

## Cardiovascular model in Section 5

This notebook contains the code of the paper “Learning Physics between Digital Twins with Low-Fidelity Models and Physics-Informed Gaussian Processes”. The models are fitted in rstan and the code is available in the folder “STAN/WK2”.

### Load packages

```
# uncomment to install
# install.packages("rstan")
# install.packages("ggplot2")
# install.packages("SAVE")
library(rstan)
library(ggplot2)

rstan_options(auto_write = TRUE)
options(mc.cores = 3) # allocate 3 cores (for each model we run 3 chains in parallel)

# Numerical simulator of the WK3 model
source("WK_numerical_simulators/WK2and3_sim_fn.R")
# Load flow data
d = readRDS("Data/Inflow_time.rds")
```

### Reality and modelling choice

$$\mathcal{R}: \quad \frac{dP(t)}{dt} + \frac{P(t)}{R_2 C} = \frac{Q(t)}{C} \left(1 + \frac{R_1}{R_2}\right) + R_1 \frac{dQ(t)}{dt} \quad (\text{the misspecified model we use to fit the data}) \quad [\text{WK3}] \quad (1)$$

$$\eta: \quad Q(t) = \frac{1}{R} P(t) + C \frac{dP(t)}{dt} \quad (\text{the model we use to simulate data}) \quad [\text{WK2}] \quad (2)$$

```
# choose some reasonable physical parameter values
R_val=c(1,1.15, 1.3); C_val = c(1.1,0.95,1.25)
RC=expand.grid(R_val,C_val) # create all possible combinations
Rtrue=RC[,1]; Ctrue=RC[,2]
Ns=length(Rtrue) # number of individuals
flow = d$inflow*0.95 # flow data
time = d$time # corresponding time
nP=12 # number of pressure data
nI=14 # number of inflow data
nc=2 # number of cardiac cycles
nflow = length(flow)
post_nnd=post_nwd=l_df_nnd=l_df_nwd=list()

set.seed(123)
Zvec=sample(seq(0.02,0.1,by=0.01), length(Rtrue), replace = T)
```

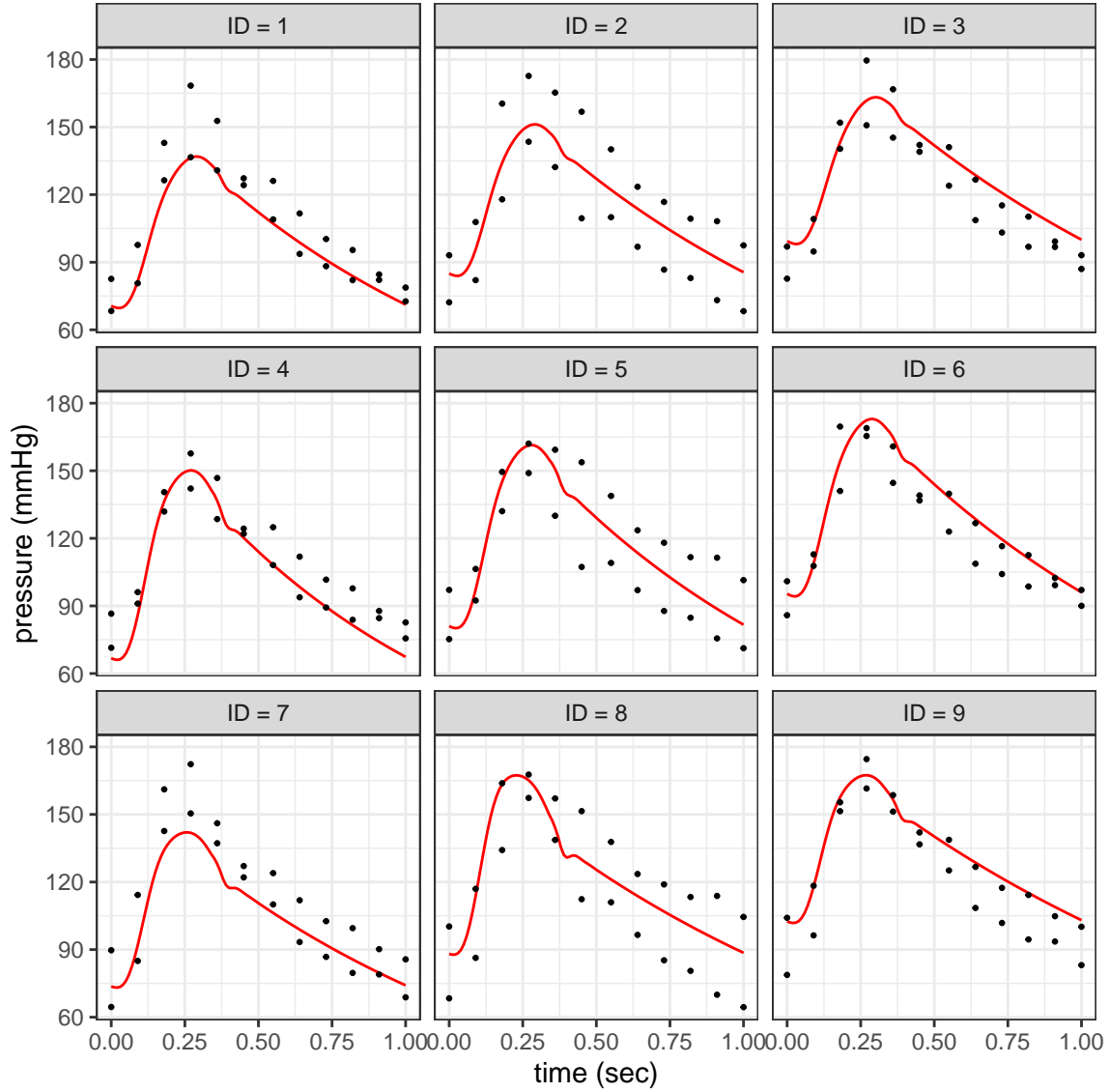
```

yP=tP=matrix(NA,nrow = Ns, ncol = nP*nc)
yI=tI=matrix(NA,nrow = Ns, ncol = nI*nc)
P_true = matrix(NA, nrow = nflow, ncol = Ns)
t1=Sys.time()
for(i in 1:Ns){
  # 1. simulate WK3 data (R=R_2, Z=R_1)
  Psim=WK3_simulate(flow = flow, time = time, R = Rtrue[i], C = Ctrue[i], Z=Zvec[i]) # simulate WK3 data
  P_true[,i] = Psim
  # 2. choose pressure and inflow indices
  indP = round(seq(1, nflow, length.out = nP)); indI = round(seq(1, nflow, length.out = nI))
  yP_real = Psim[indP]; yI_real = flow[indI] # noise free simulated pressure and flow
  # 3. Add noise
  set.seed(123)
  Pnoise = rnorm(nP*nc, 0, 4) # sample pressure noise from  $N(0, 4^2)$ 
  Inoise = rnorm(nI*nc, 0, 10) # sample flow noise from  $N(0, 10^2)$ 
  yP_real = rep(yP_real,nc) # create 2 replicates (2 cardiac cycles/heart beats)
  yI_real = rep(yI_real,nc) # create 2 replicates (2 cardiac cycles/heart beats)
  # 4. store individual data in the population matrices
  yP[i,]= yP_real + Pnoise # add noise
  yI[i,]= yI_real + Inoise # add noise
  tP[i,] = time[indP] # corresponding time (synchronized for the two cycles)
  tI[i,] = time[indI] # corresponding time (synchronized for the two cycles)
}
id=1:Ns
data_population = list(nP=nc*nP, nI=nc*nI, tP=tP, tI=tI, yP=yP, yI=yI,id=id, Ns=Ns)

ID = paste0("ID = ", 1:Ns)
df_Ptrue = data.frame(pressure = as.vector(P_true), time = rep(time,Ns), ID = rep(ID, each=nflow))
df_Pobs = data.frame(pressure = as.vector(t(yP)), time=as.vector(t(tP)), ID = rep(ID, each=nP))

ggplot()+
  geom_line(data=df_Ptrue, aes(x=time,y=pressure), color="red")+
  geom_point(data=df_Pobs, aes(x=time,y=pressure), color="black", size=0.5)+
  facet_wrap(ID~., nrow = 3)+theme_bw()+xlab("time (sec)") + ylab("pressure (mmHg)")

```



**Model 1 (no-without delta in paper, Figure 6)**

This is the misspecified model that does not account for model discrepancy (no-without delta in paper, Figure 6). For more details on the physics-informed Gaussian process prior see Appendix E.1.

