MICROOH 麦可网

## Android-从程序员到架构师之路

出品人: Sundy

讲师:高焕堂(台湾)

http://www.microoh.com

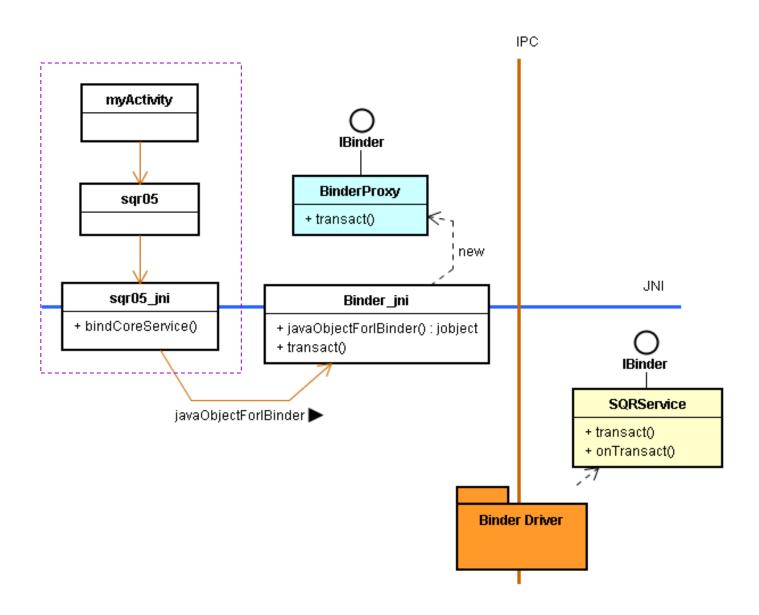
D02\_e

## 撰写你的第一个核心服务(e)

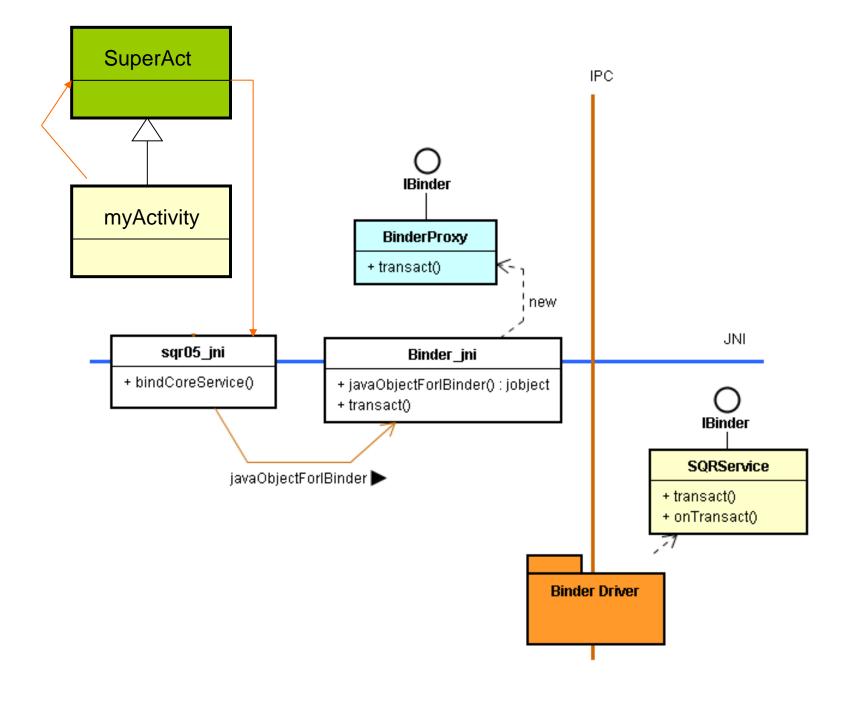
By 高煥堂

6、优化设计

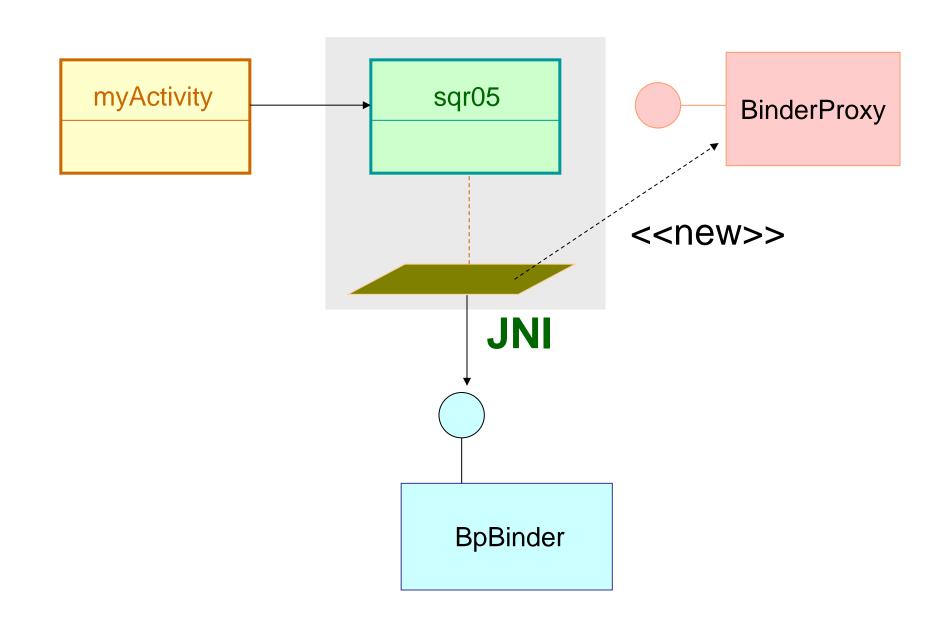
