

# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Batch: 2028  
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## 2024\_28\_III\_OOPS Using Java Lab

### 2028\_REC\_OOPS using Java\_Week 5\_Q5

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 10  
Marks Obtained : 10

#### **Section 1 : Coding**

##### **1. Problem Statement**

Ram is working as a developer for BrightEdu Coaching Center, which wants to build a student fee management system.

Each student's enrollment has:

An Enrollment ID (integer) A Student Name (string) The Number of Subjects (integer)

The fee calculation rules are:

Registration Fee = 1000 units (flat for every student). Per Subject Fee = 800 units. If the student enrolls in more than 5 subjects, a 20% scholarship (discount) is applied on the total fee.

Ram has been asked to implement this system using:

A class with attributes for student details. A constructor to initialize student details. Setter methods to update details if needed. Getter methods to retrieve details. Objects of the class to represent student enrollments.

Finally, display each student's details and final fee.

#### ***Input Format***

The first line of input contains an integer N, representing the number of students.

For each student:

- The next line contains the Enrollment ID (integer).
- The following line contains the student's name (string).
- The next line contains the Number of subjects (integer).

#### ***Output Format***

For each student, print the details in the following format:

- Enrollment ID: <enrollment\_id>
- Student Name: <student\_name>
- Final Fee: <final\_fee> (rounded to one decimal place)

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

#### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 1

1234

Ravi Kumar

3

Output: Enrollment ID: 1234

Student Name: Ravi Kumar

Final Fee: 3400.0

#### ***Answer***

```
// You are using Java
import java.util.Scanner;

class StudentEnrollment{
```

```
private int enrollmentId;
private String studentName;
private int numberOfSubjects;

public StudentEnrollment(int enrollmentId, String studentName, int
numberOfSubjects) {
    this.enrollmentId = enrollmentId;
    this.studentName = studentName;
    this.numberOfSubjects = numberOfSubjects;
}

public int getEnrollmentId() {
    return enrollmentId;
}

public String getStudentName() {
    return studentName;
}

public int getNumberOfSubjects() {
    return numberOfSubjects;
}

public double calculateFinalFee() {
    double registrationFee = 1000;
    double perSubjectFee = 800;
    double totalFee = registrationFee + (numberOfSubjects * perSubjectFee);

    if (numberOfSubjects > 5) {
        totalFee = totalFee * 0.80;
    }

    return totalFee;
}

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

        int numberOfStudents = Integer.parseInt(scanner.nextLine().trim());
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < numberOfStudents; i++) {  
    int enrollmentId = Integer.parseInt(scanner.nextLine().trim());  
    String studentName = scanner.nextLine().trim();  
    int numberOfSubjects = Integer.parseInt(scanner.nextLine().trim());  
  
    StudentEnrollment student = new StudentEnrollment(enrollmentId,  
    studentName, numberOfSubjects);  
  
    System.out.printf("Enrollment ID: %d\n", student.getEnrollmentId());  
    System.out.printf("Student Name: %s\n", student.getStudentName());  
    System.out.printf("Final Fee: %.1f\n", student.calculateFinalFee());  
}  
  
scanner.close();  
}
```

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 10/10**

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## 2024\_28\_III\_OOPS Using Java Lab

### 2028\_REC\_OOPS using Java\_Week 5\_Q4

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 10  
Marks Obtained : 10

#### **Section 1 : Coding**

##### **1. Problem Statement**

You are working as a developer for CityCab, a taxi service company that wants to build a ride fare management system.

Each customer booking has:

A Booking ID (integer)  
A Customer Name (string)  
A Distance Travelled in km (double)

The fare calculation rules are:

Base Fare = 50 units (flat charge for every ride). Per km charge = 10 units/km. If the distance is greater than 20 km, a 10% discount is applied on the total fare.

You are required to implement this system using:

A class with attributes for booking details. A constructor to initialize booking details. Setter methods to update details if needed. Getter methods to retrieve details. Objects of the class to represent customer rides.

Finally, display each booking's details and final fare.

### ***Input Format***

The first line of input contains an integer N, representing the number of bookings.

For each booking:

- The next line contains the booking ID (integer).
- The following line contains the customer's name (string).
- The next line contains the distance travelled (double).

