

Estd.2012



NILGIRI COLLEGE OF ARTS AND SCIENCE

(Affiliated to Bharathiar University)

PG DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING- LAB

PRACTICAL RECORD

2023—2025

NAME

REGISTER No

CLASS

SEMESTER

Estd.2012



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PRACTICAL RECORD

NAME.....CLASS.....

REGISTER No.....

Certified that this is the bonafide record of work done by the above student
of M.Sc. Computer Science in the Digital Image Processing Laboratory
during the year 2023-2025.

Staffin-charge

Head of the Department

Principal

Submitted for the Practical Examination held on.....

Internal Examiner

External Examiner

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EX.NO:01

IMAGE ENHANCEMENT

DATE:

AIM:

To implement an image enhancement program using matlab.

ALGORITHM:

Step 1: Open MATLAB and select new script.

Step 2: Write the source code.

Step 3: Copy the path of the image and paste it in the required line.

Step 4: Assign the original image as 'I' and resize the image as 'j'.

Step 5: Assign the values to resize the image as required.

Step 6: Save and run the program.

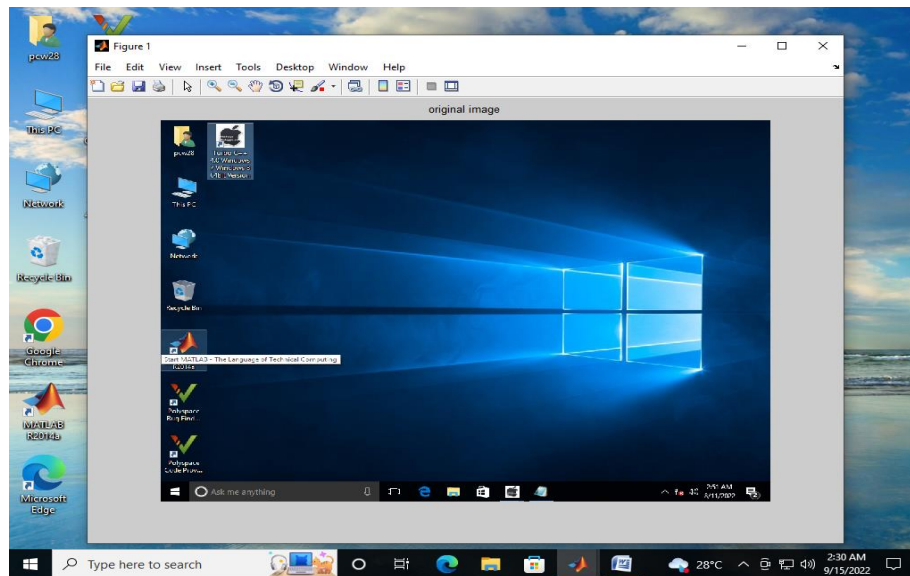
Step 7: Stop the process.

CODING:

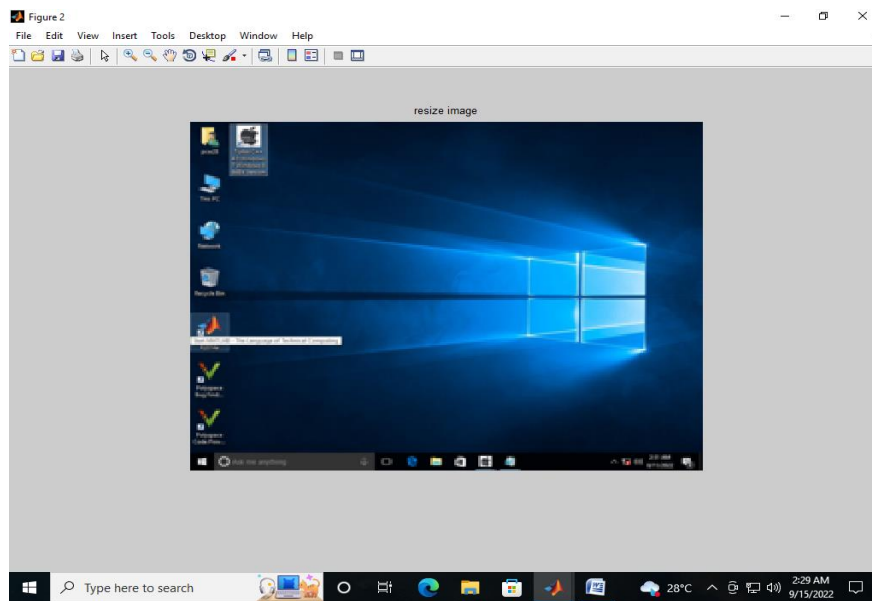
```
I=imread('C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator.PCW11\Desktop\Winter.jpg');  
j=imresize(I,0.3);  
figure  
imshow(I);  
title('original image')  
figure  
imshow(j);  
title('resized image')
```

OUTPUT:

ORIGINAL IMAGE



RESIZED IMAGE



RESULT:

Thus the program is executed and verified successfully.

EX.NO:02

HISTOGRAM EQUALIZATION

DATE:

AIM:

To implement histogram equalization program using matlab.

ALGORITHM:

Step 1: Open MATLAB and select new script.

Step 2: Write the source code.

Step 3: Copy the path of the image and paste it in the required line.

