

# PRISMA RVD Short Range Camera Performance optimization.

## Cooperative mode operations.

Desing parameters and constants:

Natrual constants:

$$r2d := \frac{180}{\pi}$$

$$h := 6.6262 \cdot 10^{-34} \text{ J}\cdot\text{s}$$

Planck's constant

$$c := 3 \cdot 10^8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

Velocity of Light

$$k := 1.38062 \cdot 10^{-23} \cdot \frac{\text{J}}{\text{K}}$$

Boltzmann's constant

Lens system:

$$Dsr := 0.002\text{m}$$

Effective lens entrance aperture

$$EFL := 0.020\text{m}$$

Effective focal length

$$\alpha_{\text{Lens}} := 0.98$$

Pass band efficiency of lens system

$$BW_{\text{filter}} := 50 \cdot 10^{-9} \text{ m}$$

Bandwidth of lens colour filter

CCD Constants:

$$p_{\text{CCDw}} := 8.6 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ m}$$

Pixel size in wide direction

$$p_{\text{CCDn}} := 8.3 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ m}$$

Pixel size in narrow direction

$$n_{\text{CCDw}} := 752$$

Pixel in wide direction

$$n_{\text{CCDn}} := 2 \cdot 290$$

Pixel in narrow direction

$$CCDw := n_{\text{CCDw}} \cdot p_{\text{CCDw}}$$

Size in wide direction

$$CCDn := n_{\text{CCDn}} \cdot p_{\text{CCDn}}$$

Size in narrow direction

$$CCDqe := 0.35$$

CCD quantum efficiency at lambda wavelength

$$CCDpq := 10^{-3} \text{ s}$$

Electronic shutter granularity

$$CCDfw := 175000$$

Full well capacity per pixel

Target parameters:

$$DIM_{\text{min}} := 0.1\text{m}$$

Minimum distance between LEDs in a group

$$DIM_{\text{max}} := 0.6\text{m}$$

Maximum distance between LEDs in a group

$$DIM_{\text{doc}} := 0.14\text{m}$$

Maximum distance between LEDs in docking group

$$I_{\text{LED}} := 180 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ A}$$

Pulse current for LED

$$\alpha_{\text{LED}} := 0.01 \frac{\text{W}}{\text{m}^2}$$

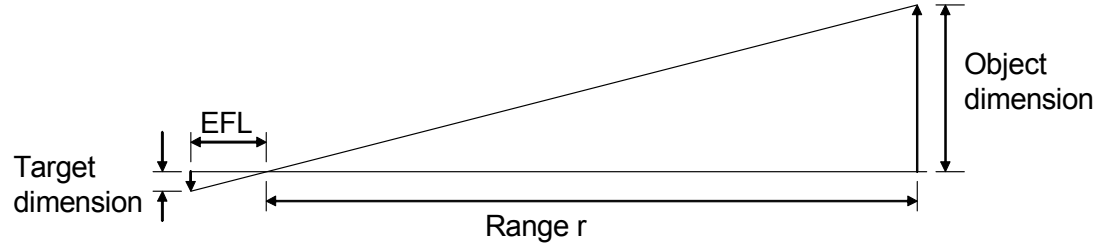
Light yield factor for LED in pulsed operation

$$\lambda_{\text{LED}} := 735 \cdot 10^{-9} \text{ m}$$

Centre wavelenght for LED

LEDfwhm := 130deg	Full width half maximum of light cone of LED
pqLED := $1 \cdot 10^{-3}$ s	Pulse length step size
Adirecttarget := $0.02 \cdot 0.8\text{m}^2$	Typical area of target in direct sunlight
Aalbedotarget := $0.3 \cdot 0.8\text{m}^2$	Typical area of target in Earth albedo light
albedoTarget := 0.2	Average albedo of target
EarthAlbedo := 0.2	Earth albedo reflected power at Target orbit
Tsz := 0.005m	Diameter of optical stimulator LED (illuminated spot size of lens)
ROIsz := 20	Size in pixels of centroid region for LEDs

## Resolution and FOV:



Minimum distance at which a full pattern may be observed in one image:

$$r_{SRmin} := \frac{DIM_{max}}{2} \cdot \frac{EFL}{\left(\frac{CCD_w}{2}\right)} \quad r_{SRmin} = 1.856 \text{ m}$$

