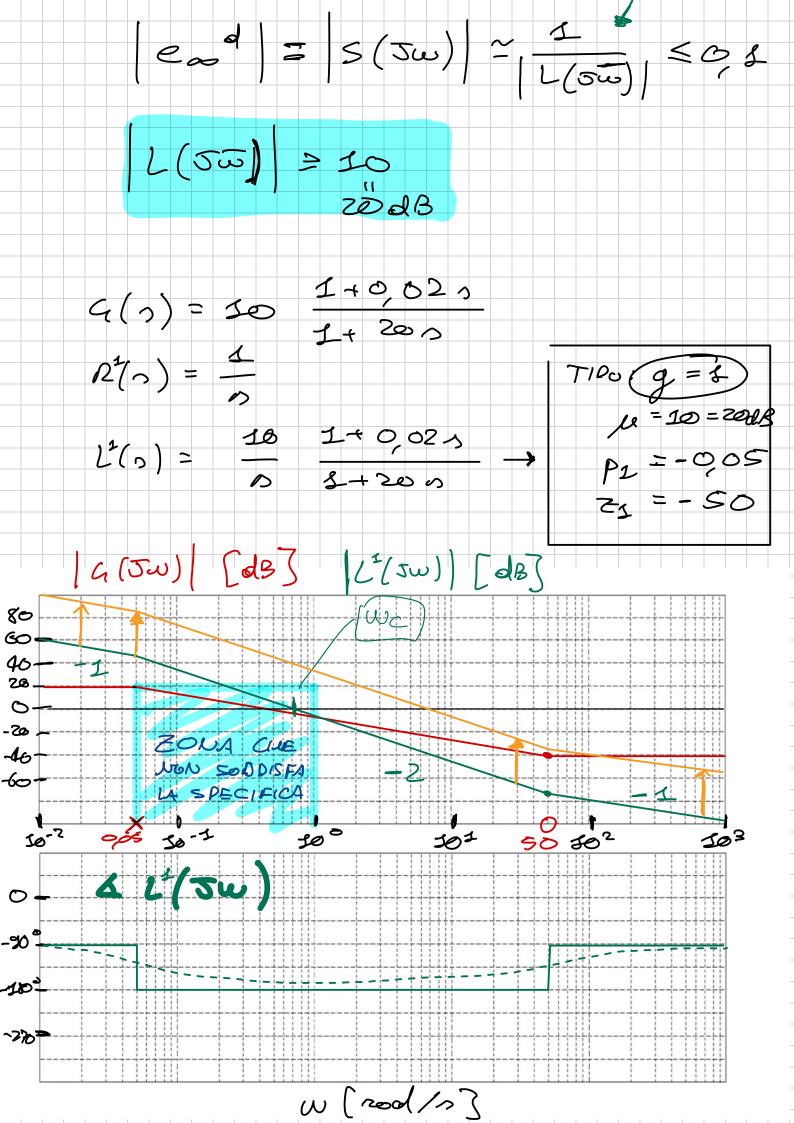
Si consideri il sistema retroazionato in figura, dove  $G(s) = \frac{10(1+0.02s)}{1+20s}$ .