 撰写myActivity的人,也撰写sqr05.java及 其 JNI 本地函数(下图),这增加了 myActivity撰写人的负担。该如何呢?

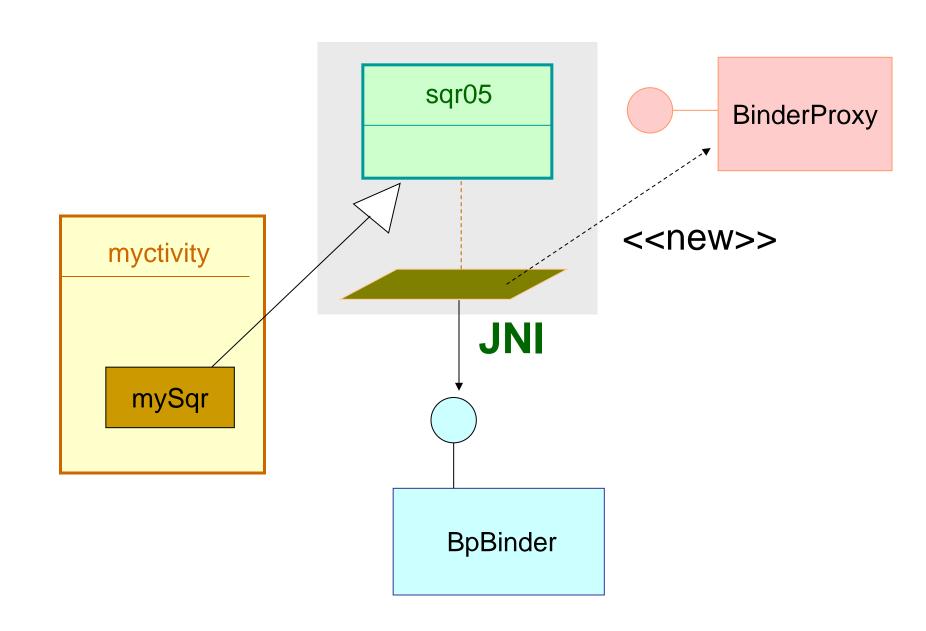


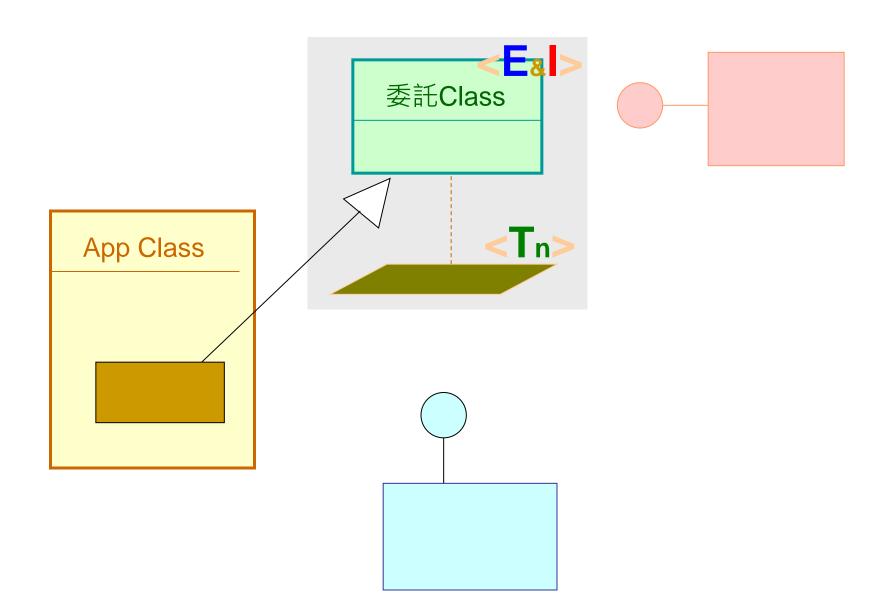
• 可以将sqr05.java部分写在myActivity的基类里,让myActivity来继承之,就迎刃而解了。