Step 4: Assign the original image as A.

Step 5: imhist is used to represent the histogram of RGB colors in the graph.

Step 6: Assign the value to RGB as required.

Step 7: Subplot is used to plot the values of RGB in the graph.

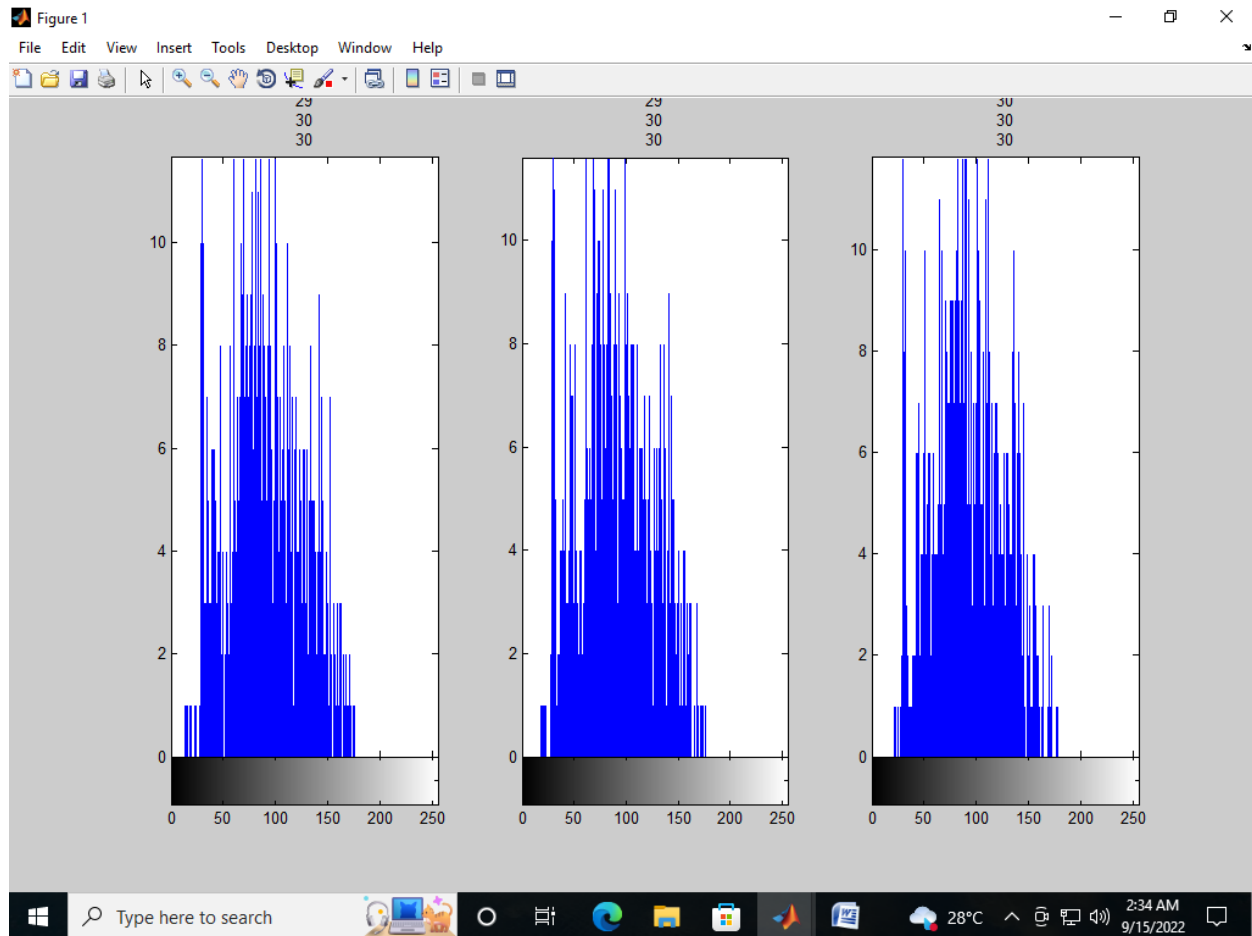
Step 8: Save and run the program.

Step 9: Stop the process.

CODING:

```
A=imread('C:\Documents and  
Settings\Administrator.PCW11\Desktop\Winter.jpg');  
A_gray=rgb2gray(A);  
imhist(A_gray);  
imhist(A_gray,128);  
imhist(A_gray,32);  
R=A(:,1,1);  
G=A(:,1,2);  
B=A(:,1,3);  
subplot(1,3,1),imhist(R),title(R);  
subplot(1,3,2),imhist(G),title(G);  
subplot(1,3,3),imhist(B),title(B);
```


OUTPUT:



RESULT:

Thus the program is executed and verified successfully.

EX.NO:03

IMAGE RESTORATION

DATE:

AIM:

To implement an image restoration program using matlab.

ALGORITHM:

Step 1: Open MATLAB and select new script.

Step 2: Write the source code.

Step 3: Copy the path of the image and paste it in the required line.

Step 4: Assign the length (LEN) as required.

Step 5: Use noise_var=0.001 to avoid noise, if the noise is more increase the value.

Step 6: Save and run the program.

Step 7: Stop the process.