### ***Output Format***

For each booking, print the details in the following format:

1. Booking ID: <booking\_id>
2. Customer Name: <customer\_name>
3. Final Fare: <final\_fare> (rounded to one decimal place)

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 1

1234

Rahul Sharma

15

Output: Booking ID: 1234

Customer Name: Rahul Sharma

Final Fare: 200.0

### ***Answer***

```
// You are using Java  
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
class CabBooking {  
    private int bookingId;  
    private String customerName;  
    private double distance;  
  
    public CabBooking(int bookingId, String customerName, double distance) {  
        this.bookingId = bookingId;  
        this.customerName = customerName;  
        this.distance = distance;  
    }  
  
    public int getBookingId() {  
        return bookingId;  
    }  
  
    public String getCustomerName() {  
        return customerName;  
    }  
  
    public double getDistance() {  
        return distance;  
    }  
  
    public double calculateFinalFare() {  
        double baseFare = 50;  
        double perKmFare = 10;  
        double totalFare = baseFare + (distance * perKmFare);  
  
        if (distance > 20) {  
            totalFare = totalFare * 0.90;  
        }  
  
        return totalFare;  
    }  
}  
  
public class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);  
  
        int numberOfBookings = Integer.parseInt(scanner.nextLine().trim());
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < numberOfBookings; i++) {  
    int bookingId = Integer.parseInt(scanner.nextLine().trim());  
    String customerName = scanner.nextLine().trim();  
    double distance = Double.parseDouble(scanner.nextLine().trim());  
  
    CabBooking booking = new CabBooking(bookingId, customerName,  
    distance);  
  
    System.out.printf("Booking ID: %d\n", booking.getBookingId());  
    System.out.printf("Customer Name: %s\n", booking.getCustomerName());  
    System.out.printf("Final Fare: %.1f\n", booking.calculateFinalFare());  
}  
  
scanner.close();  
}  
}
```

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 10/10**

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## 2024\_28\_III\_OOPS Using Java Lab

### 2028\_REC\_OOPS using Java\_Week 5\_Q3

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 10  
Marks Obtained : 10

#### **Section 1 : Coding**

##### **1. Problem Statement**

Neha is working as a developer for CityElectricity Board, which wants to build a household electricity billing system.

Each customer's electricity account has:

A Customer ID (integer) A Customer Name (string) Units Consumed (double)

The electricity bill is calculated based on these rules:

For the first 100 units 5 units charge per unit  
For the next 100 units (101–200) 7 units charge per unit  
For units above 200 10 units charge per unit  
If the total bill exceeds 2000 units, a 5% discount is applied on the final bill.

Neha has been asked to implement this system using:

A class with attributes for customer details. A constructor to initialize customer details. Setter methods to update details if needed. Getter methods to retrieve details. Objects of the class to represent customers.

Finally, display each customer's details and final bill amount.

#### ***Input Format***

The first line of input contains an integer N, representing the number of customers.

For each customer:

- The next line contains the Customer ID (integer).
- The following line contains the Customer Name (string).
- The next line contains the Units Consumed (double).

#### ***Output Format***

For each customer, print the details in the following format:

Customer ID: <customer\_id>

Customer Name: <customer\_name>

Final Bill: <final\_bill> (rounded to one decimal place)

