/*Program 10: Design, Develop and Implement a Program in C for the following operations on Graph(G) of Cities. a. Create a Graph of N cities using Adjacency Matrix. b. Print all the nodes reachable from a given starting node in a digraph using any traversal method. */

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
void dfs(int v);
int a[50][50], n, visited[50];
int s[20], top = -1, count=0;
void creategraph()
       int i, j;
       printf("\nEnter the number of vertices in graph: ");
       scanf("%d",&n);
       printf("\nEnter the adjacency matrix:\n");
       for(i=1; i<=n; i++)
               for(j=1;j<=n;j++)
                               scanf("%d", &a[i][j]);
}
void dfs(int v)
       int i;
       visited[v]=1;
       s[++top] = v;
       for(i=1;i \le n;i++)
       {
               if(a[v][i] == 1\&\& visited[i] == 0)
                       dfs(i);
                       count++;
       }
}
int main()
       int ch, start, i, j;
       creategraph();
       for(i=1;i <=n;i++)
               visited[i]=0;
       printf("\n Enter the starting vertex:\t");
       scanf("%d", &start);
       dfs(start);
       printf("\nNodes reachable from starting vertex %d are:\n", start);
       for(i=1;i<=count;i++)
```

```
printf("%d\t", s[i]);
```

}

Output:
Enter the number of vertices in graph: 4
Enter the adjacency matrix:

0	1	0	1
0	0	1	0
0	0	0	1
0	0	0	0

Enter the starting vertex: 1
Nodes reachable from starting vertex 1 are:

3 4

Enter the number of vertices in graph: **4** Enter the adjacency matrix:

U	1	U	1
0	0	1	0
0	0	0	1
0	0	0	0

Enter the starting vertex: 2
Nodes reachable from starting vertex 2 are:

3 4