CODING:

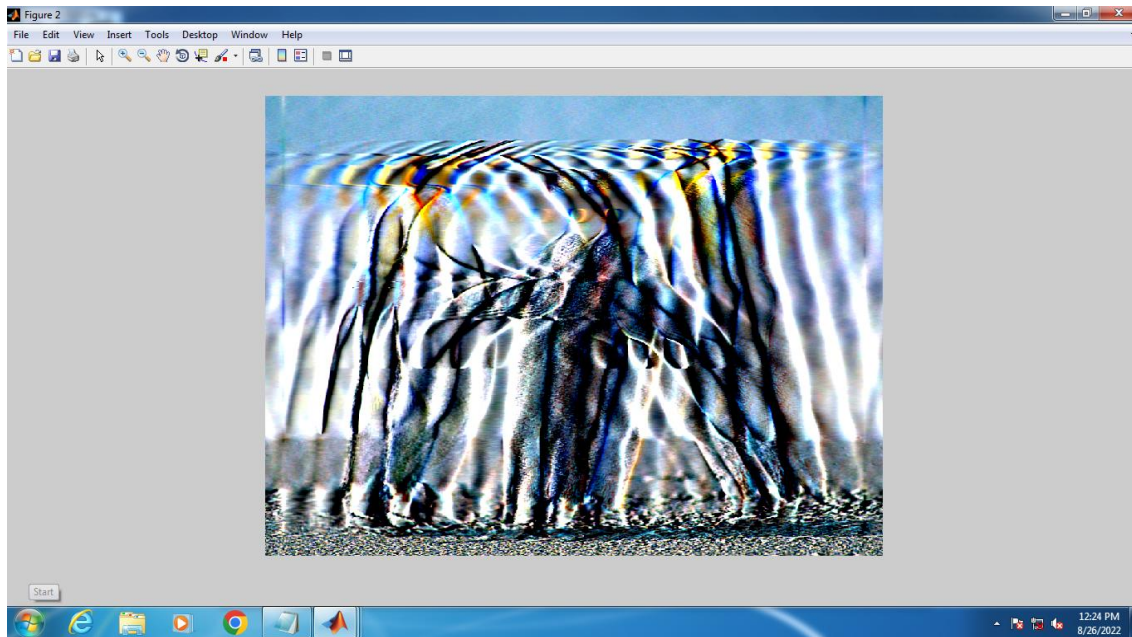
```
I=im2double(imread('C:\Documents and Settings\All Users\Documents\My
Pictures\Sample Pictures\images.jpg'));
LEN=60;
THETA=0;
noise_var=0.001;
figure
imshow(I);
title('original image')
est_nsr=noise_var/var(I(:));
PSF=fspecial('motion',LEN,THETA);
wnr=deconvwnr(I,PSF,est_nsr);
imshow(wnr);
```

OUTPUT:

ORIGINAL IMAGE



RESTORED IMAGE



RESULT:

Thus the program is executed and verified successfully.

EX.NO:04

IMAGE FILTERING

DATE:

AIM:

To implement an image filtering program using matlab.

ALGORITHM:

Step 1: Open MATLAB and select new script.

Step 2: Write the source code.

Step 3: Copy the path of the image and paste it in the required line.

Step 4: Assign the name of the output as h.

Step 5: The (5,5) average filter and black and gray filters can be used for filtering the image.

Step 6: To display the image in black and gray the imfilter can be used.

Step 7: Save and run the program.

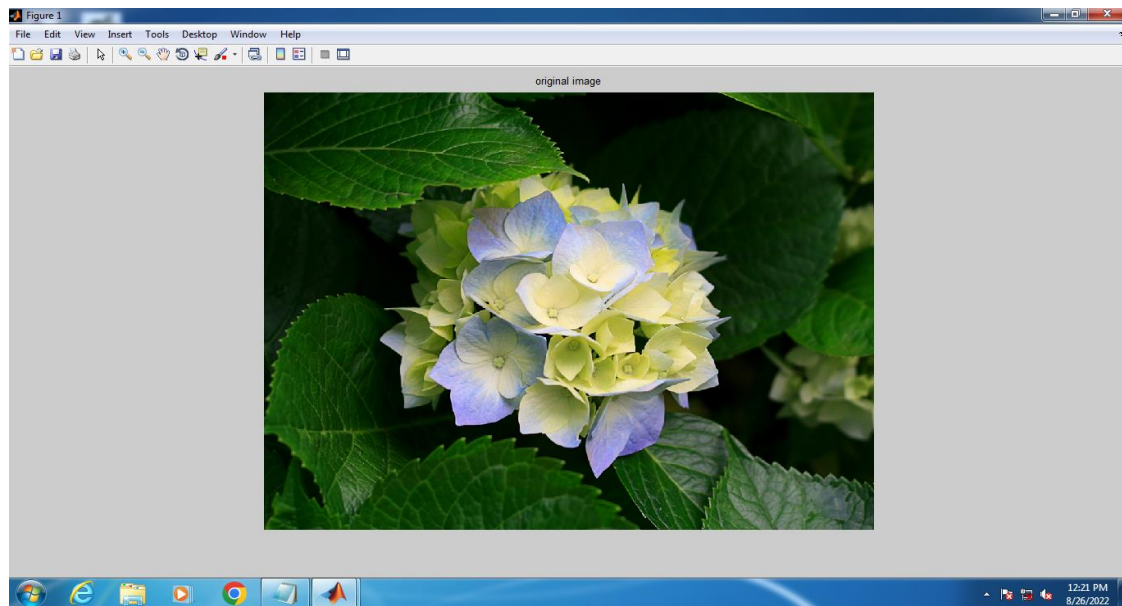
Step 8: Stop the process.