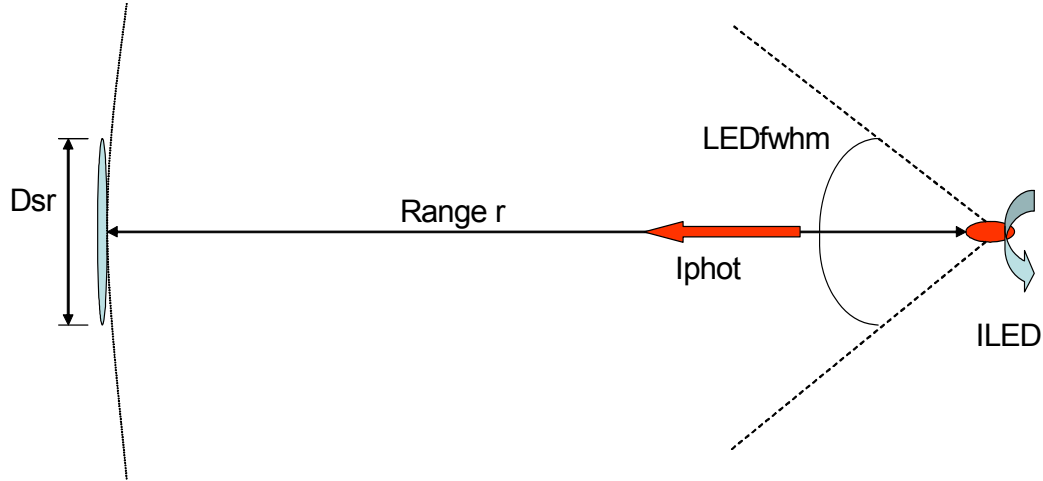
Minimum distance at which the full docking pattern may be observed in one image:

$$r_{SRDOCmin} := 0.5 \cdot DIM_{doc} \cdot \frac{EFL}{\left(\frac{CCD_w}{2}\right)} \quad r_{SRDOCmin} = 0.433 \text{ m}$$

Maximum distance at which the pattern may still be resolved in an image:

$$r_{SRmax} := DIM_{min} \cdot \frac{EFL}{(3 \cdot p_{CCDn})} \quad r_{SRmax} = 80.321 \text{ m}$$

## Photon housekeeping:



$j := 1 \dots 16$

Target pulse length step factor

$i := 0 \dots 99 \quad r_i := (i + 1)m$

Range in meters

$W_{lum,j} := ILED \cdot \alpha_{LED} \cdot p_{qLED} \cdot j$

Luminous energy per pulse

$W_{lum,1} = 1.8 \times 10^{-6} \text{ J}$

$sa_{LED} := 2 \cdot \pi \cdot \left( 1 - \cos\left(\frac{LEDfwhm}{2}\right) \right)$

Solid angle illuminated by LED

$sa_{LED} = 3.628$

$n0_j := \frac{W_{lum,j}}{h \cdot \frac{c}{\lambda_{LED}}}$

Photons per LED pulse

$n0_1 = 6.655 \times 10^{12}$

$n_{photCCD,i,j} := \left[ \frac{\pi \cdot \left( \frac{Dsr}{2} \right)^2}{sa_{LED} \cdot (r_i)^2} \right] \cdot n0_j$

Number of LED photons per pulse to Lens

Number of electrons registered by CCD per LED and pulse

$ne_{CCD,i,j} := n_{photCCD,i,j} \cdot CCDqe \cdot \alpha_{Lens}$

min range max pulse

$ne_{CCD,0,16} = 3.163 \times 1$

max range min pulse

$ne_{CCD,99,1} = 197.686$

$ns_{max} := ne_{CCD,1,1}$

Signal at close operations

$ns_{max} = 4.942 \times 10^5$

$ns_{min} := ne_{CCD,99,16}$

Signal at far operations

$ns_{min} = 3.163 \times 10^3$

$RatioS := \frac{ns_{max}}{ns_{min}}$

Signal ratio max to min

$RatioS = 156.25$

$$S2FW := \frac{ns_{max}}{CCD_{fw}}$$

Signal to full well capacity

$$S2FW = 2.824$$

Noise photons from target.

