



# SMART CONTRACT CODE REVIEW AND SECURITY ANALYSIS REPORT



**Belicoins**  
\$BLC

19/04/2024

# TOKEN OVERVIEW

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## Fees

- Buy fees: 12%
- Sell fees: 12%
- Transfer fees: 12%

## Fees privileges

- Can change buy fees up to 25%, sell fees up to 25% and transfer fees up to 25%

## Ownership

- Owned

## Minting

- No mint function

## Max Tx Amount / Max Wallet Amount

- Can't change max tx amount and / or max wallet amount

## Blacklist

- Blacklist function not detected

## Other privileges

- Contract owner has to call enableTrading function to enable trade
  - Can exclude / include from fees
  - Can exclude / include from dividends
-

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TECHNICAL DISCLAIMER



# DISCLAIMER

The information provided on this analysis document is only for general information and should not be used as a reason to invest.

FreshCoins Team will take no payment for manipulating the results of this audit.

The score and the result will stay on this project page information on our website <https://freshcoins.io>

FreshCoins Team does not guarantees that a project will not sell off team supply, or any other scam strategy ( RUG or Honeypot etc )



# INTRODUCTION

**FreshCoins** (Consultant) was contracted by **Belicoin** (Customer) to conduct a Smart Contract Code Review and Security Analysis.

**0xC3Dc1F0eD23bd771dc8E92b5934aAd493F376fF0**

Network: **Binance Smart Chain (BSC)**

This report presents the findings of the security assessment of Customer's smart contract and its code review conducted on **19/04/2024**



# WEBSITE DIAGNOSTIC

<https://belicoin.io/>



0-49



50-89



90-100



Performance



Accessibility



Best  
Practices



SEO



Progressive  
Web App

## Socials



Twitter

<https://twitter.com/BelicoinToken>



Telegram

<https://t.me/OfficialBelicoinSpanish>

# AUDIT OVERVIEW



Security Score



## Static Scan

Automatic scanning for common vulnerabilities



## ERC Scan

Automatic checks for ERC's conformance



High



Medium



Low



Optimizations



Informational



| No. | Issue description              | Checking Status |
|-----|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1   | Compiler Errors / Warnings     | Passed          |
| 2   | Reentrancy and Cross-function  | Passed          |
| 3   | Front running                  | Low             |
| 4   | Timestamp dependence           | Passed          |
| 5   | Integer Overflow and Underflow | Passed          |
| 6   | Reverted DoS                   | Passed          |
| 7   | DoS with block gas limit       | Low             |
| 8   | Methods execution permissions  | Passed          |
| 9   | Exchange rate impact           | Passed          |
| 10  | Malicious Event                | Passed          |
| 11  | Scoping and Declarations       | Passed          |
| 12  | Uninitialized storage pointers | Passed          |
| 13  | Design Logic                   | Passed          |
| 14  | Safe Zeppelin module           | Passed          |



# OWNER PRIVILEGES

- Contract owner can't mint tokens after initial contract deploy

- Contract owner can't exclude addresses from transactions

- Contract owner has to call `enableTrading` function to enable trade

Please note that any whitelisted wallet address retains the ability to engage in trading, even in situations where trading has been disabled

```
function enableTrading() external onlyOwner {
    require(!tradingEnabled, "EnableTrading: Trading was enabled already");
    tradingEnabled = true;

    emit TradingEnabled();
}

function _beforeTokenTransfer(address from, address to, uint256 amount)
    internal
    override
    {
        // Interactions with DEX are disallowed prior to enabling trading by owner
        if ((AMMPairs[from] && !isExcludedFromTradingRestriction[to]) || (AMMPairs[to] && !isExcludedFromTradingRestriction[from])) {
            require(tradingEnabled, "EnableTrading: Trading was not enabled yet");
        }

        super._beforeTokenTransfer(from, to, amount);
    }
}
```

- Contract owner can exclude/include wallet from trading restrictions (whitelist)

```
function excludeFromTradingRestriction(address account, bool isExcluded) public onlyOwner {
    isExcludedFromTradingRestriction[account] = isExcluded;

    emit ExcludeFromTradingRestriction(account, isExcluded);
}
```

- Contract owner can exclude/include wallet from tax

```
function excludeFromFees(address account, bool isExcluded) public onlyOwner {
    isExcludedFromFees[account] = isExcluded;

    emit ExcludeFromFees(account, isExcluded);
}
```

## ● Contract owner can exclude/include wallet from dividends

```
function excludeFromDividends(address account, bool isExcluded) external onlyOwner {
    _excludeFromDividends(account, isExcluded);
}

function _excludeFromDividends(address account, bool isExcluded) internal override {
    dividendTracker.excludeFromDividends(account, balanceOf(account), isExcluded);
}
```