CODING:

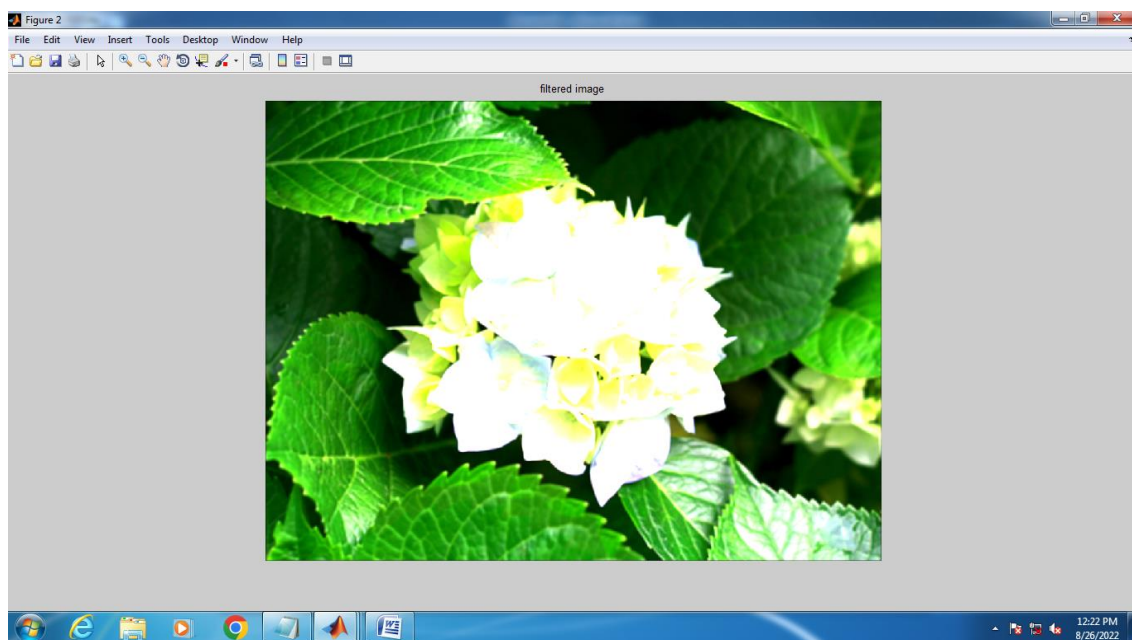
```
I=imread('C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator.PCW11\Desktop\Winter.jpg');  
h=ones(5,5)/25;  
I2=imfilter(I,h);  
imshow(I);  
title('original image');  
figure  
imshow(I2);  
title('filtered image')
```

OUTPUT:

ORIGINAL IMAGE



FILTERED IMAGE



RESULT:

Thus the program is executed and verified successfully.

EX.NO:05

EDGE DETECTION USING OPERATORS

DATE:

AIM:

To implement edge detection using operators- program using matlab.

ALGORITHM:

Step 1: Start the program.

Step 2: Open MATLAB and select new script.

Step 3: Write the source code.

Step 4: Bw is represented as Binary Image.

Step 5: Bw1, Bw2 and Bw3 is represented for prewitt, sobel, Roberts.

Step 6: Prewitt, sobel and Roberts is used for edge detection.

Step 7: Copy the path of the image in the required line.

Step 8: Save and run the program.

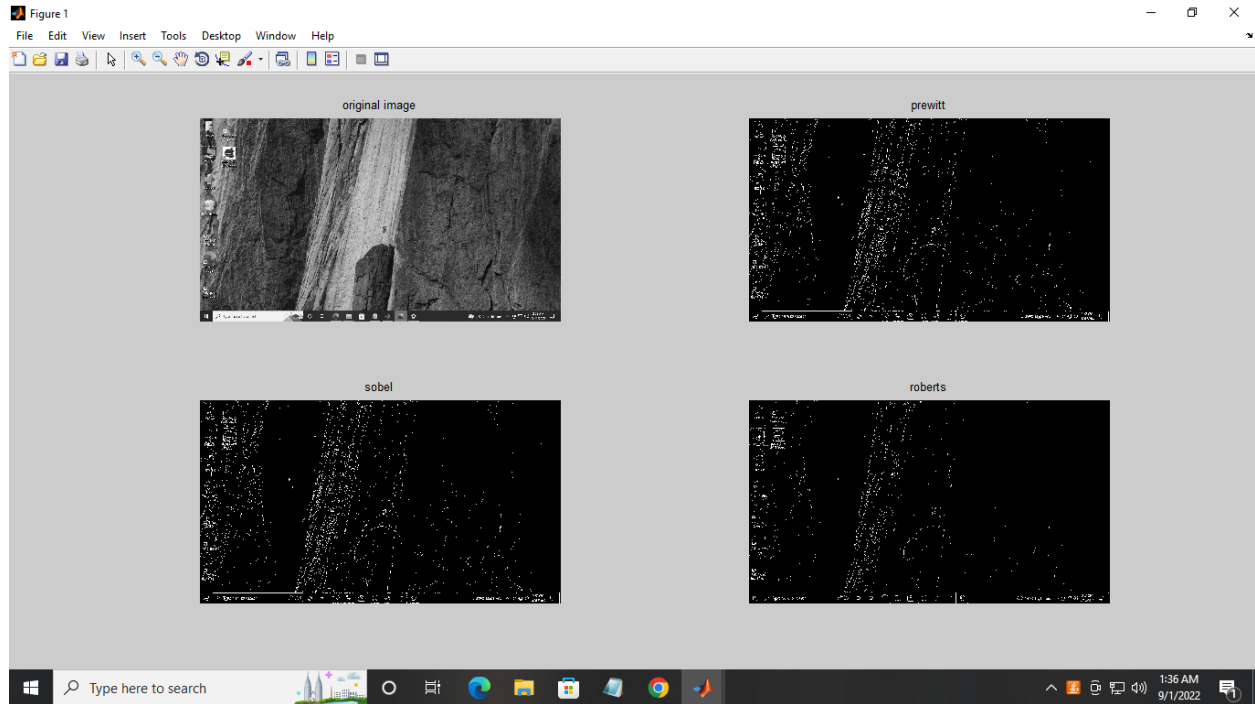
Step 9: The image will be detected and displayed in three different formats.