Stan code:

```
writeLines(readLines('STAN/WK2/WK2_nodelta.stan'))
```

```
functions {
  vector mu_fn(real mu_wk2,
               real R,
               int nP,
               int nI){
    vector[nP] mP = rep_vector(mu_wk2,nP);
    vector[nI] mI = rep_vector((1/R)*mu_wk2,nI);
    vector[nP + nI] mu;
    mu = append_row(mP, mI);
  }
}
```

```

        return(mu);
    }
    // Physics informed prior kernel of the WK2 model
    matrix K_wk2(vector tP,
                 vector tI,
                 real rho,
                 real alpha,
                 real sigmaP,
                 real sigmaI,
                 real R,
                 real C) {
        int nP = rows(tP);
        int nI = rows(tI);
        matrix[nP + nI, nP + nI] K;

    // KP
    for (i in 1:(nP-1)){
        K[i,i] = pow(alpha, 0.2e1);
        for (j in (i+1):nP){
            K[i,j] = exp(-pow(tP[i] - tP[j], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1));
            K[i,j] = pow(alpha, 0.2e1) * K[i,j];
            K[j,i] = K[i,j];
        }
        K[nP,nP] = pow(alpha, 0.2e1);
    }
    K[1:nP, 1:nP] = K[1:nP, 1:nP] + diag_matrix(rep_vector(pow(sigmaP, 0.2e1), nP));

    // KPI
    for (i in 1:nP){
        for (j in 1:nI){
            K[i, nP + j] = 0.1e1 / R * exp(-pow(tP[i] - tI[j], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1))
            + 0.2e1 * C * (tP[i] - tI[j]) * pow(rho, -0.2e1)
            * exp(-pow(tP[i] - tI[j], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1));
            K[i, nP + j] = pow(alpha, 0.2e1) * K[i, nP + j];
        }
    }

    // KIP (KIP = KPI')
    // K[(nP + 1):(nP + nI), 1:nP] = K[1:nP, (nP + 1):(nP + nI)]';
    for (i in 1:nI){
        for (j in 1:nP){
            K[nP + i, j] = 0.1e1 / R * exp(-pow(tI[i] - tP[j], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1))
            - 0.2e1 * C * (tI[i] - tP[j]) * pow(rho, -0.2e1)
            * exp(-pow(tI[i] - tP[j], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1));
            K[nP + i, j] = pow(alpha, 0.2e1) * K[nP + i, j];
        }
    }
    // KI
    for (i in 1:(nI-1)){
        K[nP + i, nP + i] =
            pow(R, -0.2e1) * exp(-pow(tI[i] - tI[i], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1))
            + C * C * (0.2e1 * pow(rho, -0.2e1) * exp(-pow(tI[i] - tI[i], 0.2e1)
            * pow(rho, -0.2e1)) - 0.4e1 * pow(tI[i] - tI[i]
            * pow(rho, -0.4e1) * exp(-pow(tI[i] - tI[i], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1)));
    }

```

```

    K[nP + i, nP + i] = pow(alpha, 0.2e1) * K[nP + i, nP + i];
    for (j in (i+1):nI){
      K[nP + i, nP + j] =
        pow(R, -0.2e1) * exp(-pow(tI[i] - tI[j], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1))
        + C * C * (0.2e1 * pow(rho, -0.2e1) * exp(-pow(tI[i] - tI[j], 0.2e1)
          * pow(rho, -0.2e1)) - 0.4e1 * pow(tI[i] - tI[j], 0.2e1)
          * pow(rho, -0.4e1) * exp(-pow(tI[i] - tI[j], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1)));
      K[nP + i, nP + j] = pow(alpha, 0.2e1) * K[nP + i, nP + j];
      K[nP + j, nP + i] = K[nP + i, nP + j];
    }
    K[nP + nI, nP + nI] =
      pow(R, -0.2e1) * exp(-pow(tI[nI] - tI[nI], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1))
      + C * C * (0.2e1 * pow(rho, -0.2e1) * exp(-pow(tI[nI] - tI[nI], 0.2e1)
        * pow(rho, -0.2e1)) - 0.4e1 * pow(tI[nI] - tI[nI], 0.2e1)
        * pow(rho, -0.4e1) * exp(-pow(tI[nI] - tI[nI], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1)));
    K[nP + nI, nP + nI] = pow(alpha, 0.2e1) * K[nP + nI, nP + nI];
  }
  K[(nP + 1):(nP + nI), (nP + 1):(nP + nI)] = K[(nP + 1):(nP + nI), (nP + 1):(nP + nI)]
  + diag_matrix(rep_vector(pow(sigmaI, 0.2e1), nI));
  return cholesky_decompose(K);
}
}

data {
  int<lower=1> nP;
  int<lower=1> nI;
  vector[nP] tP;
  vector[nI] tI;
  vector[nP] yP;
  vector[nI] yI;
}

transformed data {
  vector[nP + nI] y = append_row(yP, yI);
}

parameters {
  // hyper-parameters
  real<lower=0.05> rho;
  real<lower=5> alpha;
  real<lower=0,upper=400> mu_wk2;
  real<lower=0,upper=20> sigmaP;
  real<lower=0,upper=20> sigmaI;
  // physical parameters
  real<lower=0.5, upper=3> R;
  real<lower=0.5, upper=3> C;
}

model {
  // Chol. of PI kernel
  matrix[nP + nI, nP + nI] L_K = K_wk2(tP, tI, rho, alpha, sigmaP, sigmaI, R, C);
  // mean vector
  vector[nP + nI] mu = mu_fn(mu_wk2, R, nP, nI);
  // priors

```

```

rho ~ normal(0,1.0/3);
alpha ~ normal(0,20);
mu_wk2 ~ normal(mean(yP), 20);

y ~ multi_normal_cholesky(mu, L_K);
}

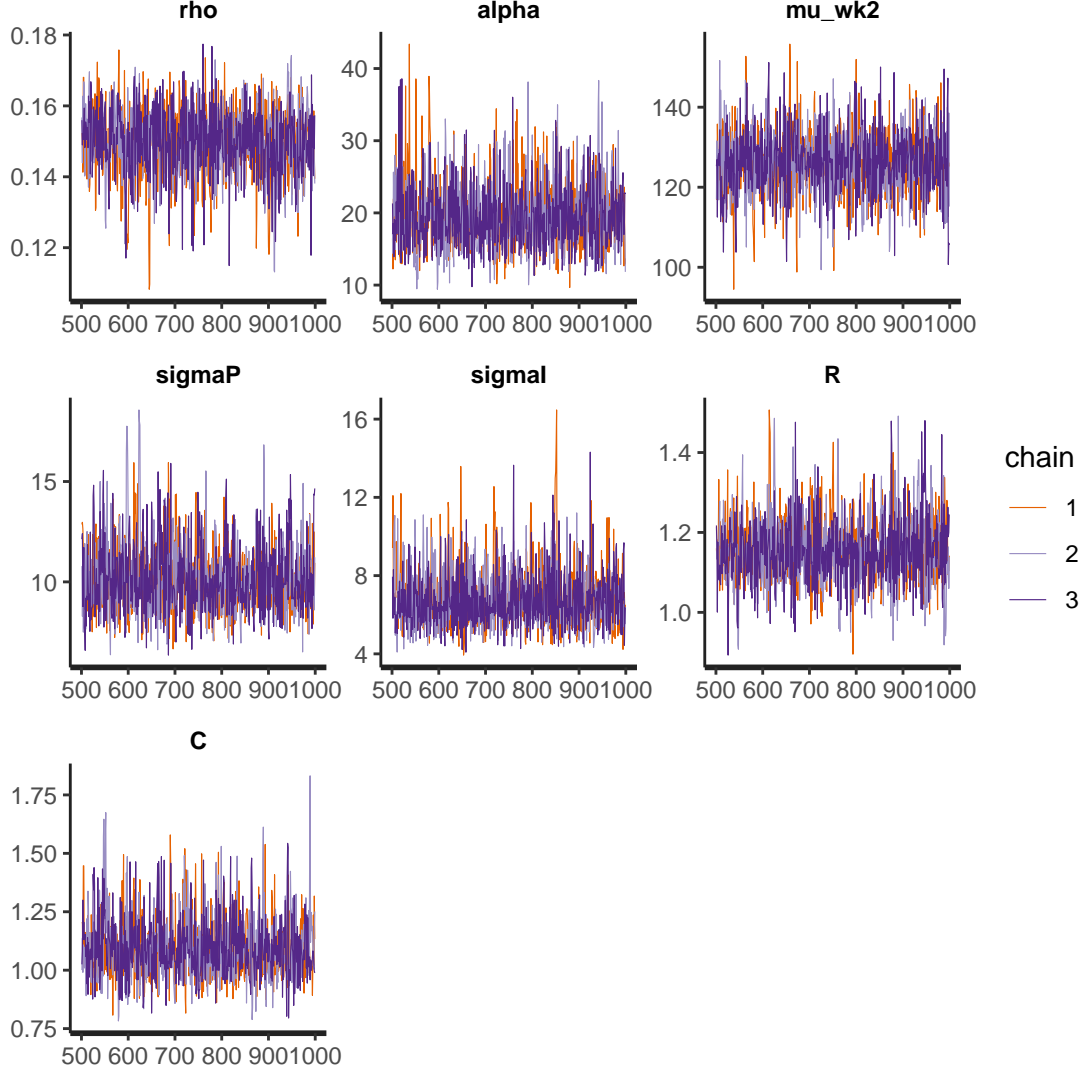
```

We fit the model to each individual data set and we plot the trace for the last individual

```

#-----
### Model 1 (no-without delta in paper, Figure 6)
# WK2 PI prior / no delta (magenta model)
for(i in 1:Ns){
  data_ind = list(nP=nc*nP, nI=nc*nI, tP=tP[i,], tI=tI[i,], yP=yP[i,], yI=yI[i,])
  fit_nnd= stan(file= 'STAN/WK2/WK2_nodelta.stan',
                data=data_ind,
                chains=3,
                iter=1000,
                seed=123
  )
  post_nnd[[i]]=extract(fit_nnd)
  l_df_nnd[[i]]=data.frame(extract(fit_nnd))
}
stan_trace(fit_nnd, size=0.2)

```



## Model 2 (no-with delta in paper, Figure 6)

Now we account for model discrepancy  $\delta_m(x_m) \sim GP(0, K_\delta(x_m, x'_m))$ , where we use the squared exponential kernel  $K_\delta(x_m, x'_m) = \alpha_m^2 \exp\left(-\frac{(x_m - x'_m)^2}{2\rho_m^2}\right)$ . More details about the model are given in the Appendix E.1.

