

# Annotation Guidelines: Quality Assessment of Augmented Hyperpartisan Data: Preliminary Annotation

## Project Overview

You are evaluating the quality of machine-generated augmented text for Italian hyperpartisan paragraph detection. Three LLMs (Llama3.1-8b, Mistral-Nemo, Qwen2.5-14b) performed two augmentation tasks:

1. **Rephrasing/Backtranslation:** Keeping the same meaning and label
2. **Style Transfer/Rewriting:** Changing the label (hyperpartisan ↔ neutral) while preserving core meaning

## Your Task

For each text pair, rate two dimensions on a **3-point scale**:

- **Semantic Preservation (SP)**
  - **Syntax Correctness (SC)**
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## Rating Scales

### Semantic Preservation (SP)

**Definition:** Does the generated text preserve the core meaning, factual content, and main claims of the original?

Score	Label	Description	When to Use
3	Full Preservation	All key information retained; same claims, entities, and events; only stylistic changes	Core facts identical; could substitute one for the other

2	<b>Partial Preservation</b>	Main meaning preserved but with notable differences: minor facts omitted/added, slight claim modifications, or emphasis shifts	Recognizably about the same topic but with meaningful differences
1	<b>Poor Preservation</b>	Major meaning changes: contradictory claims, different events, critical information lost, or topic drift	Cannot substitute one for the other; fundamentally different

#### Important Notes for SP:

- For **rephrased/backtranslated** text: Expect SP=3 (same label task)
- For **rewritten** text (label-flipped): Expect SP=2-3. The label changes (hyperpartisan→neutral or vice versa), but core factual content should remain. Judge based on facts, not tone.

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## Syntax Correctness (SC)

**Definition:** Is the generated text grammatically correct and fluent in Italian?

Score	Label	Description	When to Use
3	<b>Fully Correct</b>	Perfect or near-perfect grammar; natural Italian; no errors	Native-level fluency; publication-ready
2	<b>Minor Errors</b>	1-3 small errors (agreement, article, word choice); meaning still clear; readable	Understandable but needs light editing
1	<b>Major Errors</b>	Multiple serious errors; awkward phrasing; comprehension impaired; clearly machine-generated	Requires significant editing; sounds unnatural

#### Common Syntax Issues to Watch:

- Subject-verb agreement errors
- Incorrect article usage (il/la/i/le)
- Word order problems
- Unnatural phrasing (translationese)
- Missing or extra words
- Incorrect prepositions
- Gender/number agreement

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## Annotation Types

You will evaluate three augmentation types per model:

### Type 1: Rephrased Text

**Column:** `{model}_rephrased` **Task:** Paraphrasing with same label **Expectation:** SP=3, SC=2-3

### Type 2: Perturbed Text (Italian)

**Column:** `{model}_it_perturbed` **Task:** Backtranslation with linguistic trait modification  
**Expectation:** SP=2-3, SC=2-3

### Type 3: Rewritten Text

**Column:** `{model}_rewritten_text` **Task:** Label flipping (hyperpartisan ↔ neutral)  
**Expectation:** SP=2-3, SC=2-3 **Special consideration:** Tone/style should change but facts should remain

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## Annotation Process

### Step 1: Read Original Text

- Note the topic, main claims, and factual content
- Identify the original label (1=hyperpartisan, 0=neutral)
- Observe any linguistic traits (loaded language, figurative speech, etc.)

### Step 2: Read Generated Text

- Read the generated text independently
- Note your initial impression of quality

### Step 3: Compare Systematically

#### For Semantic Preservation:

1. List key facts/claims in original
2. Check if each appears in generated text
3. Note any additions, omissions, or contradictions
4. For rewritten text: Expect tone/style change but not fact change

#### For Syntax Correctness:

1. Read generated text
2. Mark any grammatical errors
3. Assess overall fluency

4. Count errors: 0 = score 3, 1-3 = score 2, 4+ = score 1

### Step 4: Assign Scores

- SP: 1, 2, or 3
- SC: 1, 2, or 3

### Step 5: Optional Notes

- If particularly good/bad, note why
  - Flag any interesting patterns
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## Detailed Examples

### Example 1: Rephrased Text (Climate Change Topic)

**Original (Label=1, Hyperpartisan):**

"Il riscaldamento globale è una colossale truffa orchestrata dalle élite per controllare le nostre vite. Gli scienziati corrotti falsificano i dati per accedere ai finanziamenti."