Step 10: Stop the process.

CODING:

```
i=imread('C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator.PCW11\Desktop\Winter.jpg');
I=rgb2gray(i);
Bw1=edge(I,'prewitt');
Bw2=edge(I,'sobel');
Bw3=edge(I,'roberts');
subplot(2,2,1);
imshow(I);
title('original image');
subplot(2,2,2);
imshow(Bw1);
title('prewitt');
subplot(2,2,3);
imshow(Bw2);
title('sobel');
subplot(2,2,4);
imshow(Bw3);
title('roberts');
```

OUTPUT:



RESULT:

Thus the program is executed and verified successfully.

EX.NO:06

IMAGE COMPRESSION

DATE:

AIM:

To implement an image compression program using matlab.

ALGORITHM:

Step 1: Start the program.

Step 2: Open MATLAB and select new script.

Step 3: Write the source code.

Step 4: wavelet filter is used in image compression.

Step 5: The original image is compressed with the compression ratio.

Step 6: The reconstructed image will be displayed on the window.

Step 7: Copy the path of the image which is selected.

Step 8: Paste the path of the image in the required line.

Step 9: Save and run the program.

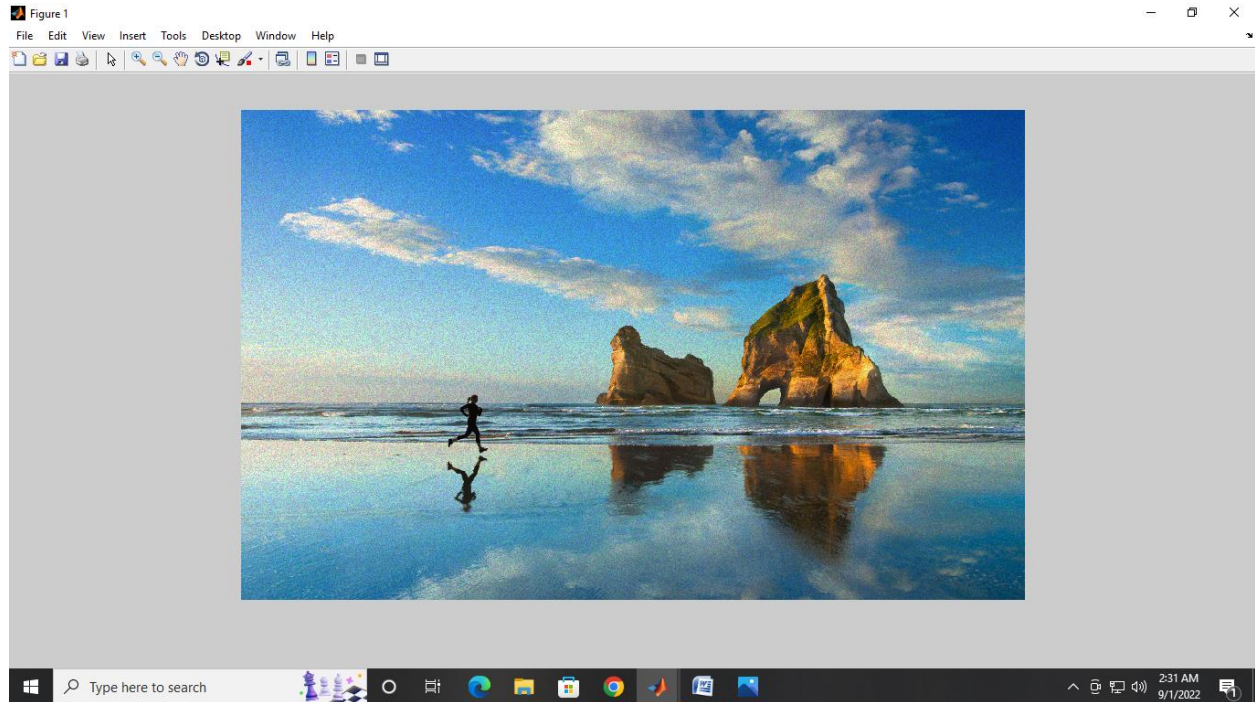
Step 10: The output of the image will be compressed and displayed in different window.

