

Human Whole Genome Sequencing

1. Sample Requirements

1.1 Illumina platform (350 bp insert DNA Library)

Sample Type	Amount (Qubit®)	Volume	Concentration	Purity (NanoDrop™)
Genomic DNA	≥ 200 ng	≥ 20 μL	≥ 10 ng/μL	OD260/280=1.8~2.0
Genomic DNA (PCR free)	≥ 1.1 μg	≥ 20 μL	≥ 20 ng/μL	no degradation, no contamination
Genomic DNA from *FFPE	≥ 400 ng	≥ 20 μL	≥ 20 ng/μL	Fragments should be longer than 1500 bp

^{*} FFPE: Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded

1.2 PacBio platform (SMRTbell® DNA Library)

Library Type	Sample Type	Amount	Volume	Concentration	Purity (NanoDropTM/Agarose Gel)
PacBio sequel II DNA CLR library	** HMW Genomic DNA	≥ 5 μg	≥ 50 μL	≥ 70 ng/μL	FOD260/280=1.75~2.0; OD260/230=1.5~2.6; NC/QC***=0.95~3.00 Fragments should be ≥30K
PacBio Sequel II /IIe/Revio DNA HiFi library	HMW Genomic DNA	≥ 5 μg	≥ 50 μL	≥ 70 ng/μL	OD260/280=1.75~2.0; OD260/230=1.5~2.6; NC/QC=1.00~2.20 Fragments should be ≥30K

^{**} HMW: High Molecular Weight

1.3 Nanopore platform (Ligation 1D DNA Library)

Sample Type	Amount (Qubit®)	Volume	Concentration	Purity (NanoDrop™)
*HMW Genomic DNA	≥ 8 µg	≥ 50 μL	≥ 100 ng/μL	OD260/280=1.75~2.0; OD260/230=1.4~2.6; NC/QC**=0.95~3.00 Fragments should be ≥30K

^{*} HMW: High Molecular Weight

2. Sequencing Parameters

Platform	Illumina NovaSeq6000/NovaSeq X Plus
Read length	Paired-end 150 bp
Recommended sequencing depth	For tumor tissues: 50 \times , adjacent normal tissues and blood 30 \times For rare diseases: 30-50 \times
Data quality	Guaranteed ≥ 85% bases with Q30 or higher
***Turnaround time	As quick as 11 working days from confirmation of QC report to data release without analysis.

^{***}NC/QC: NanoDrop concentration/Qubit concentration



Platform	PacBio Sequel II/IIe/Revio
Read length	average > 15 kb for Sequel II/IIe/Revio
Recommended sequencing depth	For genetic diseases: 10-20× For tumor tissues: ≥ 20×
***Turnaround time	As quick as 12 working days from confirmation of QC report to data release without analysis.

Platform	Nanopore PromethION
Read length	average > 17 Kb
Recommended sequencing depth	For genetic diseases: 10-20× For tumor tissues: ≥ 20×
***Turnaround time	As quick as 28 working days from confirmation of QC report to data release without analysis.

^{***}Turnaround time varies depending on the project volume.

3. Data Analysis Contents

Standard Analysis

Data quality control: filtering reads containing adapter or with low quality

Alignment to reference genome; statistics of sequencing depth and coverage

Variant (SNP, InDel, CNV, and SV) calling, annotation and statistics

Somatic variant detection (only apply for tumor-normal paired samples) SNP calling, annotation and statistics InDel calling, annotation and statistics CNV calling, annotation and statistics SV calling, annotation and statistics Display of Genomic Variants with Circos

Advanced analysis	Methods
Personalized analysis (Cancer & Disease)	HLA typing
	CRISPR/Cas9 Off-target Analysis
	Xenograft Tumor Analysis
	Integration Site Detection



Advanced analysis	Methods		
	Screening for Predisposing Genes (feasible if only normal samples are provided		
		Mutational Spectrum & Mutational Signature	
		Identification of Known Driver Genes	
		Significantly Mutated Gene & Pathway Analysis	
	Driver gene analysis	Mutation Relation Test of Significantly Mutated Genes	
		Identification of Driver Genes Based on Mutation Clustering Bias	
		Identification of Driver Somatic CNVs	
Cancer		Identification of Driver Mutations in Noncoding Regions	
		Mutation Site Displaying	
	Tumor heterogeneity analysis	Tumor Purity & Ploidy Estimation	
		Intra-tumor Heterogeneity Analysis	
		Tumor Evolution Analysis (One normal and at least 3 tumor samples from the same patient are needed)	
	Fusion Gene Detection		
		Tumor Neoantigen Identification	

Advanced analysis	Methods		
	Candidate Variant Filtration		
Managania diagan	Analysis under dominant/recessive model		
Monogenic disease	Linkage Analysis		
	Region of Homozygosity Analysis (ROH)		
	Candidate Variant Filtration		
	Analysis under dominant/recessive model		
Polygenic disease	Linkage Analysis		
	Region of Homozygosity Analysis (ROH)		
	De novo SNV/INDEL Analysis		

Advanced analysis	Methods
Personalized analysis (Cancer & Disease)	HLA typing
	CRISPR/Cas9 Off-target Analysis
	Xenograft Tumor Analysis
	Integration Site Detection