## ● Contract owner can change sell fees up to 25%, buy fees up to 25% and transfer fees up to 25%

```
function liquidityFeesSetup(uint16 _buyFee, uint16 _sellFee, uint16 _transferFee) public onlyOwner {
    totalFees[0] = totalFees[0] - liquidityFees[0] + _buyFee;
    totalFees[1] = totalFees[1] - liquidityFees[1] + _sellFee;
    totalFees[2] = totalFees[2] - liquidityFees[2] + _transferFee;
    require(totalFees[0] <= 2500 && totalFees[1] <= 2500 && totalFees[2] <= 2500, "TaxesDefaultRouter: Cannot exceed max total fee of 25%");
    liquidityFees = [_buyFee, _sellFee, _transferFee];
    emit liquidityFeesUpdated(_buyFee, _sellFee, _transferFee);
}

function rewardsFeesSetup(uint16 _buyFee, uint16 _sellFee, uint16 _transferFee) public onlyOwner {
    totalFees[0] = totalFees[0] - rewardsFees[0] + _buyFee;
    totalFees[1] = totalFees[1] - rewardsFees[1] + _sellFee;
    totalFees[2] = totalFees[2] - rewardsFees[2] + _transferFee;
    require(totalFees[0] <= 2500 && totalFees[1] <= 2500 && totalFees[2] <= 2500, "TaxesDefaultRouter: Cannot exceed max total fee of 25%");
    rewardsFees = [_buyFee, _sellFee, _transferFee];
    emit rewardsFeesUpdated(_buyFee, _sellFee, _transferFee);
}

function autoBurnFeesSetup(uint16 _buyFee, uint16 _sellFee, uint16 _transferFee) public onlyOwner {
    totalFees[0] = totalFees[0] - autoBurnFees[0] + _buyFee;
    totalFees[1] = totalFees[1] - autoBurnFees[1] + _sellFee;
    totalFees[2] = totalFees[2] - autoBurnFees[2] + _transferFee;
    require(totalFees[0] <= 2500 && totalFees[1] <= 2500 && totalFees[2] <= 2500, "TaxesDefaultRouter: Cannot exceed max total fee of 25%");
    autoBurnFees = [_buyFee, _sellFee, _transferFee];
    emit autoBurnFeesUpdated(_buyFee, _sellFee, _transferFee);
}
```

## ● Contract owner can change swap settings

```
function updateSwapThreshold(uint16 _swapThresholdRatio) public onlyOwner {
    require(_swapThresholdRatio > 0 && _swapThresholdRatio <= 500, "SwapThreshold: Cannot exceed limits from 0.01% to 5% for new swap threshold");
    swapThresholdRatio = _swapThresholdRatio;

    emit SwapThresholdUpdated(_swapThresholdRatio);
}
```

## ● Contract owner can transfer ownership

```
function transferOwnership(address newOwner) public virtual onlyOwner {  
    require(newOwner != address(0), "Ownable: new owner is the zero address");  
    _transferOwnership(newOwner);  
}  
  
function _transferOwnership(address newOwner) internal virtual {  
    address oldOwner = _owner;  
    _owner = newOwner;  
    emit OwnershipTransferred(oldOwner, newOwner);  
}
```

## ● Contract owner can renounce ownership

```
function renounceOwnership() public virtual onlyOwner {  
    _transferOwnership(address(0));  
}
```

### Recommendation:

The team should carefully manage the private keys of the owner's account. We strongly recommend a powerful security mechanism that will prevent a single user from accessing the contract admin functions. The risk can be prevented by temporarily locking the contract or renouncing ownership.



# CONCLUSION AND ANALYSIS



Smart Contracts within the scope were manually reviewed and analyzed with static tools.



Audit report overview contains all found security vulnerabilities and other issues in the reviewed code.



Found 1 HIGH issues during the first review.

# TOKEN DETAILS

## Details

|                |     |
|----------------|-----|
| Buy fees:      | 12% |
| Sell fees:     | 12% |
| Transfer fees: | 12% |
| Max TX:        | N/A |
| Max Wallet:    | N/A |

## Honeypot Risk

|                  |              |
|------------------|--------------|
| Ownership:       | Owned        |
| Blacklist:       | Not detected |
| Modify Max TX:   | Not detected |
| Modify Max Sell: | Not detected |
| Disable Trading: | Not detected |

## Rug Pull Risk

|            |                      |
|------------|----------------------|
| Liquidity: | N/A                  |
| Holders:   | 100% unlocked tokens |



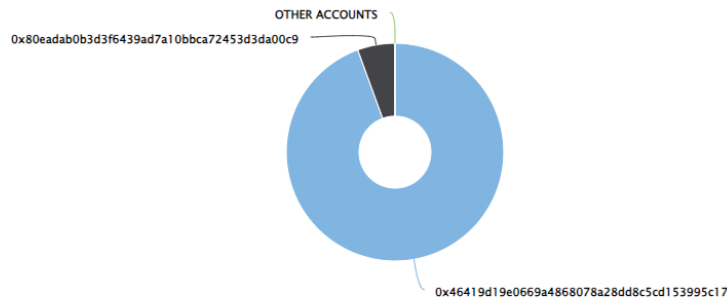
# BLC TOKEN ANALYTICS & TOP 10 TOKEN HOLDERS

The top 10 holders collectively own 100.00% (900,000,000.00 Tokens) of Belicoïn

Token Total Supply: 900,000,000.00 Token | Total Token Holders: 2

Belicoïn Top 10 Token Holders

Source: BscScan.com



(A total of 900,000,000.00 tokens held by the top 10 accounts from the total supply of 900,000,000.00 token)

| Rank | Address                                | Quantity (Token) | Percentage |
|------|--|------------------|------------|
| 1    | <a href="#">0x46419D19...153995C17</a> | 850,000,000      | 94.4444%   |
| 2    | <a href="#">0x80eaDab0...3d3dA00c9</a> | 50,000,000       | 5.5556%    |

# TECHNICAL DISCLAIMER

Smart contracts are deployed and executed on the blockchain platform. The platform, its programming language, and other software related to the smart contract can have its vulnerabilities that can lead to hacks. The audit can't guarantee the explicit security of the audited project / smart contract.