Step 11: Stop the process.

CODING:

```
clear all;
close all;
input_image1=imread('C:\pictures\CARU9KLZ.jpg');
input_image=imnoise(input_image1,'speckle',.01);
figure;
imshow(input_image);
n=input('enter the decomposition level=');
[Lo_D,Hi_D,Lo_R,Hi_R] = wfilters('haar');
[c,s] = wavedec2(input_image,n,Lo_D,Hi_D);
disp('the decomposition vector output is');
disp(c);
[thr,nkeep] = wdcbm2(c,s,1.5,3*prod(s(1,:)));
[Compressed_image,TREE,Comp_ratio,PERFL2] =
wpdencmp(thr,'s',n,'haar','threshold',5,1);
disp('Compression ratio in %');
disp(Comp_ratio);
re_ima1 = waverec2(c,s,'haar');
re_ima = uint8(re_ima1);
subplot(1,3,1);
imshow(input_image);
title('I/P image');
subplot(1,3,2);
imshow(Compressed_image);
title('Compressed_image');
subplot(1,3,3);
imshow(re_ima);
title('reconstructed image');
```

OUTPUT:



RESULT:

Thus the program is executed and verified successfully.

EX.NO: 07

IMAGE SUBTRACTION

DATE:

AIM:

To implement an image subtraction program using matlab.

ALGORITHM:

Step 1: Start the program.

Step 2: Open MATLAB and select new script.

Step 3: Write the source code.

Step 4: Copy the path of the image and paste it in the required line.

Step 5: Assign the name of the output as IP.

Step 6: The `imsubtract` is used to subtract the background from the image.

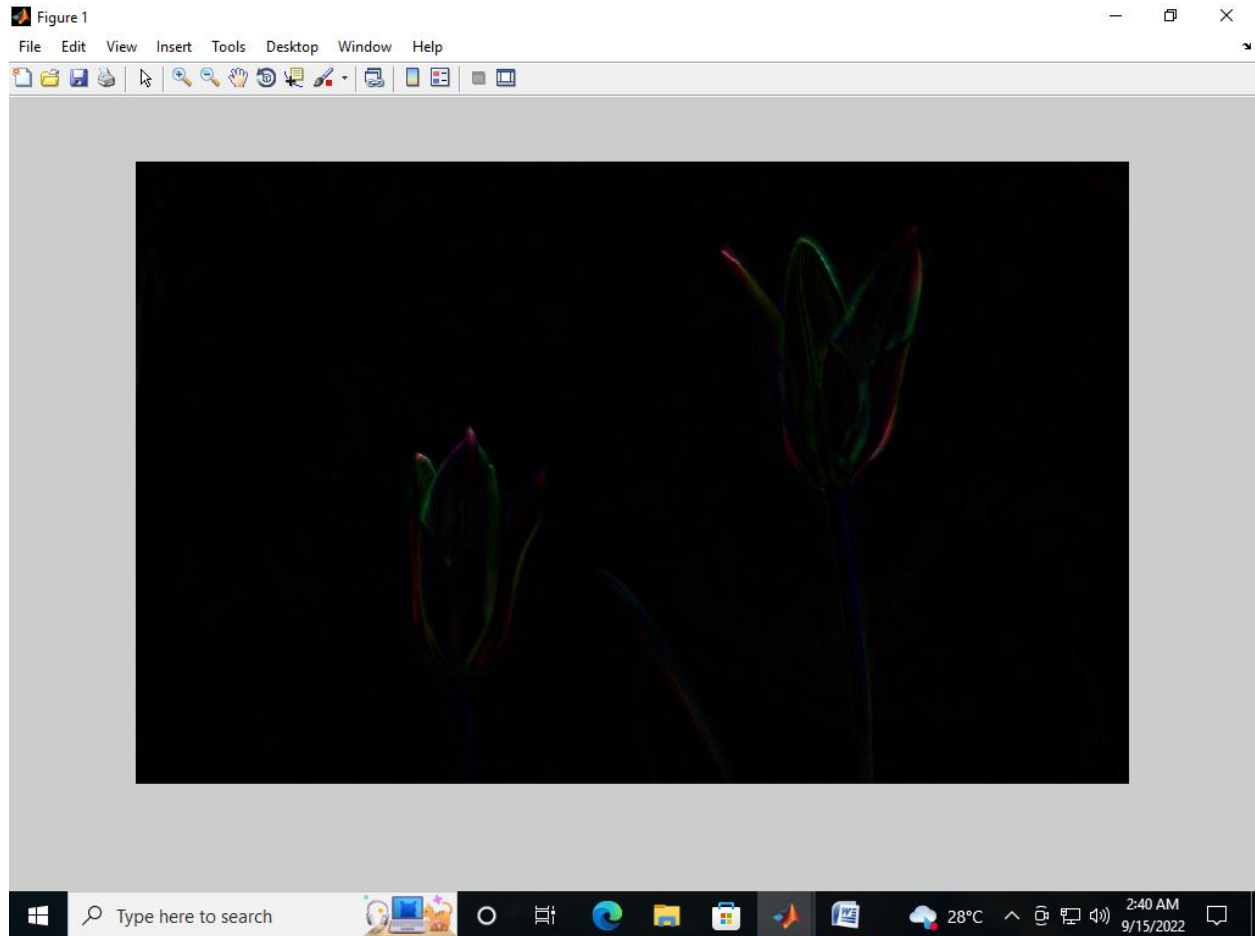
Step 7: Save and run the program.