$$c1 := 2 \cdot h \cdot c^2$$

1'st radiation constant per solid angle

$$c1 = 0 \frac{m^4 \cdot kg}{s^3}$$

$$c2 := h \cdot \frac{c}{k}$$

2'nd radiation constant

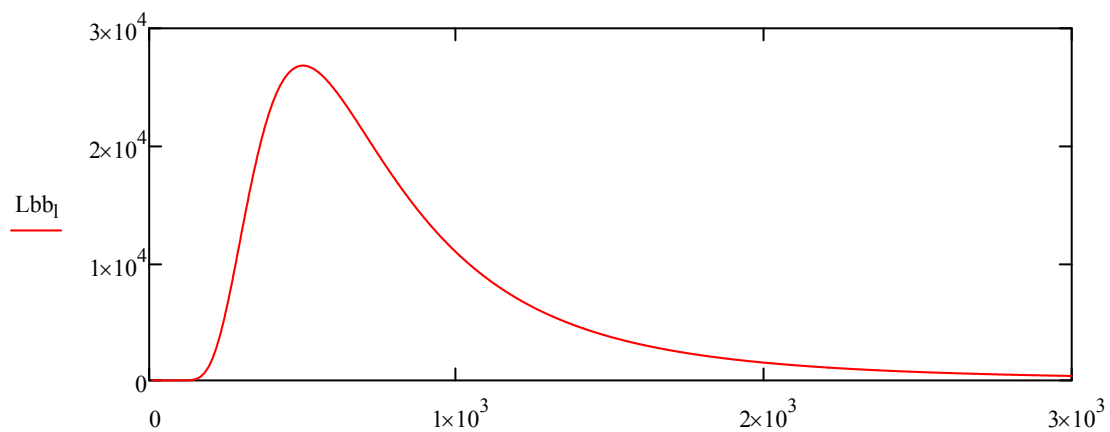
$$c2 = 0.014 \text{ m} \cdot K$$

$$\lambda_1 := 10 \dots 3000$$

$$\lambda_1 := (1 \cdot 10^{-9}) \text{ m}$$

$$T := 5800 K$$

$$Lbb_1 := \frac{10^{-9} \cdot c1}{(\lambda_1)^5 \cdot \left( e^{\frac{c2}{\lambda_1 \cdot T}} - 1 \right)} \quad \text{Spectral radiance of a black body radiator} \quad Lbb_{1000} = 1.087 \times 10^4 \frac{kg}{m \cdot s^3}$$



$$R_{sun} := 109.12 \cdot 6378000 \text{ m}$$

Radius of the Sun

1

$$L_{sun_1} := Lbb_1 \cdot R_{sun}^2 \cdot \pi$$

Spectral Radiance of full Sun

$$L_{sun_{1000}} = 1.654 \times 10^{22}$$

$$R_s := 1 \cdot 1500000000000 \text{ m}$$

Distance Target to Sun

$$ER_{s_1} := \frac{L_{sun_1}}{R_s^2}$$

Sp. Irradiance at  $R_s$  distance from Sun

$$ER_{s_{1000}} = 0.735 \frac{kg}{m \cdot s^3}$$

$$E_{total} := \sum_{i=735+25}^{735-25} ER_{s_i} \cdot 1 \text{ m}$$

Irradiance at  $R_s$  distance from Sun

$$E_{total} = 1.35 \times 10^3 \frac{kg}{s^3}$$

$$BWER_s := \sum_{i=735-25}^{735+25} (ER_{s_i} \cdot 1 \text{ m}) \quad \text{Power in pass band of lens}$$

$$BWER_s = 67.784 \frac{kg}{s^3}$$

$$WBW_{\text{sun}} := BW_{\text{ERs}} \cdot \text{albedoTarget} \cdot (\text{Adirecttarget} + \text{EarthAlbedo} \cdot \text{Aalbedotarget})$$

Luminous power reflected towards SRcam

$$WBW_{\text{sun}} = 0.868 \text{ W}$$

$$ss := 0 \dots 299$$

Electronic shutter steps

$$ts_{ss} := (1 + ss) \cdot \text{CCDpq}$$

Shutter time

$$ts_0 = 1 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}$$

$$nnoise_{ss} := \frac{WBW_{\text{sun}} \cdot ts_{ss}}{h \cdot \frac{c}{\lambda_{\text{LED}}}}$$