Stan code:

```
writeLines(readLines('STAN/WK2/WK2_delta.stan'))

functions {
  // Physics informed prior mean of the WK2 model
  vector mu_fn(real mu_wk2,
    real R,
    int nP,
    int nI){
    vector[nP] mP = rep_vector(mu_wk2, nP);
    vector[nI] mI = rep_vector((1/R)*mu_wk2, nI);
    vector[nP + nI] mu;
    mu = append_row(mP, mI);
  }
}
```

```

        return(mu);
    }
// Physics informed prior kernel of the WK2 model
matrix K_wk2(vector tP,
             vector tI,
             real rho,
             real alpha,
             real sigmaP,
             real sigmaI,
             real rho_d,
             real alpha_d,
             real R,
             real C) {
    int nP = rows(tP);
    int nI = rows(tI);
    matrix[nP + nI, nP + nI] K;
    matrix[nP, nP] KB;

    // KP
    for (i in 1:(nP-1)){
        K[i,i] = pow(alpha, 0.2e1);
        for (j in (i+1):nP){
            K[i,j] = exp(-pow(tP[i] - tP[j], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1));
            K[i,j] = pow(alpha, 0.2e1) * K[i,j];
            K[j,i] = K[i,j];
        }
        K[nP,nP] = pow(alpha, 0.2e1);
    }
    K[1:nP, 1:nP] = K[1:nP, 1:nP] + diag_matrix(rep_vector(pow(sigmaP, 0.2e1), nP));
    // K_delta (press bias)
    for (i in 1:(nP-1)){
        KB[i,i] = pow(alpha_d, 0.2e1);
        for (j in (i+1):nP){
            KB[i,j] = exp(-pow(tP[i] - tP[j], 0.2e1) * pow(rho_d, -0.2e1));
            KB[i,j] = pow(alpha_d, 0.2e1) * KB[i,j];
            KB[j,i] = KB[i,j];
        }
        KB[nP,nP] = pow(alpha_d, 0.2e1);
    }
    K[1:nP, 1:nP] = K[1:nP, 1:nP] + KB[1:nP, 1:nP];

    // KPI
    for (i in 1:nP){
        for (j in 1:nI){
            K[i, nP + j] = 0.1e1 / R * exp(-pow(tP[i] - tI[j], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1))
            + 0.2e1 * C * (tP[i] - tI[j]) * pow(rho, -0.2e1)
            * exp(-pow(tP[i] - tI[j], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1));
            K[i, nP + j] = pow(alpha, 0.2e1) * K[i, nP + j];
        }
    }

    // KIP (KIP = KPI')
    // K[(nP + 1):(nP + nI), 1:nP] = K[1:nP, (nP + 1):(nP + nI)]';
    for (i in 1:nI){

```



```

    for (j in 1:nP){
      K[nP + i, j] = 0.1e1 / R * exp(-pow(tI[i] - tP[j], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1))
        - 0.2e1 * C * (tI[i] - tP[j]) * pow(rho, -0.2e1)
        * exp(-pow(tI[i] - tP[j], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1));
      K[nP + i, j] = pow(alpha, 0.2e1) * K[nP + i, j];
    }
  }
  // KI
  for (i in 1:(nI-1)){
    K[nP + i, nP + i] =
      pow(R, -0.2e1) * exp(-pow(tI[i] - tI[i], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1))
      + C * C * (0.2e1 * pow(rho, -0.2e1) * exp(-pow(tI[i] - tI[i], 0.2e1)
        * pow(rho, -0.2e1)) - 0.4e1 * pow(tI[i] - tI[i],
        * pow(rho, -0.4e1) * exp(-pow(tI[i] - tI[i], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1))));
    K[nP + i, nP + i] = pow(alpha, 0.2e1) * K[nP + i, nP + i];
    for (j in (i+1):nI){
      K[nP + i, nP + j] =
        pow(R, -0.2e1) * exp(-pow(tI[i] - tI[j], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1))
        + C * C * (0.2e1 * pow(rho, -0.2e1) * exp(-pow(tI[i] - tI[j], 0.2e1)
          * pow(rho, -0.2e1)) - 0.4e1 * pow(tI[i] - tI[j],
          * pow(rho, -0.4e1) * exp(-pow(tI[i] - tI[j], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1))));
      K[nP + i, nP + j] = pow(alpha, 0.2e1) * K[nP + i, nP + j];
      K[nP + j, nP + i] = K[nP + i, nP + j];
    }
    K[nP + nI, nP + nI] =
      pow(R, -0.2e1) * exp(-pow(tI[nI] - tI[nI], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1))
      + C * C * (0.2e1 * pow(rho, -0.2e1) * exp(-pow(tI[nI] - tI[nI], 0.2e1)
        * pow(rho, -0.2e1)) - 0.4e1 * pow(tI[nI] - tI[nI],
        * pow(rho, -0.4e1) * exp(-pow(tI[nI] - tI[nI], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1))));
    K[nP + nI, nP + nI] = pow(alpha, 0.2e1) * K[nP + nI, nP + nI];
  }
  K[(nP + 1):(nP + nI), (nP + 1):(nP + nI)] = K[(nP + 1):(nP + nI), (nP + 1):(nP + nI)]
  + diag_matrix(rep_vector(pow(sigmaI, 0.2e1), nI));
  return cholesky_decompose(K);
}
}

data {
  int<lower=1> nP;
  int<lower=1> nI;
  vector[nP] tP;
  vector[nI] tI;
  vector[nP] yP;
  vector[nI] yI;
}

transformed data {
  vector[nP + nI] y = append_row(yP, yI);
}

parameters {
  // hyper-parameters
  real<lower=0.05> rho;
  real<lower=0> alpha;

```

```

real<lower=0> rho_d;
real<lower=0> alpha_d;
real<lower=0,upper=400> mu_wk2;
real<lower=0,upper=20> sigmaP;
real<lower=0,upper=20> sigmaI;
// physical parameters
real<lower=0.5, upper=3> R;
real<lower=0.5, upper=3> C;
}

model {
  // Chol. of PI kernel
  matrix[nP + nI, nP + nI] L_K = K_wk2(tP, tI, rho, alpha, sigmaP, sigmaI, rho_d, alpha_d, R, C);
  // mean vector
  vector[nP + nI] mu = mu_fn(mu_wk2, R, nP, nI);
  // priors
  rho ~ normal(0,1.0/3);
  alpha ~ normal(0,20);
  rho_d ~ normal(0,1.0/3);
  alpha_d ~ normal(0,20);
  mu_wk2 ~ normal(mean(yP), 20);

  y ~ multi_normal_cholesky(mu, L_K);
}

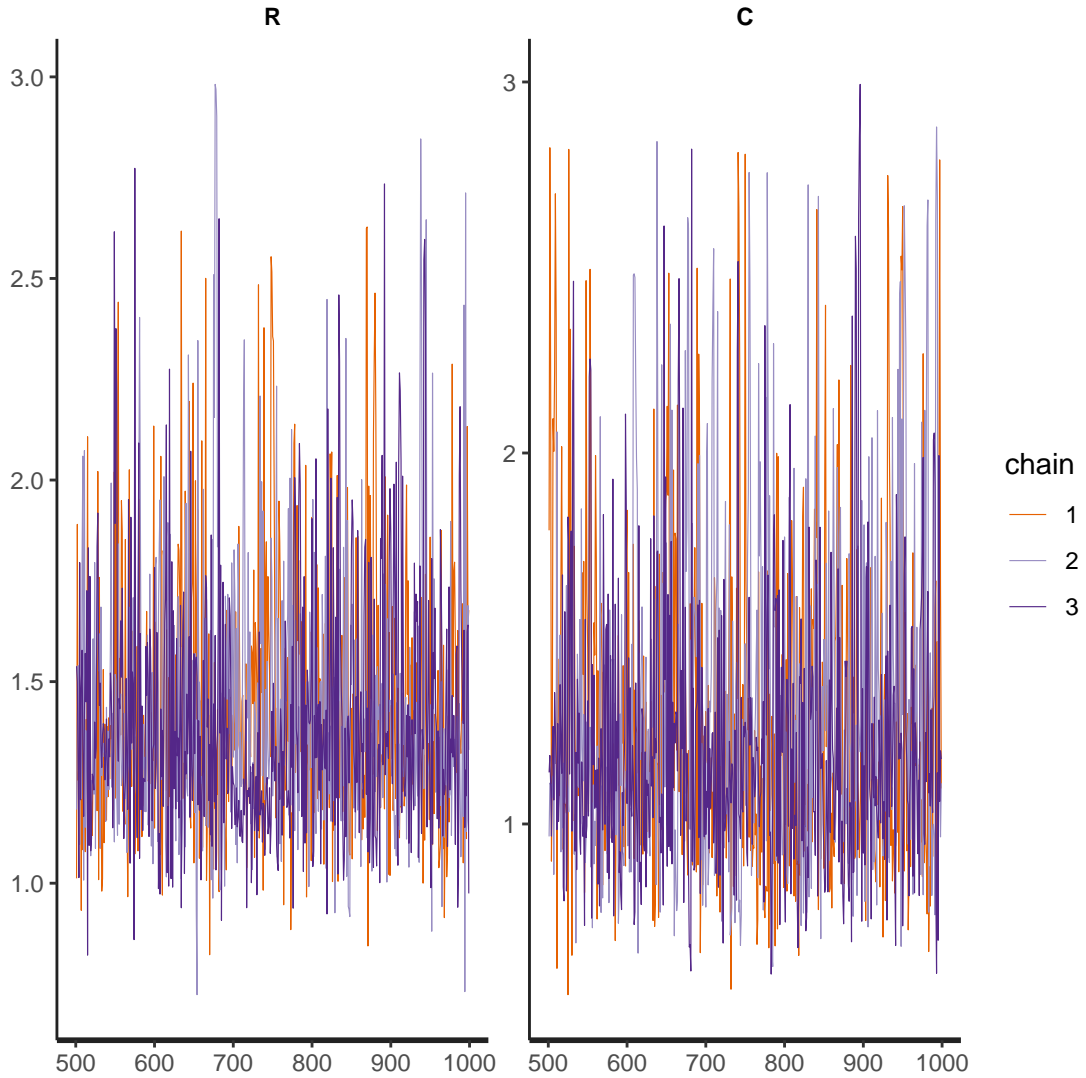
```