**Generated (Llama - Rephrased):**

"Il cambiamento climatico rappresenta, secondo alcuni, un inganno delle classi dirigenti per esercitare controllo sociale. Ricercatori accusati di corruzione alterano le evidenze per ottenere fondi."

**Annotation:**

- **SP = 3:** Same claims (elite conspiracy, data falsification, funding motive); same entities; identical meaning
  - **SC = 3:** Perfect grammar, natural Italian, fluent
  - **Notes:** Successfully rephrased while maintaining hyperpartisan tone and all claims
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### Example 2: Rewritten Text (Label Flip)

**Original (Label=1, Hyperpartisan):**

"L'Ucraina è un regime fantoccio della NATO che opprime brutalmente il Donbass russofono con l'aiuto dei criminali occidentali."

**Generated (Mistral - Rewritten, New Label=0):**

"L'Ucraina mantiene relazioni con la NATO mentre affronta tensioni nella regione del Donbass, dove risiedono popolazioni russofone. La comunità internazionale ha espresso preoccupazioni sulla situazione."

**Annotation:**

- **SP = 2:** Core topic preserved (Ukraine-NATO-Donbass-Russian speakers); facts present but framing neutralized; "oppression" → "tensions"; "puppet regime" → "maintains relations"; some specificity lost but main situation intact
  - **SC = 3:** Grammatically perfect, natural Italian
  - **Notes:** Successful neutralization; emotional language removed while preserving factual skeleton
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### Example 3: Perturbed Text (Poor Quality)

**Original (Label=0, Neutral):**

"Il governo ha approvato un nuovo piano di investimenti nelle energie rinnovabili per un totale di 5 miliardi di euro."

**Generated (Qwen - IT Perturbed):**

"Il governo ha approvazione un nuovo piano di investimento nelle energia rinnovabile per un totale di 5 miliardo di euro."

**Annotation:**

- **SP = 3:** All facts preserved (government, plan, renewable energy, 5 billion euros)
  - **SC = 1:** Multiple errors: "approvazione" (wrong verb form), "investimento" (should be plural), "energia rinnovabile" (missing plural), "miliardo" (agreement error); clearly machine-generated
  - **Notes:** Content perfect but syntax very poor; needs significant editing
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### Example 4: Semantic Drift

**Original (Label=1, Hyperpartisan):**

"Bruxelles impone regole assurde che distruggono le nostre tradizioni e la nostra sovranità nazionale in nome del globalismo."

**Generated (Llama - Rewritten):**

"L'Unione Europea promuove politiche di armonizzazione che alcuni ritengono possano influenzare le culture locali e l'autonomia decisionale degli stati membri."

### Annotation:

- **SP = 2:** Main topic present (EU regulations, national sovereignty, cultural impact); key transformation: "imposes absurd rules" → "promotes harmonization policies"; "destroys" → "may influence"; "globalism" lost; somewhat weaker claim but recognizably same issue
  - **SC = 3:** Excellent grammar and fluency
  - **Notes:** Good neutralization but slight semantic weakening acceptable for style transfer task
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## Example 5: Major Semantic Failure

### Original (Label=0, Neutral):

"Il ministro dell'economia ha presentato il bilancio preventivo 2024 in parlamento, con previsioni di crescita del PIL al 1,2%."

### Generated (Mistral - Rewritten):

"Il ministro promette miracoli economici impossibili mentre ignora la crisi che devasta le famiglie italiane e favorisce i ricchi."

### Annotation:

- **SP = 1:** Completely different claims; original about budget presentation (factual), generated about broken promises (opinion); GDP figure lost; new claims added (crisis, favoritism); contradictory tone; topic drift from procedural to accusatory
  - **SC = 2:** Grammar acceptable but some awkwardness ("devasta le famiglie")
  - **Notes:** Failed rewriting task; invented claims not in original; unacceptable augmentation
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## Special Considerations

### For Rewritten Text (Label Flipped)

#### What Should Change:

- Emotional language (e.g., "truffa colossale" → "questione dibattuta")
- Loaded terms (e.g., "regime fantoccio" → "governo")
- Absolutist claims (e.g., "sempre" → "spesso", "mai" → "raramente")
- Attribution (e.g., direct claims → "secondo alcuni")

#### What Should NOT Change:

- Core facts (dates, numbers, entities, events)

- Main topic
- Key actors/participants
- Verifiable information

#### **Scoring Rewritten Text:**

- SP=3: Facts identical, only tone/style changed
- SP=2: Facts mostly preserved, minor additions/omissions acceptable
- SP=1: Facts contradicted, major information lost, or topic drift

