

Flutter: webview_flutter插件使用

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Flutter

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一、添加权限:

1.Android网络权限(工程/android/app/src/main/AndroidManifest.xml):

```
1 <manifest ...>
2   ...
3   <uses-permission android:name="android.permission.INTERNET"/>
4 </manifest>
```

2.iOS添加使用说明(工程/ios/Runner/Info.plist):

```
1 <dict>
2   ...
3   <key>io.flutter.embedded_views_preview</key>
4   <string>YES</string>
5 </dict>
```

二、使用 WebView 显示网页:

1.添加webview_flutter插件依赖, 在pubspec.yaml中:

```
1 dependencies:
2   webview_flutter: ^3.0.4 #WebView插件
```

2.使用WebView显示网页:

```
1 class WebViewPage extends StatefulWidget { //网页显示界面
2   const WebViewPage({Key? key, required this.url}) : super(key: key); //外部传入URL
3   final String url;
4   @override
5   State<WebViewPage> createState() => _PageState();
6 }
7 class _PageState extends State<WebViewPage> {
8   late WebViewController _webControl; //WebView控制类
9   final CookieManager _cookieManager = CookieManager();
10  late double progress = 0.01; //H5加载进度值
11  final double VISIBLE = 1;
12  final double GONE = 0;
13  late double progressHeight = GONE; //H5加载进度条高度
14  //显示或隐藏进度条
15  void setProgressVisible(double isVisible) {
16    setState(() {
17      progressHeight = isVisible;
18    });
19  }
20  @override
21  void initState() {
22    super.initState();
23    if (Platform.isAndroid) WebView.platform = SurfaceAndroidWebView(); //android
24  }
25  WebView _createWebView(){
26    return WebView( //WebView组件
27      initialUrl: widget.url, //设置URL地址
28      javascriptMode: JavascriptMode.unrestricted, //启用JS
29      onWebViewCreated: (WebViewController webControl) { //WebView创建时触发
30        _webControl = webControl;
31      },
32      javascriptChannels: <JavascriptChannel>{getJSChannel1(context), getJSChannel
33      navigationDelegate: (NavigationRequest request) { //控制页面是否进入下页
34        if (request.url.startsWith('http://www.yyh.com')) {
35          return NavigationDecision.prevent; //禁止跳下页
36        }
37        return NavigationDecision.navigate; //放行跳下页
38      },
39      onPageStarted: (String url) { //H5页面开始加载时触发
40        setProgressVisible(VISIBLE); //显示加载进度条
41      },
42    },
```

```

42   onProgress: (int progress) { //加载H5页面时触发多次, progress值为0-100
43       this.progress = progress.toDouble() / 100.0; //计算成0.0-1.0之间的值
44   },
45   onPageFinished: (String url) { //H5页面加载完成时触发
46       setProgressVisible(GONE); //隐藏加载进度条
47   },
48   gestureNavigationEnabled: true, //启用手势
49   );
50   }
51   //添加JS方法1, 与H5交互数据
52   JavascriptChannel getJSChannel1(BuildContext context) {
53       return JavascriptChannel(
54         name: 'jsMethodName1', //方法名, 与H5中的名称一致. H5中调用方式: js方法名1.postMessage
55         onMessageReceived: (JavascriptMessage message) { //接收H5发过来的数据
56             String json = message.message;
57             print("H5发过来的数据1: $json");
58         });
59   }
60   //添加JS方法2, 与H5交互数据
61   JavascriptChannel getJSChannel2(BuildContext context) {
62       return JavascriptChannel(
63         name: 'jsMethodName2',
64         onMessageReceived: (JavascriptMessage message) {
65             String json = message.message;
66             print("H5发过来的数据2: $json");
67         });
68   }
69   @override
70   Widget build(BuildContext context) {
71       return WillPopScope(
72         onWillPop: () async { //拦截页面返回事件
73             if (await _webControl.canGoBack()) {
74                 _webControl.goBack(); //返回上个网页
75                 return false;
76             }
77             return true; //退出当前页
78         },
79         child: Scaffold(
80           appBar: AppBar(title: const Text('WebView使用')),
81           body: Stack(
82             children: [
83               _createWebView(), //WebView
84               SizedBox( //进度条
85                 height: progressHeight,
86                 child: LinearProgressIndicator(
87                   backgroundColor: Colors.white,
88                   valueColor: AlwaysStoppedAnimation(Colors.yellow),
89                   value: progress, //当前加载进度值
90                 )),
91             ],
92           )),
93   }
94   }