We fit this model to each individual data set separately

```

# WK2 PI prior / with pressure delta (red model)
for(i in 1:Ns){
  data_ind = list(nP=nc*nP, nI=nc*nI, tP=tP[i,], tI=tI[i,], yP=yP[i,], yI=yI[i,])
  fit_nwd= stan(file= 'STAN/WK2/WK2_delta.stan', #'STAN_WK/WK_ind_delta.stan',
                data=data_ind,
                chains=3,
                iter=1000,
                seed=123
  )
  post_nwd[[i]]=extract(fit_nwd)
  l_df_nwd[[i]]=data.frame(extract(fit_nwd))
}
stan_trace(fit_nwd, size=0.2, pars = c("R", "C"))

```



### Model 3 (yes/common delta, Figure 6)

We allow individuals to share information about the physical parameters  $u_m, m = 1, 2, \dots, 10$  through a global level parameter as described in Section 3.2. The model assumes same discrepancy parameters for all individuals.

Stan code:

```
writeLines(readLines('STAN/WK2/WK2_common_delta.stan'))

functions {
  vector mu_fn(real mu_wk2,
               real R,
               int nP,
               int nI){
    vector[nP] mP = rep_vector(mu_wk2,nP);
    vector[nI] mI = rep_vector((1/R)*mu_wk2,nI);
    vector[nP + nI] mu;
    mu = append_row(mP, mI);
    return(mu);
  }
}
```

```

}
// Physics informed prior kernel of the WK2 model
matrix K_wk2(vector tP,
              vector tI,
              real rho,
              real alpha,
              real sigmaP,
              real sigmaI,
              real rho_d,
              real alpha_d,
              real R,
              real C) {
  int nP = rows(tP);
  int nI = rows(tI);
  matrix[nP + nI, nP + nI] K;
  matrix[nP, nP] KB;

  // KP
  for (i in 1:(nP-1)){
    K[i,i] = pow(alpha, 0.2e1);
    for (j in (i+1):nP){
      K[i,j] = exp(-pow(tP[i] - tP[j], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1));
      K[i,j] = pow(alpha, 0.2e1) * K[i,j];
      K[j,i] = K[i,j];
    }
    K[nP,nP] = pow(alpha, 0.2e1);
  }
  K[1:nP, 1:nP] = K[1:nP, 1:nP] + diag_matrix(rep_vector(pow(sigmaP, 0.2e1), nP));

  // K_delta
  // press_Bias
  for (i in 1:(nP-1)){
    KB[i,i] = pow(alpha_d, 0.2e1);
    for (j in (i+1):nP){
      KB[i,j] = exp(-pow(tP[i] - tP[j], 0.2e1) * pow(rho_d, -0.2e1));
      KB[i,j] = pow(alpha_d, 0.2e1) * KB[i,j];
      KB[j,i] = KB[i,j];
    }
    KB[nP,nP] = pow(alpha_d, 0.2e1);
  }
  K[1:nP, 1:nP] = K[1:nP, 1:nP] + KB[1:nP, 1:nP];

  // KPI
  for (i in 1:nP){
    for (j in 1:nI){
      K[i, nP + j] = 0.1e1 / R * exp(-pow(tP[i] - tI[j], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1))
        + 0.2e1 * C * (tP[i] - tI[j]) * pow(rho, -0.2e1)
        * exp(-pow(tP[i] - tI[j], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1));
      K[i, nP + j] = pow(alpha, 0.2e1) * K[i, nP + j];
    }
  }

  // KIP (KIP = KPI')
  // K[(nP + 1):(nP + nI), 1:nP] = K[1:nP, (nP + 1):(nP + nI)]';

```

```

for (i in 1:nI){
  for (j in 1:nP){
    K[nP + i, j] = 0.1e1 / R * exp(-pow(tI[i] - tP[j], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1))
    - 0.2e1 * C * (tI[i] - tP[j]) * pow(rho, -0.2e1)
    * exp(-pow(tI[i] - tP[j], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1));
    K[nP + i, j] = pow(alpha, 0.2e1) * K[nP + i, j];
  }
}
// KI
for (i in 1:(nI-1)){
  K[nP + i, nP + i] =
    pow(R, -0.2e1) * exp(-pow(tI[i] - tI[i], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1))
    + C * C * (0.2e1 * pow(rho, -0.2e1) * exp(-pow(tI[i] - tI[i], 0.2e1)
    * pow(rho, -0.2e1)) - 0.4e1 * pow(tI[i] - tI[i],
    * pow(rho, -0.4e1) * exp(-pow(tI[i] - tI[i], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1)));
  K[nP + i, nP + i] = pow(alpha, 0.2e1) * K[nP + i, nP + i];
  for (j in (i+1):nI){
    K[nP + i, nP + j] =
      pow(R, -0.2e1) * exp(-pow(tI[i] - tI[j], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1))
      + C * C * (0.2e1 * pow(rho, -0.2e1) * exp(-pow(tI[i] - tI[j], 0.2e1)
      * pow(rho, -0.2e1)) - 0.4e1 * pow(tI[i] - tI[j],
      * pow(rho, -0.4e1) * exp(-pow(tI[i] - tI[j], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1)));
    K[nP + i, nP + j] = pow(alpha, 0.2e1) * K[nP + i, nP + j];
    K[nP + j, nP + i] = K[nP + i, nP + j];
  }
  K[nP + nI, nP + nI] =
    pow(R, -0.2e1) * exp(-pow(tI[nI] - tI[nI], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1))
    + C * C * (0.2e1 * pow(rho, -0.2e1) * exp(-pow(tI[nI] - tI[nI], 0.2e1)
    * pow(rho, -0.2e1)) - 0.4e1 * pow(tI[nI] - tI[nI],
    * pow(rho, -0.4e1) * exp(-pow(tI[nI] - tI[nI], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1)));
  K[nP + nI, nP + nI] = pow(alpha, 0.2e1) * K[nP + nI, nP + nI];
}
K[(nP + 1):(nP + nI), (nP + 1):(nP + nI)] = K[(nP + 1):(nP + nI), (nP + 1):(nP + nI)]
+ diag_matrix(rep_vector(pow(sigmaI, 0.2e1), nI));
return cholesky_decompose(K);
}
}
data {
  int<lower=1> nP;
  int<lower=1> nI;
  int<lower=1> Ns;
  int<lower=1,upper=Ns> id[Ns];
  vector[nP] tP[Ns];
  vector[nI] tI[Ns];
  matrix[Ns, nP] yP;
  matrix[Ns, nI] yI;
}

transformed data {
  int<lower=1> N_tot=nP+nI;
  matrix[Ns,N_tot] y;
  y=append_col(yP, yI);
}
parameters {