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

#### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 1

1001

Ravi Kumar

80

Output: Customer ID: 1001

Customer Name: Ravi Kumar

Final Bill: 400.0

#### ***Answer***

```
// You are using Java
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class ElectricityCustomer {
    int customerId;
    String customerName;
    double unitsConsumed;

    public ElectricityCustomer(int customerId, String customerName, double
unitsConsumed) {
        this.customerId = customerId;
        this.customerName = customerName;
        this.unitsConsumed = unitsConsumed;
    }

    public int getCustomerId() {
        return customerId;
    }

    public String getCustomerName() {
        return customerName;
    }

    public double getUnitsConsumed() {
        return unitsConsumed;
    }

    public double calculateFinalBill() {
        double total = 0;
        double units = unitsConsumed;

        if (units <= 100) {
            total = units * 5;
        } else if (units <= 200) {
            total = 100 * 5 + (units - 100) * 7;
        } else {
            total = 100 * 5 + 100 * 7 + (units - 200) * 10;
        }

        if (total > 2000) {
            total = total * 0.95;
        }
    }
}
```

```
        return total;
    }

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

        int numberOfCustomers = Integer.parseInt(scanner.nextLine().trim());

        for (int i = 0; i < numberOfCustomers; i++) {
            int customerId = Integer.parseInt(scanner.nextLine().trim());
            String customerName = scanner.nextLine().trim();
            double unitsConsumed = Double.parseDouble(scanner.nextLine().trim());

            ElectricityCustomer customer = new ElectricityCustomer(customerId,
customerName, unitsConsumed);

            System.out.printf("Customer ID: %d\n", customer.getCustomerId());
            System.out.printf("Customer Name: %s\n",
customer.getCustomerName());
            System.out.printf("Final Bill: %.1f\n", customer.calculateFinalBill());
        }

        scanner.close();
    }
}
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

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## 2024\_28\_III\_OOPS Using Java Lab

### 2028\_REC\_OOPS using Java\_Week 5\_Q2

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 10  
Marks Obtained : 10

#### **Section 1 : Coding**

##### **1. Problem Statement**

You are working as a developer for CityBank, which wants to build a basic account management system.

Each customer at the bank has:

An Account Number (integer)  
A Customer Name (string)  
An Initial Balance (double)

The bank allows two types of transactions:

Deposit – increases the balance.  
Withdrawal – decreases the balance only if enough funds are available.

If the withdrawal amount is greater than the balance, the withdrawal should not happen, and the balance should remain the same.

You are required to implement this system using:

A class with attributes for account details. A constructor to initialize account details. Setter methods to update details if needed. Getter methods to retrieve details. Objects of the class to represent customers.

Finally, display each customer's account details after all transactions.

### ***Input Format***

The first line of input contains an integer N, representing the number of customers.

For each customer:

- The next line contains the account number (integer).
- The following line contains the customer name (string).
- The next line contains the initial balance (double).
- The next line contains the deposit amount (double).
- The next line contains the withdrawal amount (double).

### ***Output Format***

For each customer, print the details in the following format:

1. Account Number: <account\_number>
2. Customer Name: <customer\_name>
3. Final Balance: <final\_balance> (rounded to one decimal place)

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 1

1234

Rahul Sharma

5000

2000

3000

Output: Account Number: 1234

Customer Name: Rahul Sharma

Final Balance: 4000.0

### Answer

```
// You are using Java
import java.util.Scanner;

class BankAccount {
    int accountId;
    String accountHolderName;
    double accountBalance;

    public BankAccount(int accountId, String accountHolderName, double
accountBalance) {
        this.accountId = accountId;
        this.accountHolderName = accountHolderName;
        this.accountBalance = accountBalance;
    }

    public void depositAmount(double amount) {
        accountBalance += amount;
    }

    public void withdrawAmount(double amount) {
        if (amount <= accountBalance) {
            accountBalance -= amount;
        }
    }

    public int getAccountId() {
        return accountId;
    }

    public String getAccountHolderName() {
        return accountHolderName;
    }

    public double getAccountBalance() {
        return accountBalance;
    }
}

public class Main {
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

    int numberOfCustomers = Integer.parseInt(scanner.nextLine().trim());

    for (int i = 0; i < numberOfCustomers; i++) {
        int accountId = Integer.parseInt(scanner.nextLine().trim());
        String accountHolderName = scanner.nextLine().trim();
        double initialBalance = Double.parseDouble(scanner.nextLine().trim());
        double depositAmount = Double.parseDouble(scanner.nextLine().trim());
        double withdrawalAmount =
            Double.parseDouble(scanner.nextLine().trim());

        BankAccount account = new BankAccount(accountId,
            accountHolderName, initialBalance);

        account.depositAmount(depositAmount);
        account.withdrawAmount(withdrawalAmount);

        System.out.printf("Account Number: %d\n", account.getAccountId());
        System.out.printf("Customer Name: %s\n",
            account.getAccountHolderName());
        System.out.printf("Final Balance: %.1f\n", account.getAccountBalance());
    }

    scanner.close();
}
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10