Noise photons per shutter time

$$nnoise_0 = 3.208 \times 10^{15}$$

$$nphotnoise_{\text{CCD}_{i,ss}} := \left[ \frac{\pi \cdot \left( \frac{D_{\text{sr}}}{2} \right)^2}{2\pi \cdot (r_i)^2} \right] \cdot nnoise_{ss}$$

Number of noise photons per pulse to Lens

Number of noise electrons registered by CCD per LED and pulse

$$nen_{\text{CCD}_{i,ss}} := nphotnoise_{\text{CCD}_{i,ss}} \cdot \text{CCDqe} \cdot \alpha_{\text{Lens}}$$

$$\text{min range max pulse } nen_{\text{CCD}_{0,16}} = 3.163 \times 1$$

$$\text{max range min pulse } nen_{\text{CCD}_{99,1}} = 197.686$$

$$nsn_{\text{max}} := nen_{\text{CCD}_{1,1}}$$

Signal at close operations

$$nsn_{\text{max}} = 2.751 \times 10$$

$$nsn_{\text{min}} := nen_{\text{CCD}_{99,16}}$$

Signal at far operations

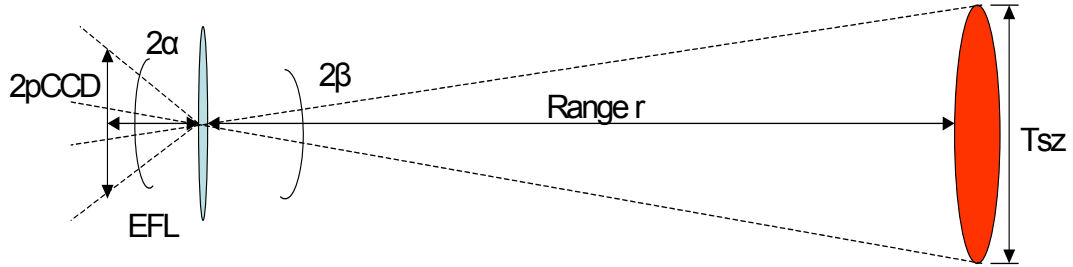
$$nsn_{\text{min}} = 9.353 \times 10$$

$$\text{RatioSn} := \frac{nsn_{\text{max}}}{nsn_{\text{min}}}$$

Signal ratio max to min

$$\text{RatioSn} = 294.118$$

## Pixel size vis-a-vis target spot size:



$$\alpha := \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\text{pCCDn}}{\text{EFL}}\right) \cdot r2d$$

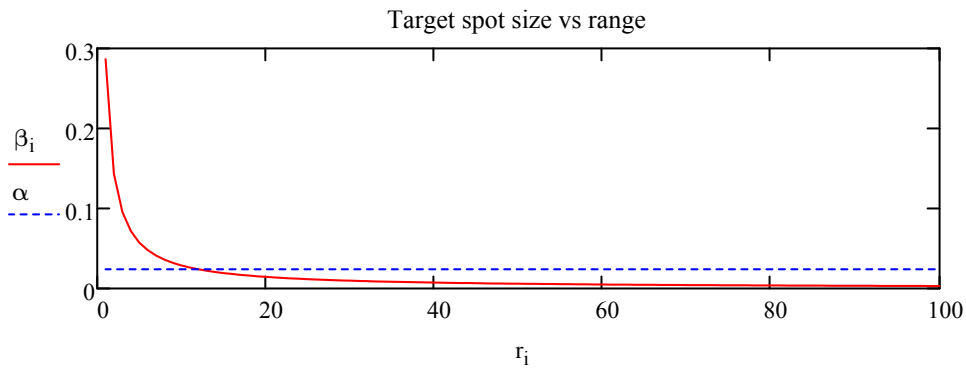
Pixel angular size

$$\alpha = 0.024$$

$$3600 \cdot \alpha = 85.6$$

$$\beta_i := \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{Tsz}{r_i}\right) \cdot r2d$$

