

SMART CONTRACT CODE REVIEW AND SECURITY ANALYSIS REPORT





TOKEN OVERVIEW

Fees

• Buy fees: 0%

• Sell fees: 3%

Fees privileges

• Can change buy fees up to 10% and sell fees up to 10%

Ownership

Owned

Minting

No mint function

Max Tx Amount / Max Wallet Amount

· Can't change max tx amount or max wallet amount

Blacklist

Blacklist not function detected

Other privileges

· Can exclude / include from fees

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- 1 DISCLAIMER
- 2 INTRODUCTION
- **3** WEBSITE + SOCIALS
- 4-5 AUDIT OVERVIEW
- 6-9 OWNER PRIVILEGES
- (10) CONCLUSION AND ANALYSIS
- (11) TOKEN DETAILS
- KTR TOKEN ANALYTICS & TOP 10 TOKEN HOLDERS
- (13) TECHNICAL DISCLAIMER

DISCLAIMER

The information provided on this analysis document is only for general information and should not be used as a reason to invest.

FreshCoins Team will take no payment for manipulating the results of this audit.

The score and the result will stay on this project page information on our website https://freshcoins.io

FreshCoins Team does not guarantees that a project will not sell off team supply, or any other scam strategy (RUG or Honeypot etc)



INTRODUCTION

FreshCoins (Consultant) was contracted by

Kitty Run (Customer) to conduct a Smart Contract Code Review and

Security Analysis.

0xa66cd1c4d890faa7c1a09a54a254d33d809ba3b5

Network: Binance Smart Chain (BSC)

This report presents the findings of the security assessment of Customer's smart contract and its code review conducted on 17/06/2024



WEBSITE DIAGNOSTIC

https://kittyrun.io/



0-49



50-89



90-100



Performance



Accessibility



Best Practices



SEO



Progressive Web App

Socials



Twitter

https://x.com/kittyrun_io



Telegram

https://t.me/Kittyrun_Official

AUDIT OVERVIEW





Static Scan
Automatic scanning for common vulnerabilities



ERC Scan
Automatic checks for ERC's conformance

- 0 High
- 1 Medium
- 0 Low
- Optimizations
- o Informational



No.	Issue description	Checking Status	
1	Compiler Errors / Warnings	Passed	
2	Reentrancy and Cross-function	Passed	
3	Front running	Low	
4	Timestamp dependence	Passed	
5	Integer Overflow and Underflow	Passed	
6	Reverted DoS	Passed	
7	DoS with block gas limit	Low	
8	Methods execution permissions	Passed	
9	Exchange rate impact	Passed	
10	Malicious Event	Passed	
11	Scoping and Declarations	Passed	
12	Uninitialized storage pointers	Passed	
13	Design Logic	Passed	
14	Safe Zeppelin module	Passed	

OWNER PRIVILEGES

- Contract owner can't mint tokens after initial contract deploy
- Contract owner can't exclude addresses from transactions
- Contract owner can exclude/include wallet from tax

```
function excludeFromFees(address account, bool excluded) public onlyOwner {
    _excludeFromFees(account, excluded);
}

function _excludeFromFees(address account, bool excluded) private {
    _isExcludedFromFees[account] = excluded;
    emit ExcludeFromFees(account, excluded);
}
```

Burnable token

```
function burn(uint256 value) public virtual {
    _burn(_msgSender(), value);
}

function _burn(address account, uint256 value) internal {
    if (account == address(0)) {
        revert ERC20InvalidSender(address(0));
    }
    _update(account, address(0), value);
}
```

Contract owner can change buy fees up to 10% and sell fees up to 10%

```
function updateFees(uint256 _buyFee, uint256 _sellFee) public onlyOwner {
        _updateFees(_buyFee, _sellFee);
}

function _updateFees(uint256 _buyFee, uint256 _sellFee) private {
        require(_buyFee <= 1_000 && _sellFee <= 1_000, "Invalid fees"); // _buyFee and _sellFee <= 10%
        buyFee = _buyFee;
        sellFee = _sellFee;
}</pre>
```

Contract owner can renounce ownership

```
function renounceOwnership() public virtual onlyOwner {
    _transferOwnership(address(0));
}
```

Contract owner can transfer ownership

```
function transferOwnership(address newOwner) public virtual onlyOwner {
    if (newOwner == address(0)) {
        revert OwnableInvalidOwner(address(0));
    }
    _transferOwnership(newOwner);
}

function _transferOwnership(address newOwner) internal virtual {
    address oldOwner = _owner;
    _owner = newOwner;
    emit OwnershipTransferred(oldOwner, newOwner);
}
```

Contract owner has ability to retrieve any token held by the contract

Native tokens NOT excluded

```
function withdrawStuck() external onlyOwner {
    uint256 balance = IERC20(address(this)).balanceOf(address(this));
    IERC20(address(this)).transfer(msg.sender, balance);
    payable(msg.sender).transfer(address(this).balance);
}

function withdrawStuckEth(address toAddr) external onlyOwner {
    (bool success, ) = toAddr.call{value: address(this).balance}("");
    require(success);
}
```

Contract owner can change feewallet address

Current value:

feeWallet: 0x487b15B23EB4661bD9b1EA9FE2965677bdc05500

```
function updateFeeWallet(address _feeWallet) external onlyOwner {
        _updateFeeWallet(_feeWallet);
}

function _updateFeeWallet(address _feeWallet) private {
    require(_feeWallet != address(0), "Zero address");
    feeWallet = _feeWallet;
}
```

Recommendation:

The team should carefully manage the private keys of the owner's account. We strongly recommend a powerful security mechanism that will prevent a single user from accessing the contract admin functions. The risk can be prevented by temporarily locking the contract or renouncing ownership.



CONCLUSION AND ANALYSIS



Smart Contracts within the scope were manually reviewed and analyzed with static tools.



Audit report overview contains all found security vulnerabilities and other issues in the reviewed code.



Found no HIGH issues during the first review.

TOKEN DETAILS

Details

Buy fees: 0%

Sell fees: 3%

Max TX: N/A

Max Wallet: N/A

Honeypot Risk

Ownership: Owned

Blacklist: Not detected

Modify Max TX: Not detected

Modify Max Sell: Not detected

Disable Trading: Not detected

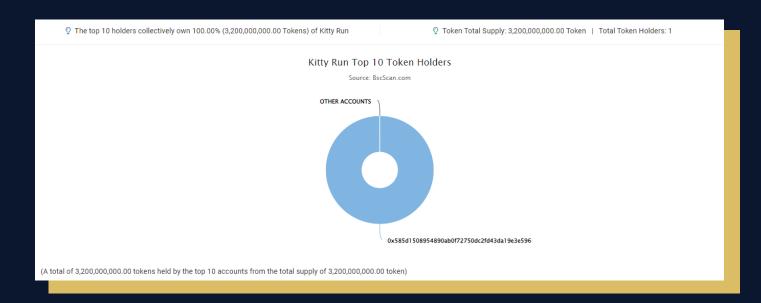
Rug Pull Risk

Liquidity: N/A

Holders: 100% unlocked tokens



KTR TOKEN ANALYTICS& TOP 10 TOKEN HOLDERS



Rank	Address	Quantity (Token)	Percentage
1	0x585D1508a19E3E596 ⊕	3,200,000,000	100.0000%

TECHNICAL DISCLAIMER

Smart contracts are deployed and executed on the blockchain platform. The platform, its programming language, and other software related to the smart contract can have its vulnerabilities that can lead to hacks. The audit can't guarantee the explicit security of the audited project / smart contract.

