Q2. DECISION TREE USING INFORMATION GAIN. PRATEEK MISHRA

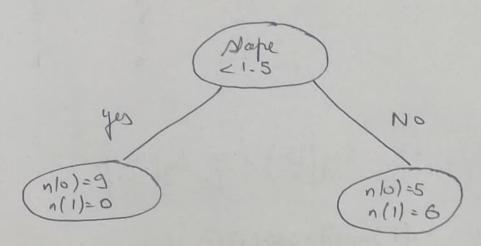
Dadas of 4 3.0 0 2.0 0 40 5. 60 7. 8. 9. 100 120 130 150 170 0 180 19. 20 .

Dataset susted loscending orderslape)

1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 14. 15. 16. 17. 19. 19. 19. 19. 20. 19. 33. 3

Enteropy (
$$25$$
) =  $-\left[\frac{4}{15}\log\frac{4}{15} + \frac{11}{15}\log\frac{11}{15}\right]$   
Enteropy ( $7=25$ ) =  $-\left[\frac{2}{5}\log\frac{4}{5} + \frac{3}{5}\log\frac{3}{5}\right]$   
IG for  $25$  =  $I - \left[\text{Enteropy}\left(72.5\right) + \text{Enteropy}\left(22.5\right)\right]$   
=  $I + \frac{4}{15}\log\left(\frac{4}{15}\right) + \frac{11}{15}\log\left(\frac{11}{15}\right) + \frac{3}{5}\log\left(\frac{3}{5}\right) + \frac{3}{5}\log\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)$ 

Thus IG for 1-5 > IG for 2.5



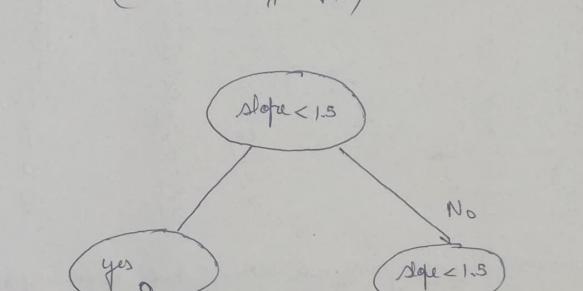
The data corresponding to slope < 1.5 lulongs to only onle one class, so we do not need to split it further for dato with slope ×1.5

The only prossible way of splitting for slope <2.5

Entropy (<2.5) = - ( \frac{1}{5} \log \frac{1}{5} + \frac{2}{6} \log \frac{2}{5} )

Enteropy (>2.5) = - ( \frac{2}{5} \log (\frac{2}{5}) + \frac{3}{5} \log \frac{3}{5} )

IG = Dodaset Entropy (I') = Enteropy (< 2.5) - Enteropy (725)  $= I' - \frac{4}{6} \log \frac{4}{6} + \frac{2}{6} \log \frac{2}{6} + \frac{2}{5} \log \frac{2}{5} + \frac{3}{5} \log \frac{3}{5}$ and  $I' = -\left[\frac{6}{11} \log \frac{6}{11} + \frac{5}{11} \log \frac{5}{11}\right]$ 



yes

goat = 1

result-0