Target spot size



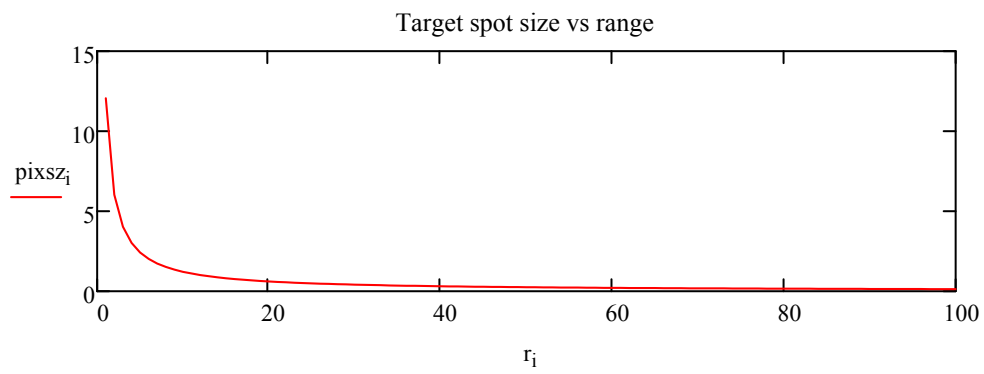
$$rc := Tsz \cdot \frac{\text{EFL}}{\text{pCCDn}}$$

Size match distance

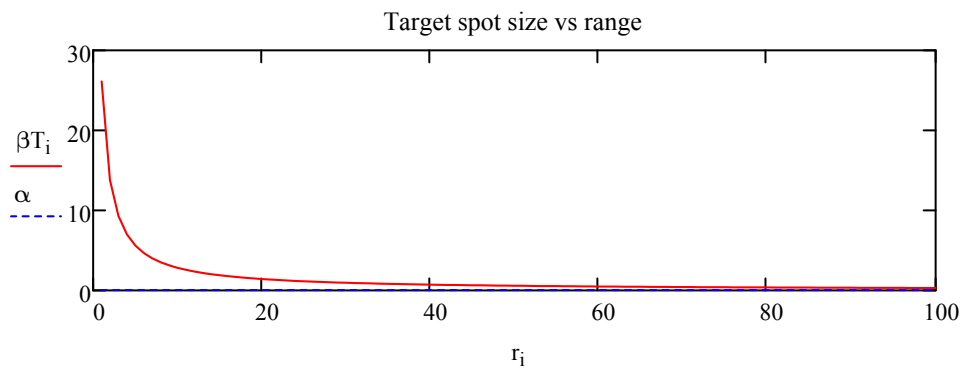
$$rc = 12.048 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{pixsz}_i := \frac{\text{EFL} \cdot Tsz}{\text{pCCDn} \cdot r_i}$$

Spot size in number of pixels

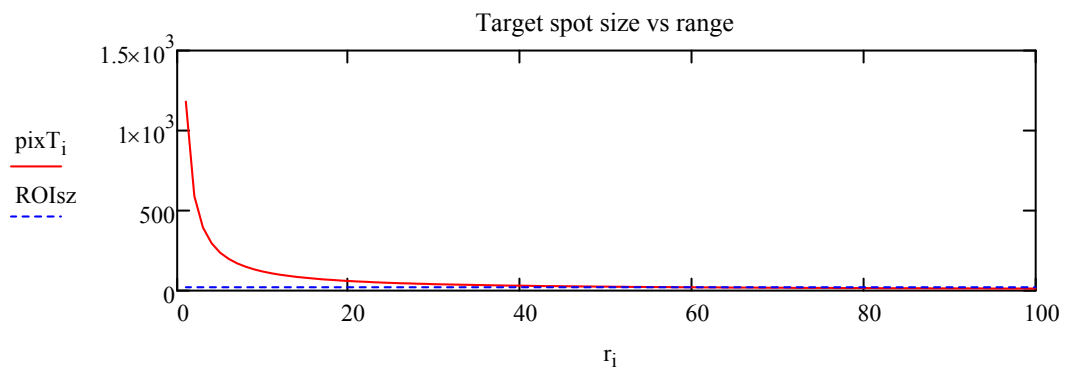


$$\beta T_i := \text{atan} \left( \frac{\text{Aalbedotarget}^{0.5}}{r_i} \right) \cdot r_i 2 \text{Target body size}$$



$$\text{rc} := \text{Aalbedotarget}^{0.5} \cdot \frac{\text{EFL}}{\text{pCCDn}} \quad \text{Size match distance} \quad \text{rc} = 1.18 \times 10^3 \text{ m}$$