Step 8: Stop the process.

CODING:

```
I=imread('D:\miriam\CAP0SJH1.jpg');  
background=imopen(I,strel('disk',15));  
IP=imsubtract(I,background);  
imshow(IP,[])
```

OUTPUT:



RESULT:

Thus the program is executed and verified successfully.

EX.NO:08

BOUNDARY EXTRACTION

DATE:

AIM:

To implement an image to extract boundary using matlab.

ALGORITHM:

Step 1: Start the program.

Step 2: Open MATLAB and select new script.

Step 3: Write the source code.

Step 4: Assign the original image as A, F as erode and S as strel.

Step 5: The image A is converted into binary image.

Step 6: Erode binary image A by structuring element F.

Step 7: Subtract the binary image A from the Erode image F.

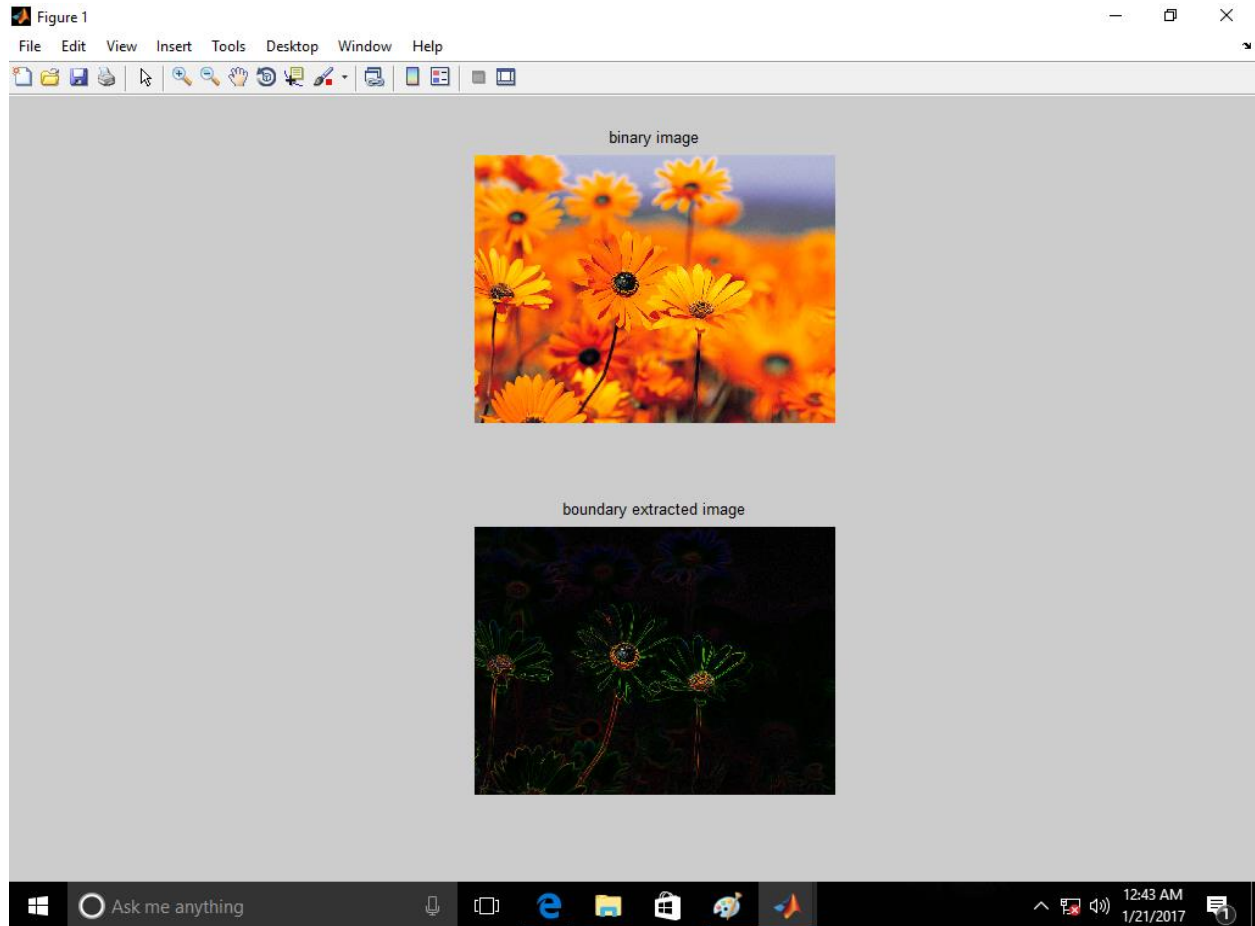
Step 8: Save and run the program.

Step 9: Stop the process.