```

```

real<lower=0> R_tilde[Ns];
real<lower=0> C_tilde[Ns];

real<lower=0> mu_wk2_tilde[Ns];
real rho_tilde[Ns]; //non-centered sd of rho
real alpha_tilde[Ns]; //non-centered sd of alpha
// delta
real rho_d_tilde; //non-centered sd of rho (delta)
real alpha_d_tilde; //non-centered sd of marginal sd (delta)
// noise sds
real<lower=0,upper=10> sigmaP;
real<lower=0,upper=20> sigmaI;
// global parameters
real<lower=0> rho_m; // median of individual prior on rho
real<lower=0> rho_s; //sd of individual prior on rho
real<lower=0> alpha_m; // median of individual prior on alpha
real<lower=0> alpha_s; //sd of individual prior on alpha
// delta
real<lower=0.05,upper=1> rho_d; // length scale for delta
real<lower=5, upper=40> alpha_d; // marginal standard deviation
// global parameters
real<lower=0.5,upper=2> mu_R;
real<lower=1,upper=2> tau_R;
real<lower=0.5,upper=2> mu_C;
real<lower=1,upper=2> tau_C;
real<lower=60,upper=100> mu_muWK2;
real<lower=20> tau_muWK2;
}
transformed parameters {
  real<lower=0> mu_wk2[Ns]; // physical parameters
  real<lower=0> rho[Ns]; // length scale
  real<lower=0> alpha[Ns]; //marginal standard deviation
  real<lower=0> R[Ns];
  real<lower=0> C[Ns];
  // Non-centered parameterization of individual parameters
  for (s in 1:Ns) {
    rho[s] = exp(log(rho_m) + rho_s * rho_tilde[s]);
    alpha[s] = exp(log(alpha_m) + alpha_s * alpha_tilde[s]);
    R[s] = mu_R + tau_R * R_tilde[s];
    C[s] = mu_C + tau_C * C_tilde[s];
    mu_wk2[s] = mu_muWK2 + tau_muWK2 * mu_wk2_tilde[s];
  }
}
model {
  matrix[nP + nI, nP + nI] L_K[Ns];
  vector[nP + nI] mu[Ns];
  for (s in 1:Ns) {
    L_K[s] = K_wk2(tP[s], tI[s], rho[s], alpha[s], sigmaP, sigmaI, rho_d, alpha_d, R[s], C[s]);
    mu[s] = mu_fn(mu_wk2[s], R[s], nP, nI);
  }
  // Global level
  rho_m ~ inv_gamma(2, 2);
  alpha_m ~ normal(0,20);
  rho_s ~ normal(0, 0.5);

```

```

alpha_s ~ normal(0, 10);
// delta
rho_d~ inv_gamma(2, 0.5);
alpha_d ~ normal(0,20);

// non centered parameterization
rho_tilde ~ normal(0, 1);
alpha_tilde ~ normal(0, 1);
// delta
rho_d_tilde ~ normal(0, 1);
alpha_d_tilde ~ normal(0, 1);
R_tilde ~ normal(0, 1);
C_tilde ~ normal(0, 1);
mu_wk2_tilde ~ normal(0, 1);

// likelihood
for (i in 1:Ns){
  y[i] ~ multi_normal_cholesky(mu[id[i]], L_K[id[i]]);
}
}

#-----
# shared R,C common delta (blue model)
fit_yes_common_delta = stan(file='STAN/WK2/WK2_common_delta.stan',
                             data=data_population,
                             chains=3,
                             iter=1000,
                             seed=123
)
names(fit_yes_common_delta)

```

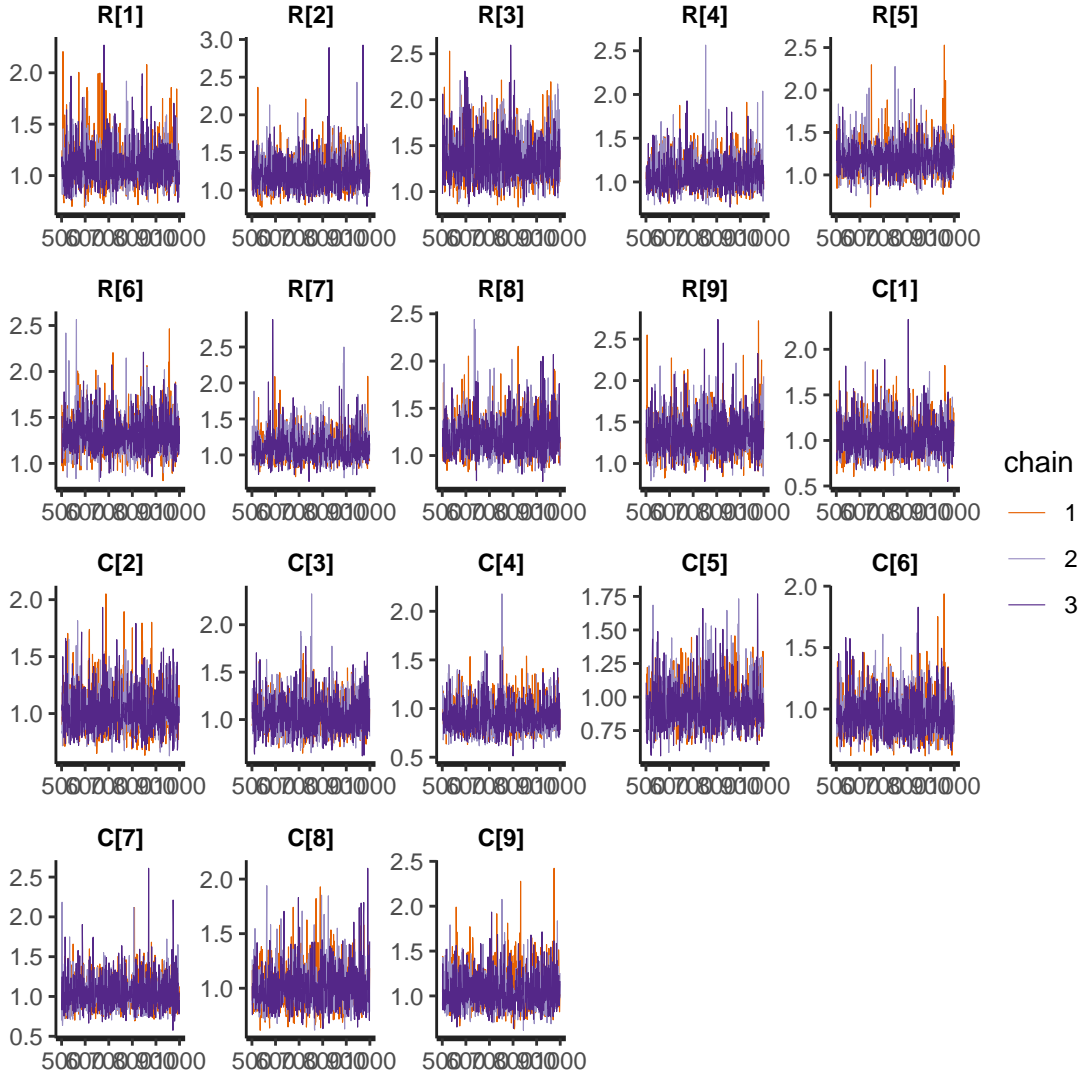
[1] "R_tilde[1]"	"R_tilde[2]"	"R_tilde[3]"	"R_tilde[4]"
[5] "R_tilde[5]"	"R_tilde[6]"	"R_tilde[7]"	"R_tilde[8]"
[9] "R_tilde[9]"	"C_tilde[1]"	"C_tilde[2]"	"C_tilde[3]"
[13] "C_tilde[4]"	"C_tilde[5]"	"C_tilde[6]"	"C_tilde[7]"
[17] "C_tilde[8]"	"C_tilde[9]"	"mu_wk2_tilde[1]"	"mu_wk2_tilde[2]"
[21] "mu_wk2_tilde[3]"	"mu_wk2_tilde[4]"	"mu_wk2_tilde[5]"	"mu_wk2_tilde[6]"
[25] "mu_wk2_tilde[7]"	"mu_wk2_tilde[8]"	"mu_wk2_tilde[9]"	"rho_tilde[1]"
[29] "rho_tilde[2]"	"rho_tilde[3]"	"rho_tilde[4]"	"rho_tilde[5]"
[33] "rho_tilde[6]"	"rho_tilde[7]"	"rho_tilde[8]"	"rho_tilde[9]"
[37] "alpha_tilde[1]"	"alpha_tilde[2]"	"alpha_tilde[3]"	"alpha_tilde[4]"
[41] "alpha_tilde[5]"	"alpha_tilde[6]"	"alpha_tilde[7]"	"alpha_tilde[8]"
[45] "alpha_tilde[9]"	"rho_d_tilde"	"alpha_d_tilde"	"sigmaP"
[49] "sigmaI"	"rho_m"	"rho_s"	"alpha_m"
[53] "alpha_s"	"rho_d"	"alpha_d"	"mu_R"
[57] "tau_R"	"mu_C"	"tau_C"	"mu_muWK2"
[61] "tau_muWK2"	"mu_wk2[1]"	"mu_wk2[2]"	"mu_wk2[3]"
[65] "mu_wk2[4]"	"mu_wk2[5]"	"mu_wk2[6]"	"mu_wk2[7]"
[69] "mu_wk2[8]"	"mu_wk2[9]"	"rho[1]"	"rho[2]"
[73] "rho[3]"	"rho[4]"	"rho[5]"	"rho[6]"
[77] "rho[7]"	"rho[8]"	"rho[9]"	"alpha[1]"
[81] "alpha[2]"	"alpha[3]"	"alpha[4]"	"alpha[5]"
[85] "alpha[6]"	"alpha[7]"	"alpha[8]"	"alpha[9]"
[89] "R[1]"	"R[2]"	"R[3]"	"R[4]"
[93] "R[5]"	"R[6]"	"R[7]"	"R[8]"

```

[97] "R[9] "      "C[1] "      "C[2] "      "C[3] "
[101] "C[4] "      "C[5] "      "C[6] "      "C[7] "
[105] "C[8] "      "C[9] "      "lp_ "

```

```
stan_trace(fit_yes_common_delta, pars = c("R", "C"), size=0.2)
```



```

ex_ycd=extract(fit_yes_common_delta)
df_ycd =data.frame(ex_ycd)

```

#### Model 4 (yes/shared delta, Figure 6)

We allow individuals to share information about both the physical parameters  $u_m, m = 1, 2, \dots, 9$  and the discrepancy through a global level parameters for both as described in Section 3.1. The model assumes same discrepancy parameters for all individuals.

