

ECE 6310 - Advanced Electromagnetic Fields: Homework Set #3

Miguel Gomez

2024-02-09

1 Preliminaries

In this document, we use standard notation for electromagnetic theory. Key equations and concepts are summarized below:

Vector Notation

- \mathcal{E} : Electric field intensity
- \mathcal{H} : Magnetic field intensity
- \mathcal{D} : Electric flux density
- \mathcal{B} : Magnetic flux density
- \mathcal{J} : Current density
- ρ_v : Volume charge density

Differential Operators

- $\nabla \cdot$: Divergence of a vector field
- $\nabla \times$: Curl of a vector field
- ∇ : Gradient of a scalar field
- ∂_i : Partial derivative with respect to the independent basis element i

Maxwell's Equations

In integral form, Maxwell's equations are given by:

$$\oint_{\partial V} \mathcal{E} \cdot d\boldsymbol{\ell} = -\frac{d}{dt} \int_V \mathcal{B} \cdot d\boldsymbol{\mathcal{S}} \quad (\text{Faraday's Law of Induction}) \quad (1)$$

$$\oint_{\partial V} \mathcal{H} \cdot d\boldsymbol{\ell} = \int_V \mathcal{J} \cdot d\boldsymbol{\mathcal{S}} + \frac{d}{dt} \int_V \mathcal{D} \cdot d\boldsymbol{\mathcal{S}} \quad (\text{Ampère's Circuital Law}) \quad (2)$$

$$\oiint_{\partial V} \mathcal{D} \cdot d\boldsymbol{\mathcal{S}} = \int_V \rho_v dV \quad (\text{Gauss's Law for Electricity}) \quad (3)$$

$$\oiint_{\partial V} \mathcal{B} \cdot d\boldsymbol{\mathcal{S}} = 0 \quad (\text{Gauss's Law for Magnetism}) \quad (4)$$

Other Relevant Equations

- Continuity Equation: $\nabla \cdot \mathcal{J} + \partial_t \rho_v = 0$
- Relationship between \mathcal{E} , \mathcal{D} : $\mathcal{D} = \epsilon \mathcal{E}$
- Relationship between \mathcal{H} , \mathcal{B} : $\mathcal{B} = \mu \mathcal{H}$

Boundary Conditions

Discuss the boundary conditions for \mathcal{E} , \mathcal{H} , \mathcal{D} , and \mathcal{B} at interfaces between different media.

References

- [1] Constantine A. Balanis. *advanced engineering electromagnetics*, chapter 1, page 2–3. John Wiley & Sons, 2024.