CODING:

```
A=imread('D:\miriam\durdle_door_coastline_5k-t1.jpg')
S=strel('disk',2.0);
F=imerode(A,S);
subplot(2,1,1);
imshow(A);title('binary image');
subplot(2,1,2);
imshow(A-F);title('boundary extracted image');
```

OUTPUT:



RESULT:

Thus the program is executed and verified successfully.

EX.NO:09

IMAGE SEGMENTATION

DATE:

AIM:

To implement an image segmentation program using matlab.

ALGORITHM:

Step 1: Start the program.

Step 2: Open MATLAB and select new script.

Step 3: Write the source code.

Step 4: Copy the path of the image and paste it in the required line.

Step 5: Assign the original image with sizes like height, width and planes.

Step 6: Reshape is used to represent the size of RGB color in the graph.

Step 7: Assign the value to RGB as required.

Step 8: Colorbar is used to plot the value in of RGB in the graph.

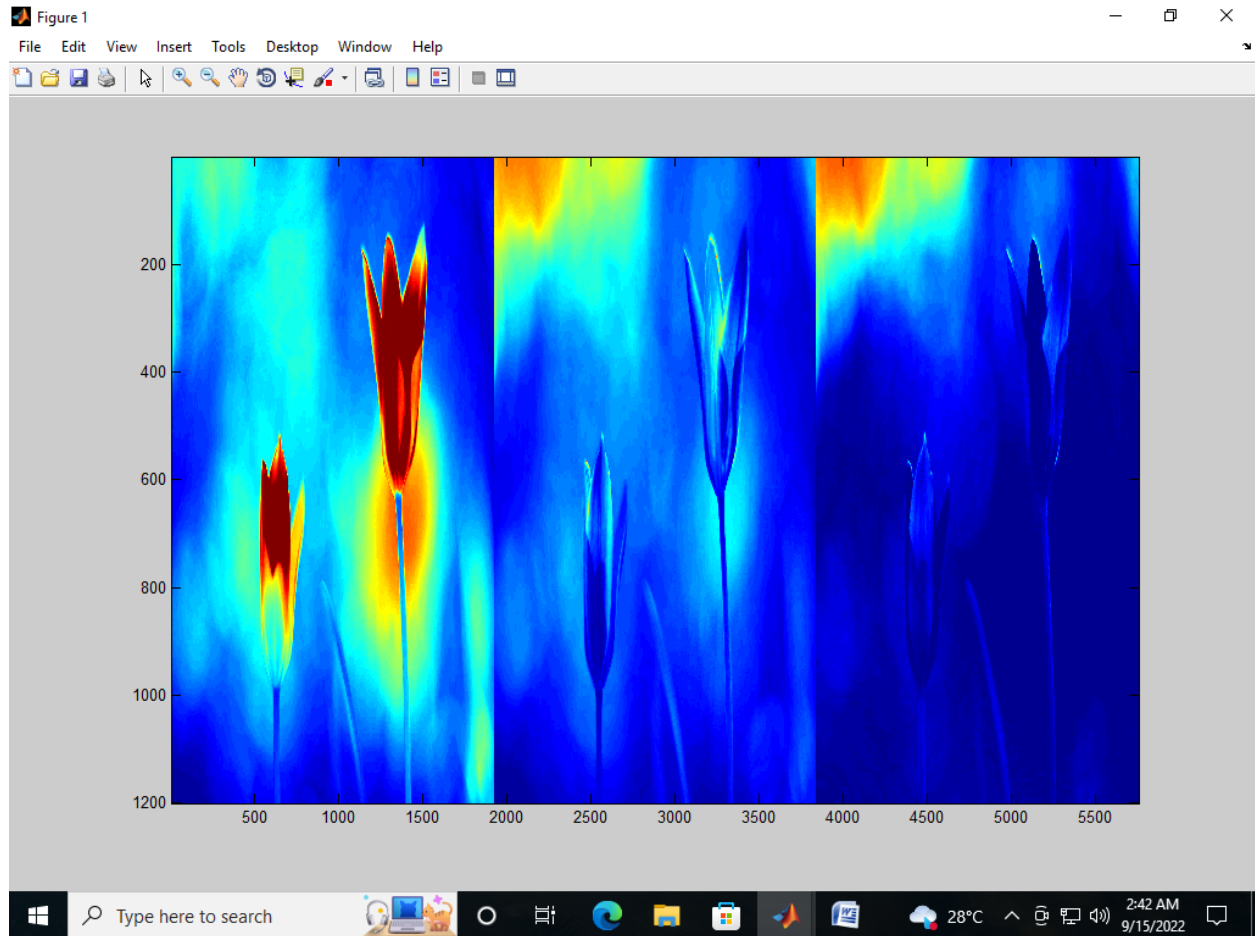
Step 9: Save and run the program.

Step 10: Stop the process.

CODING:

```
image=imread('C:\Documents and Settings\All Users\Documents\My  
Pictures\Sample Pictures\images.jpg');  
[height,width,planes]=size(image);  
rgb=reshape(image,height,width*planes);  
imagesc(rgb);  
colorbar  
r=image(:,:,1);  
g=image(:,:,2);  
b=image(:,:,3);
```

OUTPUT:



RESULT:

Thus the program is executed and verified successfully.