Stan code:

```
writeLines(readLines('STAN/WK2/WK2_common_delta.stan'))
```

```

functions {
  vector mu_fn(real mu_wk2,

```



```

        real R,
        int nP,
        int nI){
            vector[nP] mP = rep_vector(mu_wk2,nP);
            vector[nI] mI = rep_vector((1/R)*mu_wk2,nI);
            vector[nP + nI] mu;
            mu = append_row(mP, mI);
            return(mu);
        }
    // Physics informed prior kernel of the WK2 model
    matrix K_wk2(vector tP,
                vector tI,
                real rho,
                real alpha,
                real sigmaP,
                real sigmaI,
                real rho_d,
                real alpha_d,
                real R,
                real C) {
        int nP = rows(tP);
        int nI = rows(tI);
        matrix[nP + nI, nP + nI] K;
        matrix[nP, nP] KB;

    // KP
    for (i in 1:(nP-1)){
        K[i,i] = pow(alpha, 0.2e1);
        for (j in (i+1):nP){
            K[i,j] = exp(-pow(tP[i] - tP[j], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1));
            K[i,j] = pow(alpha, 0.2e1) * K[i,j];
            K[j,i] = K[i,j];
        }
        K[nP,nP] = pow(alpha, 0.2e1);
    }
    K[1:nP, 1:nP] = K[1:nP, 1:nP] + diag_matrix(rep_vector(pow(sigmaP, 0.2e1), nP));

    // K_delta
    // press_Bias
    for (i in 1:(nP-1)){
        KB[i,i] = pow(alpha_d, 0.2e1);
        for (j in (i+1):nP){
            KB[i,j] = exp(-pow(tP[i] - tP[j], 0.2e1) * pow(rho_d, -0.2e1));
            KB[i,j] = pow(alpha_d, 0.2e1) * KB[i,j];
            KB[j,i] = KB[i,j];
        }
        KB[nP,nP] = pow(alpha_d, 0.2e1);
    }
    K[1:nP, 1:nP] = K[1:nP, 1:nP] + KB[1:nP, 1:nP];

    // KPI
    for (i in 1:nP){
        for (j in 1:nI){
            K[i, nP + j] = 0.1e1 / R * exp(-pow(tP[i] - tI[j], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1))

```

```

    + 0.2e1 * C * (tP[i] - tI[j]) * pow(rho, -0.2e1)
    * exp(-pow(tP[i] - tI[j], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1));
    K[i, nP + j] = pow(alpha, 0.2e1) * K[i, nP + j];
}
}

// KIP (KIP = KPI')
// K[(nP + 1):(nP + nI), 1:nP] = K[1:nP, (nP + 1):(nP + nI)]';
for (i in 1:nI){
  for (j in 1:nP){
    K[nP + i, j] = 0.1e1 / R * exp(-pow(tI[i] - tP[j], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1))
    - 0.2e1 * C * (tI[i] - tP[j]) * pow(rho, -0.2e1)
    * exp(-pow(tI[i] - tP[j], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1));
    K[nP + i, j] = pow(alpha, 0.2e1) * K[nP + i, j];
  }
}
// KI
for (i in 1:(nI-1)){
  K[nP + i, nP + i] =
    pow(R, -0.2e1) * exp(-pow(tI[i] - tI[i], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1))
    + C * C * (0.2e1 * pow(rho, -0.2e1) * exp(-pow(tI[i] - tI[i], 0.2e1)
    * pow(rho, -0.2e1)) - 0.4e1 * pow(tI[i] - tI[i],
    * pow(rho, -0.4e1) * exp(-pow(tI[i] - tI[i], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1))));
  K[nP + i, nP + i] = pow(alpha, 0.2e1) * K[nP + i, nP + i];
  for (j in (i+1):nI){
    K[nP + i, nP + j] =
      pow(R, -0.2e1) * exp(-pow(tI[i] - tI[j], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1))
      + C * C * (0.2e1 * pow(rho, -0.2e1) * exp(-pow(tI[i] - tI[j], 0.2e1)
      * pow(rho, -0.2e1)) - 0.4e1 * pow(tI[i] - tI[j],
      * pow(rho, -0.4e1) * exp(-pow(tI[i] - tI[j], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1))));
    K[nP + i, nP + j] = pow(alpha, 0.2e1) * K[nP + i, nP + j];
    K[nP + j, nP + i] = K[nP + i, nP + j];
  }
  K[nP + nI, nP + nI] =
    pow(R, -0.2e1) * exp(-pow(tI[nI] - tI[nI], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1))
    + C * C * (0.2e1 * pow(rho, -0.2e1) * exp(-pow(tI[nI] - tI[nI], 0.2e1)
    * pow(rho, -0.2e1)) - 0.4e1 * pow(tI[nI] - tI[nI],
    * pow(rho, -0.4e1) * exp(-pow(tI[nI] - tI[nI], 0.2e1) * pow(rho, -0.2e1))));
  K[nP + nI, nP + nI] = pow(alpha, 0.2e1) * K[nP + nI, nP + nI];
}
K[(nP + 1):(nP + nI), (nP + 1):(nP + nI)] = K[(nP + 1):(nP + nI), (nP + 1):(nP + nI)]
+ diag_matrix(rep_vector(pow(sigmaI, 0.2e1), nI));
return cholesky_decompose(K);
}
}

data {
  int<lower=1> nP;
  int<lower=1> nI;
  int<lower=1> Ns;
  int<lower=1, upper=Ns> id[Ns];
  vector[nP] tP[Ns];
  vector[nI] tI[Ns];
  matrix[Ns, nP] yP;
  matrix[Ns, nI] yI;

```

```

}

transformed data {
  int<lower=1> N_tot=nP+nI;
  matrix[Ns,N_tot] y;
  y=append_col(yP, yI);
}

parameters {
  real<lower=0> R_tilde[Ns];
  real<lower=0> C_tilde[Ns];

  real<lower=0> mu_wk2_tilde[Ns];
  real rho_tilde[Ns]; //non-centered sd of rho
  real alpha_tilde[Ns]; //non-centered sd of alpha
  // delta
  real rho_d_tilde; //non-centered sd of rho (delta)
  real alpha_d_tilde; //non-centered sd of marginal sd (delta)
  // noise sds
  real<lower=0,upper=10> sigmaP;
  real<lower=0,upper=20> sigmaI;
  // global parameters
  real<lower=0> rho_m; // median of individual prior on rho
  real<lower=0> rho_s; //sd of individual prior on rho
  real<lower=0> alpha_m; // median of individual prior on alpha
  real<lower=0> alpha_s; //sd of individual prior on alpha
  // delta
  real<lower=0.05,upper=1> rho_d; // length scale for delta
  real<lower=5, upper=40> alpha_d; // marginal standard deviation
  // global parameters
  real<lower=0.5,upper=2> mu_R;
  real<lower=1,upper=2> tau_R;
  real<lower=0.5,upper=2> mu_C;
  real<lower=1,upper=2> tau_C;
  real<lower=60,upper=100> mu_muWK2;
  real<lower=20> tau_muWK2;
}

transformed parameters {
  real<lower=0> mu_wk2[Ns]; // physical parameters
  real<lower=0> rho[Ns]; // length scale
  real<lower=0> alpha[Ns]; //marginal standard deviation
  real<lower=0> R[Ns];
  real<lower=0> C[Ns];
  // Non-centered parameterization of individual parameters
  for (s in 1:Ns) {
    rho[s] = exp(log(rho_m) + rho_s * rho_tilde[s]);
    alpha[s] = exp(log(alpha_m) + alpha_s * alpha_tilde[s]);
    R[s] = mu_R + tau_R * R_tilde[s];
    C[s] = mu_C + tau_C * C_tilde[s];
    mu_wk2[s] = mu_muWK2 + tau_muWK2 * mu_wk2_tilde[s];
  }
}

model {
  matrix[nP + nI, nP + nI] L_K[Ns];
  vector[nP + nI] mu[Ns];

```

```

for (s in 1:Ns) {
  L_K[s] = K_wk2(tP[s], tI[s], rho[s], alpha[s], sigmaP, sigmaI, rho_d, alpha_d, R[s], C[s]);
  mu[s] = mu_fn(mu_wk2[s], R[s], nP, nI);
}
// Global level
rho_m ~ inv_gamma(2, 2);
alpha_m ~ normal(0,20);
rho_s ~ normal(0, 0.5);
alpha_s ~ normal(0, 10);
// delta
rho_d~ inv_gamma(2, 0.5);
alpha_d ~ normal(0,20);

// non centered parameterization
rho_tilde ~ normal(0, 1);
alpha_tilde ~ normal(0, 1);
// delta
rho_d_tilde ~ normal(0, 1);
alpha_d_tilde ~ normal(0, 1);
R_tilde ~ normal(0, 1);
C_tilde ~ normal(0, 1);
mu_wk2_tilde ~ normal(0, 1);

// likelihood
for (i in 1:Ns){
  y[i] ~ multi_normal_cholesky(mu[id[i]], L_K[id[i]]);
}
}

```

Model fit:

```

#-----
# shared R,C shared delta (green model)
fit_ysd = stan(file='STAN/WK2/WK2_shared_delta.stan',
               data=data_population,
               chains=3,
               iter=1000,
               seed=123
)
names(fit_ysd)