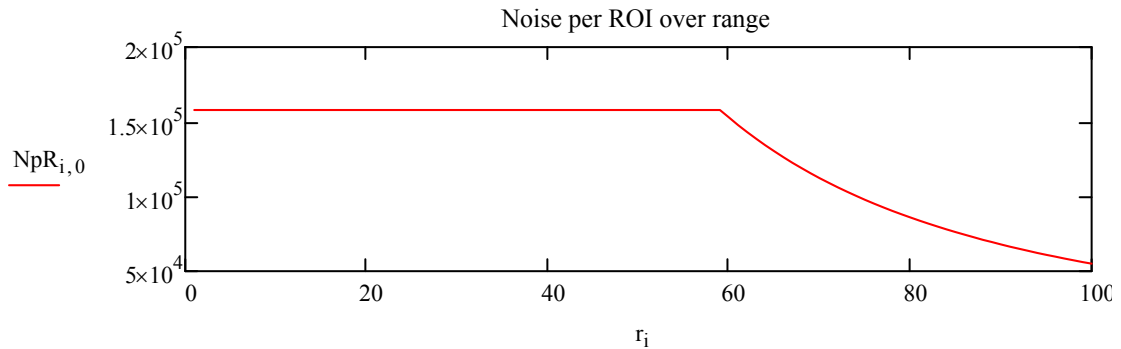
$$\text{pixT}_i := \frac{\text{EFL} \cdot \text{Aalbedotarget}^{0.5}}{\text{pCCDn} \cdot r_i} \quad \text{Spot size in number of pixels}$$



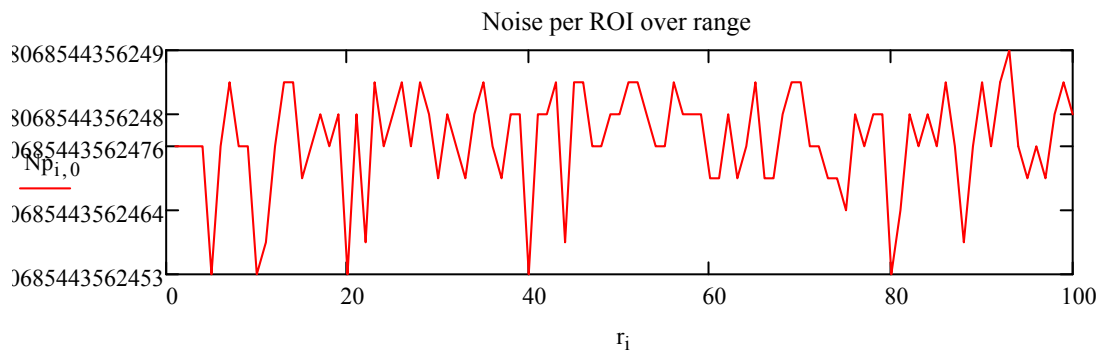
$$\text{rcT} := \text{Aalbedotarget}^{0.5} \cdot \frac{\text{EFL}}{\text{ROI sz} \cdot \text{pCCDn}} \quad \text{Size match distance} \quad \text{rcT} = 59.024 \text{ m}$$



$$NpR_{i,ss} := \text{if} \left[ r_i < rcT, \text{nenCCD}_{i,ss} \cdot \left( \frac{ROI_{sz}}{pixT_i} \right)^2, \text{nenCCD}_{i,ss} \right] \text{Noise per ROI}$$



