Fixed.C

```
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "fixed.h"
#include "ST7735.h"
//global variables shared by the plotting methods (3,4)
int32 tY min, X min, Y max, X max;
char *graphtitle;
//The purpose of this technique is to use integer arithmetic (int, long...) while being able to represent
fractions
void ST7735_sDecOut3(int32_t n)
       uint8_{t} flag = 0;
       char ch[6];
       for (int i=0; i<6; i++)
               ch[i] = '0';
       if (n > 9999 || n < -9999)
               printf(" *.*** ");
       else
               sprintf(ch, "%.5d", n);
               for (int i=0; i<6; i++)
                      //negatives
                      if(ch[0] == '-')
                              if(i==3)
                                      fputc('.', 0);
                                      fputc(ch[i], 0);
                              else if (i==1 && ch[i]=='0')
                                      flag = 1;
                                      continue;
                              else
                                      fputc(ch[i], 0);
```

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}
                       //positives
                       else
                              if(i==2)
                                      fputc('.', 0);
                                      fputc(ch[i], 0);
                              else if(ch[i] == '0' && i==0) //replacing the most significant digit with
space
                               {
                                      fputc('', 0);
                                      ch[i] = ' ';
                               }
                              else
                                      fputc(ch[i], 0);
                       }
               if(flag) //if skipped one digit for negative values
                       fputc('', 0);
       }
}
void ST7735_uBinOut8(uint32_t n)
       uint32 t n1 = n*1000/256;
                                             //integer part
       uint32_t n2 = n1\%10;
       char ch[6];
       for (int i=0; i<6; i++)
               ch[i] = '0';
       if (n2 >= 5)
               n1 = n1/10;
               n1++;
       n1 = n1/10;
       //build string and then output
       if (n1 > 99999) //error case
        {
               printf("***.** ");
```

```
else
              sprintf(ch, "%.5d", n1);
              for (int i=0; i<6; i++)
                      if (i == 3)
                                    //putting a dot
                             fputc('.', 0);
                             fputc(ch[i], 0);
                      else if(ch[i] == '0' && i==0) //replacing the most significant digit with space
                             fputc('', 0);
                             ch[i] = ' ';
                      else if((ch[i-1]==' ') && (ch[i]=='0')) //replacing second most significant digit
with space
                             fputc('', 0);
                      }
                      else
                             fputc(ch[i], 0);
       }
}
void ST7735 XYplotInit(char *title, int32 t minX, int32 t maxX, int32 t minY, int32 t maxY)
       Output Clear();
       double res = 0.001;
       graphtitle = title;
       Y min = minY*res;
       Y max = maxY*res;
       X \min = \min X*res;
       X \max = \max X * res;
       ST7735 DrawString(0, Y max, graphtitle, ST7735 BLUE);
       ST7735 PlotClear(Y min, Y max);
}
/*************ST7735_XYplot**********
Plot an array of (x,y) data
Inputs: num number of data points in the two arrays
      bufX array of 32-bit fixed-point data, resolution= 0.001
      bufY array of 32-bit fixed-point data, resolution= 0.001
Outputs: none
assumes ST7735 XYplotInit has been previously called
```

```
neglect any points outside the minX maxY minY maxY bounds
void ST7735 XYplot(uint32 t num, int32 t bufX[], int32 t bufY[])
       double res = 0.001;
       uint32_t Yrange = Y_max - Y_min;
       uint32 t Xrange = X max - X min;
       double x;
       double y;
       for(int i=0;i \le num;i++){
              x=(double)bufX[i]*res;
              y=(double)bufY[i]*res;
              if(y<Y min) y=Y min;
              if(y>Y max) y=Y max;
              if(x \le X \min) x = X \min;
              if(x>X max) x=X max;
              // X goes from 0 to 127
              // j goes from 159 to 32
              // y=Y max maps to j=32
              // y=Y min maps to j=159
              uint32 t h = (127*(X \text{ max-x}))/X \text{range};//X \text{ min+} (X \text{ max-x})*8*X \text{range};//+
(X_min*(x))/Xrange;
              uint32 t j = 32 + (127*(Y max-y))/Y range;
              if(h>127) h=127;
              if(j<32) j = 32;
              if(j>159) j = 159;
              ST7735_DrawPixel(h, j, ST7735_BLUE);
              ST7735 DrawPixel(h+1, j, ST7735 BLUE);
              ST7735 DrawPixel(h, j+1, ST7735 BLUE);
              ST7735 DrawPixel(h+1, j+1, ST7735 BLUE);
       }
}
```