```

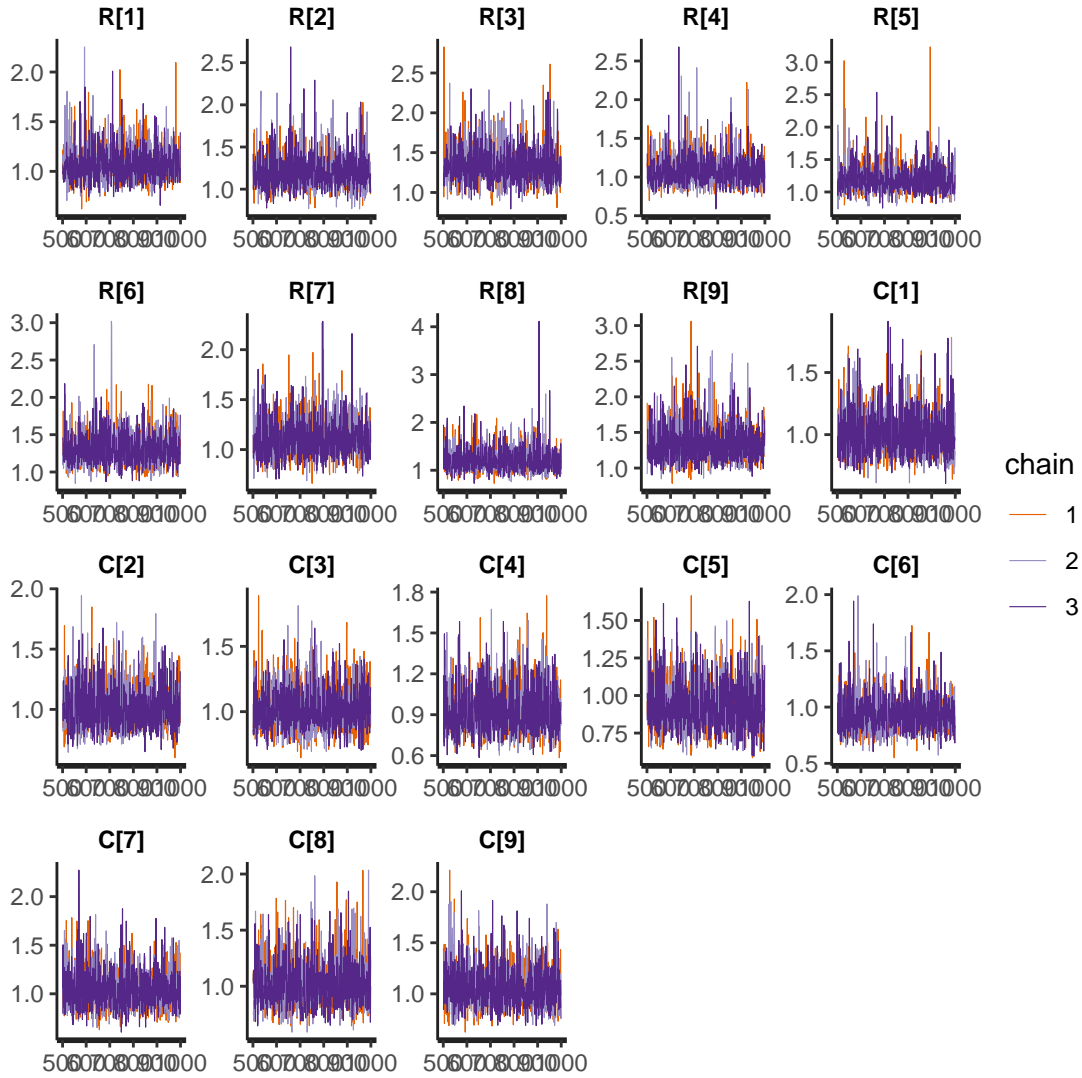
```

[1] "R_tilde[1]"      "R_tilde[2]"      "R_tilde[3]"
[4] "R_tilde[4]"      "R_tilde[5]"      "R_tilde[6]"
[7] "R_tilde[7]"      "R_tilde[8]"      "R_tilde[9]"
[10] "C_tilde[1]"      "C_tilde[2]"      "C_tilde[3]"
[13] "C_tilde[4]"      "C_tilde[5]"      "C_tilde[6]"
[16] "C_tilde[7]"      "C_tilde[8]"      "C_tilde[9]"
[19] "mu_wk2_tilde[1]" "mu_wk2_tilde[2]" "mu_wk2_tilde[3]"
[22] "mu_wk2_tilde[4]" "mu_wk2_tilde[5]" "mu_wk2_tilde[6]"
[25] "mu_wk2_tilde[7]" "mu_wk2_tilde[8]" "mu_wk2_tilde[9]"
[28] "rho_tilde[1]"    "rho_tilde[2]"    "rho_tilde[3]"
[31] "rho_tilde[4]"    "rho_tilde[5]"    "rho_tilde[6]"
[34] "rho_tilde[7]"    "rho_tilde[8]"    "rho_tilde[9]"
[37] "alpha_tilde[1]"  "alpha_tilde[2]"  "alpha_tilde[3]"
[40] "alpha_tilde[4]"  "alpha_tilde[5]"  "alpha_tilde[6]"

```

[43]	"alpha_tilde[7]"	"alpha_tilde[8]"	"alpha_tilde[9]"
[46]	"rho_d_tilde[1]"	"rho_d_tilde[2]"	"rho_d_tilde[3]"
[49]	"rho_d_tilde[4]"	"rho_d_tilde[5]"	"rho_d_tilde[6]"
[52]	"rho_d_tilde[7]"	"rho_d_tilde[8]"	"rho_d_tilde[9]"
[55]	"alpha_d_tilde[1]"	"alpha_d_tilde[2]"	"alpha_d_tilde[3]"
[58]	"alpha_d_tilde[4]"	"alpha_d_tilde[5]"	"alpha_d_tilde[6]"
[61]	"alpha_d_tilde[7]"	"alpha_d_tilde[8]"	"alpha_d_tilde[9]"
[64]	"sigmaP"	"sigmaI"	"rho_m"
[67]	"rho_s"	"alpha_m"	"alpha_s"
[70]	"rho_d_m"	"rho_d_s"	"alpha_d_m"
[73]	"alpha_d_s"	"mu_R"	"tau_R"
[76]	"mu_C"	"tau_C"	"mu_muWK2"
[79]	"tau_muWK2"	"mu_wk2[1]"	"mu_wk2[2]"
[82]	"mu_wk2[3]"	"mu_wk2[4]"	"mu_wk2[5]"
[85]	"mu_wk2[6]"	"mu_wk2[7]"	"mu_wk2[8]"
[88]	"mu_wk2[9]"	"rho[1]"	"rho[2]"
[91]	"rho[3]"	"rho[4]"	"rho[5]"
[94]	"rho[6]"	"rho[7]"	"rho[8]"
[97]	"rho[9]"	"alpha[1]"	"alpha[2]"
[100]	"alpha[3]"	"alpha[4]"	"alpha[5]"
[103]	"alpha[6]"	"alpha[7]"	"alpha[8]"
[106]	"alpha[9]"	"rho_d[1]"	"rho_d[2]"
[109]	"rho_d[3]"	"rho_d[4]"	"rho_d[5]"
[112]	"rho_d[6]"	"rho_d[7]"	"rho_d[8]"
[115]	"rho_d[9]"	"alpha_d[1]"	"alpha_d[2]"
[118]	"alpha_d[3]"	"alpha_d[4]"	"alpha_d[5]"
[121]	"alpha_d[6]"	"alpha_d[7]"	"alpha_d[8]"
[124]	"alpha_d[9]"	"R[1]"	"R[2]"
[127]	"R[3]"	"R[4]"	"R[5]"
[130]	"R[6]"	"R[7]"	"R[8]"
[133]	"R[9]"	"C[1]"	"C[2]"
[136]	"C[3]"	"C[4]"	"C[5]"
[139]	"C[6]"	"C[7]"	"C[8]"
[142]	"C[9]"	"lp_"	

```
stan_trace(fit_ysd, pars = c("R", "C"), size=0.2)
```