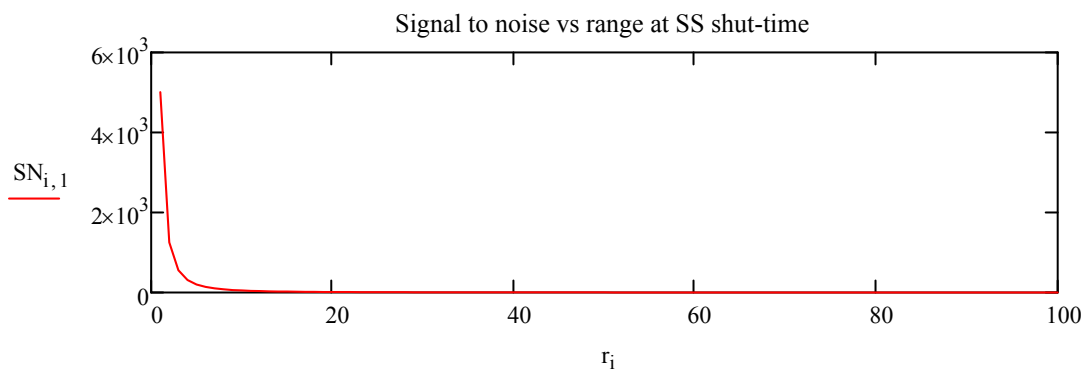
$$Np_{i,ss} := \text{if} \left[ r_i < rc, \text{nenCCD}_{i,ss} \cdot \left( \frac{1}{pixT_i} \right)^2, \text{nenCCD}_{i,ss} \right] \text{Noise per pixel}$$



$$SS := 0$$

$$SN_{i,j} := \frac{\text{neCCD}_{i,j}}{Np_{i,SS}}$$

Signal to noise ratio centre pixel to background pixel at SS shuttertime



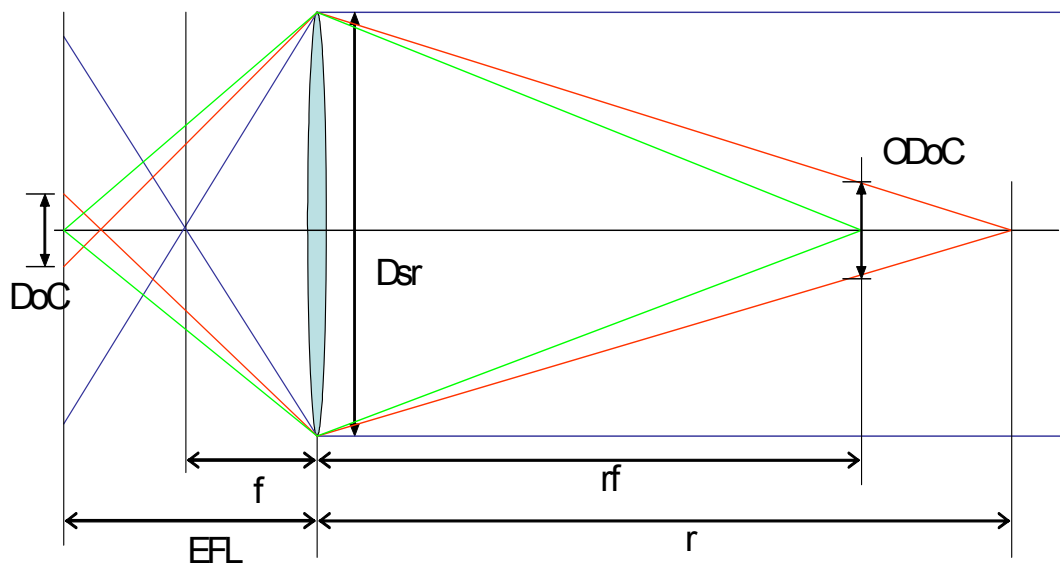
$$SNmr := SN_{99,1}$$

S/N at max range and min pulse time

$$SNmr = 0.501$$

$$\text{neCCD}_{99,1} = 197.686$$

### Focal lenght and sharpess depth:



$$r_f := 4\text{m}$$

Chosen focal length of system

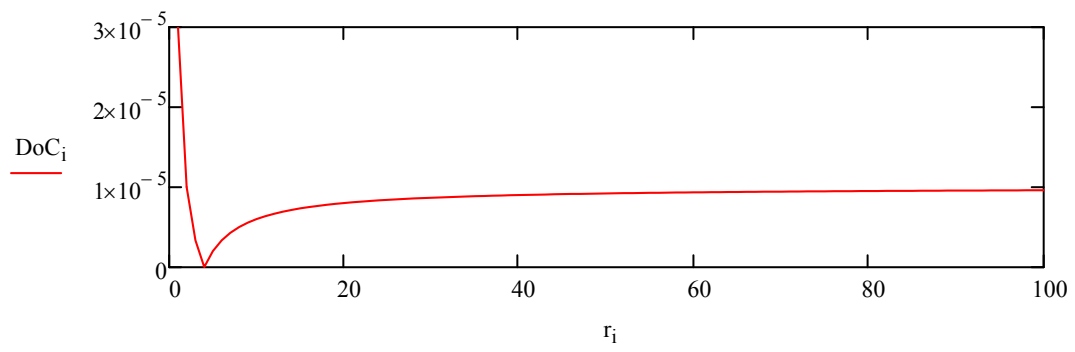
$$f := \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{r_f} + \frac{1}{\text{EFL}}\right)}$$