```

三、WebView常用方法:

1. 加载Html的几种方式:

(1) 加载Html字符串:

```

1   String htmlString = ''
2   <!DOCTYPE html><html>
3   <head><title>Navigation Delegate Example</title></head>
4   <body>
5   加载Html内容
6   </body>
7   </html>
8   '';

```

方式1:

```

1   Future<void> loadHtmlString1() async {
2       String content = base64Encode(const Utf8Encoder().convert(htmlString));
3       await _webControl.loadUrl('data:text/html;base64,$content');
4   }

```

方式2:


```

1 Future<void> loadHtmlString2() async {
2   await _webControl.loadHtmlString(htmlString);
3 }

```

(2)加载Html文件:

资源文件方式:

```

1 Future<void> loadHtmlFile1() async {
2   await _webControl.loadFlutterAsset('assets/www/index.html');
3 }

```

File方式:

```

1 Future<void> loadHtmlFile2() async {
2   String dir = (await getTemporaryDirectory()).path;
3   File file = File(<String>{dir, 'www', 'index.html'}.join(Platform.pathSeparator));
4   await file.create(recursive: true);
5   String filePath = file.path;
6   await file.writeAsString(htmlString); //将html字符串写入文件
7   await _webControl.loadFile(filePath); //加载html文件
8 }

```

(3)加载HTTP请求:

```

1 Future<void> loadHttpRequest(String url, String json) async {
2   final WebViewRequest request = WebViewRequest(
3     uri: Uri.parse(url), //设置URL
4     method: WebViewRequestMethod.post, //设置请求方式, post或get请求
5     headers: <String, String>{'Content-Type': 'application/json'}, //请求头字段
6     body: Uint8List.fromList(json.codeUnits), //请求参数
7   );
8   await _webControl.loadRequest(request); //加载HTTP请求
9 }

```

2.运行JS代码:

```

1 Future<void> runJSCode() async { //运行JS代码, 模拟H5与Flutter交互数据
2   await _webControl.runJavascript('jsMethodName1.postMessage("字符串");'); //此处填
3 }

```

3.Cookie添加/获取/清空:

```

1 //添加cookie
2 Future<void> addCookie() async {
3   await _cookieManager.setCookie(const WebViewCookie(name: 'key1', value: 'value1')
4 }
5 //获取cookie列表
6 Future<List<String>> getCookieList() async {
7   String cookies = await _webControl.runJavascriptReturningResult('document.cookie
8   if (cookies == null || cookies == '') <String>[];
9   return cookies.split(';'); //获取cookie列表
10 }
11 //清空cookie
12 Future<void> clearCookies(BuildContext context) async {
13   await _cookieManager.clearCookies();
14 }

```

4.缓存对象添加/获取/清空:

```

1 //添加缓存对象
2 Future<void> addCache() async { //caches.open() 创建缓存对象, 存在时不创建
3   await _webControl.runJavascript('caches.open("缓存对象名"); localStorage["key1"] =
4 }
5 //获取缓存对象
6 Future<void> getCacheList() async {
7   await _webControl.runJavascript('caches.keys()'
8     '.then((cacheKeys) => JSON.stringify({"cacheKeys": cacheKeys, "localStorage
9     '.then((caches) => jsMethodName1.postMessage(caches))'); //获取H5缓存对象, 调
10 }
11 //清空缓存对象
12 Future<void> clearCache() async {
13   await _webControl.clearCache();
14 }

```