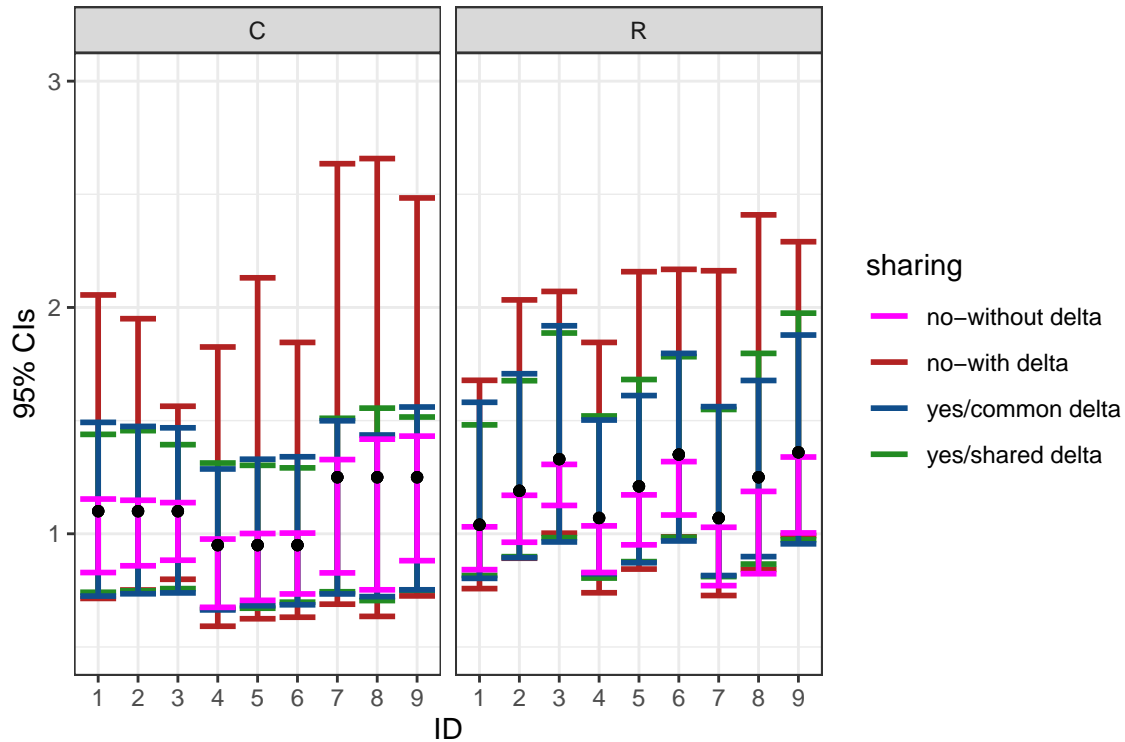
```
ex_ysd=extract(fit_ysd)
df_ysd=data.frame(ex_ysd)
```

Plot 95% CIs for all methods (Figure 6 in the paper)

	low	upper	par	id	true	sharing
1	0.7578565	1.6781373	R	1	1.04	no-with delta
2	0.8921701	2.0335097	R	2	1.19	no-with delta
3	1.0026595	2.0708657	R	3	1.33	no-with delta
4	0.7394544	1.8455380	R	4	1.07	no-with delta
5	0.8441593	2.1581726	R	5	1.21	no-with delta
6	0.9863287	2.1683877	R	6	1.35	no-with delta
7	0.7272905	2.1623086	R	7	1.07	no-with delta
8	0.8426894	2.4092519	R	8	1.25	no-with delta
9	0.9921635	2.2905770	R	9	1.36	no-with delta
10	0.7144321	2.0552788	C	1	1.10	no-with delta
11	0.7516362	1.9504450	C	2	1.10	no-with delta
12	0.7990536	1.5635764	C	3	1.10	no-with delta
13	0.5915794	1.8254503	C	4	0.95	no-with delta

14	0.6247050	2.1310589	C	5	0.95	no-with	delta
15	0.6314045	1.8455638	C	6	0.95	no-with	delta
16	0.6889692	2.6351526	C	7	1.25	no-with	delta
17	0.6350172	2.6579013	C	8	1.25	no-with	delta
18	0.7256722	2.4838631	C	9	1.25	no-with	delta
R.1	0.8162363	1.4811896	R	1	1.04	yes/shared	delta
R.2	0.8988965	1.6764984	R	2	1.19	yes/shared	delta
R.3	0.9828948	1.8871914	R	3	1.33	yes/shared	delta
R.4	0.8044930	1.5205505	R	4	1.07	yes/shared	delta
R.5	0.8770352	1.6816121	R	5	1.21	yes/shared	delta
R.6	0.9847210	1.7824699	R	6	1.35	yes/shared	delta
R.7	0.8109141	1.5493231	R	7	1.07	yes/shared	delta
R.8	0.8661692	1.7971734	R	8	1.25	yes/shared	delta
R.9	0.9738889	1.9748676	R	9	1.36	yes/shared	delta
C.1	0.7417057	1.4393457	C	1	1.10	yes/shared	delta
C.2	0.7482260	1.4557823	C	2	1.10	yes/shared	delta
C.3	0.7578428	1.3937755	C	3	1.10	yes/shared	delta
C.4	0.6702127	1.3126996	C	4	0.95	yes/shared	delta
C.5	0.6712563	1.3025081	C	5	0.95	yes/shared	delta
C.6	0.6979896	1.2912788	C	6	0.95	yes/shared	delta
C.7	0.7438852	1.5103079	C	7	1.25	yes/shared	delta
C.8	0.7050344	1.5552484	C	8	1.25	yes/shared	delta
C.9	0.7506893	1.5159890	C	9	1.25	yes/shared	delta
R.11	0.8032168	1.5810382	R	1	1.04	yes/common	delta
R.21	0.8942143	1.7071695	R	2	1.19	yes/common	delta
R.31	0.9640072	1.9190497	R	3	1.33	yes/common	delta
R.41	0.8234617	1.5026749	R	4	1.07	yes/common	delta
R.51	0.8719202	1.6107578	R	5	1.21	yes/common	delta
R.61	0.9683857	1.7971158	R	6	1.35	yes/common	delta
R.71	0.8155684	1.5618177	R	7	1.07	yes/common	delta
R.81	0.8991857	1.6773592	R	8	1.25	yes/common	delta
R.91	0.9557937	1.8781220	R	9	1.36	yes/common	delta
C.11	0.7248117	1.4923104	C	1	1.10	yes/common	delta
C.21	0.7350571	1.4744067	C	2	1.10	yes/common	delta
C.31	0.7388559	1.4682567	C	3	1.10	yes/common	delta
C.41	0.6638033	1.2865223	C	4	0.95	yes/common	delta
C.51	0.6822117	1.3294336	C	5	0.95	yes/common	delta
C.61	0.6863748	1.3403039	C	6	0.95	yes/common	delta
C.71	0.7343834	1.4993804	C	7	1.25	yes/common	delta
C.81	0.7224355	1.4364309	C	8	1.25	yes/common	delta
C.91	0.7524487	1.5601956	C	9	1.25	yes/common	delta
19	0.8415313	1.0308030	R	1	1.04	no-without	delta
21	0.9626938	1.1700824	R	2	1.19	no-without	delta
31	1.1253319	1.3066564	R	3	1.33	no-without	delta
41	0.8289461	1.0350052	R	4	1.07	no-without	delta
51	0.9513089	1.1719719	R	5	1.21	no-without	delta
61	1.0830271	1.3190403	R	6	1.35	no-without	delta
71	0.7710298	1.0287726	R	7	1.07	no-without	delta
81	0.8236080	1.1872510	R	8	1.25	no-without	delta
91	1.0037853	1.3392017	R	9	1.36	no-without	delta
110	0.8288485	1.1535763	C	1	1.10	no-without	delta
22	0.8586015	1.1481633	C	2	1.10	no-without	delta
32	0.8833197	1.1377226	C	3	1.10	no-without	delta
42	0.6750889	0.9766766	C	4	0.95	no-without	delta

52	0.7060090	1.0013359	C	5	0.95	no-without delta
62	0.7342586	1.0030787	C	6	0.95	no-without delta
72	0.8273293	1.3279104	C	7	1.25	no-without delta
82	0.7524619	1.4181516	C	8	1.25	no-without delta
92	0.8812200	1.4314809	C	9	1.25	no-without delta



## Session information

```
sessionInfo()
```

```
R version 4.0.3 (2020-10-10)
Platform: x86_64-apple-darwin17.0 (64-bit)
Running under: macOS Big Sur 10.16

Matrix products: default
BLAS:   /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/4.0/Resources/lib/libRblas.dylib
LAPACK: /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/4.0/Resources/lib/libRlapack.dylib

locale:
[1] en_US.UTF-8/en_US.UTF-8/en_US.UTF-8/C/en_US.UTF-8/en_US.UTF-8

attached base packages:
[1] stats      graphics  grDevices utils      datasets  methods   base

other attached packages:
[1] rstan_2.21.3      ggplot2_3.3.5      StanHeaders_2.21.0-7

loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
[1] tidyselect_1.1.1  xfun_0.29           purrr_0.3.4        colorspace_2.0-2
```



[5] vctrs_0.3.8	generics_0.1.2	htmltools_0.5.2	stats4_4.0.3
[9] loo_2.4.1	yaml_2.2.2	utf8_1.2.2	rlang_1.0.0
[13] pkgbuild_1.3.1	pillar_1.7.0	glue_1.6.1	withr_2.4.3
[17] DBI_1.1.2	matrixStats_0.61.0	lifecycle_1.0.1	stringr_1.4.0
[21] munsell_0.5.0	gtable_0.3.0	codetools_0.2-18	evaluate_0.14
[25] labeling_0.4.2	inline_0.3.19	knitr_1.37	callr_3.7.0
[29] fastmap_1.1.0	ps_1.6.0	parallel_4.0.3	fansi_1.0.2
[33] Rcpp_1.0.8	scales_1.1.1	RcppParallel_5.1.5	farver_2.1.0
[37] gridExtra_2.3	digest_0.6.29	stringi_1.7.6	processx_3.5.2
[41] dplyr_1.0.7	grid_4.0.3	cli_3.1.1	tools_4.0.3
[45] magrittr_2.0.2	tibble_3.1.6	crayon_1.4.2	pkgconfig_2.0.3
[49] ellipsis_0.3.2	prettyunits_1.1.1	assertthat_0.2.1	rmarkdown_2.11
[53] rstudioapi_0.13	R6_2.5.1	compiler_4.0.3	