focal lenght of lens

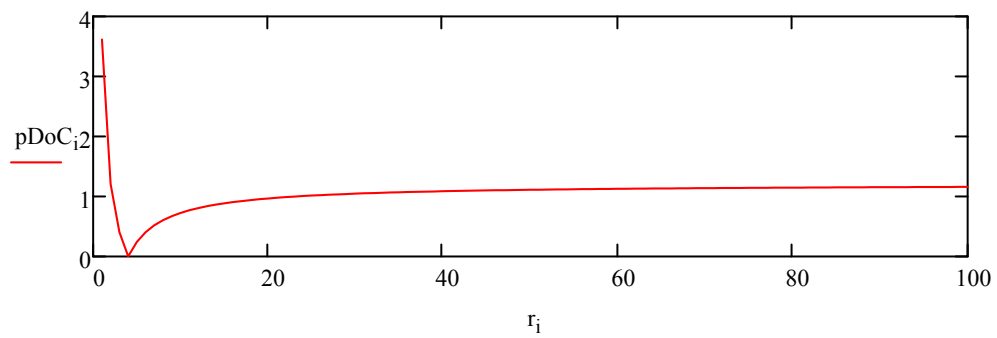
$$f = 0.02\text{ m}$$

$$\text{DoC}_i := D_{sr} \cdot \frac{|r_i - r_f|}{r_i} \cdot \frac{f}{r_f - f} \quad \text{Diameter of confusion}$$

$$\text{DoC}_{10} = 6.364 \times 10^{-6}\text{ m}$$



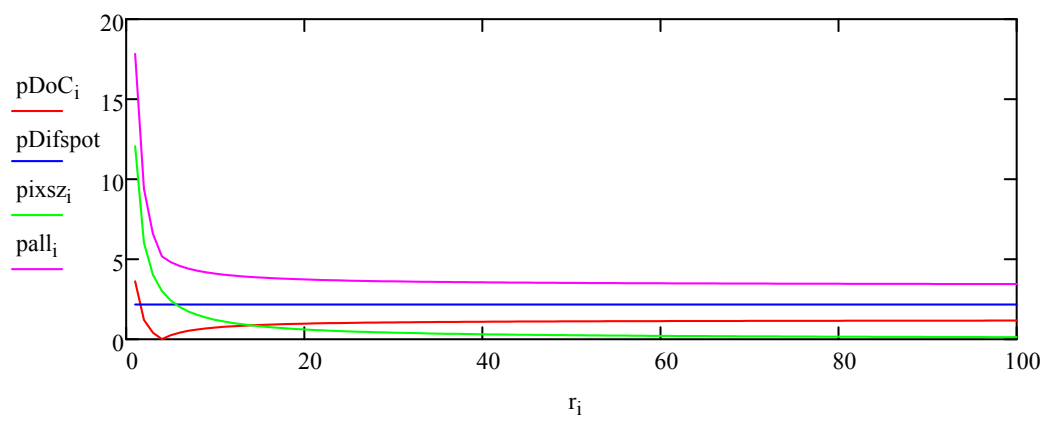
$$pDoC_i := \frac{DoC_i}{pCCDn} \quad \text{Diameter of confusion in pixels}$$



$$Difspot := 2EFL \cdot \tan\left(1.22 \cdot \frac{\lambda_{LED}}{Dsr}\right) \quad \text{Diffraction spot size on CCD} \quad Difspot = 1.793 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}$$

$$pDifspot := \frac{Difspot}{pCCDn} \quad \text{Diffraction spot in pix on CCD} \quad pDifspot = 2.161$$

$$pall_i := pDoC_i + pDifspot + pixsz_i$$



0<sup>7</sup>

$$\frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{\text{m}\cdot\text{kg}}{\text{s}^3}$$

0<sup>7</sup>

8<sub>1</sub>

5





