

Jun 15 - Jun 22 Seminar Review

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1 MDFS 6.16

Title: Representation, Modeling, and Gradient Based Optimization in Reinforcement Learning

Representer: Sham Kakade

How can we address the large/infinite table in Reinforcement Learning? This seminar discusses this problem from three aspects: representation, modeling, and optimization. ~~In representation,~~ ^{Regarding representation} the log-linear policy method with 100 parameters is shown to perform no worse than a full neural network with 1000 parameters. This implies that fewer features ~~also support good learning.~~ ^{achieves a good learning performance} A hard threshold to the goodness of the features is also provided. ~~In modeling,~~ ^{Regarding} Sham discusses the sampling efficiency and provides a minimax optimal sampling criterion to achieve a good performance. ~~In~~ ^{Regarding} optimization, training from different configurations is suggested to strengthen the robustness of the model. The Natural Policy Gradient (NPG) is proposed to solve the non-convex optimization with a global convergence which is independent of dimensions. The theoretical performance of NPG for the linear policy method is also ~~guaranteed.~~ ^{provided} ^{The theoretical performance guarantee for NPG}