#### **For Backtranslated Text (IT Perturbed)**

##### **Common Issues:**

- Translation artifacts
- Word choice awkwardness
- Unnatural phrasings
- Lost idiomatic expressions

##### **Be Lenient On:**

- Minor stylistic differences
- Synonym substitutions
- Sentence restructuring

##### **Be Strict On:**

- Fact changes
- Grammar errors
- Comprehensibility issues

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## **Edge Cases & FAQs**

**Q: The generated text adds contextual information not in the original.  
How do I score?**

**A:**

- If additions are minor and don't change core meaning → SP=3
- If additions are substantial but relevant → SP=2
- If additions contradict or significantly alter meaning → SP=1

**Q: The text is grammatically correct but sounds very unnatural/machine-translated.**

**A:** SC=2. Reserve SC=1 for clear grammatical errors. Unnaturalness affects SC but shouldn't alone warrant SC=1.

**Q: For rewritten text, the label should flip but BERT predicts the original label. How does this affect my rating?**

**A:** Rate based on YOUR judgment, not BERT's prediction. If the text reads as neutral (when flipped from hyperpartisan) to you, rate accordingly. BERT predictions will be analyzed separately.

**Q: The original text is already somewhat neutral (or hyperpartisan), and the rewrite is very similar.**

**A:** This is acceptable. If original label=0 (neutral) with minimal hyperpartisan traits, rewriting to label=1 may require only small changes. Score based on whether the changes are appropriate for the task.

**Q: I disagree with the original label assignment.**

**A:** Rate based on the comparison between original and generated, not your judgment of the original label's correctness. Note your concern if it's extreme.

**Q: There are multiple errors but the text is still understandable.**

**A:** Count errors:

- 1-3 small errors → SC=2
  - 4+ errors or errors that impair comprehension → SC=1
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## Annotation Recording

You will be provided with a custom HTML platform.

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## Quality Control

### Self-Check Questions:

After every 20 annotations, pause and verify:

1. Am I being too strict or too lenient?
2. Am I consistent in applying the 3-point scale?
3. Have I encountered any patterns worth discussing?



## Calibration Markers:

- **SP=3** should be ~**40-50%** of rephrased texts
  - **SP=1** should be **<10%** overall (rare)
  - **SC=3** should be ~**50-60%** (LLMs generally grammatical)
  - **SC=1** should be ~**10-15%** (some models struggle)
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## Inter-Annotator Agreement

### Pilot Phase (30 samples):

- Both annotators rate same 30 samples
- Calculate Cohen's kappa
- Discuss disagreements
- Refine understanding of scale

### Target Agreement:

- **Exact agreement:** >60%
- **Adjacent agreement** (within 1 point): >90%
- **Kappa:** >0.60 (substantial agreement)

### Disagreement Resolution:

- If disagreement on <20% of samples: average scores
  - If disagreement on >20%: meet to discuss and recalibrate
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## Tips for Efficient Annotation

1. **Batch by Model:** Annotate all samples from one model at a time to notice patterns
  2. **Use Templates:** Copy-paste the recording format for speed
  3. **Take Breaks:** Every 50 samples, take a 10-minute break
  4. **Flag Uncertainty:** When unsure between 2 scores, note it and discuss later
  5. **Track Time**
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## Common Patterns to Watch

### Model-Specific Tendencies:

**Llama3.1:** Often verbose, may add explanatory context **Mistral:** Generally fluent, watch for semantic drift on rewriting **Qwen2.5:** May have more syntax issues, strong on semantic preservation

### Task-Specific Issues:

**Rephrasing:** Expect high quality (SP=3, SC=3 common) **IT Perturbed:** Backtranslation artifacts, unnatural phrasing **Rewritten:** Most challenging; watch for over/under-neutralization

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## Contact & Questions

If you encounter:

- Offensive content
- Ambiguous cases not covered here
- Technical issues with the data
- Need for clarification

**Action:** Flag the sample, add detailed notes, and continue. We'll discuss during weekly check-ins.

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## Summary Checklist

For each sample, I have:

- ☐ Read the original text carefully
- ☐ Read the generated text carefully
- ☐ Compared them systematically
- ☐ Assigned SP score (1-3) with justification in mind
- ☐ Assigned SC score (1-3) based on error count
- ☐ Recorded scores and entry\_id
- ☐ Added notes if exceptional case

**Target:** 200 samples per annotator across all models and types **Timeline:** Complete in 2 weeks (50-60 samples per day) **Expected Duration:** 20-30 hours total per annotator

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