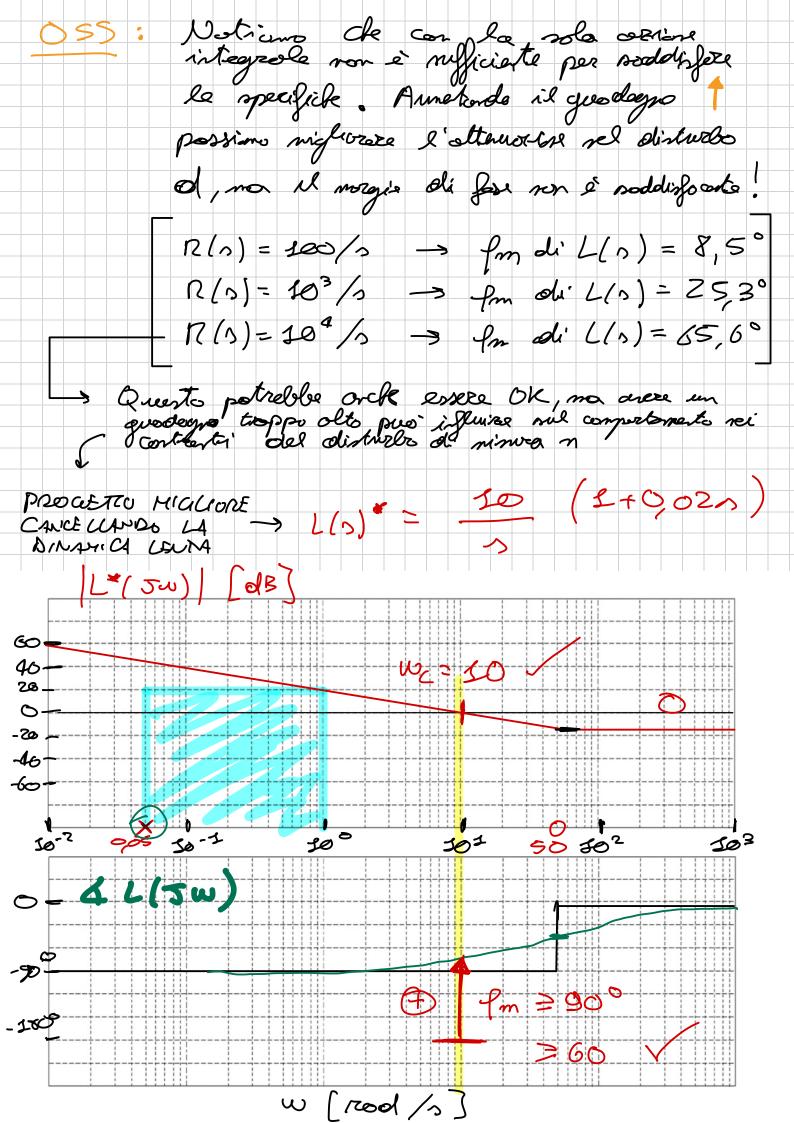
- 2.1. Progettare R(s) in modo che
  - $|e_{\infty y^o}| = 0$  per  $y^o(t) = \operatorname{sca}(t)$
  - $|e_{\infty d}| \le 0.1 \text{ per } d(t) = \sin(\bar{\omega}t) \text{ con } \bar{\omega} \in [0.05, 1] \, rad/s$
  - $\omega_c \geq 10 \, rad/s$
  - $\varphi_m \ge 60^{\circ}$

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2.2. Dire quanto vale l'ampiezza di regime di y(t) quando  $y^{o}(t) = 2 + 10\sin(t) + 5\sin(100t)$ 







$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{$$

$$|E| = |E| = |E|$$

## Esercizio 3

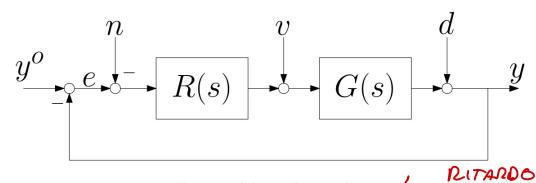


Figura 3: Schema di controllo.

Si consideri il sistema retroazionato in figura, dove  $G(s) = \frac{e^{-0.1s}}{(1+0.1s)(1+s)}$  Progettare R(s) in modo che

- $|e_{\infty y^o}| \le 0.1 \text{ per } y^o(t) = \operatorname{sca}(t)$
- $|e_{\infty d}| \le 0.1 \text{ per } d(t) = \sin(\bar{\omega}t) \text{ con } \bar{\omega} \in [0.05, 0.1] \, rad/s$
- $\omega_c \geq 1 \, rad/s$
- $\varphi_m \ge 60^\circ$

SPEC. DINAMICKE

posso volutile SENZA pitedo 
$$e^{-st}$$
 $A(s)$ 
 $C(s)$ 
 $C(s)$ 

$$|e_{\infty}|^{2} = \frac{1}{1+L(0)} = \frac{1}{1+K\cdot Q(0)} =$$

