COSC 343: Test 1

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1 vector P-Norm

write a python function that will compute the p-norm of any vector it is passed

code:

Listing 1: vector p-norm

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib

def p_norm(vec, p):
    sum = 0
    for element in vec:
        sum += np.abs(element) ** p
    return sum ** (1/p)
```

sample output:

2 Matrix 1 norm

write a python function that will compute the 1-norm of a matrix

code:

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib

def one_norm(matrix):
    max = 0
    for j in range(len(matrix[0])):
        sum = 0
        for i in range(len(matrix)):
            sum += np.abs(matrix[i][j])
        if sum > max:
            max = sum
        return max

sample output:
```

$$\left\| \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 6 & 4 & -7 & -4 \\ 8 & -3 & -3 & -9 & -4 \\ -2 & -5 & -7 & 0 & -4 \\ -8 & 1 & -7 & -7 & -5 \end{pmatrix} \right\|_{1} = 23$$

$$\left\| \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -10 & 6 & 4 \\ 6 & -3 & 8 & 6 \\ -9 & -4 & 10 & 6 \\ 5 & -7 & -1 & -3 \end{pmatrix} \right\|_{1} = 25$$

$$\left\| \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -4 & -9 & -6 & -1 \\ -4 & 6 & -3 & 6 & 3 \\ -5 & -10 & -9 & 8 & 1 \\ 0 & -10 & 0 & -7 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \right\|_{1} = 30$$

3 Matrix ∞ norm

write a python function that will compute the ∞ -norm of a matrix

code:

Listing 3: matrix ∞ norm

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib

def inf_norm(matrix):
    max = 0
    for i in range(len(matrix)):
        sum = 0
        for j in range(len(matrix[0])):
            sum += np.abs(matrix[i][j])
        if sum > max:
            max = sum
    return max

sample output:
```

$$\left\| \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 6 & 0 & -1 & 3 \\ 0 & -7 & -3 & -9 & -3 \\ -3 & -8 & 7 & 8 & 10 \\ -2 & 0 & 9 & -10 & 6 \\ -10 & 3 & 7 & -7 & -5 \end{pmatrix} \right\|_{\infty} = 36$$

$$\left\| \begin{pmatrix} -9 & -9 & -2 & -4 & -7 \\ -10 & 2 & 5 & 10 & 2 \\ -3 & -2 & 2 & -2 & -7 \\ -4 & 8 & -4 & 3 & -2 \\ 9 & -8 & -4 & -3 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \right\|_{\infty} = 31$$

4 testing and formatting code

this section is for code i created to generate and format the vectors, matrices and norms. it does not contain any logic for calculating the norms and is only included for completeness sake.

Listing 4: testing code

```
from vector_norm import *
from matrix_inf_norm import *
from matrix_one_norm import *
from random import randint
def vector_to_latex (vec):
    """formatts vectors to be added to a latex document"""
    latex_code = "\\begin{pmatrix}"
    for element in vec:
        latex_code += str(element) + " - \\\"
    latex_code += "\\end{pmatrix}"
    return latex_code
def matrix_to_latex(matrix):
    """formats matrices to be added to a latex document"""
    latex_code = "\\begin{pmatrix}"
    for row in matrix:
        latex\_code += "-\&-".join(map(str, row)) + "-\\\"
    latex_code += "\\end{pmatrix}"
    return latex_code
def pnorm_to_latex(matrix_latex ,p, ans):
    """ formats the norm to be added to the latex document """
    return "$$-\\left\\|-"+matrix_latex+"\\right\\|_{"+str(p)+"}--"+str(ans)+"$$"
""" test vector Norm """
for i in range (4,7):
    vec = []
    for j in range(i):
        vec.append(randint(-10, 10))
    p = randint(1,3)
    ans = \mathbf{round}(p_{-}norm(vec, p), 3)
    latex = vector_to_latex(vec)
    print(pnorm_to_latex(latex ,p, ans))
print()
""" test one\_norm """
for i in range(3):
   m = randint(3,5)
    n = randint(3,5)
    matrix = []
    for i in range(m):
        row = []
        for j in range(n):
            row.append(randint(-10,10))
        matrix.append(row)
    p = 1
    ans = one_norm(matrix)
    matrix_latex = matrix_to_latex(matrix)
```

```
print(pnorm_to_latex(matrix_latex, p, ans))
\mathbf{print}\,(\,)
""" test inf_norm """
for i in range (3):
   m = randint(3,5)
    n = randint(3,5)
    matrix = []
    for i in range(m):
        row = []
        for j in range(n):
            row.append(randint(-10,10))
        matrix.append(row)
    p = " \setminus infty"
    ans = inf_norm(matrix)
    matrix_latex = matrix_to_latex(matrix)
    print(pnorm_to_latex(matrix_latex, p, ans))
```