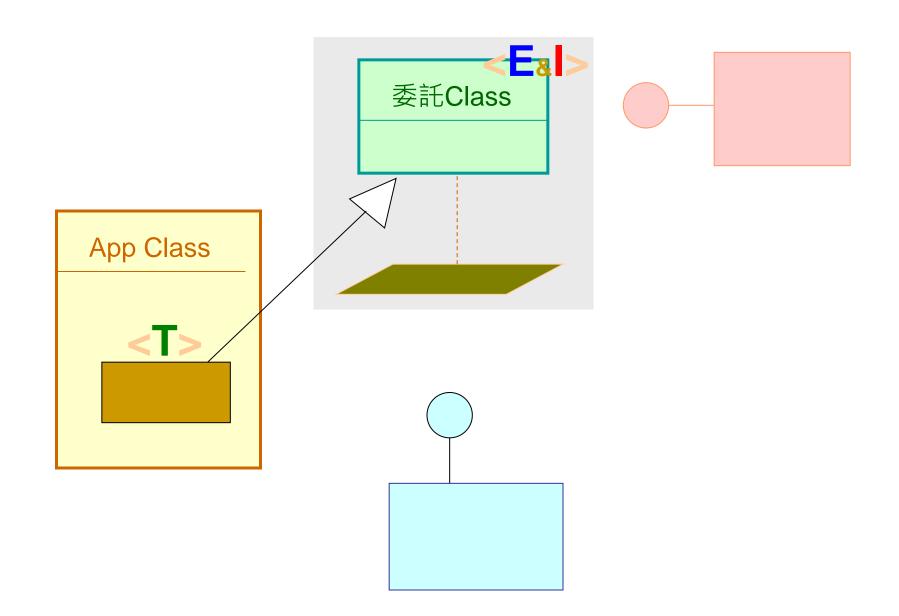
架构设计思维



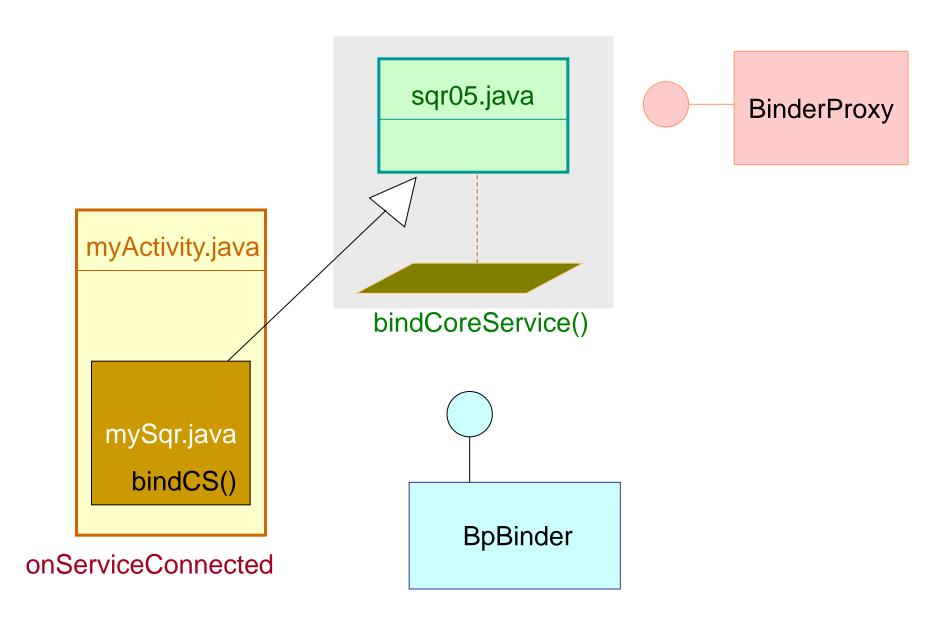














```
// myActivity.java
// ......
class mySqr extends sqr05 {
   public static void bindCS(ServiceConnection conn){
       IBinder ib = sqr.bindCoreService();
       conn.onServiceConnected(null, ib);
public class myActivity extends Activity implements OnClickListener {
   private IBinder m_ib;
   private mySqr sqr;
   @Override public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        //.....
        sqr = new mySqr();
        sqr.bindCS(mConnection);
```

```
private ServiceConnection mConnection
                = new ServiceConnection() {
   public void onServiceConnected(ComponentName className,
       IBinder ibinder) {
              m_ib = ibinder;
   @Override
   public void onServiceDisconnected( ComponentName name) { }
public void onClick(View v) {
      // .....
      m_ib.transact(code, data, reply, flags);
      // ......
```

这bindCS()包装了基类的
bindCoreService()本地函数。bindCS()反
过来调用myActivity的
onServiceConnected()函数。



## Thanks...



高煥堂